

HOLYOKE IN THE GREAT WAR

INCLUDING THE TOWNS OF
SOUTH HADLEY - WILLIMANSETT -
BELCHERTOWN - FAIRVIEW
AND GRANBY



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Book . 85

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HOLYOKE IN THE GREAT WAR

ILLUSTRATED

By CHARLES S. ZACK



INCLUDING THE TOWNS OF

SOUTH HADLEY, WILLIMANSETT, BELCHERTOWN,
FAIRVIEW AND GRANBY

Published by the
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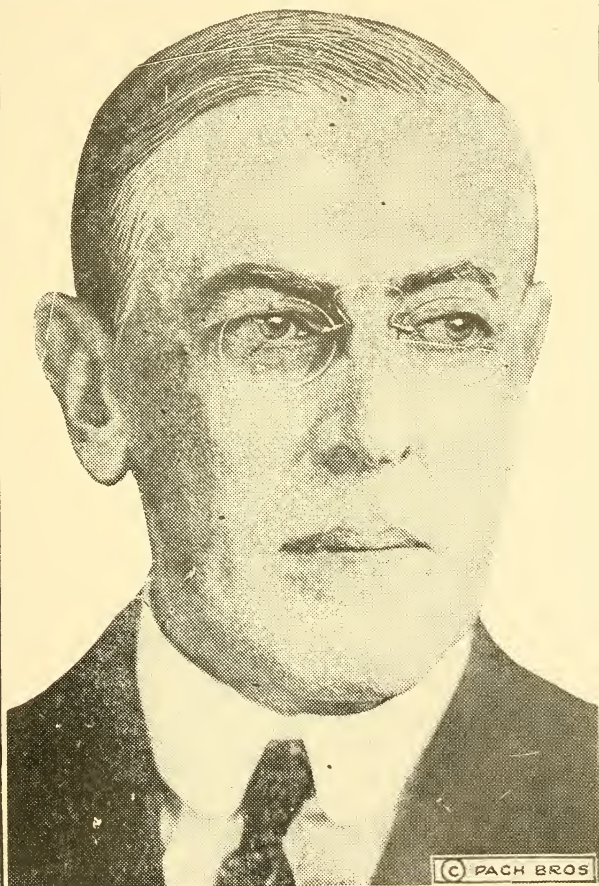
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JUN -6 1919

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WOODROW WILSON

The Yankee On The Marne

Ho! the h'English h'an' the h'Irish h'an' the 'owling Scotties, too,
The Cannucks h'an' h'Austryleans h'an' the 'airy French Pollu,
The h'only thing that bothered us a year before we knew
Was wot h'in 'ell the Yanks 'ud look and wot h'in 'ell they'd do!

They didn't 'ave no tr'inin', an' they didn't know the gyme.
They 'adn't never marched much, 'an their shootin' was the syime,
'An the h'only thing that bothered us way back in lawst July
Was 'ow in 'ell the line would 'old h'if they should ryn aw'y!

Them leggy noseey new 'uns—just come across the sea,
We couldn't 'elp but wonder 'ow in 'ell their guns would be.
H'an the 'honly thing that bothered us h'in all the staggerin' ranks
Was w'at in 'ell would 'appen h'if the 'Uns should 'it the Yanks.

My word! H'it 'appened sudden when the drive 'ad first begun,
We see'd the Yanks arunnin'! Gaw blimy! 'Ow they run!
But the h'only thing that bothered us that see'd the chyse begin
Was 'ow in 'ell to stop 'em, 'fore they got into Berlin!

They didn't 'ave no tactics but the bloody manuel,
They 'adn't learned no horders but "OORAY" and "Give 'em 'ell!"
But the h'only thing that bothered us about them leggy lads
Was 'ow in 'ell to get the chow to feed their "Kamerads."

So we're standin' hall together in a stifish firin' line,
H'an' h'if anyone should hawsk us, you can say "we're doin' fine."
But the h'only thing that bothers us, and that don't bother much,
His where h'in 'ell to get the dirt to cover up the Dutch.

Gaw's truth h'its rotten fightin' that hall the troops 'ave seen,
The 'Uns a dirty player, becos he's always been.
But the h'only thing that bothers us in 'andin' 'in our thanks
Is 'ow in 'ell we'd done it if it weren't for the Yanks.

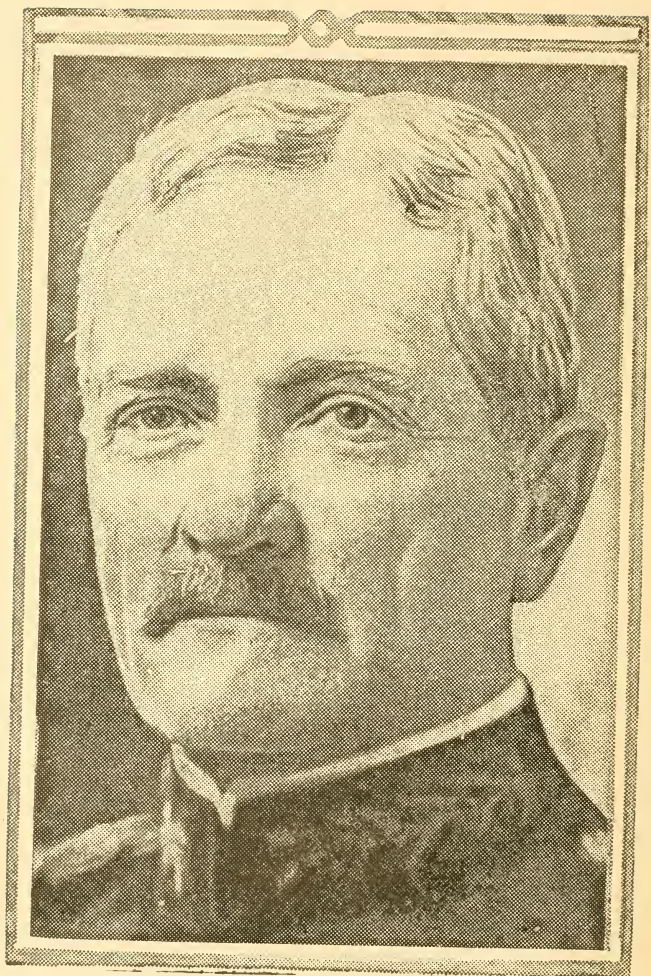
Ho! the H'English h'an' the H'Irish h'an' the 'owlin' Scotties, too.
The Cannucks h'an' H'Austryleans h'an' the 'airy French Pollu,
The h'only thing that bothered us don't bother us no more,
Hit's why in 'ell we didn't know the Yankee boys before.

—From "Somewhere in France."

DEDICATION

THIS TOO BRIEF AND IMPERFECT MEMORIAL AND RECORD
OF DARING SACRIFICE AND FAITHFULNESS IS
DEDICATED

- To the men who preferred death, than life enslaved by the Hun;
To the women who sent their men to battle with a smile, and who were
strong under trials;
To the workers, men and women, who filled the ranks of industry in
the second army behind the lines;
To the heroes who died that the world might be made again a safe and
decent place to live in;
To the victors who returned with a consciousness that, by their valor,
free nations have been saved, and oppressed peoples delivered.



GENERAL JOHN J. PERSHING.

GEN. JOHN J. PERSHING

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES.

Won appointment to West Point in a competitive examination July 14, 1882.

Graduated from West Point in 1886 as a second lieutenant.

Assigned to Sixth Cavalry in the Apaches' campaign.

Promoted to first lieutenant in 1891.

Assigned to Tenth Cavalry at outbreak of Spanish-American War.

Won distinction at the battle of San Juan.

Ordered to Philippines as captain and adjutant-general District of Mindanao in 1899.

On General Staff in 1904.

Left for Japan in January, 1905, where he was Military Attache and Observer in Russo-Japanese War.

In 1906 promoted to be brigadier-general over the heads of 862 officers.

In command of the Department of Mindanao firmly established American authority in the Philippines.

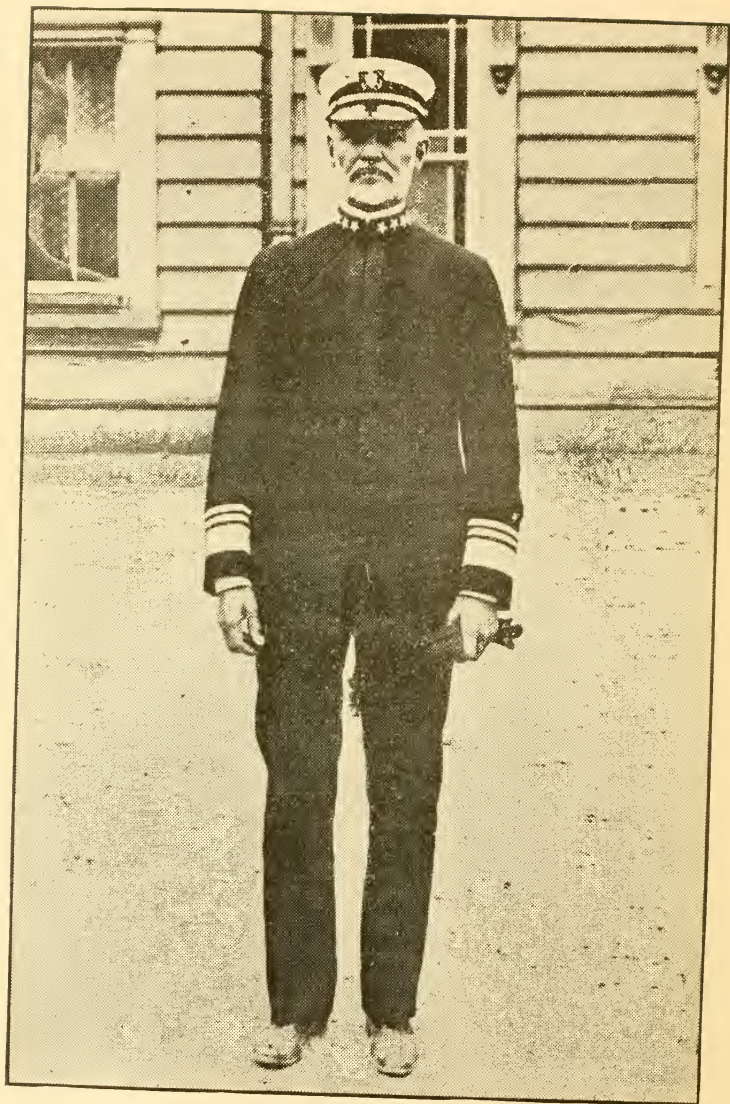
In 1914 was given command of Fort Bliss on the Mexican Border.

In March, 1916, was sent into Mexico in command of the Punitive Expedition against Villa.

Was given command of the American Expeditionary Forces in France by President Woodrow Wilson on May 24, 1917.

Sailed for France on May 28.

He was promoted to be General in American Army, October 4, to offer General Foch entire American resources.



ADMIRAL WILLIAM SIMS.

The United States Enters The War

AMERICA'S entrance into the Great War marked the beginning of the end. This country had been slow in believing the stories of German atrocity in France and Belgium, but as evidence accumulated, and after the wholesale murder of women and children on the Lusitania, May 7, 1915, American indignation was aroused, and millions would have welcomed an immediate declaration of war. The government at Washington, however, thought it would be wiser to wait until more evidence had been collected before commencing hostilities.

Two years passed, during which time every effort on the part of President Wilson was made to make Germany realize that she was violating all the laws of civilized warfare. After Berlin's repeated promises had been proven to be but a series of brazen lies, the break finally came, when, on January 31, 1917, the Hun government added open insult to repeated injuries in decreeing to itself the ownership of half the Atlantic ocean, for its submarines. It assumed to bar out of the "war zone" not only enemy vessels but neutral ships as well, under penalty of destruction by submarines. This country was forbidden to send to any port in Great Britain more than one ship a week, and this vessel was to be distinguished according to German instructions, a barber pole decoration being suggested.

The German ambassador was handed his passports on February 3rd, and on February 26th President Wilson asked Congress for authority to arm merchant ships.

UNITED STATES BREAKS WITH GERMANY.

On April 2d, President Wilson asked Congress to declare the existence of a state of war with Germany, and this was done on April 6th, Good Friday.

Austria-Hungary severed diplomatic relations with the United States on April 8th, and on April 21st Turkey took the same action.

Ninety-nine German merchant ships which had remained in our ports because of fear of being captured by French and British war vessels, were seized by the United States.

The first American naval fleet sailed immediately, and on May 4th the American destroyers began co-operation with the British navy in the war zone.

It was on May 18th that President Wilson signed the Selective Service Act, which called into service all able-bodied men between the ages of twenty-one and thirty-one.

On June 26th American troops began to land in France, and they saw their first fighting on October 27th. The remainder of the year on this side was largely consumed in raising and training an army, which finally grew to two million men in France, and as many more preparing to follow them, when successive surrenders of Bulgaria, Turkey, Austria and Germany ended the war.

MARINES ADD TO VICTORY ROLL.

The Germans, balked in their direct attempts to divide the British and French and reach the channel ports, launched a new drive between Soissons and Rheims,

with Paris as the goal. In six days the Huns had hammered across the Aisne and, for the first time since September, 1914, reached the Marne, in the region of Chateau-Thierry. The French and Americans defeated their attempts to push further down the Ourcq and the Marne. At Cantigny and Belleau Wood the United States soldiers, marines, added new names to a victory roll that had its beginning at the birth of this country in 1775.

During the first six months of 1918 it was a race between this country and Germany. For weeks it was a question whether the Yankees could cross the Atlantic fast enough. They were arriving in France at the rate of about 300,000 a month, but the big question was whether they could get in the battle line quickly enough. It was about the first of July, 1918, that this question was answered, for more than a million Americans were in France. They were literally pouring in, 10,000 men a day, undaunted by U-boat raids on the American coast.

What proved to be the last German drive was opened on July 15th. Unable to open the way to Paris along the Oise and Ourcq valleys, they tried again from Chateau-Thierry to Rheims and eastward across Champagne to the edge of the Argonne forest.

SECOND BATTLE OF THE MARNE.

The attack was held within the French battle zone. Southwest of Rheims the Huns crossed the Marne and turned their drive toward Epernay. An example of American fighting came on July 18th, when the American marines went into Chateau-Thierry, 8,000 strong. Their casualties were 6,000 killed, wounded, gassed, shell-shocked and prisoners. But they halted the Hun advance. Marshal Foch had anticipated the plan of the enemy, and strong reserves were gathered in the forest of Villers-Cotterets, to the southwest of Soissons, and these were hurled against the west flank of the Marne wedge.

This took the enemy by surprise, for it was engaged on the east side of the wedge. The Germans fell back before the Franco-American forces.

The drive toward Epernay was the high tide of the Hun, and Chateau-Thierry marked its final break. After that the Allies kept on the offensive, and never again lost that advantage. Foch gradually extended pressure all around the Marne pocket. The resistance of the Hun was stubborn, and by desperate efforts he held the corners of the pocket and its mouth open through a retreat across the Vesle. A few days later Marshal Foch struck again at the nose of the Somme salient. British and French troops advanced from Montdidier to Albert. Again the Hun was taken by surprise, and by the middle of August had been driven back to the lines held before the Somme advance of the Allies back in 1916.

By this time nearly two million Americans were in France. Heretofore they had been brigaded with the French and British troops. Now they were to show what they could do all by themselves. General Pershing had a million men under his personal command along the line from Verdun southeastward across Lorraine.

IN ST. MIHIEL SALIENT.

The Americans' great drive opened on September 12th and quickly smashed in the St. Mihiel salient, which the Huns had held for four years. Within a little more than a week the Yankees were within large gun range of the outer forts of Metz, but did not directly attack that enormous fortress. There was a longer but less costly method of breaking the back of the German armies.

The tedious task of fighting through the Argonne Forest followed. It was completed during October, and the Yankees had closed the Stenay gap and were

driving on to Sedan. In the early days of November, that historic place, the scene of the great French disaster in 1870, was reached. Its capture cut one of the two great German lines of supply and retreat.

In the meanwhile French and British troops, with various Yankee outfits, had been driving the Hun in a retreat which increased daily in speed and disorder. The route was across French Flanders and Belgium.

Ostend and Zeebrugge, lair of the U-boats, were abandoned.

Fully 15,000 Germans were caught at the Dutch frontier and forced into internment in Holland.

When the German envoys came with white flags to Guise, on November 8th, to receive the terms of truce from General Foch, the Allied line was from east of Ghent and Audenaide to Maubeuge, while the Hun "Farthest West" in France, was at Chaumont-Porcien.

ALLIED TROOPS REACH ROCROI.

Before the terms of the armistice were formally accepted, this salient had been smashed in and Allied troops were in Rocroi, scene of a famous French victory over 200 years ago.

The French had reached the Belgian frontier east of Avesnes, and the Canadians on the morning of November 11th took Mons, a place of heroic efforts of British forces in 1914 to stop the Hun advance.

Pershing's men, on November 10th, had attacked on a front of 71 miles from the Meuse southeastward and were within 10 miles of the north side of Metz. If the Huns had not submitted it was evidently the plan to pocket Metz and push down the Moselle Valley for a direct invasion of Germany.

On November 11th the terms of the armistice went into effect, and on that day hostilities ceased.

IMPORTANT DATES IN WAR FROM AMERICAN STANDPOINT.

January 31, 1917—Germany announces unrestricted submarine warfare in specified zones.

February 3—United States severs diplomatic relations with Germany.

February 26—The President asks Congress for authority to arm merchant ships.

March 12—United States announces an armed guard will be placed on all American merchant vessels sailing through the war zone.

March 24—Minister Brand Whitlock and American Relief Commission withdrawn from Belgium.

April 2—The President asks Congress to declare the existence of a state of war with Germany.

April 6—War is declared.

April 8—Austria-Hungary severs diplomatic relations with United States.

April 21—Turkey severs relations with United States.

May 4—American destroyers begin co-operation with the British Navy in the war zone.

May 18—The President signs the selective service act.

June 26—The first American soldiers reach France.

November 3—The first clash of Americans with German soldiers.

December 6—The United States destroyer Jacob Jones sunk by submarines, with a loss of 60 American men.

December 7—The United States declares war on Austria-Hungary.

December 28—The President takes control of the railroads.

January 8, 1918—The President announces the 14 points in the peace program of the United States.

February 3—American troops officially announced on the Lorraine front near Toul.

February 5—Tuscania, carrying 2,179 American troops, torpedoed and sunk, with a loss of 211 American soldiers.

March 10—American troops occupy trenches at four different points on French front.

March 11—The first wholly American raid made in sector north of Toul is successful.

May 21—British transport *Moldavia* sunk with a loss of 53 Americans.

May 24—Major General March appointed Chief of Staff with rank of General.

May 25—German submarines on the American coast sink 19 coastwise vessels with a loss of 16 lives.

May 27—The third German drive begun, capturing Chemin des Dames and reaching the Marne east of Chateau-Thierry. The American marines aid the French at Chateau-Thierry.

May 28—American forces near Montdidier capture Cantigny and hold it against numerous counter attacks.

May 31—Transport *Lincoln* sunk by U-boat and 23 lives lost.

June 11—The American marines take Belleau Woods and 800 prisoners.

June 15—Announcement is made that 800,000 American troops are in France.

June 21—Statement made that our troops hold 39 miles of French front in six sectors.

July 15-18—Anglo-American troops occupy strategic positions on Murman coast in northwestern Russia.

July 18—The second battle of the Marne begins with Foch's counter offensive between Soissons and Chateau-Thierry. French and Americans drive Germans back from the Marne almost to Aisne.

July 27—The Americans arrive on the Italian front.

July 31—The President takes over the telephone and telegraph lines.

August 15—Americans land in eastern Siberia.

September 12—Americans take St. Mihiel salient near Metz. Salient wiped out in three days.

September 16—The President refuses Austrian peace proposal.

September 26—Americans begin a drive in Meuse valley.

October 4—Germany asks Wilson for an armistice. Asks again on October 12 and 20th. Austria-Hungary asks on October 7th, and Turkey on October 12th.

October 31—Turkey withdraws from war.

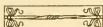
November 2—Americans rout Germans in Argonne.

November 4—Austria-Hungary withdraws from war.

November 5—The President notifies Germany that Foch has the authority of the Allies to communicate terms of armistice.

November 7—Americans take Sedan.

November 11—The armistice is signed.



The 26th Division's Record

PERHAPS no other division in the United States Army received, or deserved to receive, the credit and distinction that came to our 26th, lovingly called the Yankee Division and the New England Division. It was through hard fighting, extreme devotion to duty and the stick-to-it quality which has made the American doughboys the best fighters in the world, that brought to our division all the credit due it. Much has been written on the 26th, and there is a great deal more that will in time be written about the plucky boys of the New England States, but again there is a great deal that will never find its way into print.

The men of the 26th during the war were fighters, one and all, but in peace they were nothing but big boys, homesick, and more than anxious to get home. The honor of being with the Army of Occupation meant nothing to them. Their honor was won on the field of battle, in the trenches, out in No Man's Land. They saw no adventure in going into Germany, and they were tired of sightseeing.

A paragraph in a letter received in Holyoke from one of the Company D boys, who was in every one of the big engagements that his outfit took part in, has never before been published. It was written in reply to a letter from a relative who told the fighter that she was so glad that he was to have an opportunity of seeing Germany. Here it is, and it is quite characteristic of the fighting spirit of American youths:

"Where do you get that stuff about being glad I'm going into Germany? To hell with Germany; I've had enough of Europe. All I want is to get back home. I never thought of home as I do now. This place was fine while there was something doing; but nix on this scenery stuff."

The official record of what the 26th Division did in France is contained in the following data secured by Governor Calvin Coolidge from the Adjutant-General of Massachusetts in January, 1919, and is inclusive to November 23, 1918:

(a) Date of arrival of division headquarters, 26th Division, in zone and successive locations:

Location	Date of Arrival		
Neufchateau	Oct. 31, 1917	Mery-sur-Marne	July 15, 1918
Couvrelles	Feb. 8, 1918	Genevois Farm	July 20, 1918
Bar-sur-Aube	Mar. 18, 1918	Lucy-le-Bocage	July 21, 1918
Joinville	Mar. 25, 1918	Grand Ru Farm.....	July 21, 1918
Neyel	Mar. 27, 1918	Mery-sur-Marne	July 30, 1918
Boucq	Mar. 31, 1918	Rusy-sur-Marne	Aug. 16, 1918
Trendes	June 20, 1918	Bar-le-Duc	Aug. 29, 1918
Toul	June 8, 1918	Somme-diene	Aug. 30, 1918
Ranteuil-les-Beaux	June 29, 1918	Rupt-en-Woevre	Sept. 6, 1918
Chemigny	July 9, 1918	Trayon-sur-Meuse	Sept. 16, 1918
Genevois Farm	July 10, 1918	Verdun	Oct. 8, 1918
		Bras	Oct. 18, 1918
		Pierrefitte	Nov. 14, 1918
		Benoite-Vaux.....	Nov. 15, 1918
		Frebecourt	Nov. 19, 1918
		Montigny-le-Roi	Nov. 23, 1918

In the Front Lines.

(b) Successive periods in front lines of 26th Division:

The date of entry, place and sector, active or quiet, and date of withdrawal follows:

February 6, 1918, north of Soissons (brigaded with French), Chemin des Dames, quiet, March 21, 1918.

April 3, 1918, north of Toul, La Reine and Boncq, quiet, June 28, 1918.

July 10, 1918, northwest of Chateau-Thierry, Pas Fini, active, July 25, 1918.

September 8, 1918, north of St. Mihiel, Rupt and Troyon, active, October 8, 1918.

October 18, 1918, north of Verdun, Neptune, active, November 14, 1918.

(c) 51st Field Artillery Brigade operated with 26th Division during all activities.

(d) Prisoners captured by 26th Division:

Location	Officers	Men	Total
North of Toul.....	6	43	49
Northwest of Chateau-Thierry	2	244	246
North of St. Mihiel..	48	2,520	2,568
North of Verdun.....	5	280	285
Aggregate	61	3,087	3,148

(e) Material captured by 26th Division:

	July 18-25	Chateau Sept. 12-13,	Thierry S M'hiel Tot.
Heavy Artillery.....	1	2	3
Light Artillery.....	3	10	13
Trench Mortars.....	7	8	15
Machine Guns.....	23	109	132
Rifles	—	42	42

Number of Casualties.

(f) Total casualties of 26th Division since arrival in France:

	Officers	Men	Total
Killed	78	1,652	1,730
Wounded severely, 100		3,524	3,624
Wounded slightly..	111	2,706	2,819
Gassed	113	3,250	3,363
Missing	10	273	283
Prisoners	9	127	136
Total	421	11,534	11,955

(g) Total depth of advance, in kilometers, in principal offensives:

Chateau-Thierry, July 18-25.....	17.5
St. Mihiel Salient, Sept. 12-13.....	14.0
Verdun area, Oct. 18-Nov. 11.....	5.5
Total	37.0

They occupied the following sectors:

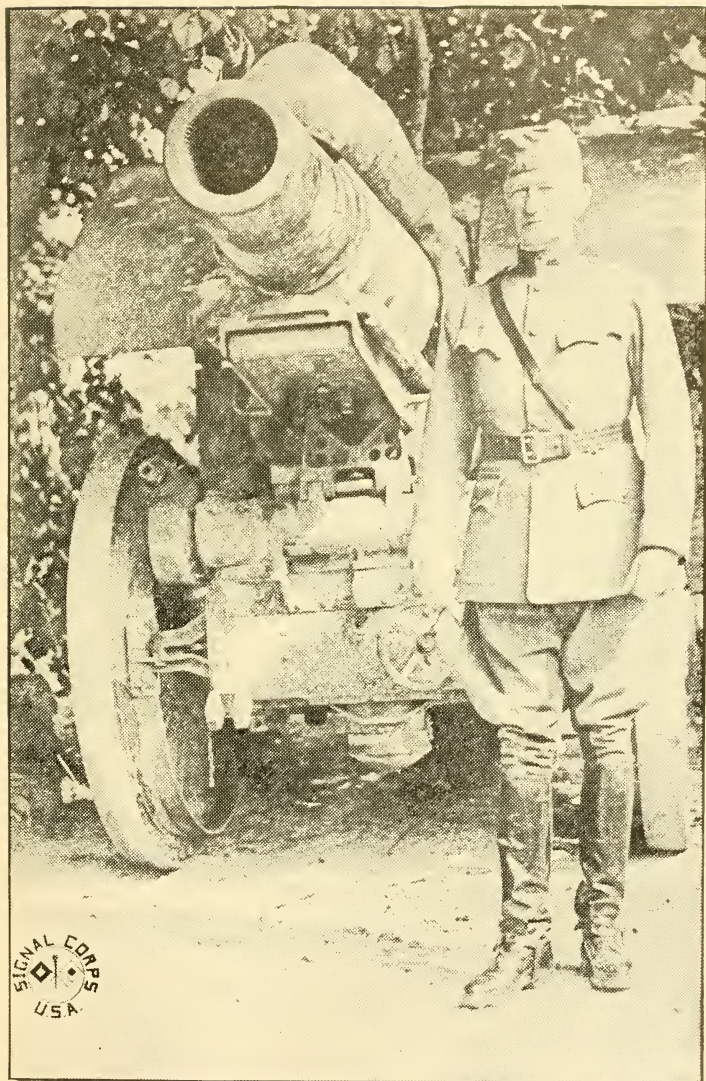
Sector	1918
Chemin-des-Dames.....	Feb. 6-Mar. 21
La Reine and Bourcq...	April 3-June 28
Pas Fini	July 10-July 25
Rupt and Tryon	Sept. 2-Oct. 8
Neptune	Oct. 10-Nov. 14

The principal battles in which the division was engaged are:

	1918
Bois Brule or Apremont ..	April 10-13
Seicheprey.....	April 20-21
Flirey	May 20
Nivray-Marvoisin	June 15
Chateau-Thierry (second Battle of Marne)....	July 10-25
St. Mihiel	Sept. 12-13
North of Verdun.....	Oct. 10-Nov. 14

WAR REPARTMENT FIGURES, FEBRUARY 2, 1919.

The War Department figures on 26th Division casualties differ considerably from the figures announced by Governor Coolidge recently as furnished by the State Adjutant-General's office. Major casualties include killed in action, died of wounds, prisoners and missing. The State figures showed the 26th Division as losing 1,730 killed in action; the War Department figures are 1,388. The State figures on prisoners were 136, while the Washington total is 354. The State figures gave the number of missing as 283, while the Washington totals apparently allow for 1,102 died of wounds and missing. The State figures showed 2,149 killed, missing and prisoners, while the Washington figures show 2,864 killed, died of wounds, prisoners and missing.



MAJOR-GENERAL CLARENCE R. EDWARDS.

Following are the losses in fighting of the units of the 26th Division, exclusive of the 101st Field Signal Battalion and the divisional trains:

Regiment	Killed in action	Died of wounds	Missing in action	Prisoners	Total
101st Infantry	255	140	118	27	540
102d Infantry	394	153	189	252	988
103d Infantry	308	135	52	16	511
104th Infantry	263	112	72	17	464
101st Machine Gun Battalion...	10	9	1	..	20
102d Machine Gun Battalion...	42	20	11	22	95
103d Machine Gun Battalion...	21	8	6	2	37
101st Artillery	26	21	3	3	53
102d Artillery	30	38	1	1	70
103d Artillery	25	9	..	9	43
101st Trench Mortar Battery...	1	1	2
101st Engineers	13	14	9	5	41
Totals.....	1,388	660	462	354	2,864

FROM GENERAL PERSHING.

Under date of "Great Headquarters, American Expeditionary Forces, February 2," General John J. Pershing cabled Director-General Barrett as follows:

"Replying to your cablegram, it gives me pleasure to send you a message about Vermont and New England troops. Briefly stated, they merit the warmest praise by the people they represent. They have maintained the best traditions of their New England ancestors, and the Spirit of Seventy-six has been theirs. They have played their full part in the splendid achievement of American arms on the battlefield and in the supporting services."

MR. BAKER'S LETTER.

On the same date the Hon. Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, wrote Mr. Barrett as follows:

"I have just received your note of the first.

"The 26th, or New England Division, includes the 102d Regiment of Infantry, the 101st, 102d and 103d Machine Gun Battalions. In each of these organizations there are components of the old First Vermont. In order, therefore, to have any adequate appreciation of the service rendered by the Vermont soldiers in this war, it is necessary to follow the fortunes of the 26th Division, which went into the line on July 18, and which fought at Chateau-Thierry, Tourcy and Belleau Woods. In September this division occupied the left of the American Army in the attack on St. Mihiel, and closed the gap between the two American attacking wedges, cutting off the right of the Germans at midnight of the first day of that battle. Immediately after the St. Mihiel victory, the 26th was moved into the line east of the Meuse, where it remained in active combat until the signing of the armistice.

"With the first and second regular army divisions, and the 42d, or Rainbow Division, the 26th is numbered, they being considered the first four veteran divisions of our great American expeditionary forces, and I would be glad to have the



BRIGADIER-GENERAL CHARLES H. COLE

people of New England know that their division, the first of the National Guard troops to embark overseas, bore itself with distinction and gallantry, and that it contributed on every battle field to America's real participation in the fighting and the unbroken success of our arms."

GENERAL MARCH'S STATEMENT.

General Peyton C. March, chief of staff, provided Mr. Barrett with the following summarized "chronological statement of such activities of these troops as are now available in the War Department":

"The Vermont troops were incorporated into the 26th Division, the members being distributed through the 101st Machine Gun Battalion, 102d Machine Gun Battalion, 102d Infantry Regiment, 103d Machine Gun Battalion, 101st Ammunition Train, and the 57th Pioneer Infantry Regiment.

"October 8, 1917—Division Headquarters left Boston. October 31, 1917, arrived at U. S. P. O. 709, training area No. 2. Artillery at Coetyuidan for training. Division trained intensively in these areas until early part of February. February 5, 1918, entrained for front. Spent one month of trench instruction north of Soissons with headquarters at Couvelles. Division was placed with the French 11th Army Corps.

ATTACKED TWICE BY PICKED TROOPS.

"March 18, 1918, withdrawn to Bar Sur Aube. March 27, 1918, upon completion of month's tour ordered to line northeast of Toul to assist in the emergency. Division headquarters at Reynel. In this sector the division held a portion of the line usually assigned to two divisions. Was attacked twice by picked troops.

"April 10-11, 1918, the 104th was attacked in the forest of Apremont. April 20-21, 1918, the 102d Infantry was attacked at Seicheprey. Both attacks were repulsed. From this date until June 3, the 26th Division held the Toul sector, with more or less activity on both sides.

REACH BOIS D'ETREPILLY.

"About July 7, moved to the Marne front. July 17, 1918, 52d Brigade of 26th attacked and took Tourcy and Belleau. July 19, 1918, whole division attacked, reaching Bois d'Etrepilly.

"July 22, 1918, withdrawn for rest. Month of August resting. First part of September ordered to line at St. Mihiel.

September 19, 1918, on line near St. Hilaire. Usual trench warfare in the vicinity of Fresnes until October 23.

"October 23, 1918, attacked. Captured Bois de Belleau, Bois de Warville and Bois d'Etraye.

"November 11, 1918, attacked. Halted by the armistice."

Historical Data of the "Yankee Division"

Organized on August 22, 1917, in Boston, Mass., from units of National Guard troops of the New England States and a quota of National Army troops from Camp Devens, Mass.

Trained at the following places:

Division Headquarters, Boston, Mass.

Headquarters Troop, Boston, Mass.

101st Field Signal Battalion, Boston, Mass.



LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ALFRED F. FOOTE.

NOTE: "Date of Entry" and "Date Withdrawn," used above, are the dates on which the command passed to or from the 26th Division. This table does not in reality show the exact time which all units of this division served in line. There were several instances where regiments and brigades entered the line several days in advance of the passing of command to the division. Also, during the nine months' service, from February 6, 1918, the division spent only 10 days in a rest area (just prior to the St. Mihiel offensive), the balance of the time being consumed in moving from one sector to another, or in support position awaiting entry into line.

PRISONERS CAPTURED BY THE TWENTY-SIXTH DIVISION:

Officers, 61; other ranks, 3,087; total, 3,149.

AMONG GERMAN MATERIAL CAPTURED WERE THE FOLLOWING:

Thirty-one pieces field artillery, 23 pieces trench artillery, 163 light and heavy machine guns, 830 rifles.

CASUALTIES OF TWENTY-SIXTH DIVISION IN BATTLE:

	Officers	Men	Total
Killed	78	1,652	1,730
Wounded severely	100	3,524	3,624
Wounded slightly	111	2,708	2,819
Gassed	113	3,250	3,363
Missing	10	273	283
Prisoners	9	127	136
Totals.....	421	11,534	11,955

ENEMY TERRITORY TAKEN IN BATTLE:

Offensive	Date	Depth
Aisne-Marne	July 18-25, 1918	17.5 Kilometers
St. Mihiel	Sept. 12-13, 1918	14.0 "
Meuse-Argonne	Oct. 18-	
	Nov. 11, 1918	5.5 "

Total depth of advance, 37.0 Kilometers

The 51st Field Artillery Brigade (Divisional Artillery) operated with the 26th Division during all activities. Following relief of division in Aisne and Marne offensive on July 25th, the Brigade operated with the 29th, 42nd and 4th Divisions until relieved on August 4th.

IMPORTANT FEATURES OF LINE IN SEVERAL SECTORS HELD:

Chemin des Dames Sector:

- The Chemin des Dames
- Fort de Malmaison
- Chavignon Valley
- Laffaux Valley
- Pinon Woods
- Cheval Mort Hill
- Aisne River
- Rouge Maison (Cave)
- Rochefort (Cave)

La Reine and Boucq (Toul Sector):

- Montsec
- Bois Brule (Apremont Woods)
- Seicheprey (Remiere Woods and Jury Woods)
- Xivray-Marvoisin
- Dead Man's Curve

Aisne 2nd Marne Offensive:

- (a) Bois Belleau
- (b) Hill 190
- (c) Bouresches Railway Station
- (d) Trugny Woods
- (e) Epieds
- (f) Vesle River (Artillery Brigade)
- (g) Vaux

St. Mihiel Offensive:

- (a) Les Eparges
- (b) Vigneulles
- (c) Hattonchatel
- (d) Dommartin
- (e) Bois de St. Remy

Meuse-Argonne Offensive:

- (a) Marcheville
- (b) Bois Belleu
- (c) Hill 360
- (d) Bois d'Ormont
- (e) Bois d'Haumont
- (f) Bois d'Etrayes
- (g) Les Houppy Bois
- (h) La Waville
- (i) Bois de Ville devant Chaumont
- (j) Cote de Talou

OTHER INTERESTING HISTORY OF THE 26TH DIVISION:

The first American unit organized as a Division in the United States and transported complete to France.

While in the "La Reine and Boucq Sector," north of Toul, the 26th Division engaged in the first two battles in which the Americans fought without the support of French infantry.

The 104th Infantry (formerly 2nd, 6th and 8th Massachusetts Infantry), after the battle in the Bois Brule at Apremont, was cited in G. O. No. 737 A, Hq., 32nd Army Corps (French), April 26, 1918, and had its colors decorated with the Croix de Guerre. The 104th Infantry is the only American regiment in the United States Army to have its colors decorated by a foreign government.

The division has been cited in American and French orders and commended in letters and service memorandums as follows:

Cited in G. O. No. 7, Hq. 11th Army Corps (French), March 15, 1918.

Cited (104th Infantry), in G. O. No. 737 A. Hq. 32nd Army Corps (French), April 26, 1918.

Commended (101st Infantry), in Service Memorandum, Hq. VIIth Army (French), June 8, 1918.

Commended in Service Memorandum, Hq. VIIth Army (French), June 17, 1918.

Congratulated in Memorandum, Hq. 32nd Army Corps (French), June 18, 1918.

Cited in G. O. No. 131, Hq. 32nd Army Corps (French), June 18, 1918.

Commended (103d Infantry), in letter from G. H. Q., A. E. F., June 20, 1918.

Cited in G. O. No. 133, Hq. 32nd Army Corps (French), June 27, 1918.

Congratulated in letter, Hq. VIth Army (French), July 29, 1918.

Cited in G. O. VIth Army (French), August 9, 1918.

Cited in G. O., G. H. Q., American E. F., August 28, 1918.

Cited (102nd Infantry), in G. O. No. 19, Hq. 5th Army Corps, American E. F., September 18, 1918.

Commended in letter from Hq. 2nd Colonial Corps (French), October 3, 1918.

Commended in letter from Hq. 2nd Colonial Troops (French), October 7, 1918.

Commended in letter from Hq. 17th Army Corps (French), October 24, 1918.

Commended (104th Infantry), in letter from Hq. 18th Division (French), November 17, 1918.

Commended in letter from Hq. 2nd Colonial Corps (French), November 14, 1918.

Cited in G. O. No. 232, G. H. Q., A. E. F., December 19, 1918.

Cited in G. O. No. 238, G. H. Q., A. E. F., December 26, 1918.

British G. H. Q., on October 20, 1918, made public the following extract from a confidential document captured from the Nineteenth German Army: "The 26th American Division is a fighting division which has proven its qualities in battles on various parts of the front."

The 26th Division is officially known as the "Yankee Division." Distinctive insignia worn on left sleeve of uniform by authority of G. O. No. 33, Hq. 1st Army, American E. F.—"Monogram YD in dark blue on diamond shaped field of olive drab."

Citation of first man awarded Congressional Medal of Honor in 26th Division as follows:

PRIVATE FIRST-CLASS GEORGE DILBOY (Deceased), Company "H," 103d Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity above and beyond the call of duty in action with the enemy on 18 July, 1918, near Belleau, France.

After his platoon had gained its objective along a railroad embankment, Private Dilboy, accompanying his platoon leader to reconnoiter the ground beyond, was suddenly fired upon by an enemy machine gun from one hundred yards. From a standing position on the railroad track, fully exposed to view, he opened fire at once, but, failing to silence the gun, rushed forward with his bayonet fixed, through a wheat field towards the gun emplacement, falling within twenty-five yards of the gun with his right leg nearly severed above the knee, and with several bullet holes in his body. With undaunted courage, he continued to fire into the emplacement from a prone position, killing two of the enemy and dispersing the rest of the crew.

Next of kin: Antone Dilboy (father), Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, Mass.

Massachusetts Seventh in Supplying Men

A table showing the number of men supplied to the Army by each State during the war was made public by the War Department. New York led with 367,864, and Nevada stood last, with 5,105, in the total of 3,757,624 men obtained by draft, voluntary enlistment or through the National Guard.

The men actually supplied ran close to the obligation of the States, making their quotas proportionate to their population.

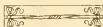
The figures are compiled up to November 11, and the grand total includes the overseas garrisons in Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippines and Alaska, as well as the American Expeditionary Forces and the Army at home.

Men supplied by the States follow:

New York, 367,864; Pennsylvania, 297,891; Illinois, 251,074; Ohio, 200,293; Texas, 161,065; Michigan, 135,485; Massachusetts, 132,610; Missouri, 128,544; California, 112,514; Indiana, 106,581; New Jersey, 105,207; Minnesota, 99,116; Iowa, 98,781; Wisconsin, 98,211; Georgia, 85,506; Oklahoma, 80,169; Tennessee, 75,825; Kentucky, 75,043; Alabama, 74,678; Virginia, 73,062; North Carolina, 73,003;

Louisiana, 65,988; Kansas, 63,428; Arkansas, 61,027; West Virginia, 55,777; Mississippi, 54,295; South Carolina 53,482; Connecticut, 50,069; Nebraska, 47,805; Maryland, 47,054; Washington, 45,154; Montana, 36,293; Colorado, 34,393; Florida, 33,331; Oregon, 30,116; South Dakota, 29,686; North Dakota, 25,803; Maine, 24,252; Idaho, 19,016; Utah, 17,361; Rhode Island, 16,868; District of Columbia, 15,980; New Hampshire, 14,374; New Mexico, 12,439; Wyoming, 11,393; Arizona, 10,492; Vermont, 9,338; Delaware, 7,484; Nevada, 5,105.

The total of 3,575,624 included also 16,538 from Porto Rico, 5,644 from Hawaii, 2,102 from Alaska, 255 from the Philippines, 1,318 not allocated and 1,499 credited to the American Expeditionary Forces comprising men who joined the army in Europe.



The Yankee Division Cemetery

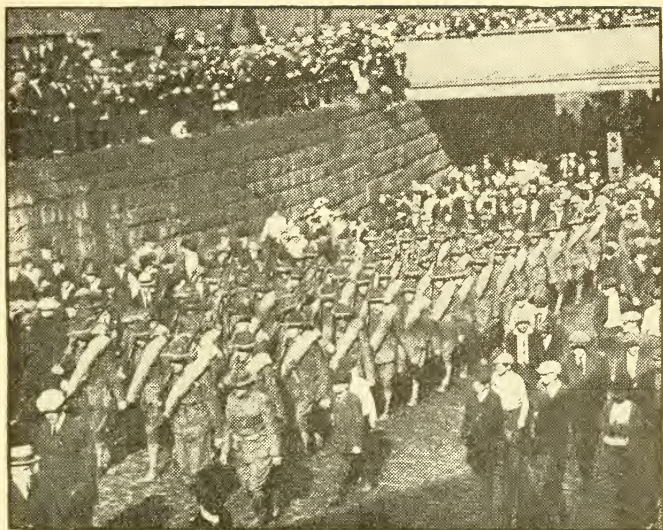
The peasant children pass it as they leave the village school,
The pious strangers cross themselves along the road to Toul;
The captains call attention as the dusty troops plod by,
The officers salute it, though receiving no reply;
'Tis a spot all brown and barren, 'mid the poppies in the grain,—
The Y. D. cemetery by a roadside in Lorraine.

A row of wooden crosses and beneath the upturned sod
The hearts once wild and restless now know the peace of God.
The brave young lads who left us while life was at its flood,
While life was fresh and joyous and fire was in the blood,—
Their young lives now enfranchised from mirth or joy or pain,
They sleep the sleep eternal by a road side in Lorraine.

Of all the myriad places for the dead of man to rest,
The graveyard of the warrior for a freeman is the best;
Oh! not for them our pity, but far across the foam,
For the gray-haired mother, weeping in some New England home,
'Tis she who has our pity, 'tis she who feels the pain
Of the Y. D. cemetery by a roadside in Lorraine.

The plodding columns pass them along the old Toul road;
New companies come marching where yesterday they strode;
Above the whirr of motors,—beyond the roar of guns
Where their allies and their brothers join battle with the Huns;
And the sunlight of their glory bursts through the clouds and rain
O'er the Y. D. cemetery by a roadside in Lorraine.

"TEX. CAVITT."



COMPANY D, LEAVING FOR MEXICAN BORDER, 1916.

HOLYOKE'S OWN COMPANY D

WHILE Company D, 104th Infantry, First Battalion, 52d Brigade, of the famous 26th Division, was called out on the day the United States entered the war, its history as a part of the Yankee Division does not start until it was reorganized at Camp Bartlett, Hampton Plains, in September of 1917. From the date of the mobilization of the Second Massachusetts Regiment, of which "Holyoke's Own" was then a part, until the reorganization, the local company did its share in guarding bridges and power plants in this state, keeping guard at the Arsenal in Springfield, and finally establishing a record at Camp Bartlett. It was the last company in the Second Regiment to arrive at the concentration camp and was one of the last to leave. It was looked up to for its efficiency, and was credited with being one of the best officered outfits in the camp.

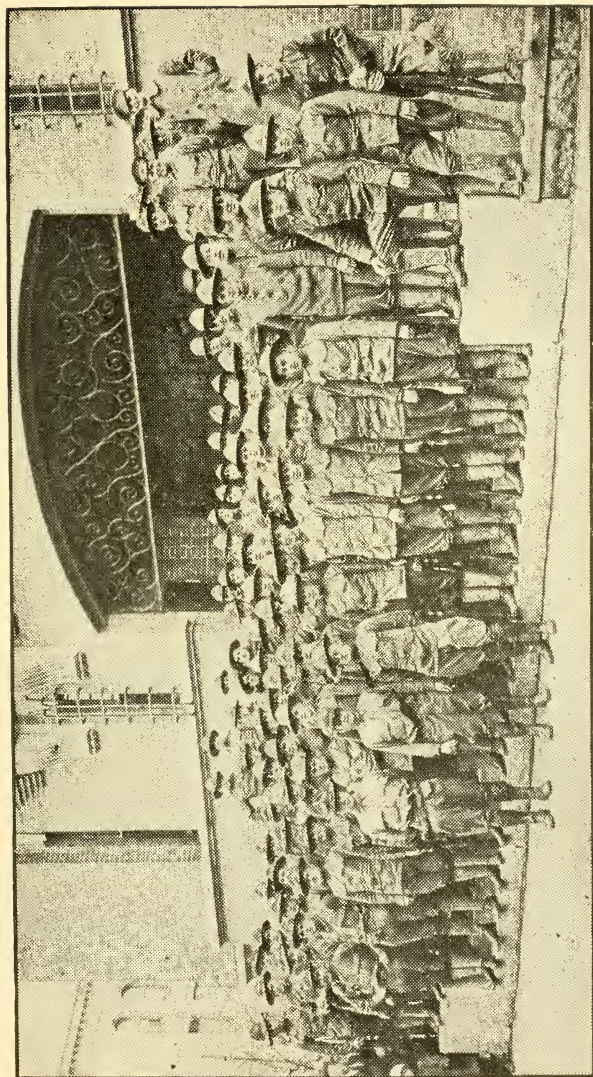
On October 4 the local company pulled out of Camp Bartlett on a special train and the following day arrived in Montreal. There the men went on board the S. S. Scotian, a British transport, and went to Halifax. There luck was against them; for they missed their convoy and had to wait four days. This was galling to the boys, who were anxious to go over. Finally the start was made, and for seven days Company D was at sea.

Arriving in Liverpool, England, on October 17, Company D entrained for a camp outside of Southampton. One of the members of the company wrote that "It was here we had our first baptism of foreign mud."

Company D was in England but four days when it boarded the S. S. Archangel, considered one of the fastest transports, and which formerly was one of Sir Thomas Lipton's pleasure boats, going to France. The port of Le Harve, France, was the destination of the local outfit. There the boys remained a day and boarded a train of box cars, "Forty Men and Eight Horses." For three days and two nights they traveled, and arrived at Harrenville, a province of Houite Marne. The first training camp in France, where the local boys were stationed was at the village of Sartes, which they reached by marching eight kilometers.

Here Company D remained over Thanksgiving and Christmas, and on February 6, 1918, to March 21, they went into the Chemin-des-dames sector, it being the first trip to the lines by the local boys. Then followed a four days' hike to a rest camp at Rimaucourt. But "Holyoke's Own" did not rest, for orders came for an immediate return to the lines. On Easter Sunday Company D took to its trucks and rushed for the front, and arrived in front of Apremont at 2.30 o'clock on April 2. They held that sector and a sector to the right of it, in front of Montsec, for three months. It was a "quiet" three months, with occasional artillery offensives, trench raids, patrol encounters, mustard gas, and some casualties. Four Holyoke boys in the company were killed on June 16. They were Corporal John J. Kelly, Corporal George Tremblay, Musician Alfred S. Anderson and Private Louis M. Croteau.

From there the company took over the sector at Belleau Wood, where the company suffered some more casualties, and at the fighting at Chateau-Thierry, in the second battle of the Marne, Company D lost, in one day (July 22, 1918), five more



COMPANY D, HOLYOKE, ORIGINAL COMPANY.

Holyoke men, Corporal Frank J. Moynihan, Corporal Jeremiah F. Sullivan, Privates Joseph L. Finem, Arthur W. Fleming and Howard J. Sullivan. The day before, Private Harold W. Martin gave his all. Also in the same month of July the company lost Sergeant Douglas Urquhart, Bugler Leon F. Burgess, and Privates John Lambert and Frank E. Snyder, in addition to several men who were taken prisoners by the Germans. At Chateau-Thierry a few men fell into the enemy's hands but were rescued by a Pennsylvania outfit.

At Belleau Wood the local company took part in a hot battle that while short, was intense, driving the Hun back in the town of Bouscrebe.

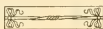
After the fighting at Chateau-Thierry Company D was sent back of the lines for replacements and to rest up. There were but a few of the original company of 250 men that left Camp Bartlett nine months before. Those who were not killed were in hospitals, wounded, gassed or shell-shocked; some were prisoners in German camps, and others were "missing."

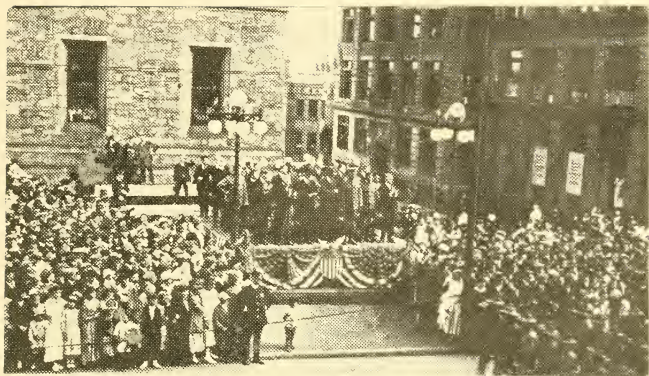
Then came the St. Mihiel drive. Company D went into the fight on September 11, and went over the top on the 12th. On that day they took the town of St. Maurice, after advancing five miles in thirty hours. Sergeant Robert W. Gorham and Sergeant Raymond B. Thomson, both leading detachments, were killed in action on the 12th. After the St. Mihiel offensive, the local company, which, by this time had but a very few men from this city in its ranks, took part in the fighting north of Verdun, arriving there the 13th of October, and going over the top three times the following day. They remained in this sector until the signing of the armistice brought a cessation of hostilities. It was in this sector that Private William Pueschel lost his life, and Sergeant William B. Craven succumbed to pneumonia.

Outside of the casualties Company D suffered other blows—the loss of its officers. It is a matter of record that out of the original company of 150 men from Holyoke and vicinity, which answered the country's call in April, 1917, there remained, at the time of the signing of the armistice, but 13 in the ranks. The rest had been either killed, transferred or were in hospitals recovering from wounds, gas or shell-shock.

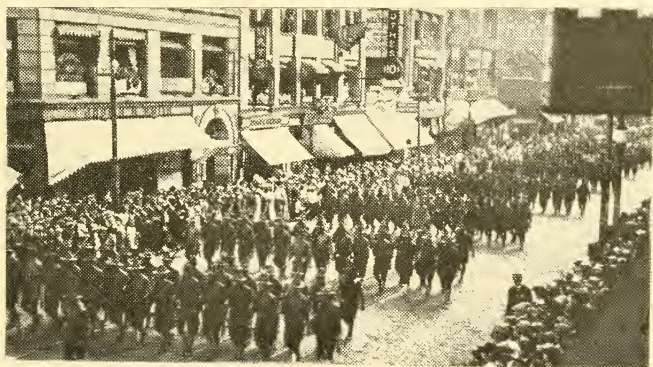
The officer personnel of Company D originally was as follows: Captain Edmund J. Slate, First Lieutenant Wallace A. Choquette and Second Lieutenant Donald B. Logan. The other officers, transferred to the company at Camp Bartlett when the unit was filled to the new war-strength of a captain, five lieutenants and 250 men, were Lieutenant George H. Weir of Fitchburg, Lieutenant William M. Brigham, Jr., of Marlboro, and Lieutenant F. Gardner Blaisdell of Brookline.

Lieutenant Logan was the first to go—being transferred to the intelligence department. Captain Slate was next, being put in charge of the supply outfit of the regiment. Lieutenant Choquette was transferred to the tank service; Lieutenant Brigham was killed in action at Chateau-Thierry; Lieutenant Blaisdell was wounded severely in action at Chateau-Thierry, and never returned to the company, and Lieutenant Weir was transferred to the disciplinarian camp. Lieutenant Thomas Shea of Springfield, who was transferred to the local outfit in France, was taken prisoner by the enemy. Another officer, a Lieutenant Roth, who also joined the company in France, was wounded in action. Lieutenant Paul DeVerter of Virginia was for some time in command of the Holyoke company.





COMPANY D PASSING IN REVIEW, FAREWELL PARADE.



COMPANY D IN FAREWELL PARADE.

Camp Bartlett, Hampton Plains

CAMP BARTLETT, during the summer and early fall of 1917, was an interesting spot. At one time there were over 15,000 men there, before the 103d and 104th Infantries, part of the 52d Brigade of the 26th Division, left for France. It was here that Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Massachusetts regiments lost their identities. Among them being regiments that served in the Spanish-American War and on the Mexican Border. Many of the officers of the 26th Division, who won fame on the battlefields of France were at one time or another at the concentration camp on Hampton Plains. The history of the camp from August 16 to November 22, 1917, is given as follows:

August 16, 1917—Brigadier General Charles H. Cole paid a surprise visit to Holyoke and inspected Camp Bartlett, Hampton Plains.

August 17—The War Department announced that four Massachusetts regiments were to be brigaded together, forming the 52d Brigade, in command of General Cole.

August 18—Second Battalion of Second Massachusetts Regiment started for Camp Bartlett from Greenfield in charge of Major Beckman of Northampton; detail of fifteen men broke ground and started laying water mains.

August 19—Brigadier General Cole assumed command.

August 20—Second Maine Regiment and First Battalion, Second Massachusetts, arrived in camp; Holyoke and Chicopee police believed soldiers operating a stolen automobile killed Willimansett man.

August 21—Rhode Island Cavalry arrived; Lee H. Brow in charge of Maine Y. M. C. A. tent; Provost Guard established in Holyoke.

August 22—Eighth Massachusetts Regiment, after sleeping in trains all night, marched into camp, followed shortly after by another troop of Rhode Island Cavalry.

August 23—First New Hampshire and First Vermont Infantries arrived, and the Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Rhode Island troops were amalgamated into the 103d United States Infantry; six companies of the Eighth Massachusetts arrived in Springfield to relieve Major Alfred F. Foote's 3rd Battalion.

August 24—Third Battalion, Second Massachusetts Infantry, which included Company D of Holyoke, arrived in camp after an eleven-mile hike from Springfield; the 103rd Machine Gun Battalion formed; sanitary inspection found everything in good condition.

August 25—Major Foote officer of the day; Divisional Supply Train reorganized under the command of Captain David G. Arnold.

August 26—Nearly 100,000 visitors at the first review of the 52d Brigade; 1st Maine Heavy Artillery arrived; General Cole moved his headquarters; several hundred more 1st Vermonters arrived with Field Bakery Company No. 16, U. S. A., from Gettysburg, Pa.; Major Foote relieved of his command and assumed special duties as road inspector.

August 27—Detachment of Coast Artillery Corps arrived. Governor Milliken of Maine and Governor Keyes of New Hampshire inspected 103d Infantry; Major-General Clarence R. Edwards present at inspection.

August 28—Two troops of United States Cavalry from Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., arrived in camp; transportation problems discussed by camp officials and Holyoke men.

August 29—Sixth Massachusetts Regiment arrived in camp; Major-General Edwards praised Camp Bartlett.

August 30—Governor Samuel W. McCall bade farewell to 104th Infantry at the first review of the Massachusetts boys, and the second in the camp; 96 men from 6th Regiment assigned to Company D of Holyoke, two lieutenants included in this number; Lieutenant Joseph W. O'Connor, 9th Massachusetts Infantry, appointed brigadier-adjutant to General Cole; newspapermen guests of General Cole at noon mess; 8th Massachusetts Regiment again arrived in camp after special detail in Springfield; Company M of 6th Massachusetts Regiment arrived in camp.

August 31—David M. Osborne, son of Thomas Mott Osborne, enlisted at Camp Bartlett; General Cole discovered owners of Camp Bartlett; Rt. Rev. Thomas D. Beaven, Bishop of Springfield, visited the camp; examination of officers started.

September 1—About 7,000 soldiers given 36-hour leaves of absence; balance of the 1st New Hampshire Infantry and Signal Corps, 700 men, arrived; ten Plattsburg men among them, Lieutenant Mahlon T. Hill, formerly a corporal in Company D, and Lieutenant Herbert C. Coar, nephew of Rev. A. H. Coar of Holyoke, arrived; Sergeant John F. Green of Springfield killed in an auto accident.

September 3—Sporting events cheered soldiers on Labor Day; Brigadier General E. Leroy Sweetser, commander of the Depot Brigade, visited General Cole.

September 4—Governor R. L. Beekman reviewed Rhode Island troops; 700 men arrived from Fort Ethan Allen with detachment of regulars of the Quartermaster Corps from Boston; two Plattsburg lieutenants assigned to Company D, Holyoke.

September 5—Rev. George S. L. Connor assigned to Brigade Headquarters as the guest of General Cole; Colonel Sweetser's military police arrived.

September 6—One battery from 1st Maine Heavy Artillery ordered to Boxford; more Plattsburg officers arrived; sanitary detachment from 1st Vermont Infantry ordered to Framingham.

September 7—Sergeant George T. Mack, of Fitchburg, 6th Massachusetts Regiment, committed suicide; General Cole gave Father Connor permission to erect an altar on parade grounds; first military wedding took place in camp; General Cole guest at a banquet in Springfield.

September 8—First accident to a civilian took place at the camp; General Cole guest at banquet in Holyoke; 103rd Infantryman, classed as a deserter, found dead in the woods in Salisbury, N. H.

September 9—Bishop Lawrence spoke to the men at the camp; Lieutenant Governor Calvin Coolidge, with a party of friends, witnessed baseball games and other sports; 20,000 persons watched the 104th Infantry's guard mount and evening parade.

September 10—Maine soldiers cast ballots in the Maine Special Election, woman suffrage being among the amendments; every state in New England represented when the Connecticut Signal Corps troops arrived; the first measles cases reported.

September 11—Maine Artillery men received their first pay; field hospital established in the Depot Brigade; first camp summary court martial held, at which

300 cases were disposed of; the fifth Y. M. C. A. tent erected; four field kitchens arrived; vote of the Maine men announced, with 291 for and 610 against suffrage.

September 12—Company D of Holyoke did regimental guard duty; another Plattsburg lieutenant assigned to Company D; war marriages become popular at the camp; two captains in the 104th rejected for physical disability; supply depots established at Westfield.

September 13—The 104th Infantry, composed of men of the 2nd, 6th and 8th Massachusetts Regiments, marched in a big farewell parade in Springfield; General Cole explained that Holyoke was not on the "blacklist"; 104th Infantry had a payday.

September 14—Major Watson of the 1st Vermont named head of the Supply Train; Chaplain Danker bought footballs for the men of the 104th.

September 15—Maine soldiers fought a forest fire that threatened the entire camp; 5,000 men granted 36-hour leaves of absence; General Cole made arrangements with the Boston & Albany to run special trains to and from Boston.

September 16—The Holyoke Street Railway Company promised to furnish adequate transportation for the soldiers; plans made for farewell celebration for Company D.

September 17—Major Foote was named acting lieutenant-colonel of the 104th Infantry; eleven Plattsburg men were sent to Boxford; Isolation Hospital established in rear of Brigade Headquarters; Lieutenant-Colonel Edwin R. Gray and Major Albert G. Beckman transferred to the Depot Brigade in big shakeup among the officers of the 104th Infantry.

September 18—Seven hundred men of the 103d and 104th Infantries absent without leave; first instructions given in bomb throwing.

September 19—Thousands witnessed farewell to Company D in Holyoke; Holyoke adopted the new men assigned to "Holyoke's Own"; parade viewed by Governor McCall, General Cole, Colonel Hayes and other officers and prominent men; following the parade there was a military drill on the Maple Street playground; in the evening a banquet was tended officers and men at the Nonotuck; 400 National Army men from Camp Devens arrived at Camp Bartlett.

September 20—First authentic word received that Camp Bartlett was not to be a permanent cantonment.

September 21—One hundred and third Infantry fully equipped; Major W. E. Blandford succeeded Major Joseph S. Hart as Divisional Surgeon; twenty-eight Holyoke women went to Maine Y. M. C. A. tent to sew for soldiers; General Cole announced several changes in officer personnel; Divisional Inspection Officers from the Northwestern Department surveyed Camp Bartlett.

September 22—Two hundred members of the military police left camp to round up deserters and men absent without leave.

September 23—Major W. H. Dolan of the 6th Massachusetts placed in command of Divisional Military Police Train, relieving Colonel Loring E. Sweetser, who went to the Military Hospital in New Mexico for treatment; Major Foote relieved of road building duties.

September 24—Commanders of the 104th busy assigning drafted men; Company D drew twenty foreigners; General Cole received word from War Department to immediately start erecting a wooden building to be used as a hospital; first cold weather at the camp; ice formed in the water pails.

September 25—Non-commissioned officers of Company D received promotions; only twenty-seven enlisted men left in the 8th Massachusetts.

September 26—Brigadier General E. Leroy Sweetser formally took over command of Camp Bartlett; General Cole started on his trip to France.

September 27—Colonel Arthur T. Ballentine of the 1st Maine Heavy Artillery named acting camp commander in absence of General Sweetser, who kept his headquarters in Boston; Camp Bartlett was declared free from all evils generally found around a military camp.

September 28—Colonel Ballentine issued an ultimatum to the owners of squatter shacks to close up or be haled into Federal court; athletic committee was named for Company D; Boston newspapermen discovered that General Cole had been secretly married ten years before.

September 29—Field instruction given at the camp.

September 30—Major E. W. Gates, who was in charge of the base hospital, resigned.

October 1—Company D divided into four platoons; Major Edward S. Moulton took charge of the camp hospital; Captain B. S. Munyan, Company G, 104th Infantry, discharged.

October 2—Squatters opened up in defiance of orders from Colonel Ballentine, but closed in a hurry when armed guards were sent to enforce the orders; the 103d Infantry announced on its way to France.

October 3—Mess sergeants ordered to buy their meat through the camp quartermaster.

October 4—Company D left camp; nine more drafted men assigned to "Holyoke's Own" before it left.

October 5—Thirteen prisoners discharged from bull pen following Colonel Ballentine's work of weeding out the minor offenders.

October 6—The soldiers received the world series' scores over direct wire; Colonel Perry of the 8th Massachusetts named acting camp commander.

October 7—Lieutenant Boscone of the French Army arrived at the camp to instruct in art of trench building, bomb and hand grenade throwing and other fine points of French method of warfare; eighty-five men from sanitary department at Fort Ethan Allen arrived and assigned to the camp hospital.

October 8—Second Lieutenant Emil Dufresne of Marlboro committed suicide, the second in camp.

October 9—Word received that General Cole had arrived in France; 100 picked men attended a lecture given by Lieutenant Boscone of the French Army; Rev. George S. L. Connor commissioned a chaplain in the United States Army with the rank of first lieutenant.

October 10—Captain Harry Eastman, acting camp quartermaster, injured in an auto accident; Brigadier General Sweetser believed War Department would send enough men to Camp Bartlett to fill the Depot Brigade.

October 11—Two negro companies arrived; all outdoor work under the French instructor postponed because of weather; the Liberty Loan drive opened.

October 12—The 1st Maine Heavy Field Artillery football team went to Portland, Me., to play the University of Maine; the Depot Brigade had another pay-day.

October 13—It was announced that \$36,500 had been pledged in the Liberty Loan drive on the second day; several deaths from pneumonia.

October 14—Colored troopers fought a night fire at the camp when a Y. M. C. A. tent blazed up; fire discovered by a sentinel, who sounded the alarm; word received that the 103d Infantry had arrived in France; 1st Maine "Heavies" defeated the University of Maine.

October 15—Liberty Loan quota reached \$42,000; Colonel Perry started recruiting the 8th Massachusetts; the 104th Infantry reported overseas.

October 16—Governor McCall reviewed the troops at Camp Bartlett and talked on the Liberty Loan; Rev. Paul Dwight Moody appointed a chaplain of the Depot Brigade.

October 17—Work started on the amalgamation of five bands into the largest military band in the world.

October 18—The \$70,000 goal reached in the Liberty Loan drive.

October 19—Liberty Loan total over \$90,000; six companies had a record of 100 per cent; United States District Court refused the petition of a Maine lawyer for his release from the army.

October 20—The 1st Maine "Heavies" left for Boston to play the Harvard Informals; the total for the Liberty Loan amounted to \$111,000; Colonel Ballentine gave permission for the Maine "Heavies" to play the St. Aloysius of Holyoke for the benefit of the Red Cross; in the absence of all other commanding officers Major O. E. Cain of the 1st New Hampshire was camp commander.

October 21—Several Maine soldiers married while the "Heavies" were in Maine; only a few patients in isolation camp; Harvard defeated the "Heavies," 13-0.

October 22—One hundred and thirty-two thousand, five hundred dollars raised in the Liberty Loan drive; Catholic soldiers forced to go to Westfield to attend mass, there being no Catholic chaplain left in the camp; Brigadier General John A. Johnston, commander of the Northeastern Department, visited the camp.

October 23—Colonel Perry of the 8th Massachusetts received thirty-two new recruits; a fire in the isolation camp was beyond control until the arrival of the colored troops; figures on this date for the Liberty Loan were \$141,000.

October 24—Rain prevented athletic events scheduled for Liberty Loan Day at the camp; Major Edward Moulton received his discharge.

October 25—Plans formulated for a big game in Holyoke; heavy wind blew down fifty squad tents, the Holyoke hospitality tent; the camp quartermaster's tent and the storehouse tent at Brigade Headquarters; high water flooded out the stove fires in the tents; the amount subscribed for Liberty Loan reached \$166,000.

October 26—Colonel Perry of the 8th gained eighteen more recruits; rumored that the Depot Brigade would be assigned to a division which would be led by Colonel Roosevelt.

October 27—The final Liberty Loan figures were \$177,000; three-fourths of the men in camp subscribed and the 1st New Hampshire Infantry led; the "Heavies" defeated the St. Aloysius, 19-6; \$1,200 cleared for the Red Cross; official reports announced that the 104th Infantry had arrived in France.

October 28—Six soldiers moved into the new camp hospital; several pneumonia cases as a result of rainy weather; Holyoke hospitality tent moved into winter quarters, a wooden building had been provided by the camp commander; second wind storm swept the tents down while soldiers slept; isolation hospital closed, as there were no contagious or infectious diseases in camp; two soldiers died of pneumonia; the 8th Massachusetts received 100 new recruits.

October 30—University of Maine men in camp held reunion with fifteen present.

October 31—Two deserters who broke out of the bull pen at Camp Bartlett, captured at Gardner; Holyoke City Hospital offered use of a ward in case of another outbreak of measles; drilling resumed.

November 1—First real cold weather; ice formed in the water pails a half inch thick; four soldiers filed marriage intentions at Westfield.

November 2—All extra tents stored in the warehouse at Westfield.

November 3—Colonel Perry asked War Department how long the troops would be kept at Hampton Plains.

November 4—The deserters who were captured at Gardner a few days previous again broke out of the bull pen; members of the prison guard were placed under arrest; a few hours after escape a house was broken into in Westfield; the 1st Maine "Heavies" started on a twenty-mile hike; Colonel Michael J. Healey of the 1st New Hampshire acting camp commander.

November 5—Members of the 8th Massachusetts Regiment started rifle and revolver practice on a new seventy-five foot range; this was the first range work at the camp.

November 6—Confidential orders were received as to when the troops would leave Camp Bartlett; inspection officers from the Northeastern Department supervised the removal of the depot storehouse from the camp.

November 7—The Depot Brigade took part in a sham battle; less than 2,500 men left in camp, according to official figures, as compared with over 15,000 less than a month before.

November 8—The 1st New Hampshire Infantry organized into the 1st Pioneer Infantry, and ordered to Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C.; high military officials in the camp announced that Hampton Plains could be deserted in five hours' notice; men received instructions as to War Risks Insurance.

November 9—Reported the United States Government was negotiating with the owners of Hampton Plains for lease during the period of the war; military police captured deserters who broke out of the bull pen; Captain William G. Pond named judge advocate for a general court martial.

November 10—Brigadier General Sweetser transferred 10 officers to the Pioneer Regiment.

November 11—First general court martial took place at the camp; ten soldiers tried; results kept secret.

November 12—Orders to leave Camp Bartlett as soon as possible received by Acting Commander Ballentine.

November 13—The 1st Maine "Heavies" started to break camp; General Sweetser was named camp commander of Camp Greene, N. C., where the troops from Camp Bartlett went.

November 14—Major Duncan M. Stewart, Provost Marshal, ordered to proceed to Norfolk, Va., with the casualties left behind by the 103d and 104th Infantries.

November 15—Two ex-officers of the 8th Massachusetts rejoined their commands as privates.

November 16—The 1st Maine "Heavies" entrained for Camp Greene; provost guard members arrested two bootleggers; Colonel Perry gave away ten cords of wood.

November 17—Railroad facilities delay troops in leaving for the south; negro troops dug up water pipes on the deserted sites.

November 18—A large crowd of visitors present on the farewell Sunday; officers auctioned off their autos which they were unable to take away with them; reported that the Maine "Heavies" had reached Camp Greene; the 6th Massachusetts and the 1st New Hampshire troops left camp and were followed by the Connecticut and New Hampshire Signal Corps.

November 19—Lieutenant-Colonel N. B. Perkins in command of the quartermaster department at the camp; 8th Massachusetts Regiment left the camp.

November 20—Prisoners in the bull pen were ordered to tear down the stockade; the 1st Vermont Regiment aided the negroes in clearing up the camp site.

November 21—First Vermont Infantry and two companies of negro soldiers left the camp.

November 22—The Medical Unit was abandoned in camp; a detail of seventeen men unable to move because of the loss of orders.

November 23—The Medical men left the camp; Camp Bartlett closed.



COMPANY D AT CAMP BARTLETT.

Disease Death Rate Low

Battle death rate in the American Army during the war exceeded the death rate from disease, General March announced in making public statistics prepared by the General Staff. In past wars disease killed many more men than lost their lives under fire.

The battle death rate for the entire American Army in the war was 20 per 1,000 per year. In the expeditionary forces it was 57 per 1,000 per year. The disease death rate was 17 per 1,000 per year in the expeditionary forces and 16 in the army at home.

The battle death rate in the British Expeditionary Forces was 110 per 1,000 per year.

General March said that the lower death rate from disease undoubtedly was due largely to the inoculation requirement of the army, and, secondly, to the efficient work of the Medical Corps. But for the influenza epidemic, he said, the disease rate would have been cut in half.

The table of comparative battle and disease death rates per thousand per year for wars in which the United States has engaged since the War of 1812, follows:

	Battle	Disease
Mexican War	15	110
Civil War (North)	33	65
Spanish War	5	26
Present War (A. E. F.)	57	17

Chronology of President Wilson's Life

1856—December 28—T. Woodrow Wilson, teacher, jurist, historian, President and statesman, was born in Staunton, Va., son of Rev. Joseph Ruggles and Jessie (Woodrow) Wilson; Scotch-Irish old pioneer stock.

Boyhood spent in the South, chiefly in Georgia and South Carolina. Was not taught his letters until he was 9. Attended private schools, but was always instructed by his father as well. Made weekly trips to manufacturing and mercantile plants with his father.

1873—Entered Davidson, N. C., College, a Presbyterian institution, where students did their own chores. Joined the Literary Society. Played on ball team and was told he would be a good player if he was not so d——n lazy. Became known as Woodrow, rather than as Thomas Wilson. Left in fall, ill from too rapid growth.

1875—September—Entered Princeton, then known as the College of New Jersey. Was even then a democrat of stout opinions, and a leader of his class. Reading the Gentleman's Magazine, Lucy articles on the British Parliament, he decided upon a public career, and specialized in studies for that purpose.

1879—August—He wrote for the International Review an essay contrasting American and British systems of government, arraigning practice in Congress of doing all important work in secret committee session, and maintaining that in secrecy corruption flourishes.

1879—Was graduated from Princeton with degree of A. B. Returned to his native state, taking the law course in the University of Virginia, and passing bar examinations in 1882.

1882—May—Went to Atlanta, as a growing city, and formed law partnership with Edward Ireland Renick, at 48 Marietta street. In eighteen months they never had a client. Began to write a book, "Congressional Government."

1883—Met Ellen Louise Axson, at Rome, Ga., whom he had known as a child. Had met her 11 times when he secured her promise to be his wife. Had no idea of immediate marriage.

1884—Entered Johns Hopkins University to study science of government. In his second year he was the holder of the Historical Fellowship.

1885—Published his book, "Congressional Government." It was a big success. Accepted associate chair in History and Political Economy at Bryn Mawr.

1885—June 24—Was married to Ellen Louise Axson, at her grandfather's home in Savannah. That autumn lived at Main Line, near Philadelphia.

1886—June—Took his Ph. D. degree, Johns Hopkins University accepting his book as a thesis. In the third year at Bryn Mawr he also gave twenty-five lectures at Johns Hopkins.

1887—Received honorary degree of LL. D. from Wake Forest College.

1888—Professor Wilson accepted the chair of History and Political Economy at Wesleyan University, and continued his lectures at Johns Hopkins. Lectured throughout New England.

1890—Chair of Jurisprudence and Politics at Princeton University was accepted by him. Became a great favorite as a lecturer.

1890-1892—Grew in popularity and power at Princeton. Wrote four new books. Lectured all over the country.

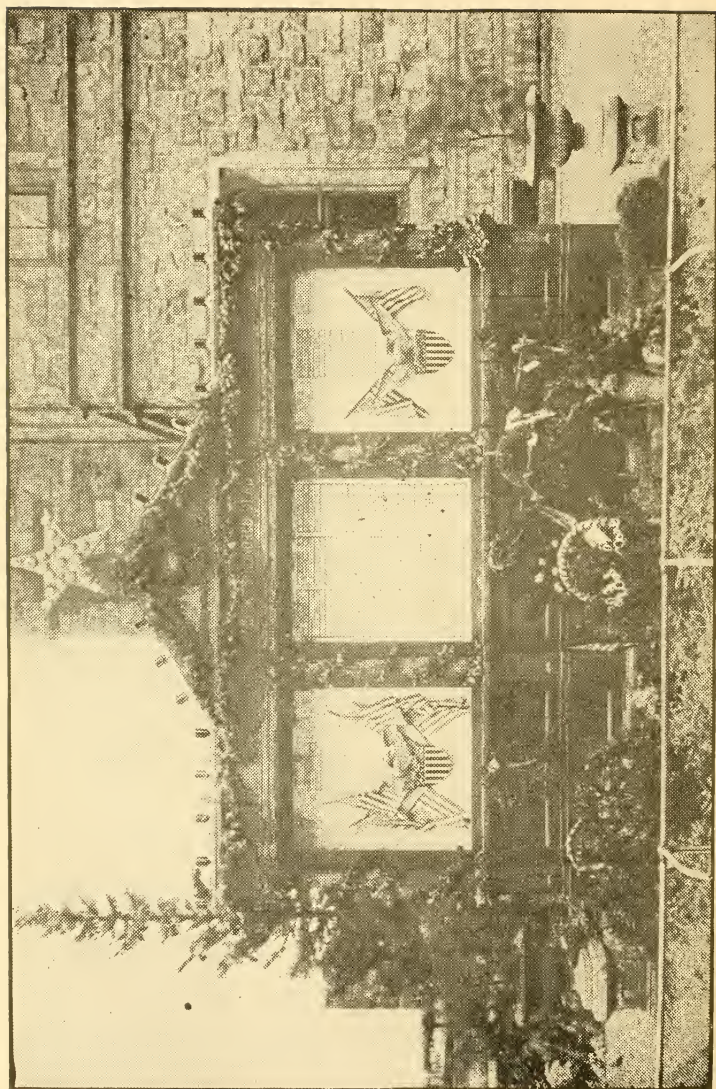
1898—Degree of LL. D. awarded him by Tulare University; 1901 by Johns Hopkins University; 1902 by Rutgers University.

1902—Chosen president of Princeton University. Degree of LL. D. awarded by University of Pennsylvania in 1903; by Brown University in 1903; by Harvard University in 1907, and honorary degree of Litt D. conferred by Yale University in 1901.

1907—After forcing many reforms at Princeton, he created a big storm by his "quad" proposition for the social and intellectual co-ordination of the uni-

- versity. The boldness of his views brought him into national fame as a reformer.
- 1910—Was given the Democratic nomination for Governor of New Jersey.
- 1911—November 8—Elected Governor of New Jersey, swinging 66,000 votes to win. He worked out and carried through many reforms in that State Government. He always carried his fights to the people and won public confidence. He became a national figure.
- 1911—Was nominated by the Democratic National Convention for the presidency, on the 46th ballot, over Champ Clark.
- 1912—Elected President of the United States, with 6,291,776 votes, to Roosevelt's 4,106,247, and Taft's 3,481,119. He was the first Democratic President elected since Cleveland, in 1897.
- 1914—March 5—Urged the repeal of toll exemption clause of the Panama Canal Act, and it was repealed March 31.
- 1914—April 21—Ordered the landing of United States Naval forces at Vera Cruz and the seizure of the Custom House, because the American flag had not been saluted after it had been insulted at Tampico, April 13.
- 1914—August 6—Death of Mrs. Wilson.
- 1914—August 28—By Presidential order the Panama Canal was opened to traffic.
- 1915—February 10—President warned Germany she would be held accountable for American sufferings due to U-boat policy.
- 1915—May 13—Sent a note protesting the sinking of the Lusitania.
- 1915—December 3—President demanded Germany recall Captains Boy-Ed and Von Papen.
- 1915—December 18—President was married to Mrs. Edith Bolling Galt of Washington, D. C., a descendant of Pocahontas.
- 1916—March 15—President sent General Pershing and 6,000 troops into Mexico to pursue Villa.
- 1916—April 19—American note sent to Germany warning her that unless U-boat activity against merchant vessels was stopped United States would sever relations.
- 1916—June 18—President called out militia of forty-five states for service on the Mexican border.
- 1916—November 7—President was re-elected.
- 1916—November 14—United States protested deportation of Belgians.
- 1916—December 12—President requested warring nations to define their terms for a lasting peace. Germany replied in general terms only.
- 1917—February 1—Germany declared a war zone about British Isles, and gave orders that one American vessel a week would be allowed to enter Falmouth, if painted according to instructions.
- 1917—February 3—Count Von Bernstorff, German Ambassador, was dismissed by order of President Wilson, and Ambassador Gerard was recalled from Berlin. German ships here seized.
- 1917—February 27—President asked Congress for permission to arm American ships to pursue a policy of armed neutrality.
- 1918—January 8—Announcement by President Wilson of war aims based on reparation and restoration to invaded nations (the famous 14 points). Draft law had been upheld by United States Supreme Court the day prior.
- 1918—September 6—President Wilson replied to the Austria-Hungarian note inviting Allies to a confidential discussion of the basic principles for the conclusion of a peace, that the United States would entertain no proposals for a conference, where the position of this country had been made so plain.
- 1918—September 30—Urged upon the United States Senate the granting of the franchise to women.
- 1918—October 15—President Wilson informed Germany that peace or an armistice could not come while Germany's crimes continued or the Kaiser ruled.
- 1918—October 28—Austria accepted Wilson's conditions and asked for an immediate and separate peace. November 3, Austria accepted the terms and quit the war.
- 1918—November 5—President sent another note to Germany, insisting on terms previously submitted to her for the Allies.

- 1918—November 7—Word received here that Germany accepted Allied terms.
- 1918—November 11—Armistice terms signed, after United States had been in the war eighteen months, and had expended \$18,000,000,000, and the Allies over \$123,400,000,000.
- 1918—December 4—Left Washington, D. C., at 12.30 a. m. for New York, to sail for Europe. United States Senators on the day prior severely criticised his decision to attend the Peace Conference.
- 1918—December 4—President and Mrs. Wilson sailed from New York on steamship George Washington.
- 1918—December 13—Arrived at Brest at 3.15 p. m.—escorted by 10 American, 5 French and 1 Italian battleships and 29 destroyers thundering salutes, while airships droned aloft. Received spectacular welcome from people and 40,000 Allied troops.
- 1918—December 14—Arrived in Paris, where the city went wild over him, and windows on the fourth floor of houses along the route of the procession sold for \$10 each. Addressing a Socialist delegation, he said the aim in peace was for man's final emancipation. He attended church twice during the day.
- 1918—December 16—Great gold medal of the City of Paris presented President Wilson at City Hall. Mrs. Wilson was presented a diamond brooch adorned with an enamel dove.
- 1918—December 21—The University of Paris conferred the degree of doctor, *Honoris Causa*, in recognition of his work, the first time in the history of the Sorbonne that an honorary degree has been bestowed.
- 1918—December 25—President and Mrs. Wilson, General Pershing and others dined with the 26th Division at Chaumont in an old hospital outside the city.
- 1918—December 26—President and party arrived at Dover, Eng., escorted by a British and French fleet and many airships. Girls strewed his path with flowers. His party arrived in London in the afternoon, receiving a welcome such as no other person ever received. It was even more cordial than that he received in Paris. He was driven to Buckingham Palace, accompanied by the King, while Mrs. Wilson rode next with the Queen. Their passage was one roaring ovation.
- 1918—December 31—They left London at 9.18 a. m., with crowds lining the streets; went to Dover, and sailed for Calais at 11.20 a. m., arriving in Paris that night.
- 1919—January 1—Started for Rome. January 3 he arrived in Rome, receiving a tremendous ovation, flowers being showered upon him and Mrs. Wilson from the windows. He was met by King Victor Emmanuel, the Queen, and high officials, and was escorted to the Quirinal. An official dinner was given by the King in the evening. He was made a citizen of Rome, and Mrs. Wilson was given a gold replica of the famed Romulus wolf. President Wilson spoke in favor of the freedom of the Balkans.
- 1919—January 4—President Wilson visited Pope Benedict, at the Vatican. At 9 p. m. he left for Paris, stopping at Genoa, Milan and Turin, and arriving at Paris January 7.
- 1919—January 13—President's second request for \$100,000,000 from this country for European food relief, passed by the House at Washington, D. C.
- 1919—January 18—Peace Conference sessions open and President Wilson nominates Clemenceau as chairman.
- 1919—January 22—President Wilson's policy in extending the hand of fellowship to Russia carries all before it in the Supreme Council.
- 1919—January 25—Peace Conference adopts United States plan of a League of Nations, after address by Wilson, who is made chairman of its first commission.
- 1919—February 3—President Wilson presides at opening conference of League of Nations Commission, and did the same on the following evening.
- 1919—February 8—Wilson's armistice proposal adopted.
- 1919—February 13—Draft of League of Nations adopted; Wilson's plan being carried.
- 1919—February 14—President Wilson reads draft of League to Peace Conference.
- 1919—February 15—Sailed from Brest, with French and American naval escort, for Boston.



HOI YOKE'S MEMORIAL TABLET

HOLYOKE'S ROLL OF HONOR

CAPTAIN.

SMITH, JOSEPH W., 108th Infantry, entered the regular army in 1916. He went to the Mexican Border with a New York Regiment as a second lieutenant, won promotion to the rank of first lieutenant, and while in France won his captain's bars. He was formerly a first lieutenant in Company D, 2d Massachusetts Regiment. Was killed in action in France, September 29, 1918.

CHAPLAIN.

DAVITT, REV. WILLIAM F., Chaplain of the 125th Infantry, entered the service in September, 1917, with the rank of first lieutenant. Cited for gallantry and meritorious conduct in action for leading a detachment to rescue surrounded group of comrades. Killed in action in France on November 11, 1918, one hour and fifteen minutes before hostilities ceased.

LIEUTENANTS.

DAGENAIS, HOMER A., Quartermaster Corps, entered the service October 28, 1916. Commissioned a second lieutenant at Camp Johnston, Ala., September 14, 1918. Died of pneumonia at Syracuse, N. Y., October 4, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.

HASTINGS, WOLCOTT B., Infantry, entered the service in August, 1917. Commissioned a first lieutenant at Plattsburg, November, 1917, and assigned to Camp Dix. He was later transferred to Camp Gordon. Went overseas in August, 1918. Killed in action in France, October 16, 1918.

KINGSLAND, EDWIN R., Aviation, entered the service in April, 1917, after attending Plattsburg Camp. Assigned to Massachusetts Institute of Technology and transferred to Canada, where he was assigned to British Royal Flying Corps. Transferred to Camp Hicks, Texas, where he received his first lieutenant's commission. Went overseas February, 1918, attached to 8th Aero Squadron. Killed in flying accident in France, August 31, 1918.

MENALLY, WILLIAM H., 20th Company, 5th Regiment of Marines, entered the service in 1909. Was a gunnery sergeant until after the fighting at Chateau-Thierry and Bois de Belleau, when he was decorated with the Croix de Guerre and recommended for a commission. He was cited for bravery and awarded the Distinguished Service Medal. Killed in action in France on July 19, 1918, while leading his battalion.

PERRAULT, ARTHUR J., 3rd Aero Squadron, entered the service in June, 1917, and was sent to Massachusetts Institute of Technology for preliminary training. Received commission in September, 1917, and went to England in December, 1917, being transferred to Royal Flying School at Paris. First Holyoker to pilot a machine in France for United States Army. Killed in aeroplane accident in France, March 7, 1918. Board of Officers found death was in line of duty.

WILBER, CHARLES R., 126th Infantry, entered the service in fall of 1917, going to officers' training school at Camp Upton, L. I. Received his commission in December, 1917, and went to France shortly after. Wounded severely in July, 1918. Killed in action September 29, 1918.

SERGEANTS.

CRIVEN, WILLIAM B., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service in April, 1917. Went to France as a private. Died of pneumonia in France, November 9, 1918.

GALLIVAN, DANIEL J., Company E, 14th Infantry, entered the service in 1898. Served at the Mexican Border and at Panama Canal Zone. Died of heart disease at Fort George Wright, Washington, February 21, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.



CHAPLAIN WILLIAM F. DAVITT.

GORHAM, ROBERT W., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service in 1912, with Company D of 2d Massachusetts Regiment. Served at Mexican Border in 1916. Killed in action in France, September 12, 1918. (St. Mihiel.)

McNALLY, WILLIAM J., Battery D, 7th Field Artillery. Entered the service on May 15, 1917. Was killed in air raid in France June 6, 1918, while on duty.

MARTIN, THOMAS P., Company A, First Engineers, entered the service December 13, 1915. Was first Holyoke boy reported dead in France. Died of meningitis on February 23, 1918.

MORIARTY, MICHAEL J., Company D, 57th Pioneer Infantry, entered the service in 1915. Served with Company D, 2d Massachusetts Regiment at Mexican Border in 1916. Transferred to First Vermont Infantry at Camp Bartlett. Went to Camp Greene, N. C., where his outfit was reorganized into a pioneer infantry. Died of disease in France, October 12, 1918.

SERRURIER, LOUIS, Pigeon Section, Signal Corps, entered the service September 19, 1917, at Fort Wood, N. Y. Killed in motorcycle accident in France, October 15, 1918.

SHEEHAN, JOHN F., Infantry, entered the service in 1915. Killed in explosion accident at the Mexican Border, August 21, 1917, being the first Holyoke man to die in United States service in great war. Buried in Holyoke.

THOMSON, RAYMOND B., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service May 27, 1916, and served at the Mexican Border that year. Went overseas as a private. Killed in action in France, September 12, 1918. (St. Mihiel.)

URQUHART, DOUGLAS, Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service in June, 1916. Went to Mexican Border with local command. Went overseas as a corporal. Died of wounds received in action in France, in July, 1918. (Chateau-Thierry.)

WATTERS, JOHN A., Company K, 328th Infantry, entered the service September 19, 1917. Went to Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Gordon. Went overseas in July, 1918. Died of bronchial pneumonia in France, October 26, 1918.

CORPORALS.

AVERY, ALVAH E., Headquarters Company, 328th Infantry, entered the service in October, 1917. Went to Camp Devens and later transferred to Camp Gordon. Died in France of measles and pneumonia, October 17, 1918.

BURNETT, ROBERT—Company E, 49th Infantry.

Entered service April 23, 1917; stationed at Camp Merritt, N. J.; went overseas with American Expeditionary Forces; returned after six months' foreign service; died of disease at the West Haven General Hospital, Military Hospital No. 16, March 20, 1919; buried in Holyoke.

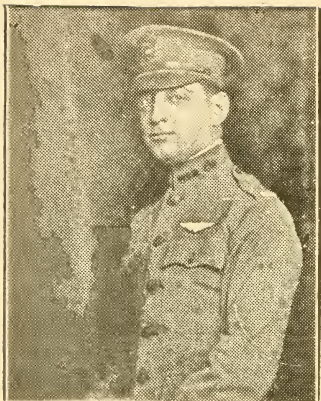
FITZGERALD, JAMES A., Company L, 23rd Infantry, entered the service March 28, 1917. Wounded in action, degree undetermined, October 4, 1918, and died of wounds two days later, October 6, in France.

KELLY, JOHN J., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service June 20, 1916, and served on the Mexican Border that summer. Went overseas as a private. Killed in action June 16, 1918, while rescuing women in a French town that was being shelled by Huns.

KIRKPATRICK, JAMES J., Battery B, 12th Field Artillery, entered the service May 22, 1917, and was stationed at Fort Meyer, Va., before going overseas. Won corporal stripes "over there." Died of wounds received in action in France, June 22, 1918.

McCARTHY, JOHN F., Battery I, 19th Field Artillery, entered the service in April, 1917. Was for a time stationed at San Antonio, Texas, a member of "Red Ace" division. Killed in action in France, October 14, 1918.

MANN, EDWARD LEO, Company L, 26th Infantry, entered the service December 4, 1916, at Fort Slocum and was transferred to Arlington, Texas, and later to Kingston, Texas. Went overseas with first United States contingent. Promoted to corporal in France. Died of wounds received in action, July 22, 1918.



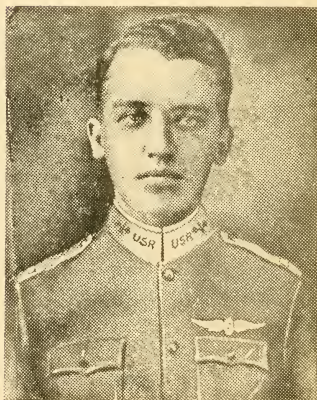
LIEUT. ARTHUR J. PERRAULT



LIEUT. WILLIAM McNALLY



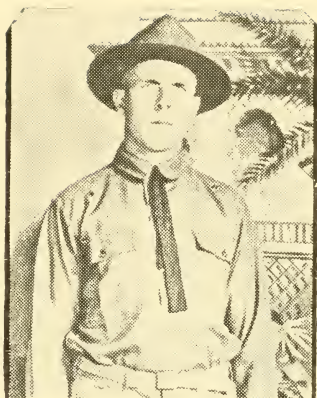
LIEUT. WALCOTT B. HASTINGS



LIEUT. EDWIN R. KINGSLAND



LIEUT. PERCY W. DEFFEW



SERGT. WILLIAM J. McNALLY



SERGT. RAYMOND B. THOMSON



SERGT. ROBERT W. GORHAM

MOYNIHAN, FRANK J., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service June 20, 1916, and served on Mexican Border that year. Killed in action in France, July 22, 1918. (Chateau-Thierry.)

PAPPAS, THEODOR, United States Army, killed in action in France November, 1917.

PARENT, ERNEST A., U. S. Marine Corps, entered the service in July, 1917, at Brooklyn, N. Y., and for a time was stationed at South Paris Island, S. C. Died in France of pneumonia, March 15, 1918.

SULLIVAN, JEREMIAH F., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service June 20, 1916, and served at the Mexican Border that summer. Killed in action in France, July 22, 1918. (Chateau-Thierry.)

TREMBLAY, GEORGE, Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service May 29, 1917. Killed in action in France, June 16, 1918.

BUGLER.

BURGESS, LEON F., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service June, 1916, and served on the Mexican Border. Died of wounds received in action in France, July 6, 1918. (Belleau Woods.)

MUSICIAN.

ANDERSON, ALFRED S., Band, 104th Infantry, entered the service in April, 1917, shortly after the declaration of war. Awarded Distinguished Service Medal for bravery and gallant conduct in action from April 2d to April 14th. Killed in action in France, June 16, 1918.

STUDENTS (S. A. T. C.)

CURRAN, PATRICK J., Amherst College, entered the service in September, 1918, and died of pneumonia at Amherst, December 9, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.

LYONS, CHARLES, Boston Law School, entered the service in September, 1918, and died in Boston City Hospital, October 7, 1918, of influenza. Buried in Holyoke.

SMALL, KENNETH L., Rensaeller Polytechnic Institute, entered the service early in October, 1918, and died at Troy, N. Y., October 21, 1918, of pneumonia.

PRIVATEES.

BEGLEY, DENNIS, Company K, 165th Infantry, entered the service in September, 1917. Went to Camp Devens with the first draft contingent. Killed in action in France, July 29, 1918.

BLAIR, JOSEPH E., Company E, 104th Infantry, entered the service May 8, 1917, in Orange. Killed in action in France, April 13, 1918. A few days after his death he was awarded the French Croix de Guerre for "refusing to take shelter in a dugout during a bombardment, but remained at his post, exposed, and waited for the enemy's attack." On July 12, 1918, United States Government awarded (posthumously) the Distinguished Service Medal.

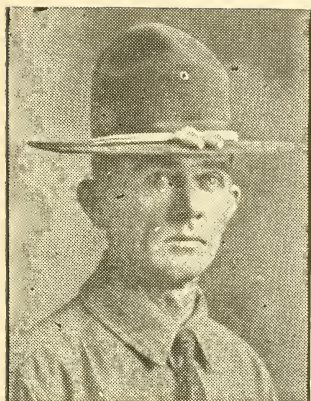
BLUTEAU, ANDREW W., Machine Gun Company, 35th Infantry, entered the service in 1907. Stationed at Nogales, Ariz., where he died of bronchial inflammation on April 15, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.

BRACKMAN, WILLIAM F., Company E, 7th U. S. Engineers, entered the service on June 10, 1917. First stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., later at Fort Leavenworth, Kans. Sailed for France in March, 1918, and died at sea, March 13th. Buried at sea.

BRETON, JOSEPH J., Company L, 23rd Infantry, entered the service July 16, 1917. Killed in action in France, June 26, 1918.

BROVAREK, FRANK, Company G, 103rd Infantry, entered the service with a Chicopee draft contingent. Killed in action in France, September 8, 1918.

BROWN, IRVING E., Company D, 167th Infantry. Died of disease, October 14, 1918.



SERGT. DANIEL GALLIVAN



SERGT. DOUGLAS URQUHART



SERGT. THOMAS P. MARTIN



CORP. ERNEST PARENT



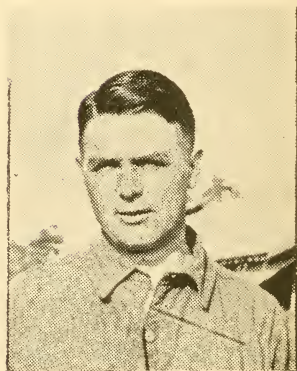
CORP. EDWARD L. MANN



CORP. FRANK J. MOYNIHAN



CORP. ALVAH AVERY



CORP. JAMES J. KIRKPATRICK

BROWNE, FRANCIS P., Depot Brigade, entered the service February 26, 1918. Died of pneumonia at Camp Devens, September 26, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.

BRUDER, EMIL, Company D, 23rd Infantry, entered the service in 1911. Stationed at Fort Meade, No. Dak. Re-enlisted for the third time July 5, 1917. Killed in action in France, June 8, 1918.

CLARKE, GEORGE G., Company F, 104th Infantry, entered the service September 21, 1917. Went to Camp Devens, later transferred to Camp Bartlett, and went overseas in October, 1917, with the 26th Division. Died of gunshot wounds (accidental) in France, February 17, 1918.

COBURN, JAMES M., Company C, 335th Machine Gun Battalion, entered the service June 27, 1918. Killed in a motor truck accident in France, November 16, 1918. (After close of the war.)

CONAOGIRIS, NICHOLAS, United States Army, entered the service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. Died of disease in France, September 12, 1918.

CROTEAU, LOUIS M., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service May 30, 1917. Killed in action June 16, 1918.

DEROY, NARCISSE A., Company L, 104th Infantry. Entered service 1915, Company L, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment; served Mexican border, 1916; wounded in action July 21, 1918, at Chateau-Thierry; died in France, date and cause undetermined.

EVANS, WILLIAM H., Company D, 305th Infantry, entered the service February 20, 1918. Wounded severely in action August 31, 1918. Died in France, September 2, 1918, of wounds.

FINEM, JOSEPH L., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service June 5, 1917. Killed in action July 22, 1918, in France. (Chateau-Thierry.)

FLEMING, ARTHUR W., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service in June, 1916. Served at the Mexican Border that year. Killed in action July 22, 1918, in France. (Chateau-Thierry.)

FOSTER, FRANK J., United States Army, entered the service on September 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y. Died there October 22, 1918, of pneumonia. Buried in Holyoke.

GATELY, EDWARD P., Aviation Corps, entered the service October 30, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Fort Omaha, Neb. Died of pneumonia, January 2, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.

GEISSLER, FRED B., Company C, 319th Infantry, entered the service with a Boston draft contingent. Stationed at Camp Lee, Va. Went overseas in May, 1918. Died of wounds received in action in France, October 13, 1918.

GILLETTE, WILLIAM O., 48th Company, 12th Battalion, Depot Brigade, entered the service in July, 1918, with Saco, Me., draft contingent. Stationed at Camp Devens. Died of pneumonia there September 28, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.

GINLEY, MARTIN J., Company D, 7th Engineers, entered the service June 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Funston, Kans. Transferred to Camp Merritt, N. J., going overseas from there. Reported missing in action October 1, 1918. Reported killed in action, October 14, 1918.

GOODSTEIN, LOUIS B., 310th Infantry, entered the service December 3, 1917. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J. Taken ill and sent home to recuperate. Died in the Providence Hospital, Holyoke, April 5, 1918, of pneumonia. Buried in Holyoke.

GOULET, AMEDEE A., 113th Infantry, entered service in May, 1918; with American Expeditionary Forces; reported missing in action on October 16, 1918; later reported to have been killed in action in France on that same date.

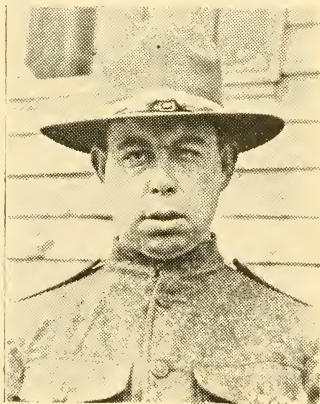
GUERTIN, HERVE, Company M, 302d Infantry, entered the service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Went overseas July 3, 1918. Killed in action in France, November 4, 1918.



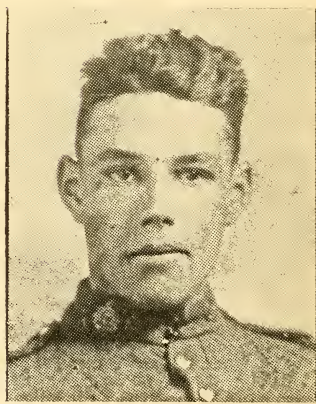
BUGLER LEON F. BURGESS



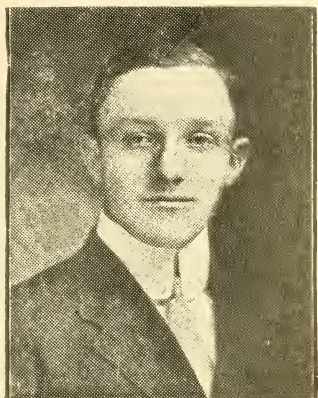
MUS. ALFRED S. ANDERSON



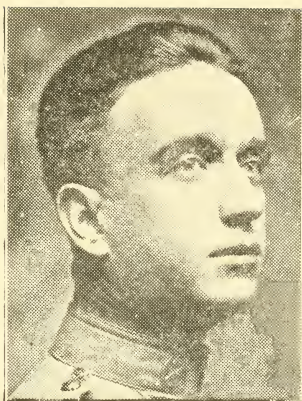
PRIVATE EDWIN J. MITCHELL



PRIVATE JAMES C. WILLIAMSON



PRIVATE EDWARD J. WELCH



PRIVATE JOHN LAMBERT



PRIVATE WILLIAM WYNN



PRIVATE EDWARD P. GATELY

GUDZEK, THOMAS J., 4th Company, Coast Artillery Corps, entered the service in 1913. Served on the Mexican Border in 1916. Stationed at Fort Wright, Fisher's Island, N. Y. Shot and instantly killed April 9, 1918, at Fort Wright by an insane soldier. Buried in Holyoke.

HAYDEN, JAMES M., Company D, 305th Infantry, entered the service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens, transferred to Camp Upton, L. I., and went overseas in April, 1918. Killed in action in France, October 2, 1918.

HEBERT, ALBERT, Battery B, 76th Field Artillery, entered the service in April, 1917. Went overseas April 28, 1918. Killed in action in France, September 24, 1918.

JOYAL, DESIRE, Company C, 101st Engineers. Entered the service September 21, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; September 25, 1917, left for overseas; died of pneumonia in France, February 9, 1919.

KENNEDY, MARTIN P., 3rd Company, 1st Infantry, Training Battalion, entered the service November 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens, transferred to Camp Merritt, N. J. Went overseas in April, 1918. Killed in action in France, May 27, 1918.

LALLY, PATRICK F., Ordnance Department, entered the service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y. Died in a rooming house fire in Syracuse, N. Y., December 17, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.

LAMBERT, JOHN, Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service June 19, 1916, and served on the Mexican Border that summer. Killed in action in France, July 8, 1918, while trying to rescue a comrade. (Marne.)

LARIVEE, JOSEPH H., Cavalry, entered the service February 15, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y., transferred to Fort Worth, Texas. Died in Morfa, Texas, October 20, 1918, of pneumonia. Buried in Holyoke.

LEADERS, LESTER F., Company L, 77th Infantry, entered the service July 12, 1918, with a draft contingent at Allega County, Mich. Died at Camp Custer, Mich., of pneumonia on October 6, 1918. Buried at Otsego, Mich.

MacINNIS, JOHN, Company M, 111th Infantry, entered the service July 29, 1917, in Philadelphia, Pa. Killed in action in France, October 5, 1918.

MARION, EDMOND A., Company E, 305th Infantry, entered the service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens, transferred to Camp Upton, L. I. Went overseas in April, 1918. Died in France of wounds received in action, October 22, 1918.

MARTIN, HAROLD W., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service in February, 1917; entered the officers' training school in France. Killed in action in France, July 21, 1918. (Chateau-Thierry.)

MARTIN, JAMES F., Company C, 305th Infantry, entered the service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Went overseas in April, 1918. Killed in action in France, August 15, 1918.

MITCHELL, EDWIN M., Company I, 308th Infantry. Entered the service February 26, 1918; stationed at Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.; arrived overseas in April, 1918, with a machine gun unit; transferred to Company I, 308th Infantry; reported missing in action since August 22, 1918, following a raid on the American front line trenches by the enemy; later unofficially reported a prisoner; in February, 1919, War Department declared that he had been killed in action, date undetermined.

MORIARTY, JOSEPH J., Company G, 16th Infantry, entered the service May 22, 1917. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., transferred to Camp Syracuse, N. Y., and assigned to Machine Gun Company and later shifted back to the Infantry. Went overseas in November, 1917. Died in France, June 22, 1918, from wounds received in action.

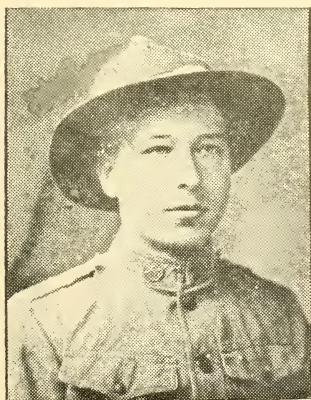
MURPHY, WILLIAM J., Machine Gun Company, 9th Infantry, entered the service in September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y. Wounded, degree undetermined, July 18, 1918. Died in France from wounds received in action, July 31, 1918.



PRIVATE WM. C. PUESCHEL



PRIVATE OVILA NOLIN



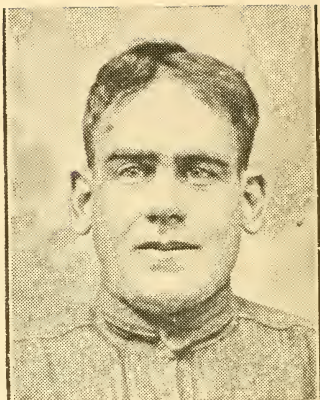
PRIVATE NARCISSE DEROY



PRIVATE HAROLD MARTIN



PRIVATE WALTER W. PAIRADEE



PRIVATE HENRY A. QUIRK



PRIVATE RAOUL J. WILLEMAIN



PRIVATE JOSEPH L. FINEM

NOLIN, OVILA, Company M, 302d Infantry, entered the service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Went overseas July 3, 1918. Reported wounded severely in action November 1, 1918. Later reported killed in action, November 1, 1918.

OUIMETTE, ALBERT, Company D, 104th Infantry. Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, June 25, 1916; served in Mexican border expedition, 1916; went overseas in October, 1917, with Company D, 104th Infantry; reported by War Department as missing in action since July 22, 1918; on February 15, 1919, officially declared by War Department to have been killed in action, date undetermined.

PADDEN, JOHN J., Headquarters Company, 9th Infantry, entered the service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Went overseas in March, 1918. Killed in action, July 18, 1918. (Soissons.)

PARADEE, WALTER W., Company D, 326th Infantry, entered the service October 8, 1917, and was stationed at Camp Devens. Died in France, September 7, 1918, of wounds received in action.

PUESCHEL, WILLIAM, Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service in May, 1917. Was gassed in April, 1918, and killed in action in France, October 20, 1918.

QUIRK, HENRY A., Machine Gun Battalion. Served five years in regular army. Entered the service in this war in October, 1917, and was stationed at Camp Devens. He previously made three trips across the ocean, and on two trips the ships were sunk by torpedoes. Killed in action in France, September 7, 1918.

SHEA, JAMES E., Company H, 308th Infantry, entered the service February 26, 1918. Sent to Camp Devens and later transferred to Camp Upton. Went overseas in March, 1918. Wounded in action early in September, 1918, and killed in action, October 8th.

SMITH, JEFFERSON M., Supply Company, 71st Field Artillery, entered the service April 8, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Went overseas in August, 1918. Died in France, October, 1918, of influenza.

SMITH, RICHARD, United States Army, entered the service in August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens, where he died September 30, 1918, of influenza. Buried in Holyoke.

SNYDER, FRANK E., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service in May, 1917. Killed in action in France, July 11, 1918. (Chateau-Thierry.)

STACHOWICZ, ANTHONY, Private, Battery F, 76th Field Artillery. Entered service February 8, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Died of wounds in France March 18, 1919.

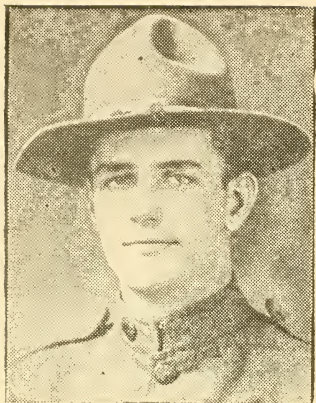
STEDMAN, HAROLD B., United States Army, entered the service in September, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Previous to his enlistment he was engaged in Red Tringale work. Died of pneumonia at Fort Slocum, N. Y., October 9, 1918.

SULLIVAN, HOWARD J., Company D, 104th Infantry, entered the service in April, 1913. Served on the Mexican Border in summer of 1916. Killed in action in France, July 22, 1918. (Chateau-Thierry.)

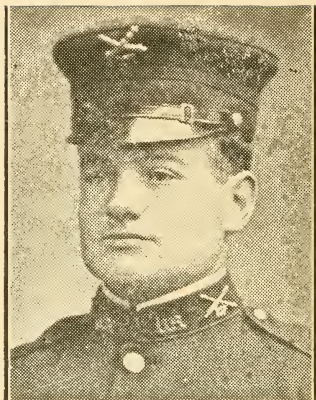
TIGHE, HARRY, United States Army, entered the service in March, 1918. War Department, on August 12, 1918, reported him "missing in action." He was killed in action in France July 18, 1918.

TOMASKO, TONY, Company I, 104th Infantry, entered the service September 21, 1917, with a Sunderland contingent and was sent to Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Bartlett and assigned to "Northampton's Own." Went overseas in October, 1917. Killed in action October 16, 1918, in France.

TOWER, CHARLES R., Company L, 26th Infantry, entered the service in June, 1916. Went to Mexican Border with Company K, 1st Vermont Infantry. In April, 1917, he was transferred to regulars. Killed in action in France, July 18, 1918.



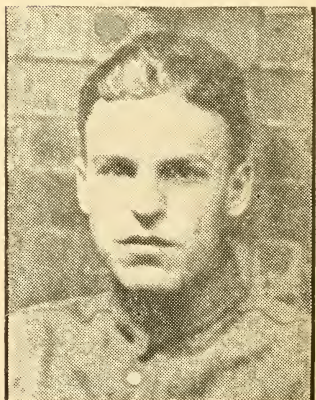
PRIVATE ARTHUR W. FLEMING



PRIVATE EMIL BRUDER



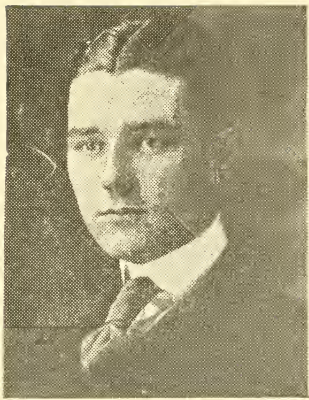
PRIVATE JOSEPH J. MORIARTY



PRIVATE JOSEPH E. BLAIR



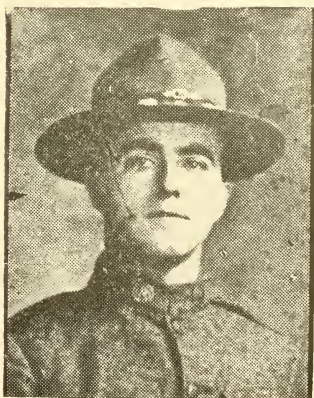
PRIVATE GEORGE TREMBLAY



PRIVATE FRANK SNYDER



PRIVATE DENNIS BEGLEY



PRIVATE MARTIN P. KENNEDY

VARNEY, GEORGE F., Supply Company, 1st Infantry, entered the service in September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Carney, Cal., and died there November 7, 1918, of pneumonia. Buried in Holyoke.

WELCH, EDWARD J., 289th Aero Squad Signal Corps, entered the service December 6, 1917, at Washington, D. C. Stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, where he died of pneumonia, January 15, 1918. Buried in Holyoke.

WELCH, MICHAEL, Company D, 28th Infantry, entered service March 29, 1918. Killed in action in France, October 9, 1918.

WILLEMAIN, RAOUL J., Company L, 23rd Infantry, entered the service August 1, 1917. Killed in action in France, July 18, 1918.

WYNN, WILLIAM, United States Army Engineers, entered the service in January, 1918. Injured in accident at Plattsburg, N. Y. Died there July 29, 1918, of pneumonia, brought on by the injury to his spine. Buried in Holyoke.

NAVY.

CONWAY, WILLIAM L., Seaman, entered the service in June, 1918, at Indianapolis, Ind. Stationed at Notre Dame University in the Reserve Officers' Training School. Died October 22, 1918, at the University Hospital, South Bend, Ind., of pneumonia. Buried in Holyoke.

HEALEY, PATRICK, Storekeeper, entered the service March 26, 1918, and stationed at Chelsea Naval Base. Died of pneumonia September 25, 1918, at Chelsea Naval Hospital. Buried in Holyoke.

HENRYE, EMILE J., Fireman, second-class, entered the service December 5, 1917, in Bridgeport, Conn. Stationed on the U. S. S. Nopatin after he had received his preliminary training at the naval training station, Newport, R. I. Died July 8, 1918, in France, of Anthrax.

LAPOINTE, ARMAND, Seaman, stationed at Charlestown Navy Yard. Died in Boston March 3, 1919, of pneumonia.

McKILLOP, MATTHEW J., Gunner's Mate, entered the service in 1916 at Baltimore, Md. Stationed on the U. S. S. Utah. Died at Newport News, Va., March 15, 1918, of pneumonia. Buried in Holyoke.

MENARD, HECTOR N., Seaman, entered the service in April, 1917, at Bridgeport, Conn. Stationed on the U. S. S. Hancock. He made three trips across the ocean and was drowned January 12, 1918, at sea during a storm. His body was recovered and was buried in Bridgeport, Conn.

SCARRY, FRANK B., Quartermaster, entered the service in September, 1917. Stationed on a United States Transport. Died at Brooklyn, N. Y., Naval Hospital, September 13, 1918, of pneumonia. Buried in Dedham.

ALLIED SERVICE.

(Since United States entered the war.)

LIEUTENANTS.

DEFFEW, PERCY W. (British), entered the service August 7, 1915, in England and was assigned to the Scot Guards. Wounded five times in action, once while on a volunteer bombing expedition. Was in the trenches for fifteen months and was decorated for courage. Won his commission at the front for heroic action. Once listed as "missing." Killed in action, November 25, 1917, in France.

FINLAYSON, R. MURRAY (Canadian), entered the service in 1917 in Canada. Experience gained at Plattsburg training camp resulted in his promotion at once to the rank of sergeant. Commissioned as second lieutenant at Valcartier Camp, Quebec. Attended Buxhall Institute, London, specializing in gas and bomb attack. Resigned his commission in March, 1918, and went to France as a private with 13th Canadian contingent. Commissioned a second lieutenant a second time. Killed in action, August 8, 1918, in France.



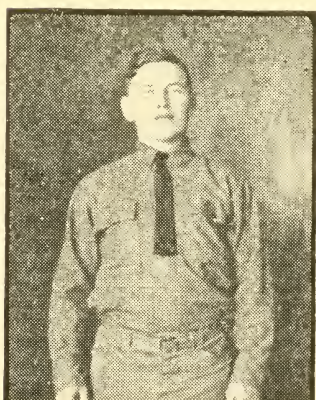
PRIVATE NAZAIRE DEMERS



PRIVATE LOUIS M. CROTEAU



PRIVATE LOUIS B. GOODSTEIN



PRIVATE WM. F. BRACKMAN

GUNNER.

COUGHLIN, KIRWIN (Canadian), entered the service in June, 1917, in Canada after several attempts to enter the United States service. Was attached to 7th Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery. Killed in action in France, November 4, 1917.

TESTER.

PETRIE, JAMES (British), entered the service in 1915 in England. Killed in an automobile accident in London, England, July 18, 1918.

SIGNALLER.

TILBE, WARREN E. (British), entered the service in 1915 in England. Attached to the Royal West Kent Regiment. Wounded in shoulder in 1917. Killed in action in France, August 6, 1918.

PRIVATEs.

CARLOW, JOHN (British), entered the service in England in 1914. Attached to 14th Machine Gun Company (B. E. F.). Wounded by shrapnel after sixteen months in trenches. Died of wounds received in action, December 8, 1917, in France.

CHATTERTON, ARTHUR (Canadian), entered the service in April, 1915. Killed in action August 8, 1917, in fighting at Messines Ridge.

DEMERS, NAZAIRE (Canadian), entered the service February 8, 1918, at British Canadian Recruiting rally in Holyoke. Killed in action in France, October 1, 1918.

GADBOIS, EDWARD (Canadian), entered the service in 1914 in Canada. Attached to 22d Canadian Battalion. Wounded six times. Killed in action in France, April 2, 1918.

GENDRON, ALBERT (Canadian), entered the service in 1914 in Canada. Attached to 22d Canadian Battalion. Killed in action in France, August 25, 1917.

GOW, JAMES (British), entered the service in 1914 in England. Killed in action in France in August, 1917.

GRIFFIN, WILLIAM P. (Canadian), entered the service May 10, 1916. Attached to 183rd overseas battalion (C. E. F.), and stationed at Camp Hughes, Manitoba, Canada. Died of pneumonia, October 30, 1918, at the Provincial Hospital, Battleford, Sask., Canada.

HENDERSON, WILLIAM (Canadian), entered the service in 1914 in Canada. He was gassed at Ypres in July, 1917, and killed in action in France, August, 1917.

JONES, JOHN (British), entered the service in 1914. Wounded three times. Killed in action in Jerusalem in June, 1918.

NOLAN, THOMAS F. (Canadian), entered the service in 1917 at Hartford, Conn. Killed in action in France, October 2, 1918.

VERHEYN, CHARLES (French), entered the service in 1914. Wounded twice—bayoneted in the knee in a hand-to-hand encounter with the enemy, and disabled by shell shock. Invalided home in 1917. Died in Holyoke, September 28, 1918, as a result of the injuries. Buried in Holyoke.

WILLIAMSON, JAMES C. (Canadian), entered the service in 1916 at Ontario. Attached to Company C, 176th Battalion, and was overseas eighteen months. Killed in action in France, August 28, 1918.

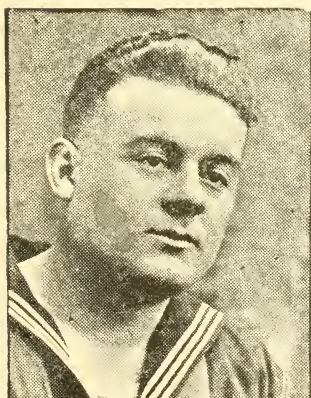




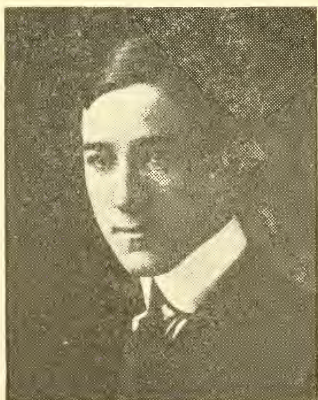
PRIVATE THOMAS J. GUZDEK



GUNNER KIRWIN COUGHLIN

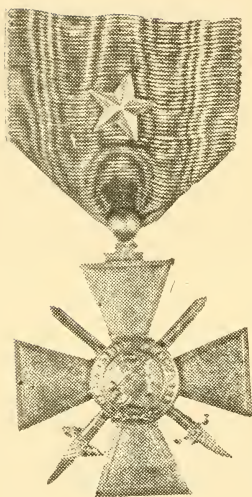


FIREMAN EMILE J. HENRYE

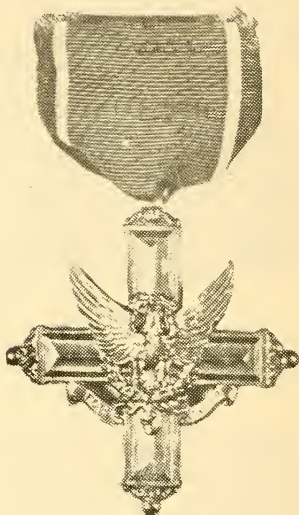


STUDENT WILLIAM L. CONWAY

Citations and Decorations



CROIX DE GUERRE



DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL

Awarded Both Croix de Guerre and Distinguished Service Medals

JOSEPH E. BLAIR (Deceased).

Company E, 104th Infantry.

During the action of April 12, 1918, displayed exceptional courage and devotion. Refused to take shelter in a dugout during a bombardment, but remained at his post, exposed, and waited for the enemy's attack. Killed at his post.

LIEUTENANT WILLIAM A. STACK.

175th Field Artillery.

Keeping up communication throughout the entire time his outfit occupied the sector, never once losing contact with his regimental headquarters.

MAJOR WILLIAM P. RYAN.

First Army of Occupation.

During a hostile aeroplane raid on the town of Joinville, France, July 10, 1918, Captain Ryan displayed extraordinary heroism and total disregard for his own

safety by going about the town and administering to the wounded French soldiers and civilians, thereby saving the lives of many. After the raid Captain Ryan spent all night operating on civilians, of which there were 17 in all, having established a first-aid station at Charpentry, which was under severe artillery fire; remained constantly at his post tending the wounded, and, by his devotion to duty, saved many lives of both French and American soldiers.

Medical Reserve Corps.

REPUBLIC FRANCAISE,
 Department de la Haute-Marne,
 Maire de Joinville.

I, the undersigned, Emile Humboldt, Mayor of Joinville, do hereby declare that on the fourth day of September, 1917, during the bombardment by the Boche aeroplanes, which took a toll of five victims killed and seventeen wounded, Dr. William P. Ryan of the medical service of the American Army, being enroute through Joinville, hastened to attend the victims at the station.

He contributed his skill, and aided most devotedly in alleviating the sufferings of the wounded women and children; then, after cutting away the entangled electric wires from about the station, he went directly to Military Hospital No. 42, installed in a place called "Le Petet Bois," whither the wounded, as well as the dead had been carried.

With the aid of an infirmary of the Red Cross he operated on the wounded soldiers and civilians alike, satisfying all their needs, and quitting the hospital only after having made certain that his presence there was no longer needed.

Dr. Garrigue, Chief Physician of Hospital No. 42, can bear me out in the above statements.

I extend to Dr. William P. Ryan the testimony of my grateful acknowledgment of his services, and assure him of our deepest gratitude for his work accomplished at a very trying moment.

(Signed) Le Maire de Joinville,
 EMILE HUMBOLDT.

July 10, 1918.

MAJOR MICHAEL J. DONOGHUE.
 339th Infantry.

For gallantry in action at the Dvina River in Russia. Cited by British.

For courage and contempt of danger while commander of the Americans in Kadish Sector for four months, awarded Croix de Guerre.

Distinguished Service Medals

ALEXANDER BOUDREAU.

Machine Gun Company, 104th Infantry.

When one of the machine guns jammed, Sergeant Alexander Boudreau of Holyoke, Mass., stood up on the parapet and hurled hand grenades with both hands as the enemy came on, only stopping after the gun was again put in working order.

CHAPLAIN WILLIAM F. DAVITT (Deceased).
 125th Infantry.

On August 6, 1918, during the operations along the Vesle river, learning that 40 wounded Americans were cut off in a ravine, he called for volunteers and led a rescuing party through a hail of machine gun bullets. The party rescued every one of the wounded men, and not a member of the rescuing party was hit.

LIEUTENANT WILLIAM McNALLY (Deceased).

United States Marines.

When his platoon commander was wounded, took charge and, against terrific fire, led his men into action, capturing a gun.

JOHN McNULTY.

Company C, 6th Machine Gun Battalion, United States Marines.

For extraordinary heroism in action between Blanc Mont and St. Etienne, France, October 4, 1918. Although he was severely wounded during an enemy counter attack, Sergeant McNulty voluntarily remained on the firing line under heavy artillery and machine gun fire, operating a machine gun, the crew of which had all been killed or wounded. By staying at his post until the enemy was repulsed and he was ordered to the rear by his commanding officer he furnished an inspiring example to the other members of the company.

HARRY DAVID READ.

Machine Gun Company, 104th Infantry.

For gallant and especially meritorious conduct in action against the enemy from April 2 to April 14, 1918, inclusive, during the occupation of the Bois Brule sector. From April 2 to 14, while attacked and raided by the enemy in superior numbers, and from April 10 to 13 withstanding heavy artillery fire.

SERGEANT WILLIAM DOYLE.

Company D, 104th Infantry.

At Chateau-Thierry he had command of a platoon of men from Company D, 104th Infantry. His orders were to "mop up" an enemy machine gun nest. In the advance two of his men were killed. Sergeant Doyle, single-handed, took six prisoners that were hiding in a shell hole. When the balance of his men came up they advanced on the nest, shielding themselves behind their prisoners, capturing the gun and its crew.

ERNEST J. ROY.

Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

I commend the following named enlisted man serving in the 26th Division for gallantry and especially meritorious service in action against the enemy on the Bois Brule sector from April 2 to 14, 1918: Musician, third-class, Ernest J. Roy.

DUNCAN K. MAJOR, JR.,

Lieut. Col. Inf., Chief of Staff.

I have read with much pleasure the reports of your regimental commander and brigade commander regarding your gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the field on April 2 to 14, 1918, while attacked by superior numbers under heavy enemy fire on the Toul sector, and have ordered your name and deed to be entered on the records of the Yankee Division.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

Awarded Croix De Guerre

ALBERT BLAIS.

Headquarters Company, 9th Infantry.

While acting as a regimental runner for seven days carried messages to the front line trenches through intense artillery and machine gun fire, near Medeah Ferme.

JOHN R. FLOOD.

Headquarters Company, 104th Infantry.

On behalf of the 26th Division I recommend the following named enlisted man serving with this command on the Bois Brule sector, for gallantry and especially meritorious service in action against the enemy from April 2 to April 14, 1918.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

CORPORAL PATRICK DESILETS.

30th United States Infantry.

General Headquarters of the Armies of the North and Northeast.

With the approbation of the Commander-in-Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces in France, the General Commander-in-Chief of the French Armies of the North and Northeast cites in the order of the regiment, Corporal Patrick Desilets, 30th Regiment, Infantry.

In full daylight, he led a patrol under fire, made reconnaissance of the positions of the American first line as well as of those of the Germans; brought back valuable information; led the remaining fractions to their places of combat under a violent bombardment.

At General Headquarters, November 15, 1918.

The General Commander-in-Chief,

PETAIN.

LIEUTENANT FRANCIS C. HEYWOOD.

Detached Service.

Previous to the drive of March 21, 1918, was transferred to a French regiment in the front line, being the only American in entire regiment. Did excellent work in application of gas attacks.

ROBERT C. SLATTERY.

Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

Showed courage and strength of character in the service of stretcher bearers April 10, 12 and 13, 1918; exposed his life in the front line to assist in the evacuation of the dead and wounded and encouraged his comrades by words and example.

ROBERT R. TWISS.

Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

Showed courage and strength of character in the service of stretcher bearers April 10, 12 and 13, 1918; exposed his life in the front line to assist in the evacuation of the dead and wounded and encouraged his comrades by words and example.

RICHARD M. WEISER.

Medical Corps, 104th Infantry.

Exceptional courage and devotion. Refused to take shelter in a dugout during a bombardment. He gave first aid to wounded under fire in the combats of the 12th and 13th of April, 1918. He gave assistance at the advanced first aid post and served as a runner between the posts, across the zones swept by artillery fire.

WILLIAM F. WRUCK.

Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

Showed courage and strength of character in the service of stretcher bearers April 10, 12 and 13, 1918; exposed his life in the front line to assist in the evacuation of the dead and wounded and encouraged his comrades by words and example.

JOHN STEFANIK.

Company G, 104th Infantry.

For extreme heroism in taking machine gun nest before Apremont on April 8th. Started out in a squad after two other squads, sixteen men, had been killed or wounded, and succeeded in killing off the enemy crew of seventeen men (being the only member of the squad uninjured), thereby saving the lives of many of his comrades.

Citations For Bravery

JOHN MACKENZIE (S. H. F.)

U. S. S. Remlik.

During a heavy gale on December 17, 1917, a depth charge, weighing several hundred pounds, broke its fastenings at the stern of the Remlik and went sweeping about the deck. The heavy seas washing over the quarter deck made it dangerous for anyone to attempt to reach that part of the ship. As officers and crew watched the bomb, someone saw the safety pin fall out of the charge, making it a source of serious danger to the officers and crew. Mackenzie, realizing the danger, shouted: "Watch me; I'll get it," and dashed down the deck, flinging himself upon the charging cylinder. Three times the daring man almost had his arms about the bomb, but each time the seas tore it from him, and once it almost crushed him. He stuck to the task, however, and on the fourth attempt got a firm grip on the cylinder, heaved it upright on one flat end, and held it until lines could be run to him and he and the bomb safely lashed. Soon afterward the ship was headed up into the sea, and the charge was carried to a place of safety.

Statement issued by

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY JOSEPHUS DANIELS.

Awarded gold medal and \$100 in gold.

RAY A. LEDUC.

Company H, 104th Infantry.

I have read with pleasure the reports of the commander of the combined American and French patrol, of which you were a member on the night of February 13, 1918, and of the officers in charge of the American detachment of that patrol. Both refer to the creditable manner in which the American members performed their duties. It will be noted in the regimental records, and will always remain to your credit, that you were a member of the first patrol officially to represent this regiment on the prescribed mission against the enemy in this war.

(Signed) GEORGE H. SHELTON,

Colonel, U. S. A., Commanding.

LIEUTENANT ALEXANDER MACDONALD.

Divisional Postmaster, 26th Division.

Headquarters, 26th Division,

A. E. F., France, May 13, 1918.

General Orders No. 40. (Extract)

On April 2, 1918, the 104th Infantry occupied the Bois Brule sector, and between that date and April 14 they were attacked and raided by the enemy in superior numbers and with violent artillery bombardment, especially April 10 to 13, inclusive. The regiment has already been mentioned in orders and decorated by the Corps Commander for its gallant conduct. Many of the men have also received the Croix de Guerre, and, in addition to which, on behalf of the 26th Division, I commend the following named officer serving with this command for gallantry and especially meritorious service in action against the enemy from April 2 to 14, 1918.

First Lieutenant Alexander Macdonald.

By command of

MAJ. GEN. C. R. EDWARDS.

The Yankee Division.

I have read with much pleasure the reports of your regimental commander and brigade commander regarding your gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the field on April 2-14, 1918, while attacked by superior numbers under heavy enemy fire, Toul sector, and have ordered your name and deed to be entered in the record of the Yankee Division.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

JOHN D. LaFLESH.

Company D, 104th Infantry.

I have read with much pleasure the reports of your regimental commander and brigade commander regarding your gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the field on July 22, 1918, although wounded, aiding the wounded, capturing one of an enemy group and dispersing the others—Bouresches—second battle of the Marne, and have ordered your name and deed to be entered in the record of the Yankee Division.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

EDWIN C. PARSONS.

Lafayette Escadrille.

An excellent pilot, who has downed three enemy airplanes.

Awarded Croix de Guerre and French Military Medal.

—Printed in Official Journal, July 2, 1918.

(Note—Since the above citation was published Parsons brought down four more enemy planes.)

REGINALD TURNER.

Company E, First U. S. Engineers.

November 21, 1917, from commanding officer, Engineer Detachment, 3rd Battalion, 18th Infantry, to commanding officer Company E, First U. S. Engineers; subject, conduct of engineer detachment.

A detachment of twenty-four men of Company E was attached to the 3rd Battalion of the 18th Infantry during its occupation of a sector at the front. While working on the reconstruction of a front line trench during a gas alarm immediately afterward. The men behaved with a coolness that won the commendation of the officers present, the work being suspended only when the gas masks were on. The detachment at all times showed ability and willingness, and carried through with enthusiasm the arduous tasks assigned to it. The personnel of the detachment included Reginald Turner.

(Signed) BERNARD SMITH, First Lieut.

HUGH WEIR.

46th Canadian Infantry.

For bravery and devotion to duty, February 14, 1918. Led a section of seven men in a raid on the enemy's line. In the advance he was severely wounded, but led his party forward and directed them in mopping up the area assigned to the party. This work was gallantly carried out in the face of enemy machine gun fire. He set a fine example of fearlessness and gallantry.

Awarded British Military Medal.

ERNEST H. YOUNG.

Company K, 104th Infantry.

I have read with much pleasure the reports of your regimental commander and brigade commander regarding your gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the field on July 20, 1918, though wounded, killing enemy sniper, thus saving many of your comrades—Bouresches—second battle of the Marne, and have ordered your name and deed to be entered in the record of the Yankee Division.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

CHAPLAIN GEORGE S. L. CONNOR.

Senior Corps Chaplain, 3rd Army.

His work under fire was an inspiration to the men in the command.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

SAMUEL LEVENSON.

Company M, 104th Infantry.

On April 2, 1918, the 104th Infantry occupied the Bois Brule sector, and between that date and April 14 they were attacked and raided by the enemy in superior numbers and with violent artillery bombardment, especially April 10 to 13, inclusive. The regiment has already been mentioned in orders and decorated by the Corps Commander for its gallant conduct. Many of the men have also received the Croix de Guerre, and in addition to which, on behalf of the 26th Division, I commend the following named enlisted men serving with this command for gallantry and especially meritorious service in action against the enemy from April 2 to 14, 1918.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

ALFRED S. ANDERSON (Deceased).

Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

On April 2, 1918, the 104th Infantry occupied the Bois Brule sector, and between that date and April 14 they were attacked and raided by the enemy in superior numbers and with violent artillery bombardment, especially April 10 to 13, inclusive. The regiment has already been mentioned in orders and decorated by the Corps Commander for its gallant conduct. Many of the men have also received the Croix de Guerre, and in addition to which, on behalf of the 26th Division, I commend the following named enlisted men serving with this command for gallantry and especially meritorious service in action against the enemy from April 2 to 14, 1918.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

ARTHUR V. LEVERAULT.

Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

On April 2, 1918, the 104th Infantry occupied the Bois Brule sector, and between that date and April 14 they were attacked and raided by the enemy in superior numbers and with violent artillery bombardment, especially April 10 to 13, inclusive. The regiment has already been mentioned in orders and decorated by the Corps Commander for its gallant conduct. Many of the men have also received the Croix de Guerre, and in addition to which, on behalf of the 26th Division, I commend the following named enlisted men serving with this command for gallantry and especially meritorious service in action against the enemy from April 2 to 14, 1918.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

HENRY A. BROWN.

Company D, 104th Infantry.

I have read with much pleasure the reports of your regimental commander and brigade commander regarding your gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the field on July 18-21, 1918, carrying messages under heavy enemy fire—Belleau—second battle of the Marne, and have ordered your name and deed to be entered in the record of the Yankee Division.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Division.

LIEUTENANT ANTHONY H. MANLEY.

Aviation.

The commanding officer of the Groupement pays his sincere respects to Anthony H. Manley of the Peloton A, Section Groupe Genin, for having, on the nights of the 8th and 9th of October, 1917, driven and discharged his Camion, under heavy fire of the enemy, back and forth to the advance depot of LaLoge, and for having shown bravery and cool-headedness in the discharge of his duty.

CAPTAIN PERISSEZ,

Commandant of Groupement.

(Signed) PAVILLON.

JOSEPH E. COMEAU.

Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

On April 2, 1918, the 104th Infantry occupied the Bois Brule sector, and between that date and April 14 they were attacked and raided by the enemy in superior numbers and with violent artillery bombardment, especially April 10 to 13, inclusive. The regiment has already been mentioned in orders and decorated by the Corps Commander for its gallant conduct. Many of the men have also received the Croix de Guerre, and in addition to which, on behalf of the 26th Division, I commend the following named enlisted men serving with this command for gallantry and especially meritorious service in action against the enemy from April 2 to 14, 1918.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.

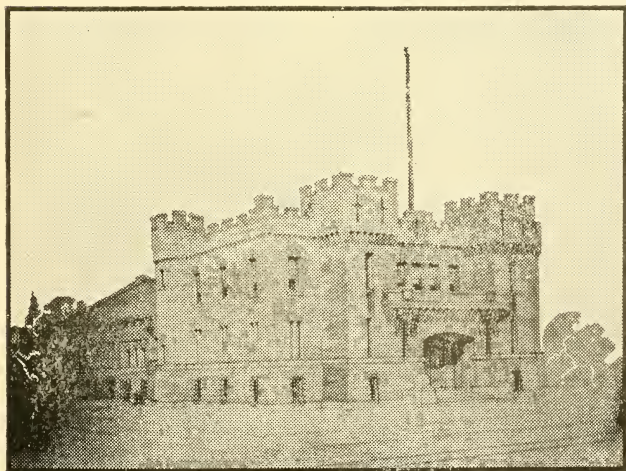
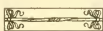
STEWART A. RUSSELL.

Sanitary Detachment, 104th Infantry.

I have read with much pleasure the reports of your regimental commander and brigade commander regarding your gallant conduct and devotion to duty in the field on July 18-23, aiding your wounded comrades under heavy enemy fire—Trugny—Second Battle of the Marne, and have ordered your name and deed to be entered in the record of the Yankee Division.

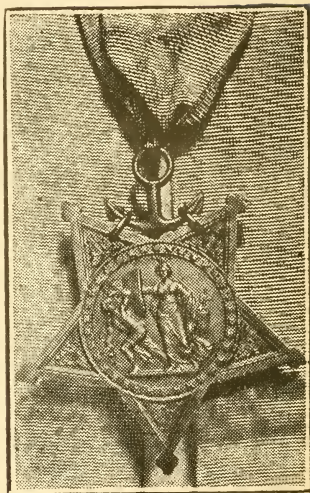
C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding 26th Div.



HOLYOKE STATE ARMORY.

Awarded High Naval Honors



South Hadley Falls Sailor Held Deadly Depth Bomb In Gale Saving Ship and Crew

Chasing a U-boat while fighting a 100-mile gale, and having a depth bomb break loose from its fastening and go rolling about the decks, in imminent danger of exploding and blowing up the ship, was one of the experiences of the crew of the U. S. S. converted yacht Remlik.

And then, as the full realization of their peril was sweeping over the officers, into the picture springs a figure that wrestles with the deadly missile, filled with TNT, and holds it until it can be safely secured.

Thus did Chief Boatswain's Mate John Mackenzie of South Hadley Falls rescue his ship and its 80 officers and men from certain destruction, later to receive the commendation of his commander and a citation with the medal of honor from the Secretary of the Navy.

"There wasn't much to it; it was simply a case of go get it," Mate Mackenzie said, when cornered in his cubbyhole office at Battery Wharf, Boston. He was much more communicative concerning the heroic achievements of the officers.

"Their acts of bravery will never be written," he said. "Why, take our captain, for example, now Lieutenant-Commander Isaac C. Johnson. When we sailed out of New York it was freely predicted we would never reach the other side.

Our commander never had his clothes off during our whole trip across, and never went to his quarters to sleep. I have seen him standing with one arm thrown around a stanchion, snatching a nap, having given orders that if he was wanted to touch his arm. And all through the navy there are hundreds of such incidents that history will never record."

To understand the great danger of a depth bomb, it is necessary to explain its mechanism. In this instance, it was of the old Sperry type, resembling an ash can in form, but now practically obsolete. It is in two sections, the top for about a quarter of the length of the cylinder being the buoy. The lower section is filled with about 100 pounds of TNT, and is the mine. The sections are held together by a wire running from the mine up through the center of the buoy to its top, where it is fastened by a cotter pin. The wire can be fixed to pay out to any depth desired. In this case it was set for fifty feet. When the bomb is dropped overboard, the safety pin is pulled out; the buoy and mine separate, the mine, of course, dropping until the limit of the wire is reached, when the pull detonates the charge. This particular bomb was resting in a U-shaped cradle at the stern.

Chief Mackenzie's own story of the incident is this:

"We were convoying in the Bay of Biscay, and had been a day and a half in a gale. We had just sighted a submarine, and everybody was ordered on deck. I happened to be walking aft when I saw a big wave break over the stern and smash the cradle. The depth bomb was let loose and started rolling around the decks. I threw myself on it, grabbed it in my arms, braced my feet against the gun platform, and was able to hold it fast."

This laconic tale of the heroic deed takes no account of the dangers he was facing other than from the bomb itself, the chances of being swept into the sea by each receding breaker, his safety depending wholly upon the length of time he could retain his foot grip upon the timbers of the gun platform, since, as the official report states it, there was no way to get assistance to him "until the ship could be headed into the sea and the after part made more secure for passage."

But in the navy records of the World War will be found this official report from Lieutenant-Commander Johnson of the Remlik:

"The depth charge box on the taffrail, containing a Sperry depth charge, was washed overboard on December 17, 1917, the depth charge itself falling inboard and remaining on deck. It was impossible for anyone to carry it to safety, and it was even dangerous for anyone to go to that part of the ship, due to the seas washing over the stern. Mackenzie, on his own initiative, went aft and sat down on the depth charge until the ship was headed into the sea.

"After the depth charge was carried to a place of safety it was found that the safety pin had become detached, and had it remained on deck and been washed around with the sea the buoy section of the depth charge would, no doubt, have become detached and the depth charge detonated had not Mackenzie acted immediately as he did.

"Mackenzie exposed his life and prevented a serious accident to the ship and probable loss of the ship and entire crew.

"The action of Mackenzie in this case is most highly recommended for the serious consideration of the department."

Chief Boatswain's Mate Mackenzie's "extraordinary heroism in the line of his profession" was made the subject of general orders in the navy. Following this came the citation from the Secretary of the Navy.

"You have upheld the best traditions of the naval service, and the department heartily commends you. The department will also award you a medal of honor," wrote Secretary Daniels.

Mate Mackenzie also received the \$100 gratuity that accompanies awards for "extraordinary heroism." Later he received a check for the same amount from Willis S. Kilmer, owner of the yacht Remlik. The inscription on the medal reads:

"Awarded to John Mackenzie, U. S. N. F., for extraordinary heroism, U. S. S. Remlik, December 17, 1917. Saved ship from destruction by securing depth bomb."

Chief Mackenzie may be classed with the veterans of the navy. He served as a naval apprentice from 1902 to 1907, during which his cruises carried him over 66,000 miles of sea. After leaving the navy he engaged in the automobile accessory business at Springfield. He re-entered the naval service on May 12, 1917, served overseas in convoy work and submarine chasing.

Holyoke's Army Officers

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

FOOTE, ALFRED F.—Inspector-General, 26th Division.

Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, January 2, 1896; on June 2, 1897, was appointed a corporal; on December 10, 1898, was made a sergeant; elected first lieutenant of Company D July 18, 1899; elected captain on May 9, 1904; November 8, 1911, was made major of the Third Battalion; served in the Spanish-American War as a sergeant; was detailed to the Mexican border for instruction in April, 1911; served in the Punitive Expedition as major of the Second Infantry, National Guard, from June 18, 1916, to October 30, 1916; attended school of musketry at Fort Sill, Okla., from May 27, 1917, to August 1, 1917; arrived at Camp Bartlett August 24, 1917; assigned by Brigadier-General Charles H. Cole to put the camp roads in condition; was named acting lieutenant-colonel of the 104th Infantry September 17, 1917; left for France September 26, 1917, and was commissioned a lieutenant-colonel in France on January 29, 1918 (the youngest lieutenant-colonel in Pershing's army, being 40 years old). While acting commander of the 104th Infantry he led the regiment against the enemy on the Aisne-Marne front and also at Chateau-Thierry. On September 25, 1918, word was received here that he had been transferred to Division Headquarters as assistant inspector, and on November 26th he was reported to have been promoted to be division inspector, and was later promoted to be inspector-general of the 26th Division.

MAJORS.

BALLARD, WILLIS D.—Ordnance Department.

Enlisted in the Ordnance Corps March, 1918; assigned to the personnel department at Boston; commissioned a major June 12, 1918.

CURRY, DR. WILLIAM J.—United States Public Health Service.

Commissioned a major December 4, 1918; stationed at Bridgeport, Conn., as assistant surgeon and consulting hygienist.

DONOGHUE, MICHAEL J.—Infantry.

Enlisted in the United States Army in 1902; stationed in the Panama Canal Zone with the Fifth United States Infantry; promoted to a sergeant; commissioned a second lieutenant while in the Canal Zone; rated as one of the best instructors in the Fifth Infantry; August, 1917, was promoted to first lieutenant and, September, 1917, commissioned a captain; assigned to command Company K, 337th Infantry then at Battle Creek, Mich.; cited and awarded the Distinguished Service Medal by the British for gallantry in action at the Dvina River, near Kadish, in Russia; commissioned a major in France.

HENDERSON, DR. GEORGE D.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Entered the service August 13, 1917, as a captain; assigned to officers' training camp, Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana; November 1, 1917, appointed to official board of consultants on cardiac vascular diseases; transferred to Camp McArthur, Waco, Texas; transferred to Camp Wadsworth, S. C., and assigned to the 27th Division; commissioned a major April 10, 1918.

MORTON, DR. JOHN J.—Medical Reserve Corps.

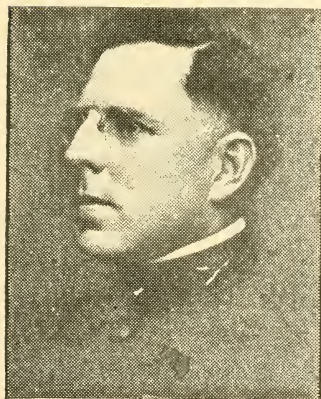
Entered the service in 1915 as a first lieutenant; in May, 1917, went overseas with the Harvard Hospital Unit; was in a Red Cross hospital which the Huns bombed from the air; promoted to captain in France in February, 1918; promoted to major.



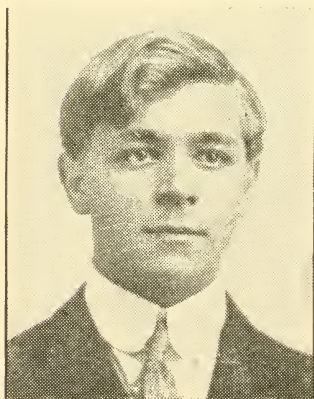
LIEUT.-COL. ALFRED F. FOOTE



MAJOR WILLIAM P. RYAN



MAJOR JOHN W. PAGE



MAJOR GEORGE H. RICHTER

PAGE, JOHN WATT—Southern Department.

Enlisted in Company D, 2d Massachusetts Regiment, 1902; enlisted in the regular army at Denver, Colo., as a private, and promoted to captain during the Mexican border trouble, in 1916; commissioned a major in September, 1918.

POPP, EARL C.—Gas Defence.

Commissioned a first lieutenant September 21, 1917; stationed at the camp at the American University, Washington, D. C.; in October, 1917, was the honor man in field training section, gas defence; member of the first overseas detachment in November, 1917; attached to the divisional staff; in May, 1918, was wounded and shell-shocked; commissioned a captain in France October 7, 1918; promoted to major.

RICHTER, GEORGE H.—Ordnance Department.

Commissioned a major at Washington in September, 1918; named to board of chemical engineers of the War Department in charge of gas warfare and chemical development.

RILEY, JOHN L.—Reconstruction Department.

Commissioned a major in September, 1918; in charge of General Hospital No. 6 at Fort McPherson, Ga., doing physical reconstruction work.

RYAN, DR. WILLIAM P.—Medical Department.

Entered the service December 18, 1916, as a first lieutenant in the Medical Corps and assigned to El Paso, Texas, on the Mexican border; later transferred to San Antonio, Texas; on July 9, 1917, arrived in London, and shortly after went to France; promoted to a captain in France in September, 1917; promoted to be chief surgeon of First Division, Machine Gun Battalion; took an active part in the Marne counter-offensive; was given charge of prize drug booty, valued at \$10,000, which was captured from the enemy at St. Mihiel; recommended for Distinguished Service Medal for conspicuous gallantry in action; received Croix de Guerre; promoted to major November 14, and recommended for promotion to rank of lieutenant-colonel.

CAPTAINS.

ADAMS, ANTHONY O.—Forty-first Infantry.

Entered the service September, 1908; did duty on Mexican border, Galveston, Texas, New Orleans, La., Kansas City, Mo., Minneapolis, Minn., and in Arizona; received many marksman medals; commissioned a first lieutenant at Fort Crook, Neb., and assigned as instructor in machine gunnery; transferred to Fort Omaha, Neb.; transferred to Camp Funston, Kan., for overseas duty; held there by the signing of the armistice.

ALLEN, DR. FRED H.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a captain July 13, 1918; sent to Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

BEAUPRE, CHARLES T.—Infantry.

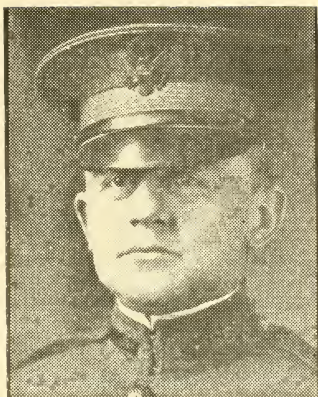
Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Infantry; went to the Mexican border in 1916; went overseas as a first sergeant in Company D, 104th Infantry; taken ill in England in October, 1917; attended Officers' Training School in France and, after a four months' course, received a commission as a second lieutenant in July, 1918; stood fourth on the list of five hundred and fifty candidates; promoted to first lieutenant; promoted to captain.

BEAUPRE, DR. D. I.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant August 11, 1917; assigned to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind; transferred February, 1918, to Post Hospital, Signal Aviation Corps, Belleville, Ill.; November 25, 1918, commissioned a captain; assigned to 137th aero squadron while in France.



CAPT. EDMUND J. SLATE



CAPT. DONALD B. LOGAN



CAPT. HERBERT L. FRINK



CAPT. WILFRED C. DROUIN

BRINDAMOUR, DR. JOSEPH—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a captain October 29, 1918; stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Oglethorpe, Ga.

CALLAHAN, GERALD J.—Infantry.

Entered the Plattsburg Training Camp May, 1917; recommended for a second course; entered a second time September 27, 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant November 26, 1917; assigned to Camp Stanley, Texas; transferred to Camp Wheeler, Ga., where he was training candidates for officers' training camp; promoted to captain.

CARROLL, DR. J. J.—United States Public Health Service.

Commissioned a first lieutenant September 25, 1918, in United States Public Health Service; stationed at Boston as state director of venereal diseases; promoted to captain.

CAVANAUGH, DR. THOMAS E.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a captain October 3, 1918; stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; transferred to Hospital No. 29, Fort Snelling, Minn.

CLEARY, DR. ROBERT E.—Marine Corps.

Commissioned a junior lieutenant in the Naval Reserves, Coast Defence, November, 1917; stationed at Charlestown Navy Yards, Boston; transferred overseas on September 21, 1918; went to London first and then to Brest, France; commissioned a captain in Marine Corps September 21, 1918.

COX, DR. STANLEY C.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a captain July 2, 1918; assigned to Roosevelt Hospital, N. Y.; transferred to Camp Gordon, Ga.; later transferred to Hospital No. 30, Camp Green, N. C.; arrived in France November, 1918; assigned to Evacuation Hospital No. 30 at Le Mans.

DROUIN, DR. WILFRED G.—Medical Reserve Corps.

In March, 1917, he returned from France, after having been in active service eighteen months in the Edith Cavell hospital in Paris; he had enlisted with the French Medical Corps, and was engaged for weeks in underground hospitals near the front at Bar Le Duc, near Verdun, and in the Somme region; was at Verdun when Fort Vaux was captured; after he had received his commission from the United States Government, on June 12, 1918, he was ordered to report to Camp Yaphank, L. I.

FRINK, HERBERT L.—Infantry.

Entered Plattsburg May 12, 1917; commissioned a second lieutenant August 10, 1917; assigned to Camp Devens in the 1st Battalion, 2nd Company, Depot Brigade; commissioned a first lieutenant April 5, 1918; promoted to a captain at Camp Devens.

GABLER, DR. G. L.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a captain June 27, 1918; stationed at United States Base Hospital No. 1, Williams Bridge, N. Y.

GREEN, DONALD R.—Field Artillery.

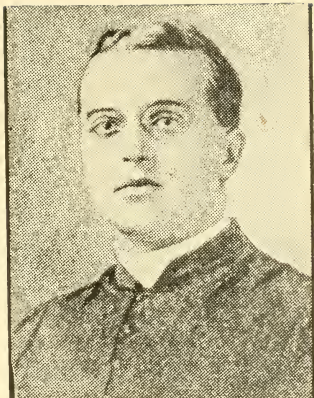
Entered Plattsburg May 12, 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant in the cavalry August 10, 1917; later assigned to the 6th Field Artillery, 1st Division; went overseas with Pershing; arrived back in United States of America September 2, 1918, after he had been assigned to Camp Meade, Md., to instruct officers; was in the battle of the Marne on Soisson Front; commissioned a captain September 14, 1918, and transferred to Fort Sill, Okla., to attend the school of gunnery.

HAZEN, JOHN—Ordnance Department.

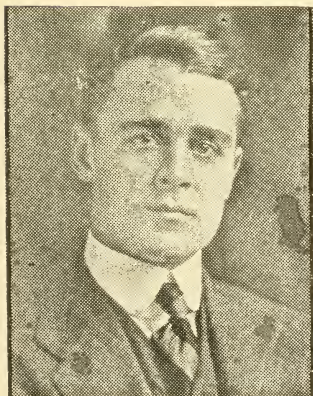
Entered Plattsburg May 12, 1917; commissioned a second lieutenant August 10, 1917; promoted to first lieutenant, and later to captain; stationed at Washington, D. C.



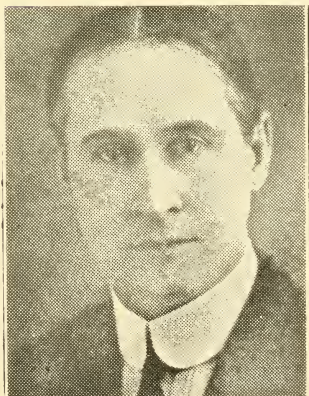
CAPT. DONALD R. GREEN



CHAPLAIN ARTHUR J. B. CAYER



CAPT. HERMAN WEIS



CAPT. G. L. GABLER

HORRIGAN, DR. ARTHUR J.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant in May, 1917; took an X-ray course in Boston under Major Ariel George; transferred to Camp Hancock, Ga.; promoted to captain February 22, 1918; arrived in France in August, 1918.

HUSSEY, DR. EDWARD J.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a captain June 29, 1918; stationed at Camp Devens; reported at Camp Crane, Allentown, Pa., for overseas duty. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HUTCHESON, JAMES G.—Infantry.

Was a sergeant in charge of the Holyoke Recruiting Station in 1912 and 1913; transferred to Davenport, Iowa; commissioned a captain December 6, 1917.

KNOWLTON, DR. EDWARD A.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a captain June 12, 1918; sent to Camp Wheeler, Macon, Ga.; transferred to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; transferred to Hospital No. 22, Richmond, Va.

LOGAN, DONALD B.—Infantry.

Elected second lieutenant Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, December 20, 1915, after a course of training at Plattsburg; served at the Mexican border in 1916, where he was for a time acting battalion adjutant; went overseas with Company D, 104th Infantry, in October, 1917, as commander of first platoon; detached from his company and assigned to special work; promoted to first lieutenant in November, 1917, and assigned to Intelligence Department; promoted to captain.

LYNN, EDISON A.—Coast Artillery Corps.

Commissioned a second lieutenant in Los Angeles, Cal., April, 1917; promoted to first lieutenant at American Lake, Utah, August 15, 1917; assigned to Fortress Monroe, Va.; promoted to captain November 9, 1917.

McELWAIN, HENRY E., JR.—Coast Artillery Corps.

Entered the service in the Coast Artillery Corps at Chicago in July, 1917; stationed at Camp Sheridan, Ill.; transferred to Fortress Monroe Training School, where he received his commission as first lieutenant; went overseas in May, 1918, with Battery F, 60th Coast Artillery Corps; during June, July and August was acting regimental assistant adjutant and was sent to the headquarters of one of the French armies to study their information service; commissioned a captain October, 1918.

MAGNA, JOSEPH—Aviation.

Commissioned a captain June, 1918; stationed at Washington, D. C., as an expert on gas engines.

MALONE, GEORGE B.—Engineers.

Commissioned a captain May 1, 1918; stationed at Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C.; organized a welding school; appointed a signal post engineer.

NICKERSON, RALPH H.—Coast Artillery Corps.

Commissioned a captain at Fortress Monroe, Va., August 10, 1917; entered Camp Benjamin Harrison, Indiana; transferred to Fortress Monroe, and later transferred to Fort Adams, R. I.

O'CONNELL, DR. EDWARD P.—Veterinary.

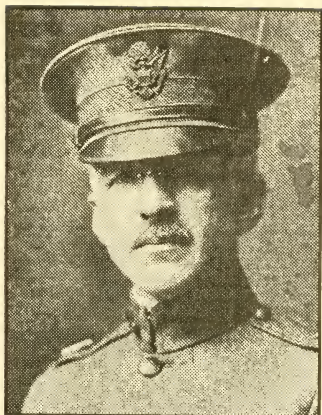
Commissioned a first lieutenant in May, 1917, and stationed at San Antonio, Texas; arrived in France September 11, 1917, with the Divisional Supply Train; saw previous service in the Philippines, Tientsin, China, and the Mexican border; commissioned a captain in France in December, 1917; did duty in Spain, Portugal and Algiers; assigned to the 26th Division in January, 1919.

O'CONNELL, GEORGE P.—Engineers.

Commissioned a captain September 23, 1918; stationed at Camp Humphrey; went overseas with American Expeditionary Forces.



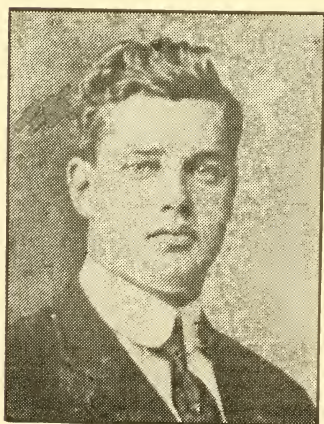
CAPT. ANTHONY O. ADAMS



CAPT. GEORGE C. ROBERTS



CAPT. FRANK J. STALKER



CAPT. STANLEY C. COX

PETERSON, CARL—Infantry.

Commissioned a captain on August 15, 1917, at Madison Barracks, N. Y.; transferred to Plattsburg and won a commission as first lieutenant; transferred to Brown University as an instructor and commissioned as captain.

ROBERTS, DR. GEORGE C.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a captain July 24, 1918; stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

SEARS, FRANK M.—Engineers.

Commissioned a captain July 10, 1918; sent to Camp Lee, Va.; transferred to Camp Humphrey, Va.; later transferred to Washington, D. C.

SLATE, EDMUND J.—Regimental Supply Officer, 26th Division.

Enlisted as a private in Company I, 2nd Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, September 16, 1894, and served for three years; on September 16, 1897, he enlisted in Company D, Holyoke, and was appointed corporal; promoted to sergeant August 3, 1899; May 26, 1900, was made quartermaster sergeant, and on May 24, 1904, a first sergeant; elected a captain December 8, 1913; served in the Spanish-American War from May 3, 1898, to November 3, 1898, as a corporal; did duty at the Mexican border from June 18 to October 30, 1916; stationed at Columbus, New Mexico; left Camp Bartlett October 5, 1917, at the head of Company D, 104th Infantry; while in France was transferred to have charge of regimental supplies.

STALKER, DR. FRANK J.—American Red Cross.

Went overseas with a Red Cross Unit in March, 1918; commissioned a first lieutenant in the Dental Reserve Corps and assigned to American Red Cross; promoted to captain.

WEIS, HERMAN—Field Artillery.

Commissioned a captain November 28, 1917, at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; transferred to Camp Funston, Kan., as an instructor.

CHAPLAINS.**CAYER, REV. ARTHUR J. B.**—161st Infantry.

Commissioned a first lieutenant December 17, 1917; presented with a mahogany field altar by his parishioners of Gardner; reported March 1, 1918, at Hoboken, N. J.; arrived in France March 26, 1918, and was attached to 161st Infantry; promoted to captain March 17, 1919.

CONNOR, REV. GEORGE S. L.—Senior Chaplain, 3rd Army Corps.

Assigned to Mexican border in June, 1916, by Bishop Beaven, and served throughout the Punitive Expedition with the 2nd Massachusetts Regiment; arrived in Camp Bartlett in September, 1917, and acted as chaplain, although he had no commission; was assigned to Brigade Headquarters as the guest of General Cole; presented with a silver communion service by the Springfield Knights of Columbus, October 9, 1917; received commission as first lieutenant and was assigned to Military Police Train which had already left Camp Bartlett; went overseas in the same convoy as did Company D. During the fighting in France Father Connor was always in the front. He administered the last rites of the church to five Company D boys killed by one shell on a Sunday morning, and officiated at the mass for Chaplain William F. Davitt, his boyhood chum. In October, 1918, he was promoted Senior Divisional Chaplain of the 32nd Division; three weeks later was promoted to Senior Corps Chaplain, 3rd Army Corps, giving him the religious supervision of over 80,000 men; with the Army of Occupation.

FITZGIBBON, REV. JAMES J.—Army.

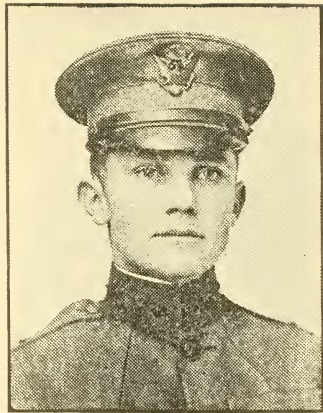
Went to Camp Taylor Training School, Kentucky, August 21, 1918; commissioned a first lieutenant September 30, 1918; stationed at Camp Devens.

FOLEY, REV. CHARLES L.—Army.

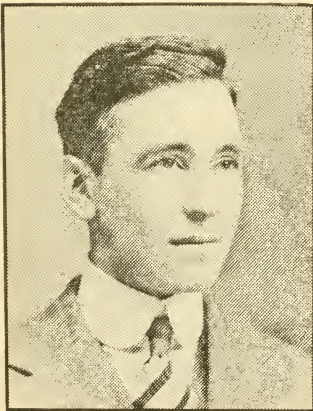
Commissioned a first lieutenant April 17, 1918; given a purse of gold by Holy Cross Church parishioners; stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., as senior post chaplain.



CAPT. ROBERT E. CLEARY



CAPT. GERALD J. CALLAHAN



LIEUT. ANDREW MANGUM



LIEUT. FRANK L. GIBSON

MARTIN, REV. JOHN A.—Army.

Commissioned a first lieutenant in July, 1918; stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

MONGOVAN, REV. JOHN T.—Army.

Commissioned a first lieutenant July 27, 1918; presented with a purse of gold by the parishioners of Holy Cross Church; reported at Hoboken, N. J., September 5, and arrived in France September 27, 1918.

REMY, REV. HORMISDAS—Army.

Commissioned a first lieutenant April 17, 1918; presented with a purse of gold by the parishioners of Precious Blood Church; ordered to report to Fortress Monroe, Va., notification arriving too late; sent to Boston for examination and assigned to Camp Meade, Md.

LIEUTENANTS.**AIKEN, HOWARD W.**—Transport Corps.

Enlisted in the regular army 1915; commissioned a second lieutenant at Leon Springs, Texas, on August 12, 1917; assigned to quartermaster corps at Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Johnston, Jacksonville, Fla.; assigned to transport corps with the American Expeditionary Forces.

ALLEN, LELAND C.—Medical Corps.

Entered the service June 4, 1917; assigned to the Base Hospital at Camp Devens; promoted to corporal; commissioned a second lieutenant August 8, 1918.

BECK, JOHN H.—Field Artillery.

Entered Plattsburg and graduated November 26, 1917, with the rank of second lieutenant; assigned to Camp Devens; transferred to School of Fire at Fort Sill, Okla., where he was made an instructor in field gunnery; attached to 301st Field Artillery, American Expeditionary Forces.

BIGELOW, DR. JAMES B.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant July 20, 1918; sent to Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; transferred to the base hospital at Camp McClellan, where he was placed in charge.

BLUNT, STANLEY E.—Ordnance Department.

Commissioned a second lieutenant September 24, 1917.

BURKHARDT, EDWIN H.—Quartermaster Corps.

Entered the service in September, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to sergeant; commissioned a second lieutenant July 12, 1918; placed in quartermaster corps in Public Utilities Department.

BURKHARDT, HAROLD H.—Field Artillery.

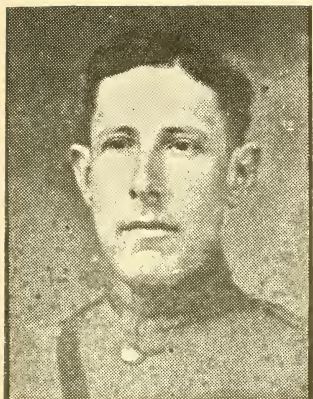
Entered the service November 27, 1916; stationed at Camp Stanley, Leon Springs, Texas; commissioned a first lieutenant November 27, 1917; assigned to 20th Field Artillery; went overseas with American Expeditionary Forces.

BURNS, THOMAS R.—Aviation.

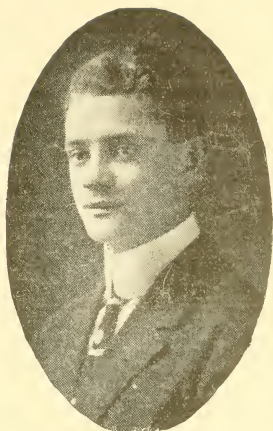
Entered the Aviation Corps July, 1917; stationed at Mineola, L. I.; commissioned a first lieutenant August 30, 1918; assigned to Lake Charles, La., where he was instructor in gunnery and aero work; transferred to Rockwell Field, San Diego, Cal.

CASEY, THOMAS L.—Sanitary Corps.

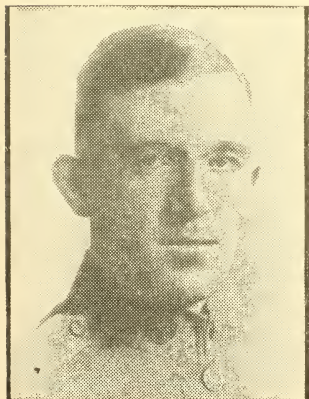
Entered the service in June, 1916; went to Mexican border with a New York militia outfit; stationed at San Antonio, Texas, as head pharmacist for the division; attended Plattsburg; later attached to the White House Guards as a sergeant; commissioned a first lieutenant in the Sanitary Corps June 19, 1918.



LIEUT. ALEX. MACDONALD



LIEUT. FRANK J. MANLEY



LIEUT. JOHN F. MCCARTHY



LIEUT. JOHN HALFPENNY

CAVANAUGH, WILLIAM—Infantry.

Entered 69th New York Infantry, National Guard; went overseas in October, 1917, with the 165th Regiment, "Rainbow Division"; sent home in June, 1918, to assist in training officers; while overseas was in action several times.

CAVERLY, ARTHUR S.—Signal Corps.

Commissioned a second lieutenant October 30, 1918.

CHOQUETTE, WALLACE A.—Tank Corps.

Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, June 29, 1910; promoted to corporal June, 1911; on December 11, 1911, promoted to sergeant; elected first lieutenant May 26, 1913; went to the Mexican border with Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment; was detached from his company and served one month as acting battalion adjutant, and for two and a half months was in charge of No. 7 Truck Train; went to France with Company D, 104th Infantry; was again detached from his company and attended an officers' training school in the French front line trenches; assigned to Tank Corps in June, 1918.

CLARK, DR. GEORGE A.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant January, 1918, assigned to the medical staff of the Roosevelt Hospital, N. Y.; transferred to Camp Jackson, S. C.

CLARKE, DR. PHILIP H.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant January 21, 1918; assigned to the Army Medical School, Washington, D. C.; transferred to Newport News, Va.; stationed in surgeon's office headquarters.

COLLINGWOOD, FRANK M.—Army.

Entered the service October, 1918; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to corporal March 21, 1918; entered the fourth officers' training school at Camp Devens May 15, 1918; transferred to Camp Lee, Va.; commissioned a second lieutenant August, 1918; returned to Camp Devens and assigned to the Depot Brigade.

COLLINGWOOD, GEORGE—Ordnance Department.

Commissioned a first lieutenant July, 1917; stationed at different points in Ohio in charge of ammunition plants.

CONNOR, DR. CHARLES—Medical Reserve Corps.

Served four years in the navy and was with the American Fleet on its fourteen months' tour of the world, being attached to the U. S. S. Ohio; commissioned a first lieutenant in the Medical Reserve Corps November 5, 1918; stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; transferred to Newport News, Va.

COYNE, CHARLES E.—Ordnance Department.

Active in Liberty Loan, Y. M. C. A., K. of C., Red Cross campaigns; in charge of the Boy Scouts in the Second Liberty Loan; raised \$65,000; secretary for the Red Anchor (K. of C.) campaign, which raised \$46,000; commissioned a second lieutenant October 26, 1918, after completing a course in the Officers' Training School at Camp Meigs, Washington, D. C.; stationed at Washington in the Administrative Branch, Requirements Division, office of Purchase and Storage, General Staff; compiled and edited "History of The Requirements Division in the World War, 1917-1918."

CROSIER, WALTER E.—Quartermaster Corps.

Entered the service October 5, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to corporal March 30, 1918; promoted to sergeant in July, 1918; transferred to Officers' Training School, Camp Meigs, Washington, D. C., October 30, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant December 11, 1918.

CUMMING, FRED—Aviation.

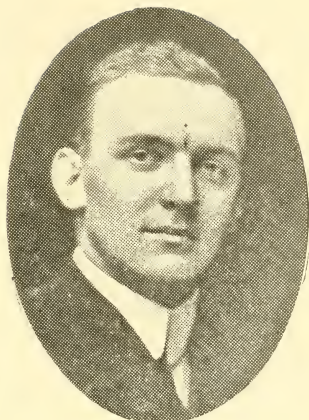
Commissioned a second lieutenant at Plattsburg November, 1917; stationed at San Antonio, Texas.

DALTON, WILLIAM E.—Aviation.

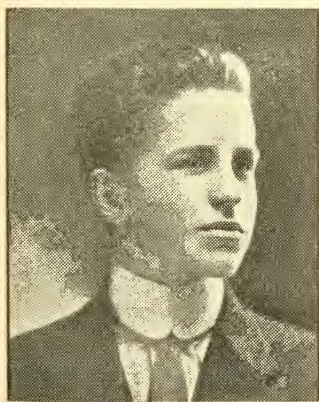
Took a two months' course at Plattsburg; entered the Aviation Corps December 7, 1917; stationed at Massachusetts Institute of Technology; later at Princeton; transferred to Camp Hicks, Texas; commissioned a second lieutenant July 2, 1918; transferred to Fort Worth, Texas.



LIEUT. HOWARD AIKEN



LIEUT. JOHN H. BECK



LIEUT. ROBERT BURKE.



LIEUT. W. A. CHOUQUETTE

DIAMOND, NIGEL H.—Infantry.

Entered Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment in June, 1916; served at the Mexican border that summer; re-enlisted March 10, 1917; promoted to corporal at Camp Bartlett; went overseas in October, 1917, with "Holyoke's Own"; entered the Officers' Training School in France in October, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant November, 1918; later assigned to Company B, 47th Infantry.

DICKINSON, C. ROY—Aviation.

Entered the service February 9, 1918; assigned to Cornell Aviation School; commissioned a second lieutenant (aeronautics) August 2, 1918; assigned to Houston, Texas.

DOWD, MICHAEL J.—Railway Engineers.

Entered the service in June, 1917, with the 14th Railway Engineers; went overseas in July, 1917; promoted to sergeant; commissioned a first lieutenant in France in March, 1918, for distinguished service; a member of the regiment which took up arms against the enemy, the first American forces to open fire; was for a time on detached service with the British.

DUPRE, LEO A.—Field Artillery.

Served in the Hawaiian Islands with the First Artillery; at Fort Sill, Okla., with the Ninth Artillery; won commission as second lieutenant at Field Artillery Central Officers' Training School, Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky., December 9, 1918; placed in active service.

DURANT, CONANT—Quartermaster Corps.

Enlisted December 13, 1917; stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.; transferred to Camp Dix, N. J., where he received his commission as second lieutenant August 7, 1918; transferred to Camp Mills, where he belonged to the salvage corps.

FARR, DR. L. H.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant in the X-ray Department October 28, 1918; assigned to Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

FAY, LEVI E.—Infantry.

Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment on March 10, 1916; served in the Mexican Border Expedition; promoted to corporal at the border; promoted to mess sergeant at Camp Bartlett; went overseas with Company D, 104th Infantry; entered the Officers' Training School in France in April, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant in July, 1918.

FENTON, DANIEL E.—Artillery.

Attended Second Plattsburg Camp; commissioned first lieutenant November 23, 1917; staff duty, Washington, D. C., until May, 1918; transferred to heavy artillery at Fortress Monroe, Va.; assigned to 45th Artillery, C. A. C.; transferred to Camp Eustis, Va., August, 1918; with American Expeditionary Forces as Battery Commander, Battery C, 45th Artillery.

FITZSIMMONS, HAROLD—Infantry.

Entered the service September 7, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to sergeant January 23, 1918; selected to attend the officers' training school; commissioned a second lieutenant at Camp Devens in April, 1918; assigned to infantry; transferred to Camp Gordon, Ga.; later transferred to Vancouver Barracks, State of Washington; named an infantry instructor.

FORRESTER, GEORGE W.—Aviation.

Entered the service in June, 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant in the aero service in France in June, 1918.

GALLUP, BURTON A.—Aviation.

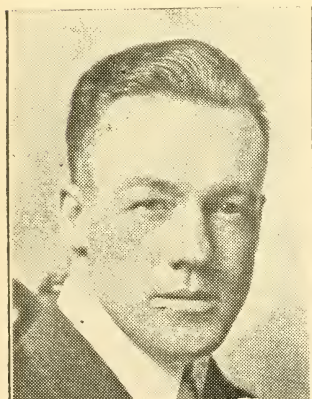
Entered the service in December, 1917; assigned to Military School of Aeronautics at Ohio State University; transferred to University of California; transferred to Flying Squadron, Lonoke, Ark.; commissioned a second lieutenant June 14, 1918; assigned to Camp Dix, Texas, as an instructor.



LIEUT. MAHLON T. HILL



LIEUT. THOMAS MacMAHON



LIEUT. WILLIAM STACK



LIEUT. GILLIS GREEN

GERAN, JOHN C.—Infantry.

Attended both Plattsburg camps in 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant, field artillery, at Plattsburg, November 26, 1917; assigned to Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Greene, N. C.; assigned to Company E, 1st New Hampshire Infantry.

GIBSON, DR. FRANK L.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant July 15, 1918; ordered to Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., where he was assigned to the base hospital; went overseas, and was stationed at the base hospital in Brest, France.

GILLIS, RONALD C.—Infantry.

Entered the service in June, 1916, with the California National Guard; served on the Mexican border; discharged with the rank of sergeant; entered the service again in May, 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant December, 1917; assigned to Company M, 364th Infantry; transferred to Camp Lewis, Wash.

GREANEY, DR. WILLIAM F.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant August 15, 1917; ordered to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; transferred to the Army Medical School, Washington, D. C.; sent to garrison hospital at Plattsburg; went overseas September 1, 1918, and assigned to sanitary train of the 92nd Division, and later to Field Hospital No. 368. (This hospital was shelled by the enemy in the Argonne Forest battle.)

GREEN, ADDISON B.—Field Artillery.

Entered the Plattsburg Camp August 23, 1917; commissioned a second lieutenant November 26, 1917; assigned to Camp Greene, N. C.; commissioned a first lieutenant March 3, 1918; assigned to the 16th Field Artillery; went overseas in May, 1918.

GREEN, GILLIS—United States Army.

Enlisted July 6, 1898; sent to Fort Crooke, Neb.; assigned to Company K, 22nd Infantry; on January 27, 1899, left for Manila; was in battle of Pasig, March 13, 1899; at the battle of Malinta Hill, on March 26th; left Camdaha October 5; finished the campaign December 7th; returned to the United States in February, 1902; discharged and re-enlisted in Company A, 5th Infantry; assigned to Lingayen, Philippine Islands; did garrison duty until June 1, 1903; returned to the United States through the Suez Canal; sent to Plattsburg Barracks, New York; discharged in 1906, and re-enlisted for general service in the infantry at Columbus Barracks, Ohio; assigned to 12th Recruiting Company; transferred in 1908 to the 1st Company at Fort Leavitt, Maine; discharged in 1909; re-enlisted, and later transferred to the 51st Company at Fort McKinley, Maine; re-enlisted in 1911, and again in 1914; in December, 1916, was assigned to recruiting service; sent to Holyoke January 1, 1917; was here eighteen months and, during that time, enlisted over 1,500 men; transferred to Fort Slocum in September, 1918; commissioned a first lieutenant in October, 1918; assigned to quartermaster corps, Camp Greene, N. C., 351st (colored) Labor Battalion.

GUAY, GEORGE H.—Infantry.

Entered the service in June, 1915; promoted to sergeant in Troop F, 16th Cavalry, stationed at Fort Worth, Texas; commissioned a second lieutenant of infantry August 29, 1918; transferred to Vancouver Barracks, State of Washington.

GULLIVER, JAMES L.—Infantry.

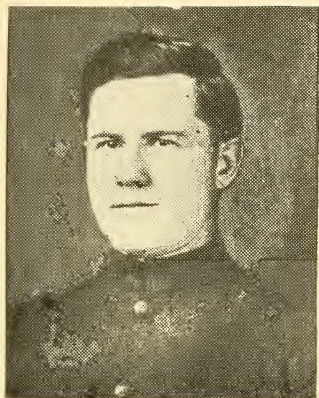
Entered the service December 31, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; commissioned a second lieutenant April, 1918.

HAFEY, DR. JOSEPH M.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant September 27, 1918; assigned to 13th Veterinary Hospital, Camp Lee, Va.; went overseas in November, 1918.

HALFPENNY, JOHN H.—Engineer Corps.

Entered Plattsburg May 14, 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant August 15, 1917, at Officers' Training Camp, American University, Washington, D. C.; sent to Camp Upton, L. I., Company B, 302d Engineer Corps; went overseas in April, 1918.



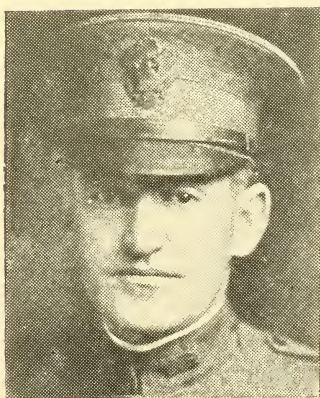
LIEUT. WILLIAM McGARRY



LIEUT. ADDISON B. GREEN



LIEUT. JOHN ROSS



LIEUT. FRANK J. O'NEIL

HALLISEY, EDWARD J.—Ordnance Department.

Entered the service in December, 1917; stationed at Washington, D. C., as a first-class accountant; commissioned a second lieutenant October 16, 1918, at Camp Lee, Va.; transferred to Camp Sherman, Ohio.

HAND, DR. EDWARD P.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant August 6, 1918; stationed at Camp Devens.

HARTIGAN, DANIEL J.—United States Army.

Entered the service September 23, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; attended the officers' training school at Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Lee, Va.; commissioned a second lieutenant September 3, 1918, at Camp Lee.

HASTINGS, ARTHUR C. J.—Ordnance Department.

Commissioned a first lieutenant August, 1918; stationed at Washington, D. C.

HASTINGS, ORLANDO B.—Machine Gun.

Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, in June, 1916; did duty at the Mexican border that summer; promoted to supply sergeant at Camp Bartlett; went overseas with Company D, 104th Infantry; entered the Officers' Training School in France; commissioned a second lieutenant April, 1918; later took a course in gas warfare; assigned to the Machine Gun Battalion of the 78th Division.

HAGGERTY, CLAUDE M.

Commissioned a second lieutenant May 10, 1918; assigned to Company E, Coast Artillery Corps; stationed at Fort Warren.

HAYWARD, CHARLES L.—Air Service.

Entered the service May 3, 1917; stationed at Stapleton, L. I.; commissioned balloon pilot with the rank of second lieutenant at Fort Omaha, Neb., November 22, 1917; at that time he was one of twenty-two men holding this rank in the United States service; was with the first American Balloon Squadron in France in December, 1917; made commander of the 13th Balloon Company in September, 1918.

HEINRITZ, STUART F.—Signal Corps.

Entered the service July 20, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to corporal September, 1917; promoted to sergeant March, 1918; won his commission as second lieutenant August 27, 1918, at Camp Morse; transferred to Camp Stanley, Texas, and later sent to Camp Meade, Md.

HENDERSON, R. J.—Aviation.

Entered the service in February, 1918; stationed at Camp Custer; commissioned a second lieutenant April 17, 1918, at the School of Military Aeronautics, Georgia Institute of Technology.

HERLIHY, DR. JOHN P.—Dental Reserve Corps.

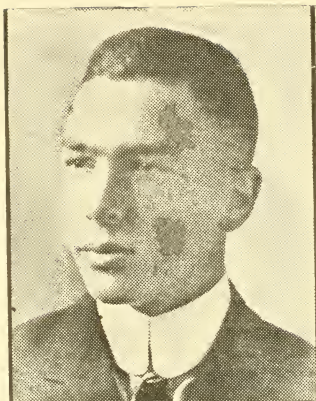
Entered the service June, 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant in August, 1917; stationed at Forsythe Dental Infirmary, Boston; transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.; placed in charge of the extracting department; later promoted to head of the Department of Oral Surgery; recommended for promotion to the rank of captain.

HEYWOOD, FRANCIS—Infantry.

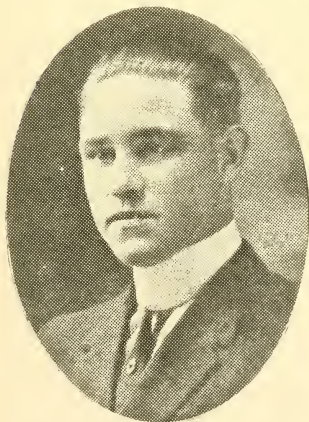
Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, in March, 1916; went to the Mexican border, where, for a time, he was with the supply company of the 2nd Regiment; went to France as a sergeant in Company D, 104th Infantry; commissioned a second lieutenant in France April, 1918; assigned to Company G, 11th Infantry; returned to the United States in August, 1918, and was assigned to Camp Dix, N. J., as an instructor; transferred to Camp Devens; while awaiting his commission in France he was detached from his company and specialized in application of gas attacks; in the big drive of March 21, 1918, while serving with the French, he was cited for distinguished service and awarded the Croix de Guerre.



LIEUT. LEVI E. FAY



LIEUT. JOHN C. GERAN



LIEUT. PATRICK J. MOYNIHAN



LIEUT. P. H. PAYTON

HILL, MAHLON T.—Infantry.

Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, March 10, 1916; went to the Mexican border that summer; promoted to corporal while in New Mexico; selected by Captain Slate to attend Plattsburg; commissioned a second lieutenant at Plattsburg August 11, 1917; assigned to Company G, 103rd Infantry at Camp Bartlett; went overseas with 103rd Infantry; sent back to the United States in May, 1918, as an instructor in automatic rifles and tactical work; stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

HOOKS, DAVID—Artillery.

Attended first officers' training school at Fort Meyer, Va., where he received his commission as first lieutenant in August, 1917.

HOWES, CARROLL C.—Quartermaster Corps.

Entered the service December 8, 1917; stationed at Camp Johnston, Fla.; commissioned a second lieutenant while at Camp Johnston September 16, 1918.

HOYT, DR. P. A.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant Medical Reserve Corps September 6, 1918.

HUBBARD, WILLIAM—Field Artillery.

Entered the service August 26, 1918; stationed at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky.; commissioned a second lieutenant October, 1918.

HUBBARD, EDWARD W.—Field Artillery.

Commissioned a second lieutenant at Plattsburg August 15, 1917; assigned to Battery B, 305th Field Artillery, at Camp Devens; transferred to 303rd Field Artillery of the 76th Division; went overseas.

HUBBARD, RALPH B.—Engineer Corps.

Entered Plattsburg in May, 1917, with the New York Field Artillery; specialized in engineering, and was transferred to American University at Washington, D. C., where he was commissioned a second lieutenant August 12, 1917; stationed at the American University and later transferred to Rockford, Va.

LACZYNSKI, DR. FRANCIS S.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant August 30, 1918; stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

LAPORTE, ALBERT N.—Quartermaster Corps.

Commissioned a second lieutenant August 12, 1917, at Fort Meyer, Va.; transferred to Camp Lee, Va.

LINNELL, DON C. G.—Engineer Corps.

Entered Plattsburg in May, 1917; transferred to engineering school at American University, Washington, D. C.; commissioned a second lieutenant August 12, 1917; transferred to Camp Lee, Va.

LYNCH, DR. HENRY E.—Medical Reserve Corps.

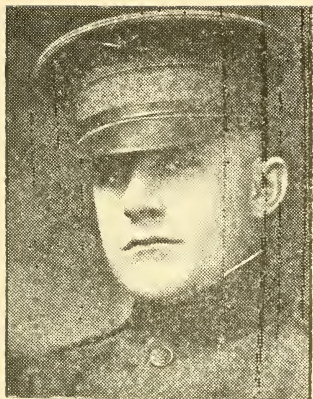
Rejected for a commission in the navy; commissioned a first lieutenant in the army July 29, 1917; stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; transferred to Camp Sheridan, Ala.

MCCARTHY, JOHN F.—Tank Corps.

Entered the service October 8, 1917, in the Aviation Corps; stationed at Massachusetts Institute of Technology; transferred to Cornell University; later transferred to Tank Corps, Gettysburg, Pa.; promoted to sergeant in the Tank Corps May, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant October 5, 1918; went overseas November, 1918.

MCGARRY, WILLIAM H.—Infantry.

Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, in June, 1916; served on the Mexican border; promoted to sergeant; injured in an auto accident at the Notch May 24, 1917, while the troops were at Springfield doing guard duty; laid



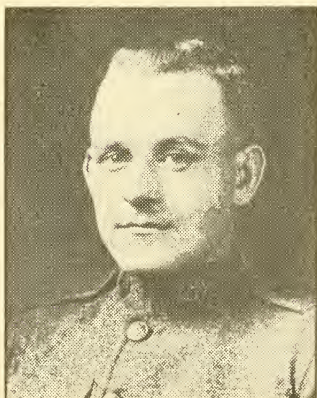
LIEUT. CHARLES T. BEAUPRE



LIEUT. JOHN HERLIHY



LIEUT. FRANCIS C. HEYWOOD



LIEUT. PETER MERRIMAN

pipe lines at Camp Bartlett; went overseas as a sergeant in Company D, 104th Infantry, in October, 1917; entered the officers' training school in France in December, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant May 3, 1918; attended a specialist school in automatic weapons; transferred to Headquarters Company, 328th Infantry; transferred to 104th Infantry.

MACDONALD, ALEXANDER—Division Postmaster, 26th Division.

Enlisted in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment, March 20, 1895; promoted to corporal May 3, 1898; served in the Spanish-American War as a corporal, and was discharged November 3, 1898, with the rank of sergeant; elected first lieutenant May 4, 1904; elected captain December 4, 1911; November 1, 1913, elected major; re-entered the service with the rank of first lieutenant, battalion adjutant, November 12, 1913; at the Mexican border in 1916 he was assigned as commander of a casual detachment regiment, and later made assistant to the commander of base headquarters; at Camp Bartlett he was assigned as adjutant of the 2nd Battalion; went overseas with the 104th Infantry in October, 1917; on November 28, 1917, one of his little sons met death from burns; while in France promoted to Divisional Postmaster; received three citations for bravery.

McMAHON, THOMAS J.—Infantry.

Entered the service October 7, 1917; sent to Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Gordon, Ga.; promoted to sergeant; attended an officers' training school and received a commission as second lieutenant April 29, 1918; transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.; arrived overseas in June, 1918.

MANGUM, ANDREW B.—Infantry.

Entered the service May 28, 1917; stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.; transferred to Camp Devens; promoted to sergeant; went overseas in September, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant while in France in November, 1918; transferred to Philippine Islands as an expert in X-ray work; transferred to Russia.

MANLEY, ANTHONY B.—Aviation.

Entered the service June 4, 1917; arrived overseas June 20, 1917, with the American Field Ambulance Unit; stationed on the French front; transferred to the Transportation Service; cited for bravery; received a certificate of service from the French Government; commissioned a second lieutenant in France June, 1918; transferred to Aviation Corps.

MANLEY, DR. J. FRANK—Dental Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant August 15, 1917; stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

MASTERSON, BENJAMIN E.—Infantry.

Entered the Medical Corps March 12, 1918; stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.; transferred to Camp Lee, Va.; transferred to Camp Hancock, Ga., where he was commissioned a second lieutenant of infantry November 17, 1918, and assigned as a machine gun instructor.

MERRIMAN, PETER—Infantry.

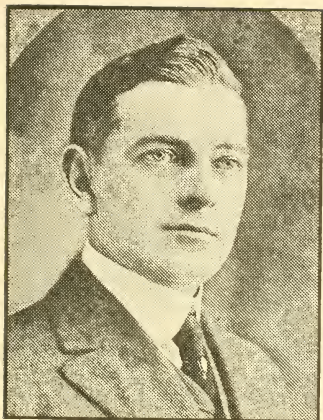
Entered the service in June, 1916, with the supply company, 2d Mass. Regiment; served on the Mexican Border with Company D; went overseas in October, 1917, as a sergeant of the 104th Regimental Supply Company; entered the Officers' Training School in France; commissioned a second lieutenant May 3, 1918; assigned to Company E, 311th Infantry, 27th Division; wounded in action in October, 1918.

METCALF, EARL—Infantry.

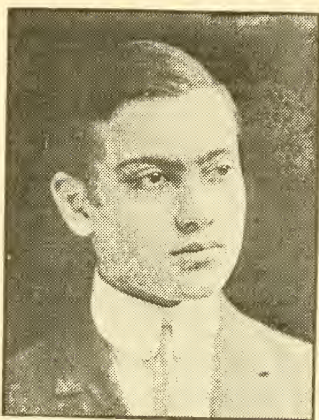
Commissioned a second lieutenant at Plattsburg in August, 1917.

MOORE, EDWIN A.—Ordnance.

Entered the service in December, 1917; stationed at Washington, D. C., promoted to sergeant of ordnance in the Engraving Bureau; commissioned a second lieutenant in motor transportation service September 28, 1918; transferred to Florida.



LIEUT. E. J. STAPLETON



LIEUT. STUART T. HEINRITZ



LIEUT. HAROLD H. BURKHARDT



LIEUT. WALTER E. CROSIER

MOYNIHAN, PATRICK J.—Infantry.

Commissioned a second lieutenant at Plattsburg November 26, 1917; stationed in Ohio; transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.

NEWCOMB, BENJAMIN R.—Ordnance Department.

Entered the service August 22, 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant September 17, 1917; stationed in Washington, D. C.; transferred to Camp Hancock, Ga.; transferred back to Washington as head of Patent Section, Ordnance Department.

O'CONNOR, MICHAEL F.—Infantry.

Entered the service September 21, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to sergeant; entered the Officers' Training School May 15, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant at Camp Lee, Va., August 24, 1918.

O'DONNELL, DR. JAMES R.—Dental Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant February 7, 1918; ordered to Camp Dix, N. J., and later had these orders revoked.

O'NEIL, FRANK J.—Infantry.

Entered the service September 21, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to sergeant; selected to attend Officers' Training School; commissioned a second lieutenant May 1, 1918; transferred to Camp Gordon, Ga.; transferred to University of Nebraska as an instructor.

PAYTON, DR. PATRICK H.—Dental Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant May, 1917; stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

POWERS, JAMES B.—Motor Transportation Corps.

Entered the service June 14, 1917; stationed at Wentworth Institute; commissioned a second lieutenant October, 1917; stationed at Camp Johnston, Fla.; scheduled for overseas duty but was prevented from going by the signing of the armistice.

PRESCOTT, EDWIN C.—Quartermaster Corps.

Entered the service June 4, 1917; stationed at Washington Barracks, with the 6th Engineers; promoted to sergeant; commissioned a second lieutenant in the quartermaster corps.

PROVOST, DR. BENJAMIN—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant October, 1917; assigned to Medical Corps 41st Engineers; stationed at Washington, D. C.

REGAN, MAURICE A.—Infantry.

Entered the service September 21, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to corporal; promoted to sergeant; transferred to Camp Lee, Va.; commissioned a second lieutenant August 28, 1918; transferred to Camp Meade, Md.

RHOADES, HARRY S.—Infantry.

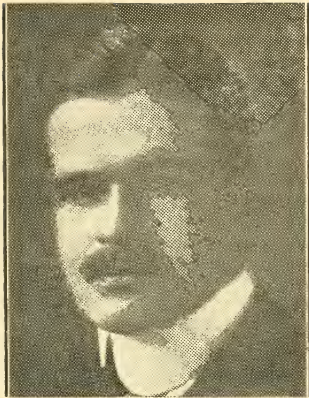
Enlisted in Company D, 2d Massachusetts Regiment, June, 1916; served on the Mexican border; promoted to corporal, and then to sergeant at Camp Bartlett; went overseas with Company D, 104th Infantry; commissioned a second lieutenant in France; transferred to United States Gas Service; was gassed in action.

ROSS, JOHN D.—Army Service Corps.

Entered the service July 23, 1918; stationed at Camp Devens; transferred to engineering corps, Washington, D. C.; commissioned a second lieutenant in the army service corps November 8, 1918; promoted to first lieutenant December 18, 1918.

RYAN, J. RAYMOND—Aviation.

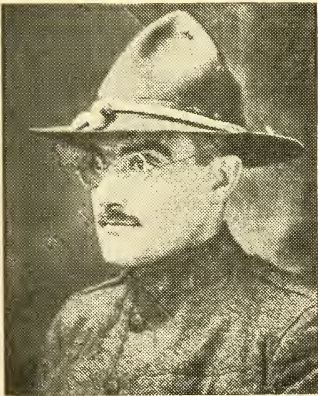
Entered the service in July, 1917; sent to Boston Tech.; transferred to Mineola, L. I.; transferred to Washington, D. C.; commissioned a first lieutenant November 13, 1917; went overseas the same month as did the 10th Foreign Detachment; sent



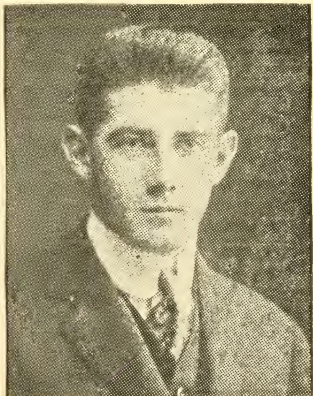
LIEUT. EDWARD W. HUBBARD



LIEUT. ANTHONY MANLEY



LIEUT. O. B. HASTINGS



LIEUT. CHARLES H. SEARS

to Italy for training; transferred to a bombing squad; returned to United States on transport Northern Star, which was stranded on the rocks on Fire Island.

SACHS, EDWARD A.—Chemical Warfare Service.

Entered the service in June, 1917, as a junior chemist in the Bureau of Mines, Washington, D. C.; commissioned a second lieutenant October 14, 1918; transferred to American Experiment Station.

SANDERSON, JAMES W.—Aviation.

Entered the service December, 1917, after two attempts to enter Plattsburg; stationed at Cornell; transferred to Dallas, Texas; transferred to Mineola, L. I.; commissioned a first lieutenant September, 1918, and made a pursuit pilot; transferred to San Antonio, Texas; transferred to California.

SEARS, CHARLES H.—Infantry.

Commissioned a second lieutenant August 11, 1917, at Madison Barracks, New York; stationed at Camp Merritt, N. J.; went overseas with the Expeditionary Forces.

SENIOR, DR. PHILIP—Ordnance.

Commissioned a second lieutenant, 1st Battery, 2nd New York Regiment; commissioned a first lieutenant in May, 1917, in the Ordnance Department August 13, 1917, after a three months' course at Plattsburg.

SPENCER, THADDEUS H.—Engineers' Reserve Corps.

Entered the service May 19, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant October 30, 1918; assigned to Company B, 6th Regiment.

STACK, WILLIAM A.—Field Artillery.

Entered the service in October, 1917; promoted to sergeant; attended the Field Artillery School of Instruction; commissioned a first lieutenant July 12, 1918, in France; assigned to Battery C, 175th Field Artillery; cited for bravery in action and decorated with Distinguished Service Medal.

STAPLETON, E. J.—Ordnance Department.

Entered the service August 8, 1917, with the rank of corporal of ordnance; stationed at Watertown Arsenal; promoted to sergeant and transferred to Hoboken, N. J.; commissioned a second lieutenant October 18, 1918.

STIMPSON, E. ALBION—Engineers.

Commissioned a first lieutenant August 1, 1917; assigned to Company C, 5th Engineer Train, E. O. R. C.

ST. GEORGES, DR. WILFRED M.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant July 23, 1918; stationed at Camp Wadsworth, S. C.; attached to 5th Pioneer Infantry; transferred to Camp Dix, N. J.

TARDY, ALBERT, JR.—Infantry.

Went to Ardgay, Scotland, with Saw Mill Unit No. 10, in June, 1917; discharged in June, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant in September, 1918; stationed at Camp Devens.

WARNER, FREDERICK H. J.—Aviation.

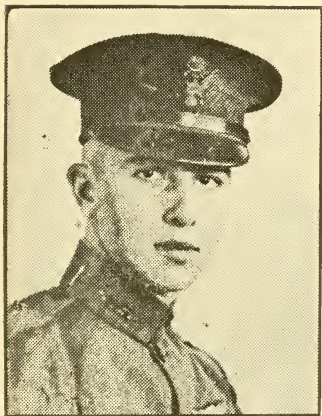
Commissioned a first lieutenant December 1, 1917, at Plattsburg; assigned to Champaign, Ill.

WEISER, RICHARD M.—Coast Artillery Corps.

Entered the service May 21, 1917, in the Medical Department, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment; went overseas in October, 1917, with the Medical Company, 104th Infantry; cited for bravery in action, and awarded the Croix de Guerre; commissioned a second lieutenant in the Coast Artillery Corps in October, 1918.

WETHERELL, DR. BRYANT D.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant June 29, 1918; assigned to Base Hospital No. 2 at Garden City, L. I.



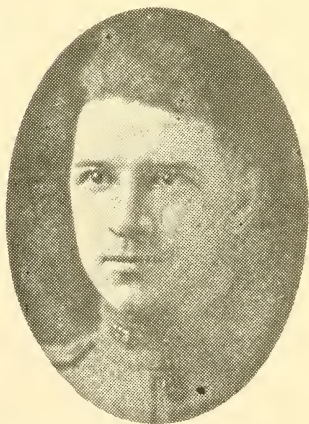
LIEUT. BURTON A. GALLUP



LIEUT. HARRY S. RHOADS



LIEUT. RICHARD M. WEISER



LIEUT. EDWARD HALLISSEY.

WILLIAMS, FAY W.—Aviation.

Entered Plattsburg in August, 1917; after a month's training was transferred to Fortress Monroe Coast Artillery School, where he received his commission as first lieutenant in November, 1917; went overseas with four hundred volunteer officers in December, 1917; attended various officers' schools in France; had charge of billeting the 51st and 56th Regiments; was regimental supply officer for a time; volunteered for the air service, and was transferred to Aviation Instruction Centre at Tours; went to the front in September, 1918, as an aerial observer; took part in drives at St. Mihiel, Argonne Forest and Sedan; was in one of the first planes that went over into Luxemburg after the signing of the armistice.

WILMOT, CHARLES—Ordnance Department.

Entered the service in 1916; served at the Mexican border; transferred to Fort Bliss, Texas, as a machine gun instructor; commissioned a second lieutenant January, 1918; assigned to Springfield Arsenal.

WINTERS, EDWARD J.—Marine Corps.

Commissioned a second lieutenant July 17, 1917; stationed at Quantico, Va.; transferred to Philadelphia Naval Yards.

YOUNG, FREDERICK R.—Infantry.

Commissioned a first lieutenant December 15, 1917, at the officers' training school, Fort Sheridan, Ill.; transferred to Camp Grant, Ill., as paymaster.



Holyoke's Naval Officers

CAPTAIN.

HYLAND, JOHN J.—United States Navy.

Graduated from Holyoke High School in 1895; appointed to the Naval Academy in 1896; graduated from Annapolis in 1900 with high honors; passed through the usual service routine until he was appointed to the supervision of the oil fuel experiments at the navy yard in Philadelphia; his work here was of very high order; was promoted to commander June 9, 1917, and on August 12, 1918, was promoted to captain; assigned to the command of the Cleveland, which was in convoy service.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER.

CROSIER, CHARLES R.—United States Navy.

Entered the Naval Reserves May 20, 1917; was at that time employed by the Standard Oil Company as a marine engineer; for a time was in the government lighthouse service on the Great Lakes; commissioned a lieutenant March 29, 1918; commissioned a lieutenant-commander May 20, 1918, and left for overseas duty.

LIEUTENANTS.

BENHARD, DR. ALBERT H.—United States Navy.

Commissioned a lieutenant May 23, 1918, and appointed assistant surgeon; stationed at Great Lakes Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill.

BRADY, DR. WILLIAM F.—United States Naval Reserves.

Commissioned a junior lieutenant September 7, 1918, and appointed assistant surgeon, but was not called into service.

EIDMAN, FRANK L.—United States Navy.

Commissioned an ensign at Aviation Engineers' School, Columbia University; was officer in charge; organized school for advanced machinists' mates at Great Lakes Training Station.



CAPTAIN JOHN HYLAND.

GARLAND, MICHAEL—United States Navy.

Entered the service March 2, 1902, as an apprentice seaman; commissioned an ensign in January, 1917; stationed at Charlestown Navy Yards; promoted to lieutenant in December, 1917.

McCORKINDALE, ROY E.—United States Navy.

Commissioned a junior lieutenant March, 1917; appointed assistant civil engineer; stationed at Washington, D. C.; transferred to Vallejo, Mare Island, Cal.

ENSIGNS.**BARTLETT, F. T.**—United States Navy.

Entered the service in June, 1917; commissioned an ensign in August, 1918; stationed at Brooklyn Navy Yard.

BEGLEY, JOHN S.—United States Naval Aviation.

Entered the service as a landsman quartermaster (naval air) December 23, 1917; stationed at Charlestown Navy Yard; transferred to Pensacola, Fla., where he entered the Naval Aviation School; transferred to Massachusetts Institute of Technology; promoted to cadet; acting instructor in machine gunnery at M. I. T.; commissioned an ensign in July, 1918.

BUCKLEY, FRANK L.—United States Navy.

Commissioned an ensign October 13, 1917, and appointed assistant paymaster, while taking a military course at Plattsburg; attached to U. S. S. Susquehanna in foreign waters.

BURNS, JAMES E.—United States Navy.

Entered the service in April, 1917; stationed at Newport, R. I., Training School; commissioned an ensign May 1, 1918.

CRONIN, JOHN A.—United States Navy.

Entered the service May, 1917; stationed at Newport, R. I.; transferred to New London, Conn.; commissioned an ensign January 19, 1918, at Annapolis; attached to U. S. S. Kentucky.

EGER, EDWARD—United States Navy.

Entered the service in 1910 as a machinist mate; promoted to warrant machinist October 4, 1916; attached to U. S. S. Bridge; commissioned an ensign in July, 1917; promoted to ensign engineer January 31, 1918; transferred to mine-laying squadron U. S. S. Black Hawk.

GERAN, GEORGE P.—United States Merchant Marine.

Entered the service October, 1917, as a machinist in the Naval Aviation; commissioned an ensign and transferred to the United States Merchant Marine service.

JUDGE, C. JOHN—United States Navy.

Entered the service in June, 1918; commissioned an ensign; stationed at Carnegie Institute at Pittsburg, Pa., studying steam turbines.

PETERSON, MANGUS F.—United States Navy.

Entered the service in January, 1918; commissioned an ensign May 4, 1918; appointed assistant paymaster; previous to entering the naval service was a Y. M. C. A. secretary at Camp Devens; detailed to special cost inspection work at Bethlehem Ship Building Corporation at Quincy; transferred to Wollaston.

WALSH, MAURICE—United States Navy.

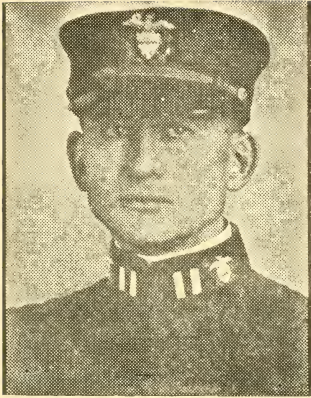
Commissioned an ensign May 31, 1918.

VINING, MERRITT A.—United States Naval Aviation.

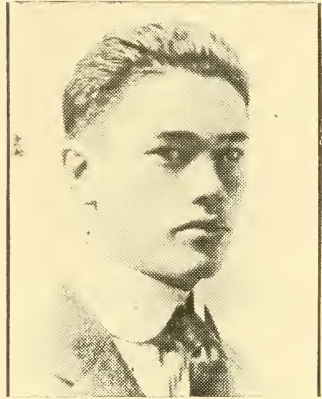
Entered the service November 23, 1917; assigned to United States Naval Reserves Flying Corps; commissioned an ensign.

NAVIGATING OFFICER.**ROCHFORD, WILLIAM**—United States Merchant Marine.

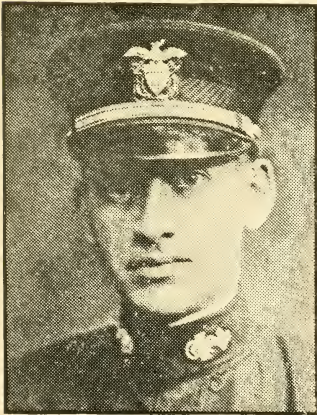
Served in the navy from 1907 to 1910; entered Plattsburg August, 1917; called into Merchant Marine Service, and later promoted to navigating officer.



LIEUT.-COM. CHARLES CROSIER



ENSIGN GEORGE P. GERAN



ENSIGN JOHN JUDGE



ACE EDWIN PARSONS

Officers in Allied Service

ACE.

PARSONS, EDWIN C.—(French Air Service.)

First air work in Mexico, when he served for Villa in the campaigns against Carranza; went overseas in 1915 and joined the Lafayette Escadrille; on September 4, 1917, captured his third German plane (official), and was cited to receive the war cross; credited with being one of the most clever "circus" performers in the Escadrille; returned to the United States in November, 1917, for a three weeks' rest; arrived back in France March 6, 1918, and brought down his fourth enemy plane a few days later to celebrate his return; in May, 1918, brought down the fifth plane; won a military medal and named officially an ace; shot down his sixth plane in August, 1918, and his seventh September 29, 1918.

CAPTAIN.

FOERSTER, DR. JOHN F. C.—(Canadian Medical Corps.)

Commissioned a captain in the Canadian Medical Corps June 17, 1918; reported for duty in Canada September 10, 1918.

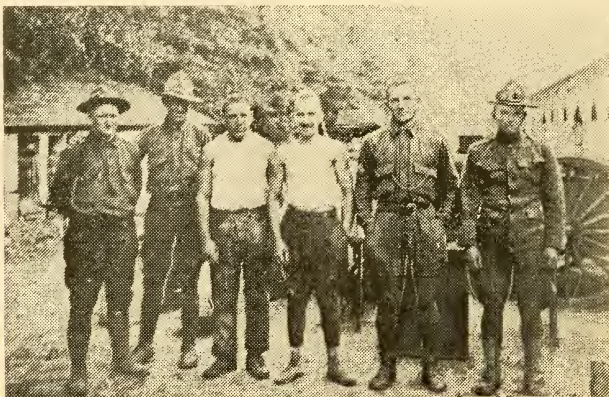
LIEUTENANT.

FOSTER, THOMAS—(British Field Artillery.)

Entered the service in 1916 with the British Field Battery; won promotion to the rank of lieutenant for bravery in action; buried by shell explosion; escaped with minor injuries; gassed in action.

NARDI, FRANK—(Italian Infantry.)

Entered the service September, 1914; commissioned a lieutenant January 6, 1915; wounded January 15, 1915; taken prisoner by the Germans January 24, 1915, after he had taken command on the death of his captain; attempted to escape from prison camp at Mulhauser; recaptured after being at large four days.



Left to right:—Charles McDonnell, James Kidnay, Ulric Ruel, Martin McAlpine, John Sullivan, John Sweeney.

—In a French Village.

Holyoke Men in the Service

Army

ABBOTT, HAROLD F., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum. Transferred to Camp Ostisville, N. Y.

ABELEIN, GEORGE F., Corporal, 618th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 12, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas.

ABELEIN, HERMAN C., Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service December 12, 1917.

ALBERT, FRED C., Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service July 3, 1918.

ABRAHAM, HERMAN G., Private, 2nd Separate Company, Depot Brigade, Artillery. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ADAMS, CLYDE, Private, Springfield Technical School. Entered service July 11, 1918.

AHNERT, WALTER, Private, Depot Brigade. Stationed at Camp Devens.

AHEARN, CORNELIUS E., Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps, Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum.

AHEARN, RALPH J., Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 23, 1917.

AIKEN, HAROLD F., Private, Company A, 5th Battalion, Forestry Engineers. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

AITKENS, JAMES A. F., Sergeant, Tank Corps. Entered service May 24, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Tobyanna, Pa. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

AITCHISON, JAMES G., Private, Battery 9, L. F. R. D. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

AITCHISON, GEORGE W., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service June 4, 1918. With the American Expeditionary Forces. In hospital with pneumonia.

ALBEN, CHESTER H., Private, Company A, Motor Truck Division, 1st Regiment Supply Train. Entered service December 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ALDERMAN, PAUL, Private, 330th Battalion. Entered service April 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Colt, Gettysburg, Pa. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

ALEXANDER, THOMAS, Sergeant, 268th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 17, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

ALIX, ARMAND V., Private, Company F, 102d Regiment, Field Artillery. With the American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded and gassed July 22, 1918.

ALLARD, ROMEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service July, 1917.

ALLEN, HEYWOOD H., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ALLEN, CARL M., Corporal, Medical Corps. Entered service July 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. American Red Cross Military Unit Hospital No. 1.

ALLEN, AMEDEE, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ALLEN, JOHN R., Private, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 16, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ALLENS, EMIL, Private, United States Army. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

ALLEY, EDGAR, Private, 74th Machine Gun Company. Entered service August, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ALLYN, STEWART R., Sergeant, 4th Division Sanitary Corps, 77th Field Artillery Medical Corps. Entered service June 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Greene, N. C., Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Minn. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. On duty in the French Alps.

ALMOND, HARRY, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 22, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

ALMOND, JAMES H., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

ALTMAN, JACOB, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 19, 1916. Mexican Border Service. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. At base censor office.

AMIR, ALEX A., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

ANASTOPOLOUS, DEMETRIOUS, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 17, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Wounded in action.

ANDERS, ALBERT H., Private, Detachment No. 1, 566th Signal Corps. Entered service March 8, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

ANDERSON, GEORGE B., Private, 29th Division Medical Corps. Stationed at Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala.

ANSON, NORMAN D., Corporal, Company A, Second Corps, Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum.

ANTHONY, LEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service November, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ARCHAMBAULT, RANDOLPH, Private, Company H, C. A. C., 71st Artillery. Entered service March 13, 1918.

ARCHAMBAULT, SERAFIN, Corporal, 2nd Cavalry Band. Entered service February, 1918. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. With American Expeditionary Forces.

AREL, THEOPHILE, Private, F Troop, Cavalry 5. Entered service March 1, 1918.

ARENKOWITCH, JOSEPH, Private, Company 17, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service June 17, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

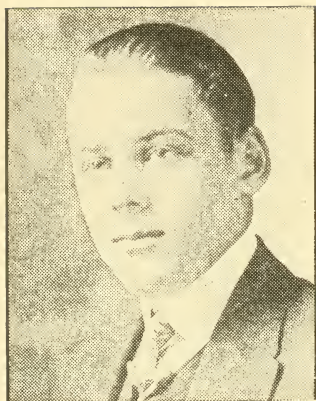
ARMITAGE, JOHN H., Private, Truck Company, 3192566 Motor Company. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ARMSTRONG, C. C., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With the American Expeditionary Forces.

ARMSTRONG, HENRY, Private, Battery A, C. A. C. Artillery. Entered service March 18, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ARMSTRONG, JOSEPH H., Private, Company K, 42nd Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ARMSTRONG, RALPH H., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 23, 1916. Mexican border service. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action, July 11, 1918.



JOHN G. McNAUGHT



ALFRED J. CHOUQUETTE



JOHN D. LAFLESH



JAMES BUCKLEY

ARNITZ, CHARLES J., Private, Infantry. Entered service July 18, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ARSENAULT, PASCAL, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 20, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, N. Y.

ASHE, ELMER C., Private, Company A, 36th Machine Gun Company. Entered service July 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ASHE, JOHN F., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August, 1917. Stationed at Camp Merritt, N. J.

ASHWOOD, NELSON J., Private, Company V. S. G., 35th Battalion, Medical Corps. Entered service April 29, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

ASKEN, ROBERT R., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 16, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ASLN, SAM, Private, United States Army.

AUBERTIN, CHARLES, Private, Company B, 35th Machine Gun Battalion, Artillery. Entered service July 22, 1918.

AUBUCHON, PETER, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Portland, Me.

AULD, ALEXANDER B., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 1, 1916. Mexican border service. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Returned to United States as instructor, and stationed at Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala.

AUBERTIN, CHARLES, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

AUTHIER, EMILE, Corporal, 7th F. A. R. D. Entered service May 28, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

AUTHIER, LOUIS P., Private, 303d Heavy Field Artillery. Entered service September 19, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

EVERETT F., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 5, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BACHAND, EMERILE, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C.

BACKUS, GEORGE, Private, 4th Company, Training Battalion, 16th Infantry. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

BADER, CHARLES J., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 22, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BADER, MORRIS J., Private, Company L, 2nd Prov. Regiment. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

BAGG, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 14, 1918. Stationed at Camp Zackary Taylor, Ky.

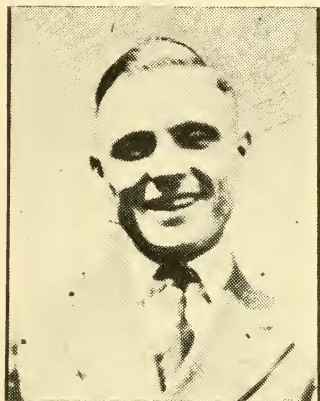
BAGG, ROBERT, Sergeant, Chemical Warfare Service, Ordnance Corps. Entered service March 23, 1918. Stationed at Stamford, Conn.

BAILLARGEON, EUCLYDE, Private, Company A, 101st Engineers. Entered service September 8, 1917.

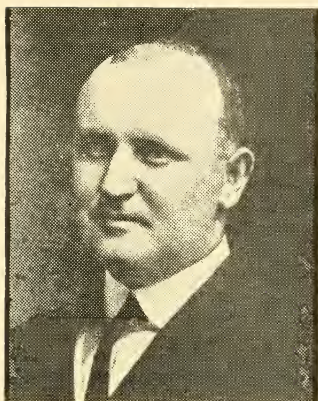
BAILLARGEON, LEO, Corporal, Company D, 47th Infantry. Entered service June, 1917. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action October 14, 1918.

BAIRD, ELWOOD J., Private, Company H, Signal Corps. Entered service October 14, 1917.

BAKER, ARTHUR, Private, 308th Regiment, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service October, 1917



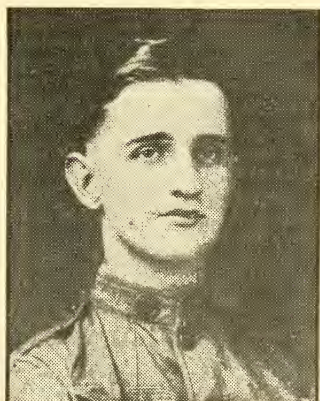
JAMES COLLINS



FRANCIS H. THORPE



STEPHEN ZUCK



FRANCIS DOWD

BAKER, FRED J., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service, 1916. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BAKER, JAMES J., Private, 5th Company, 2nd Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service September 18, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BAKER, JOHN, Private, Ambulance Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BAKER, NICHOLAS A., Private, 1st Company, Military Police. Entered service October 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BALDWIN, ANTHONY, Private, United States Army. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BANCROFT, WILLIAM H., Private, Supply Troop, 2nd Cavalry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BARON, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BARNETT, CHARLES J. T., Private, Company A, 330th Battalion, Medical Corps. Entered service May 1, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BARNETT, EDWARD W., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service October 4, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Bartlett, Mass. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

BARNETT, WILLIAM T., Private, Company B, Military Police, 12th Division. Entered service July 12, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BARRETT, EDWARD T., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service November 30, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Severely wounded in action October 17, 1918.

BARRETT, EDWARD, Private, Field Artillery. Entered service February 26, 1918.

BARRETT, FRANK J., Sergeant, Company E, 57th Regiment. Entered service September 26, 1906. Stationed in Texas.

BARRETT, MYLES, Private, 2nd Detachment Veterinary Corps. Entered service October 7, 1917.

BARSALOU, FRANK W., Private, Company H, 19th Infantry. Stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

BARSALOU, GEORGE, Private, Company B, 31st Battalion, Artillery. Entered service March 13, 1918.

BARTLETT, BRYANT C., Private, Medical Corps, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 17, 1917. Stationed at Camp Bartlett. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BASSETT, HAROLD R., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Humphries, Va.

BACHELOR, GEORGE, Private, Motor Corps, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BAULNE, LEO, Private, Battery C, 3d Field Artillery. Entered service May 20, 1918.

BAUM, MILTON, Private, 32nd Company, 1st Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BAUSCH, ROBERT C., Corporal, Company C, 321st Machine Gun Company. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. Later with the American Expeditionary Forces.

BAZAN, NICHOLAS, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BAZINET, RUDOLPH, Private, Company E, 212th Engineers. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.



JOSEPH COMEAU



ERNEST ROY



PETER GATELY



GEORGE BOLDWAY

BEAN, HAROLD F., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BEARS, GEORGE, Sergeant, Ordnance Department. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C. Transferred to Camp Hancock, Ga.

BEAUCHAMP, ARMAND, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BEAUCHAMP, HERMAS, Private, Wagoner 315th American Training Company A. Entered service May 1, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute, Mass. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BEAUCHAMP, LEO A., Private, Field Bakery. Entered service September 25, 1918.

BEAUDIN, JEREMIAH, Private, Company A, 69th Engineers. Entered service June 23, 1918.

BEAUDOIN, ADELARD, Private, 36th Headquarters, Signal Platoon. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BEAUDRY, LEON A., Private, 191st Aero Squadron. Entered service January 23, 1918.

BEAUDRY, VICTOR E., Sergeant, 55th Aero Squadron. Entered service July 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BEAULAC, PHILIP, Private, Company B, 35th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BEAULIER, JOHN, Private, Medical Department, 7th Regiment, C. A. C. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BEAUPRE, ALFRED J., Corporal, 66th Aero Squadron. Entered service August 1, 1917.

BEAUPRE, FRANCIS X., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BEAUREGARD, CHARLES, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BEAUREGARD, EUDGERE, Private, 12th Company, 3d Battalion. Entered service October 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

BEAUREGARD, JOSEPH, Private, 21st Company. Entered service March 4, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BEAUREGARD, RAYMOND A., Private, Company K, 73d Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

BEAUVAIS, ERNEST A., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 24, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BECHARD, SAMUEL J., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 21, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

BECK, RAYMOND J., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

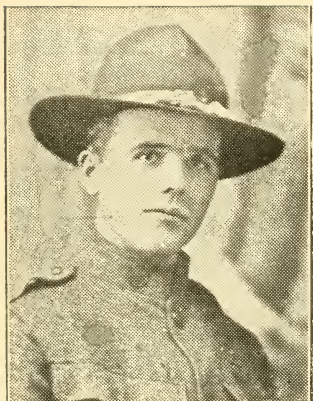
BEDARD, GEORGE, Private, Company E, 39th Infantry. Entered service February 2, 1917. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

BEGLEY, THOMAS F., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service April 17, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BELAIRE, HARVEY, Private, Ordnance, 152nd Depot Brigade. Entered service December 12, 1917.

BELANGER, AMIE, Corporal, Tank Corps, 3d Battalion, Company A. Entered service July 15, 1918. Stationed at Springfield Technical School.

BELANGER, EDWARD, Private, 307th Headquarters Supply Division. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.



JOHN LUCCHESI



RAYMOND LANCTO



HENRY F. McGRATH



JAMES J. KELLY

BELANGER, OSCAR, Private, Company B, 12th Regiment. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BELISLE, ADELARD, Private, 35th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BELISLE, EDWARD, Private, Battery G, C. A. C. Entered service April 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BELL, FRANK, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service June, 1918.

BELL, JOSEPH D., Private, Company B, 12th Military Police. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BELL, RICHARD H., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service January 25, 1918. Stationed at Springfield Armory.

BELL, WALTER, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BELLEFEUILLE, NAPOLEON D., Private, Headquarters Company, 41st Artillery. Entered service June 9, 1918. Stationed at Camp Eustis, Va.

BELLEROSE, JOSEPH N., Private, Battery D, 102d F. A. Entered service September 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BELLIVEAU, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum.

BELLIVEAU, JOSEPH, Private, Band, Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BENNETT, JOHN S., Private, Aero Squadron No. 870. Entered service March 18, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

BERDACHOWSKE, WLADISLAW, Private, No. 7 Bakery, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service February 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Green.

BERGER, HARRY, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 15, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum.

BERGERON, LEON, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BERGMAN, WILLIAM F., Private, 2nd Casuals, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BERKOWITZ, ISADORE, Corporal, Motor Mechanics Regiment. Entered service February 14, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BERKOWITZ, MILTON, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 25, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BERNARD, GEORGE J., Private, 1st Depot Brigade. Entered service May 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BERNARD, JOSEPH L., Private, 36th Company. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BERNIER, ARTHUR, Private, Battalion A, 33rd Artillery, C. A. C. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BERNIER, JOHN, Private, Company B, 306th Infantry. Entered service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BERNIER, NAPOLEON, Private, Company D, 58th Infantry. Entered service March 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BERTHIAUME, OSCAR, Private, United States Army.

BESSETT, RAOUL M., Private, 13th Cavalry. Entered service August 8, 1918.



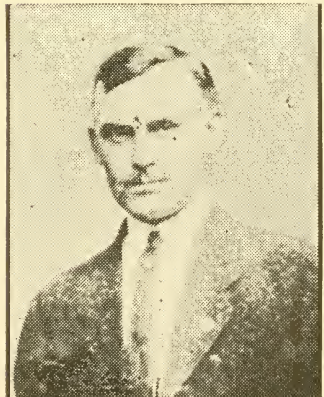
ARCHIE HERTZMARK



HENRY D. READ



ALFRED D. DUROCHER, JR.



JAMES LOUDEN

BESSETTE, ERNEST, Private, United States Army.

BESSETTE, OLIVER, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 17, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BLALAS, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service November 27, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BIBEAU, DONAT, Private, Troop E, 12th Cavalry. Stationed at Columbus, N. M.

BIBEAU, FRANK J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service December 17, 1917.

BIBEAUTE, JOHN, Private, United States Army.

BIEBER, HARRY P., Sergeant, 76th U. S. Field Artillery. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. Transferred to Camp Shelby, Miss. Later with 150th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action November 2, 1918.

BIENVENUE, ANTONIO, Private, United States Army. Entered service May, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BIENVENUE, OSCAR G., Private, Signal Corps. Enlisted December, 1917.

BIGGINS, THOMAS, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

BIGGINS, WILLIAM, Private, Battery E, 10th Field Artillery. Entered service May 24, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BILODEAU, GEORGE N., Private, Military Police, 1st Army Headquarters. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Greene, N. C.

BINGLER, EUGENE, Private, United States Guards, Company A, 1st Battalion. Stationed at Long Wharf, Boston, Mass.

BIRNIE, ANDREW H., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service March 10, 1916. Mexican border service. With the American Expeditionary Forces.

BIRON, FERDINAND, Private, United States Army.

BLACKWELL, JAMES R., Private, United States Army.

BLAIR, HOMER, Private, 10th Regiment, Radio School. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Gordon, S. C.

BLAIS, ALBERT, Private, Headquarters Company, 9th Infantry. Entered service December 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Awarded Croix de Guerre for bravery in action.

BLAIS, ALFRED, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BLAKELY, WILLIAM E., Private, Quartermaster Corps. United States Army.

BLANCHARD, EDWARD, Private, United States Army. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BLANCHETTE, AIMEE, Private, Company E, 307th Supply Train. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga. Entered service September 2, 1917.

BLANCHETTE, ALEXANDER, Private, Det. B, 106th A. S. R. S. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, N. Y.

BLANCHETTE, LEO J., Private, Battery A, Artillery C. A. C. Entered service April 3, 1918.

BLIGH, FRANK J., Corporal, United States Army. Philippine Islands service. Stationed later at San Francisco, Cal.

BLEUMER, FRED W., Sergeant, Company E, 305th Engineers. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed. Wounded in action. Returned to Company.



LIONEL J. GAGNON



FRANK O'BRIEN



RAYMOND O'CONNELL



ALBERT LADOUCEUR

BLEUMER, RAYMOND JOHN, Private, Company A, 504th Engineer Service Battalion. With the American Expeditionary Forces.

BLUENKE, FRED, Private, United States Army.

BOARDWAY, FRANK E., Corporal, Battery D, 34th Artillery, C. A. C. Entered service July 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BOBER, PETER J., Corporal, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service May 7, 1918. Stationed at Camp Stanley, Texas.

BOGGIO, GUIDO C., Private, Company I, 302d Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOISVERT, WILFRED, Private, Medical Department, 8th Regiment. Entered service June 1, 1918.

BOLDUC, ALFRED, Private, Battery A, 47th Artillery, C. A. C. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BOLDUC, GEORGE, Corporal, Tank Corps. Stationed at Camp Raleigh, N. C.

BOLDWAY, GEORGE F., Bugler, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action twice.

BOLTER, ARTHUR L., Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BONACKER, ALEXANDER, JR., Private, Mechanics, 327th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Kelly Field, Texas.

BONNEAU, JOSEPH A., Sergeant-major, 221st Aero Training Squadron. Entered service August, 1917.

BONNEAU, ODDILION J., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 30, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BONNEVILLE, GEORGE R., Private, 12th Division Military Police. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOSSIERE, LORENZO, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOUCHER, ALFRED W., Private, Battery E, 58th Field Artillery. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BOUCHER, GEORGE G., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 31, 1918.

BOUCHER, THEODORE, Private, Battery E, 3rd Field Artillery, R. D. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

BOUDREAU, ALEX, Sergeant, Machine Gun Company, 104th Infantry. Entered service March 28, 1918. American Expeditionary Forces. Received Distinguished Service Medal for bravery in action.

BOUDREAU, ANTONIO J., Private, C. A. C. Entered service May 27, 1918. Entered service May 31, 1918.

BOUDREAU, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service March, 1918. Stationed at Kelly field Texas.

BOULERICE, JOSEPH R., Private, Truck B, 103d Infantry. Entered service December 13, 1918.

BOUDRIS, GEORGE, Private, 5th Casuals, 3rd M. M. Regiment. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga.

BOURASSA, NAPOLEON J., Private, Cavalry. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred.

BOURQUE, AIME, Private, Medical Department. With American Expeditionary Forces.



CORNELIUS J. CREAN



RAYMOND S. TUCKER



ALEX BOUDREAU



ARCHIE R. PAIRADEE

BOURQUE, ARTHUR, Corporal, 6th Regiment, F. A. R. D. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BOURQUE, OVILA, Machinist, Truck and Wagon Train. Entered service November 26, 1917.

BOURQUE, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 14, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOUTIN, ALFRED J., Corporal, Unit 306, Q. M. R. S. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

BOWE, FRANK J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 20, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded and gassed in action.

BOWE, LAWRENCE C., Private, Medical Department. Entered service January 22, 1918.

BOWERS, FRANK C., Private, United States Army. Entered service April, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOWERS, WILLIAM J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 17, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

BOWLER, JAMES, Private, 3rd Company, Depot Brigade. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Reported wounded severely in action.

BOWLER, PATRICK, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOWLER, STUART M., Private, 310th Company, Troop B, Cavalry. Entered service May, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred.

BOWLER, TIMOTHY, Private, Company A, Machine Gun Battalion. Stationed at Camp Devens. Entered service July 23, 1918.

BOWLER, WILLIAM A., Private, 18th Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOWLES, ALLEN, Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOY, WALTER A., Private, 90th Company, 22nd Rec. Battalion. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

BOYER, EDMOND J., Private, United States Army. Entered service February, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOGIAGE, CHRIS, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BRACH, JACOB, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 3, 1917.

BRACKMAN, GEORGE, Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service June 1, 1917. Stationed at Camp McArthur, Texas.

BRADLEY, JAMES J., Private, Company A, 315th Ammunition Train. Entered service May 1, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute, Mass.

BRADY, JAMES H., Private, Machine Gun Instructor, Ordnance Department. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BRAINERD, G. WINTHROP, Private, Base Hospital No. 9, Medical service, American Expeditionary Forces. Entered service July, 1917.

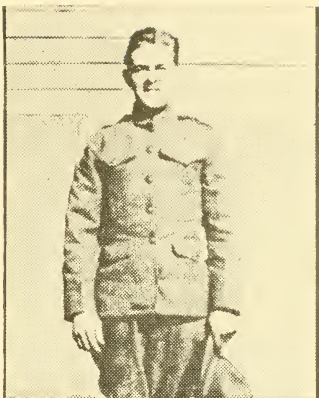
BRANAGAN, JOHN, Private, Company D, 42nd Infantry. Entered service July 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRASSACK, HARRY, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BRASSINGTON, JOHN W., Engineer, Ordnance Department. Entered service April 1, 1918. Stationed at Washington, D. C.



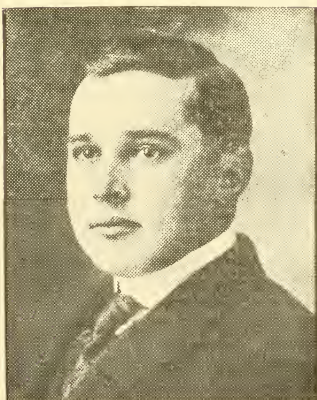
LEONARD E. HILL



EUGENE W. MORIARTY



FREDERICK DOWD



ALBERT E. CAYER

BRASSIL, EDWARD F., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service March 14, 1917. Stationed at Fort Myers, Va. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BRAULT, ADELARD, Private, Company 20, F. H. A. Entered service August 22, 1917.

BRAULT, LOUIS A., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Me.

BREAUULT, ARMAND, Private, United States Army. Entered service April, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRENNAN, THOMAS, Private. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.

BRENNAN, WILLIAM, Private, 36th Infantry, Signal Platoon, Headquarters. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRESNAHAN, CORNELIUS A., Private, 255th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 12, 1917. Stationed at Camp Upon, L. I.

BRESNAHAN, CORNELIUS P., Private, Company B, 8th Balloon Squadron. Stationed at Aviation Camp, Waco, Texas.

BRESNAHAN, EDWARD, Private, 34th Squadron, Aviation. Entered service December 10, 1917.

BRESNAHAN, EDWARD, Private, Cavalry. Entered service May, 1918.

BRESNAHAN, JEREMIAH, Private, Field Hospital, 12th Division. Entered service August 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRESNAHAN, JOHN J., Private, United States Army, Company D, 504th Engineers.

BRESNAHAN, MATTHEW, Private United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRESNAHAN, MICHAEL J., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRESNAHAN, RAYMOND L., Private, Troop E, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 8, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRETON, AIME, Private, Company B, 336th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service June 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

BRETON, FRANCOIS, Private, Troop B, 310th Cavalry. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

BRETSCHNEIDER, WILLIAM M., Private, 18th Company, 5th Battalion. Entered service July 20, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRICK, JEREMIAH, Private, 17th Balloon Company. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

BRIDGES, CHARLES A., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Dental Corps.

BRIDGES, FRED, Private, Company C, 329th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service September 19, 1917. Stationed at Camp Cody, N. M. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

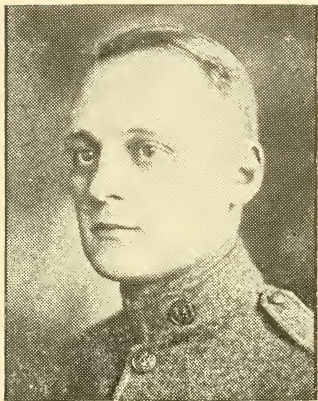
BRIEN, HENRY, Private, C. A. C. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred.

BRIGGS, SAMUEL T., Private, Company 2, U. S. D. B. Guards. Entered service May 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Texas.

BRISSETTE, VICTOR, Private, 16th Regiment, 4th Training Battalion. Entered service July 3, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BRITT, EDWARD P., Private, United States Army.

BRIZARD, ROMEO, Private, Troop C, 310th Cavalry. Entered service May 11, 1918.



VALERE S. LALIBERTI



JOHN RENAUD



WILFRED A. RACICOT



ARTHUR L. WELCH

BRODERICK, THOMAS, Private, Machine Gun Company, 74th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRODERICK, WALTER J., Private, Headquarters Company, 31st Field Artillery. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Meade, Me.

BRODEUR, LEO A., Private, Cavalry. Entered service February 20, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

BRODINSKY, SAMUEL, Private, Battery A, 55th Field Artillery. Entered service December 12, 1917. Stationed at Fort Revere, Mass. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

BROECKER, WILLIAM F., Bugler, Company B, 326th Infantry. Entered service October 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BRONNER, A., Private, Company M, 104th United States Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BROOKSBANK, ARTHUR W., Corporal, Company B, 303d Engineers. Entered service February, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BROUILLET, ALFRED L., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BROUILLETTE, HECTOR R., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 15, 1918. Stationed at Franklin Union Institute, Boston, Mass.

BROW, LEE H., Sergeant-major, United States Army. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga. Formerly in Red Triangle service at New England training camps.

BROWN, AMOS W., Corporal, Ammunition Company. Entered service September 21, 1917.

BROWN, DANIEL G., Private, Company F, 8th Field Artillery. Entered service March 24, 1917.

BROWN, HENRY A., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Severely wounded and gassed in action, September 13, 1918. Cited for bravery.

BROWN, JOHN, Private, 120th Aero Squadron. Entered service October 15, 1917.

BROWN, PETER, Private, Battery E, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service June 3, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded and gassed in action.

BROWN, WALTER J., Private, United States Army.

BROWN, WILFRED M., Private, United States Army. Entered service March 4, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BROWNE, JOHN H., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRUNEAULT, JOSEPH C., Private, C. A. C. Entered service June 25, 1918.

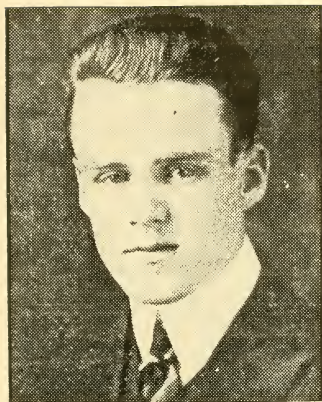
BRUNELL, FRANK X., Private, Infantry, United States Army. Entered service April 30, 1917.

BRUNELLE, LEO J., Private, Company L, 327th Regiment. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

BUCHANAN, JAMES R., Private, Ordnance Department, 3rd Supply Company. Entered service June 3, 1918.

BUCKLEY, FRANK E., Private, 65th C. A. C. Entered service August 13, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

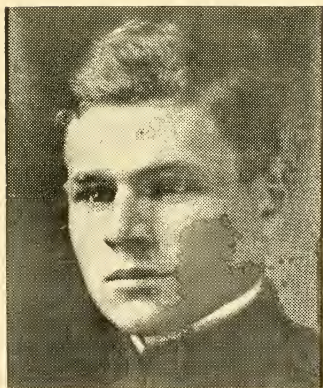
BUCKLEY, JAMES, Sergeant, 80th Field Artillery. Entered service June 12, 1917. Later with G Company, 7th Division, Ambulance Train. With American Expeditionary Forces.



FRED CELCE



ALBERT L'HEUREUX



WILLIAM HOPKINSON



JOHN KALUZA

BUCKLEY, MICHAEL, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BUCKLEY, WILLIAM, Private, 111th Company, 29th Division, Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service May 1, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BUDD, GEORGE, Senior Master Engineer, 309th Engineers. Entered service May, 1917. Stationed at Camp Taylor, Ky. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BUDD, ROWLAND, Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service May, 1917. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

BULLARD, IRVING E., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 15, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BURGE, NAPOLEON, Private, United States Guards. Entered service March 1, 1918.

BURKE, FRANCIS J., Private, Ambulance Service Sanitary Unit 512, Medical Department. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BURKE, JAMES F., Private, C. A. C. Entered service April 24, 1918.

BURKE, JOHN J., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

BURKE, JOHN J., Private, Engineers. Entered service May 17, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BURKE, LEO, Corporal, Company G, 322d Infantry. Entered service May 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action November 11, 1918.

BURKHARDT, EDWIN H., Sergeant, Quartermaster Utilities. Entered service September 21, 1917.

BURKHARDT, HARRY F., Private, United States Army. Entered service September, 1918. Stationed at Camp Raritan, N. J.

BURNETT, DAVID A., Private, Band, U. S. Army. Entered service April, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BURNETT, GEORGE, Private, C. A. C. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum.

BURNETT, HAROLD C., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

BURNETT, JAMES, Private, 20th Field Artillery, Battery E. Stationed at Camp Stanley, Texas.

BURNETT, JOHN, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service March, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

BURNETT, LEON L., Private, United States Army. Entered service June, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

BURNETTE, HARRY J., Private, United States Army. Entered service July, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

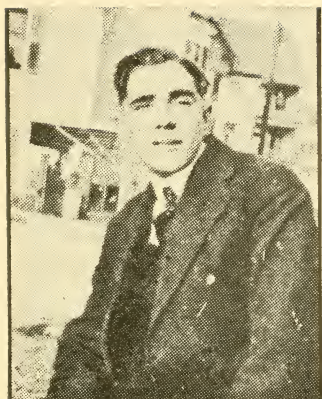
BURNS, ANDREW, Private, Company D, 305th Infantry. Entered service February, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

BURNS, CHRISTOPHER, Private, Machine Gun Company, 36th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BURNS, EDWARD J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 25, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BURNS, GEORGE R., Private, 14th Railway Engineer Corps. Entered service in May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

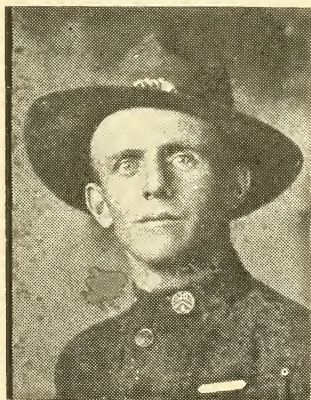
BURNS, HOWARD, Private, Troop L, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service September 22, 1917.



JOHN G. O'CONNOR



EDWARD J. FAY



WILLIAM G. THORPE



HENRY BROWN

BURNS, JAMES F., Private, Company K, 327th Infantry. Entered service September 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BURNS, ROBERT S., Corporal, Machine Gun Company, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 25, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BURNS, TIMOTHY J., Sergeant, Aviation Corps. Entered service March 12, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

BURT, HARRY, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BUSHEY, HENRY, Private, United States Army.

BUSHEY, HONORE, Private, C. A. C. Entered service December 14, 1917.

BUSHWORTH, THOMAS E., Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service December, 1917.

BUTTERFIELD, JOSEPH, Private, 101st Regiment. Entered service September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Bartlett. In France assigned to post office, 26th Division. Erroneously reported missing in action.

BYNAN, LOUIS, Private, Company F, 312th Ammunition Train. Entered service March 11, 1918.

BYNAN, PATRICK J., Private, United States Army. Entered service June, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

BYRNES, JAMES E., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BYRNES, JOHN J., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918.

CABANA, THEODORE T., Private, 2nd Company, 1st Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CADDY, PETER, Private, Company C, 308th Infantry. Entered service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

CADIEUX, FORTUNAT, Corporal, Company C, 321st Infantry. Entered service September, 1917.

CADIGAN, HUGH A., Private, 35th Machine Gun Company, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CADIGAN, MICHAEL, Private, 329th Remount Division. Entered service December 13, 1917.

CADIGAN, MICHAEL J., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CADIGAN, THOMAS, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CADIGAN, WILLIAM, Private, 92d Aero Squadron. Entered service July, 1917. Stationed at Mineola, L. I. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

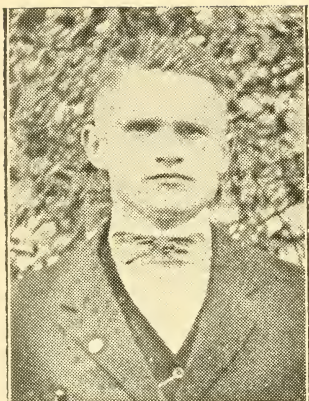
CAHILL, PATRICK, Sergeant, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action, October 12, 1918.

CAIN, ARTHUR W., Private, Company E, 101st Ammunition Train. Entered service April, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CAIN, JOSEPH J., Private, Company F, 6th United States Engineer Corps. Entered service June 2, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CALLAHAN, DAVID, Private, 34th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Waco, Texas.

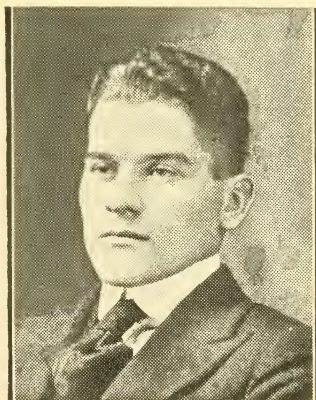
CALLAHAN, EDWARD D., Private, Battery C, 1st Field Artillery. Entered service December 11, 1916. Stationed at Honolulu. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.



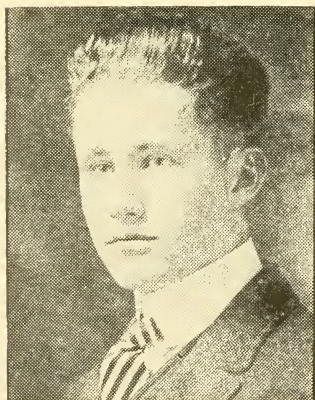
FRANK P. SESCILA



ROLAND E. MORIARTY



MAURICE POWERS



HUGH J. LACEY

CAMERON, GEORGE, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 14, 1917. Stationed at Camp Jackson, Fla. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

CAMPAGNE, ELZEAR J., Private, 101st Engineers. Entered service September 23, 1917. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

CAMPION, EDWARD, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CANNON, PATRICK J., Private, United States Army.

CANOVA, HUGH C., Sergeant, G. M. C. Detachment. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

CAOUCETTE, JOSEPH A., Private, Aviation. Entered service March 20, 1918.

CARDIN, GASTON, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 23, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CARDINAL, HENRY, Private, Infantry, United States Army. Entered service July 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CARDINAL, WILFRED L., Private, Infantry, United States Army. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

CAREY, JAMES R., Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CAREY, JOHN J., Private, 320th United States Infantry. Entered service November, 1917. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

CARLIN, ADAM, Private, Company D, 103rd Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Served on Mexican border with 1st New Hampshire Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

CARLINSKY, LOUIS, Private, United States Army. Entered service June, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CARMEL, ALVARIS J., Private, Medical Corps, U. S. Base Hospital No. 102. Entered service March 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. (Italian Front.)

CARMEL, HENRY D., Private, Medical Corps, U. S. Base Hospital No. 102. Entered service March 27 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. (Italian Front.)

CARMODY, THOMAS J., Sergeant, Ordnance. Entered service September 15, 1917.

CARON, STEPHEN, Private, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CARROLL, ALFRED, Sergeant, 76th Division. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

CARROLL, GEORGE, Corporal, United States Marines. Stationed at Paris Island, S. C. Entered service November 20, 1917.

CARROLL, TIMOTHY, Private, 5th Company, 2nd Battalion. Entered service September 4, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CARROLL, TIMOTHY, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CARTER, GEORGE S., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service June 15, 1918.

CARTER, THOMAS, Private, 72d Aero Squadron. Entered service August, 1917.

CASEY, WILLIAM P., Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Officers' Training School, Camp Stanley, Texas.



JOSEPH E. O'CONNOR



EDMUND C. LINCOURT



GEORGE M. McCARTHY



PAUL L. STEC

CASSIDY, EDMUND J., Private, 1st Artillery. Entered service October 23, 1918.

CASSIDY, HENRY F., Private, Headquarters Troop, 4th Cavalry. Entered service May, 1917. Stationed at Camp Greene, N. C.

CASSIDY, JAMES J., Private, 7th Aero Squadron. Entered service July 8, 1918. Stationed at Fort Sherman.

CASTONGUAY, JOSEPH, Private, 327th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 1, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

CATHRO, DAVID E., Private, 90th Company, 22nd Battalion. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

CAULEY, HARRY D., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May, 1916. Mexican border service. With the American Expeditionary Forces.

CAULEY, JOHN F., Sergeant, 31st Company, Depot Brigade. Entered service October 17, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Officers' Training School, Camp Lee, Va.

CAVANAUGH, LAWRENCE J., Sergeant-major, Headquarters. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CAYER, ALBERT E., Private, Ordnance Department. Entered service December 12, 1917. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

CAYHUE, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Fort Bliss.

CELCE, FREDERICK WILLIAM, Sergeant, Medical Department, 104th Infantry. Entered service April, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Transferred to office of surgeon-general.

CHALIFOUX, ARTHUR, Private, C. A. C. Entered service December 3, 1917.

CHALIFOUX, EUGENE, Private, C. A. C. Entered service December 3, 1917.

CHALMERS, CHARLES C., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December, 1917.

CHALMERS, LEON W., Company B, 12th Military Police. Entered service July 22, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CHAMPAGNE, HARRY, Sergeant, Company C, 7th U. S. Engineers. Entered service June 9, 1917. Stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CHAMPAGNE, HENRY S., Private 46th Company, 12th Battalion. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CHAMPAGNE, JOSEPH, Private, Engineer Corps, 7th Regiment. Stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

CHAMPIGNY, ALBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CHAMPIGNY, DOLPHIS, Private, Battery B, 16th Battalion. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CHAPIN, GEORGE E., Private, 18th Company, Depot Brigade. Stationed at Camp Devens.

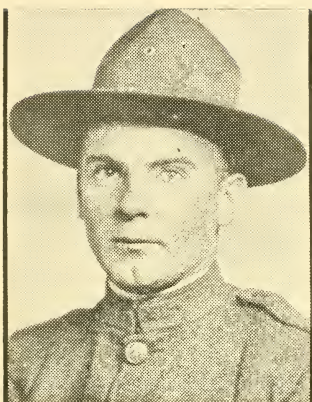
CHAPIN, WHITMAN, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

CHAPUT, EUGENE A., Private, 36th Balloon Company, Air Service. Entered service March 5, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

CHAREST, ARTHUR, Private, 5th Company, 2nd Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CHAREST, WILLIAM, Corporal, Company L, 38th Infantry.

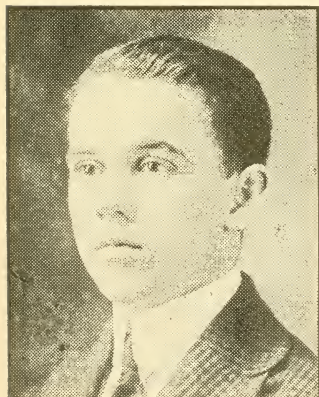
CHARON, ALFRED, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.



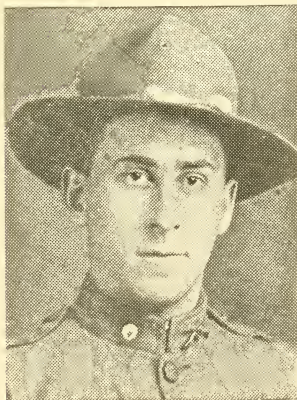
JOHN J. HICKEY



JOHN J. GIGUERE



JOHN R. GORDON



SAMUEL LEVENSON

CHARTIER, ALBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 18, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Me.

CHARTIER, ROMEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CHENEVERT, LEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 23, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

CHEVALIER, LOUIS A., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service December 26, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded and gassed.

CHILDS, FRED, Corporal, Company I, 22nd U. S. Infantry. Entered service August 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Niagara, N. Y. Transferred to Governor's Island N. Y.

CHILDS, PRESCOTT, Private, Tank Corps. Entered service May, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

CHINARD, RALPH J., Private, Signal Corps. Entered service April 28, 1917.

CHOUNARD, ARTHUR, Private, Company 18th, 36th Infantry, Signal Corps. Entered service July 22, 1918.

CHOQUETTE, ALFRED J., Color Sergeant, Headquarters, Company W, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1911. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CHOQUETTE, JAMES, Private, Headquarters Company, A. S. C. Entered service April 15, 1918.

CHOQUETTE, MEDRIC H., Private, Supply Company, 305th Infantry. Entered service February 25, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CIEMPA, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CIENTOSKI, WILLIAM, Private, Company F, 30th Infantry.

CLARK, DAVID G., Private, Company D, 16th Battalion, United States Guards. Entered service June, 1918.

CLARK, FORRESTER B., Private, Field Artillery, Third, Battery F. Stationed at Fort Meyer. Transferred to Fort Riley, Kan.

CLARKE, GEORGE, Private, Aviation Corps, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CLARK, HUGH, Private. Enlisted 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CLARK, JOHN F., Private, United States Cavalry.

CLARK, PAUL, Private, Aviation Training. Entered service May 18, 1918. Stationed at Garden City.

CLARK, ROBERT W., Cadet, School of Military Aeronautics, Princeton University, N. J.

CLARK, STEWART S., Private, Chemistry Department. Entered service May 1, 1918.

CLAYTON, JOHN J., Private, 3rd Company, 157th Depot Brigade. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

CLAYTON, WALTER, Corporal, 546th Motor Truck Company, Ordnance Department. Entered service May 18, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute, Boston, Mass.

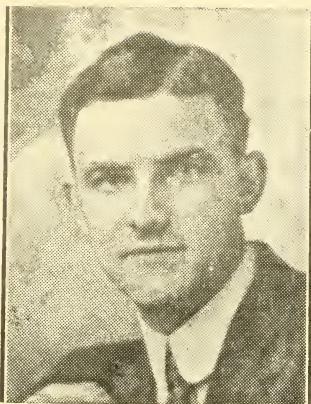
CLEARY, JAMES, Sergeant, Troop F, 16th Cavalry. Entered service May 27, 1913. Stationed at Fort Brown, Texas.

CLEFE, PETER H., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April 9, 1917.

CLEGHORN, JAMES, Private, Troop B, 15th Cavalry. Entered service December 29, 1917.



ALEXANDER A. KURNICK



WILLIAM M. RYAN



PATRICK F. CONWAY



JOHN POWERS

CLEVELAND, LAWTON, Private, 4th Field Artillery. Entered service February 23, 1918. Stationed at Douglas, Ariz.

CLICHE, ALFRED J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service April, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded and gassed.

CLINSKY, CIRIL, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CLOUTIER, ELPHEGE E., Private, Company E, 347th Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

COCHRANE, HUGH, Private, 16th Company, C. A. C. Entered service January 17, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CODERRE, ARTHUR W., Private, Company A, 318th Engineers. Entered service December 10, 1917.

CODERRE, EUGENE S., Corporal, 2nd Company, 3rd Motor Mechanics. Entered service December 12, 1917.

COFFEY, JEREMIAH F., Private, C. A. C. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Me.

COFFEY, JOHN J., Wagoner, 20th Forestry Engineers. Entered service July 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

COHEN, HARRY J., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Cavalry, Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

COLE, CHARLES, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service March 14, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

COLGAN, WILLIAM S., Private, Medical Corps.

COLLINGWOOD, FRANK M., Corporal, 13th Company, 4th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service October, 1917.

COLLINS, ARCHIE, Private, No. 1 Motor Repair, Aviation Corps. Entered service December 12, 1917. Stationed at Camp J. E. Johnson, Jacksonville, Fla.

COLLINS, DANIEL J., Private, Barracks C, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 14, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COLLINS, ERNEST R., Sergeant, 503th Aero Squadron. Entered service November 26, 1917. Stationed at Fort Waco, Texas.

COLLINS, JAMES, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service March 19, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

COLLINS, LUCIEN, Corporal, Company L, 53d Infantry. Entered service May 30, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

COLLINS, PARKER W., Private, Company K, 73rd Infantry. Entered service June 22, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COLLINS, STEPHEN A., Private, Aviation Corps, 446th Aero Squadron. Entered service April 17, 1917. With the American Expeditionary Forces.

COLLINS, THOMAS J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

COLLINS, WILLIAM F., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

COLTON, JOSEPH K., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 6, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

COMEAU, JOSEPH, Bandsman, Headquarters, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery.

COMTOIS, EDGAR, Private, Medical Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

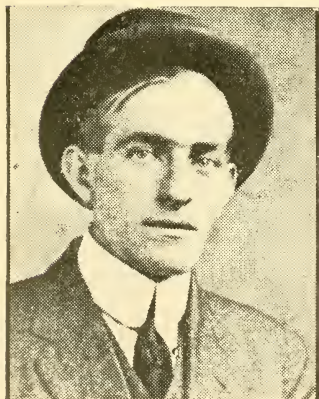
COMTOIS, OSCAR Q., Private, Medical Corps. Stationed at Spartansburg, S. C.



RAYMOND F. MORIARTY



C. F. HARRINGTON



ROBERT L. O'CONNOR



ERNEST H. YOUNG

COMTOIS, VALMORE H., Private, Medical Department, 77th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Stanley, Miss.

CONDON, WILLIAM HENRY, Private, Marine Corps. Entered service July 11, 1918.

CONNELLY, PHILIP J., Private, 13th Company, 4th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CONNERY, SAMUEL J., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y.

CONNORS, DANIEL A., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y. Transferred Animal Investigating Bureau, Charleston, S. C.

CONNORS, FRANCIS P., Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CONNORS, JAMES F., Private, 71st Engineers. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

CONNORS, JOHN, Private, Company 8, Military Police. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CONNOR, THOMAS, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CONNORS, WILLIAM T., Private, Company L, 48th Infantry. Entered service January 8, 1918. Stationed at Newport News, Va.

CONNOR, WILLIAM P., Private, Sanitary Corps, Medical Department. Entered service September 17, 1918. Stationed at Hoboken, N. J.

CONSTANCE, PHILIP J., Private, Medical Department. Entered service January 29, 1918. Stationed at Fort Totten, N. Y.

CONT, ANTONIO, Private, Company A, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Severely wounded in action July 28, 1918.

CONWAY, JOHN, Corporal, Company A, 3rd Battalion, United States Guards. Entered service January 12, 1918. Stationed at Long Wharf, Boston, Mass. Transferred to Springfield Armory, Mass.

CONWAY, PATRICK F., Private, Ammunition Train, 87th Division. Entered service June 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CONWAY, WILLIAM J., Private, Battery B, 2nd Field Artillery. Entered service, 1913.

COOK, HENRY C., Corporal, Remount Station. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COOLEY, CHAUNCEY, Sergeant, Motor Truck Transport Company. Entered service September 1, 1917. Stationed at Fort Cody, N. M.

COOPER, EDWARD N., Private, Battery D, 303rd Field Artillery. Entered service April 21, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COOPER, JOHN, Private, 303d Field Artillery. Entered service May 20, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CORBIELLE, PIERRE, Private, Headquarters Company, 36th Infantry, United States Army. Entered service August 23, 1918.

CORDINGLY, ALBERT, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

COSTELLO, RAYMOND F., Corporal, 7th Field Artillery. Entered service January 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

COSTELLO, WILLIAM, Private, 18th Company, 5th Battalion, Depot Brigade, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COTE, ALPHONSE, Private, Company F, 6th Infantry. Entered service September, 1917. Stationed at Chattanooga, Tenn.



ERNEST J. GORHAM



FRANK LYNCH



JACOB ALTMAN



IRVING BULLARD

COTE, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COTE, JOSEPH R., Private, 18th Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COTE, ULRIC, Private, Ambulance Corps. Entered service July, 1918.

COTTER, PAUL, Wagoner, Supply Company, 9th Field Artillery. Entered service March 22, 1918. Stationed at School of Fire, Fort Sill, Okla.

COUGHLIN, PATRICK A., Private, Military Police. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COUGHLIN, RALPH, Private, C. A. C., United States Army. Entered service March 4, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

COUNIHAN, PATRICK J., Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps. Stationed at Camp Green, N. C.

COUNTER, GEORGE F., Private, Ordnance Department. Entered service February 20, 1918. Stationed at Watertown Arsenal.

COURTNEY, DANIEL H., Private, 6th Company, C. A. C. Entered service December 13, 1917.

COURTNEY, DANIEL, Private, 36th Machine Gun Company. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

COURTNEY, MICHAEL D., Private, Company C, 38th Field Artillery. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

COUSINEAU, GEORGE, Private, Battery B, 319th Artillery. Entered service June 18, 1918.

COUTU, JOSEPH J., Private, 15th Service Company, Signal Corps. Entered service May 6, 1918. Stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

COUTURE, ADELARD, Private, Company A, 23rd Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action July 20, 1918.

COUTURE, ALPHONSE, Private, Medical Corps, United States Base Hospital No. 102. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. With American Expeditionary Forces. (Italian front.)

COUTURE, JOSEPH, Private, 23rd Balloon Company, Aviation Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

COUTURE, NAPOLEON, Private, 60th Squadron Aviation Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

COWIE, WILLIAM, Private, Engineer Reserve Corps. Entered service February, 1918.

COX, GEORGE F., Private, 46th Company, Training School, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CRAIG, GEORGE L., Corporal, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CRAIGE, RAYMOND G., Private, Battery D, 33rd Coast Artillery. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Eustis, Va.

CRANE, MICHAEL V., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CRAVEN, GEORGE, Private, Company O, 3rd Depot Brigade. Entered service August 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CRAVEN, GLADSTONE H., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CRAVEN, HARRY G., Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Jackson, Miss.

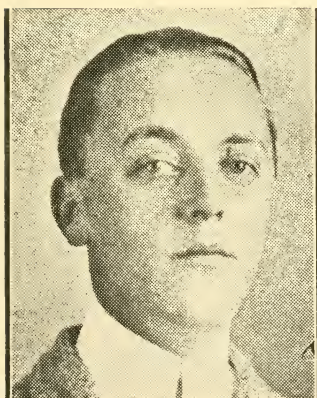
CRAY, RAYMOND S., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May, 1916. Mexican border service. With the American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed.



JAMES F. SWEENEY



CHARLES A. DOSSIN



OVIDE J. HOULE



WILLIAM J. MULQUEENEY

CREAN, CORNELIUS J., Sergeant, 5th Balloon Section. Air Service. Enlisted August 17, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Kelly Field, Texas. Transferred to Fort Omaha. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

CREAN, PETER, Private, Battery D, 304th Field Artillery. Entered service March 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CREAN, TIMOTHY, Private, Battery B, 33d Field Artillery. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CREPEAU, J. EUGENE, Private, Medical Corps. Enlisted May 29, 1918.

CREVIER, TELLEMER, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CRIM, EMMETT, Private, Remount Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

CRIM, HARRY J., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Houston, Texas. Transferred O. T. C., Jacksonville, Fla.

CROCHETIERE, GEORGE, Corporal, Medical Corps. Entered service August 9, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CRONIN, FRANCIS J., Sergeant, Battery A, 61st Regiment, C. A. C. Entered service October 16, 1915. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CRONIN, JAMES F., Sergeant, Railway Engineers. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. Transferred to Newark, N. J.

CRONIN, JOSEPH F., Private, Battery A, 61st Artillery. Entered service October 16, 1914. Stationed at Fort Moultrie, S. C.

CRONIN, MATTHEW J., Sergeant, Company E, 34th Infantry. Entered service March 27, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CROOK, JAMES ADAMS, Private, 1st Developing Battalion, Medical Corps. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

CROSSON, THOMAS, Private, 77th Field Artillery. Entered service June 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CROSSLAND, ALBERT, Corporal, Company F, 7th Engineers. Entered service June 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CROTHERS, THOMAS, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

CROWNSBERRY, JAMES P., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 29, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

CUCHER, JOHN, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service February 13, 1918.

CUNIFF, FRANCIS, Private, Ordnance. Entered service April, 1918. Stationed at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.

CUNIFF, JOHN RAYMOND, Corporal, Medical Department, 474th Aero Construction Squadron. Entered service September 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CUNNINGHAM, GEORGE, Private, Company B, 35th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CUNNINGHAM, JAMES M., Private, Motor Truck Transportation. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

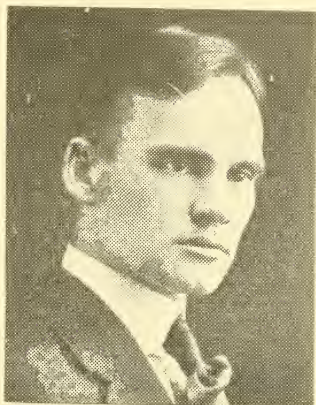
CUNNINGHAM, JOHN R., Sergeant, Ordnance Corps. Entered service September 20, 1917. Stationed at Watertown Arsenal.

CUNNINGHAM, WILLIAM A., Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service December 6, 1917.

CURLEY, FRANK C., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga. Transferred to Officers' Training School.



RAYMOND WARD



T. LEVREULT



ERNEST E. GUIMOND



FRANK T. McGOUGH

CURLEY, JAMES F., Private, Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CURLEY, WILLIAM B., Private, 56th Aerial Construction Squad. Entered service July 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CURRAN, EDWARD, Private, Medical Corps, 104th Regiment. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CURRAN, FRANCIS M., Private. Entered service November 10, 1918. Stationed at Officers' Training School, Camp Lee, Va.

CURRAN, JOHN F., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

CURRAN, JOHN, Private, 301st Field Artillery. Entered service March, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

CURRAN, JOHN, Private, 6th Supply Company. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CURRAN, JOHN J., Private, 6th Regiment, United States Marine Corps. Entered service August 24, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CURRAN, PATRICK, Sergeant, 336th Battalion, 10th Corps. Entered service July 15, 1918. Stationed at Springfield Technical School, Mass. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

CURRAN, PETER, Private, 36th Machine Gun Company. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CURRAN, WILLIAM H., Private, Artillery Officers' Training School. Entered service November 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky.

CURTIN, EDWARD, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April, 1918.

CURTIN, GEORGE F., Private, 17th Company, Depot Brigade. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

CZAJECKI, LEON, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DAGENAIS, ERNEST, Private, Battery C, 55th C. A. C. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DALEY, EDWARD J., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DALEY, JAMES B., Private, Company A, 28th Infantry. Entered service February 27, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Missing in action July 21, 1918. Back with company October, 1918. Missing in action for second time October, 1918.

DALEY, PHILIP, Private, United States Army. Entered service November 5, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DALEY, THOMAS, Private, Troop F, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DALEY, TIMOTHY J., Private, 301st Engineers. Entered service September 15, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

DALEY, WILLIAM A., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DALEY, WILLIAM F., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

DALTON, WILLIAM E., Private, Squadron No. 13, Aviation. Entered service August, 1917. Stationed at Camp Dick, Dallas, Texas.

DAME, HOMER F., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

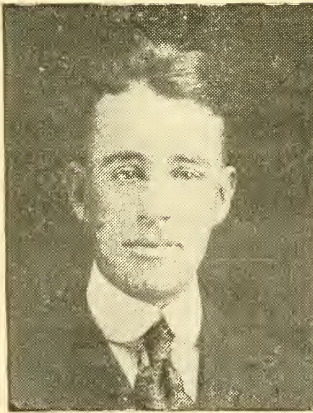
DAMON, RALPH, Private, Company B, 39th Engineers. Entered service February 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.



JOHN B. CHOQUETTE



GEORGE BRACKMAN



GEORGE MACDONALD



DANIEL D. MAHONEY, JR.

DAMOUR, FRED, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service September 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DANDRIA, GEORGE, Sergeant, Headquarters Company, 321st Field Artillery. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

DAUNHEIMER, PHILIP, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DAUPHINAIS, ANTOLE, Private, Company M, 345th Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

DAUPHINAIS, SILVUS, Private, Company H, 347th Infantry. Entered service June 27 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

DAVIAU, ANTONIO, Private, Company E, 74th Infantry. Entered service August 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DAVIGNON, ROMEO, Private, Company C, 345th C. A. C. Entered service March 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DAVIGNON, RAOUL, Private Company D, 102d Engineers. Entered service January 4, 1918.

DAVIS, EDWIN J., Private, 303d Field Artillery. Entered service June, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DAZENAIS, ERNEST G., Private, Battery C, 55th C. A. C. Entered service December 6, 1917.

DEAN, EDWIN R., Private, Company G, 1st Replacement Engineers. Entered service March 2, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DEAN, HAROLD F., Bugler, 119th Field Artillery. Entered service April, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action July 22, 1918, at Chateau-Thierry. Gassed at Alsace.

DEARDON, CHARLES, Private, Medical Corps, 7th Regiment, C. A. C. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DEARDON, JOHN B., Private, 74th Infantry Band. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DEARDON, ROBERT B., Private, Company A, 59th Field Artillery. Entered service July, 1918. Stationed at Rhode Island State College.

DECELLE, RALPH, Private, 4th Company, Evacuation, Hospital Corps. Entered service September, 1918.

DEGRES, VIDERVE, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DEGUISX, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

DELANEY, ROBERT W., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DELLAPENNA, PHILIP, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DELISLE, ANDREW, Private, 303rd Field Artillery. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DELISLE, LEO J., Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service January 21, 1918.

DELISLE, LIONEL G., Private, Battery F, 55th C. A. C. Entered service February 23, 1918.

DELISLE, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army.

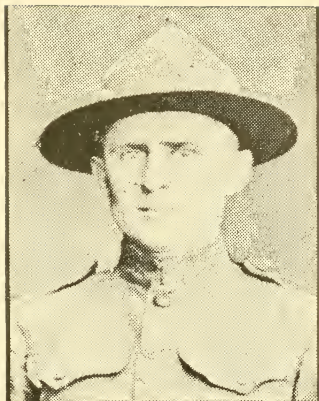
DELONGCHAMP, AMOS, Private, C. A. C. Entered service March 15, 1917.

DEMLAK, PETER, Private, Company B, 327th Infantry. Entered service August 17, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action October 9, 1918.

DEMERS, OVILA, Private, United States Army.



JOHN F. MORIARTY



STEPHEN COLLINS



TIMOTHY FLAHERTY



PATRICK E. SMITH

DEMERS, TENOPHILE, Private, Company A, 36th Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DEMPOULOS, GUST, Private, Company G, 308th Infantry. Entered service March, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action September 9, 1918.

DENARDO, TONY, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DENIMO, NICOLA, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DENIS, WILLIAM F., Private, United States Army. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DEPRASPO, ANTONIO, Private, United States Army.

DEROY, GEORGE, Private, 31st Field Artillery. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DESAUTELS, JOHN, Private, Supply Company, 56th Reg. Artillery. Stationed at Fort H. G. Wright, N. Y.

DESAUZA, ENNOCINCINO, Private, United States Army.

DESBONNETT, RAYMOND, Private, Field Artillery. Entered service June 1, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DESCOTEAU, OVIDA, Private, 328th Infantry. Entered service September 19, 1917.

DESILETS, PATRICK S., Sergeant, Company E, 30th Infantry. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

DESMARAIS, PETER, Private, Company L, 302nd Infantry. Entered service May, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DESMOND, EDWARD T., Private, Tank Corps, Company B, 304th Battalion. Entered service July 15, 1918. Stationed at Rhode Island State College.

DESMOND, FRANK M., Private, Ordnance Department. Entered service July 1, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute, Mass. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DESNOYERS, PHILLIPE D., Private, Truck Company D. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DESPAULT, ROMEO, Private, Engineers. Entered service June 15, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute.

DESROCHES, EUCLIDE, Sergeant, Company H, 2nd Battalion. Entered service January, 1918. Stationed at Washington, D. C. Transferred to Edgewood Plant, Md.

DESROSIERS, ARTHUR, Private, Company A, 55th Coast Artillery. Entered service December, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DESROSIERS, OSCAR, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 31, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

DEVAN, JOHN, Private, 120th Aero Squadron.

DEVINE, JOHN P., Private, Medical Department, 29th Division. Entered service April 27, 1917. Stationed at Camp McClellan, Ala.

DEYO, CHARLES, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 21, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Severely wounded in action July 12, 1918.

DEYO, CLARENCE E., Private, United States Army. Entered service June 13, 1918.

DEYO, WILLIAM F., Private, Company L, 310th Regiment. Entered service December 13, 1917.

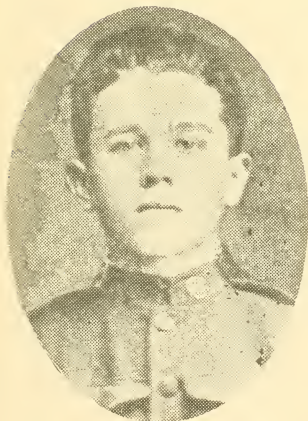
DICKINSON, WILLARD, Sergeant, 68th Balloon Squadron. Entered service November 9, 1917. Stationed at Fort Omaha, Neb.



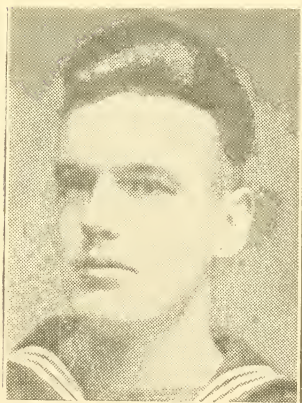
JOHN H. ROHAN



JOHN SULLIVAN



SEBASTIN KORDAS



WILLIAM E. HUNTER

DICKSON, EARLE E., Sergeant, Medical Corps, 310th Ambulance Company. Entered service August 1, 1917. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Transferred to Camp Dix, N. J.

DIETZ, HERMAN R., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DIFABIO, GABRIEL, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

DILLON, JEREMIAH J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May, 1917. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded and gassed in action July, 1918.

DILLON, MICHAEL J., Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

DIMICKI, LEON, Private, Company A, 102nd Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Taken prisoner July 23, 1918. Erroneously reported killed in action.

DION, JOSEPH F., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

DIPIPO, TEOGINO, Private, 4th Company, Training Battalion, 16th Infantry. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

DIXON, WILLIAM F., Private, Coast Artillery. Entered service April 19, 1917.

DIZENSKI, ANTONIO, Private, Company L, 50th Infantry. Entered service July, 1917.

DOANE, RALPH, Private, 13th Company, Depot Brigade. Stationed at Camp Devens. Previously Red Triangle secretary.

DOBBS, GEORGE D., Private, 13th Cavalry. Entered service _____ Stationed at Camp Devens.

DOBER, FRED, Private, United States Army.

DOCHERTY, EDWARD, Sergeant, Company D, 14th Railway Engineers. Entered service June 25th, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DODGE, ISAAC W., Private, Company A, 318th Engineers. Entered service December 11, 1917.

DOHERTY, FRANCIS, Private, Coast Artillery. Entered service July 8, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOHERTY, JAMES F., Private, 21st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 6, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DOHERTY, JOHN, Private, Company C, 3rd Prov. Ordnance Battalion. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

DOLIGY, ABBID, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DOMINICK, VINCENTY, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DOMINIE, THEODORE, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service January 18, 1918.

DOMINIQUE, ARTHUR, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOMINQUE, LOUIS, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DOMURAT, JOSEPH, Private, Battery F, 8th Field Artillery. Entered service April 10, 1917.

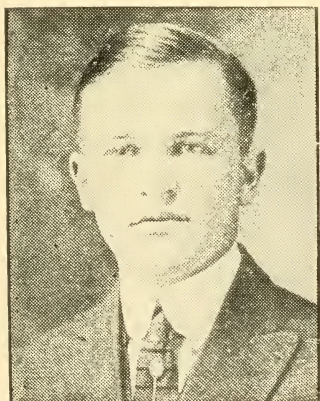
DONAHUE, HARRY, Corporal, 4th Company, 16th Training Battalion. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.



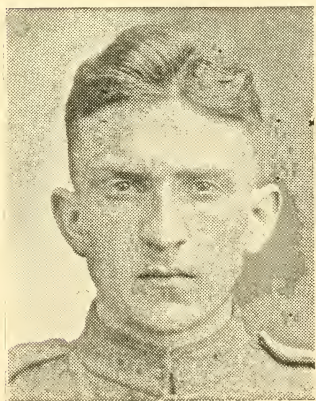
LEO T. MASON



GEORGE R. BURNS



HAROLD LYNCH



WILFRED J. LAVALLE

DONEGAN, JAMES J., Private, Company B, 312th Engineers. Entered service June 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga.

DONOGHUE, JEREMIAH F., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DONOGHUE, JOHN S., Private, Medical Corps, United States Base Hospital No. 102. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. (Italian front.)

DONOGHUE, JOSEPH L., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DONOGHUE, MICHAEL, Sergeant, 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DONOGHUE, TIMOTHY, Private, Company G, 21st Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DONOVAN, WELTON J., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOOLEY, THOMAS F., Sergeant, Battery B, 11th Regiment, F. A. R. D. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

DOUGHERTY, DANIEL D., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, N. Y.

DOUGHERTY, JOHN C., Private, Medical Corps. Enlisted March 3, 1918.

DOUILLARD, ISAIÉ, Private, United States Army. Entered service December 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOUVILLE, JOSEPH, Private, Company A, 504th Engineers. Entered service September 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOWD, BARNEY, Private, United States Army.

DOWD, FRANCIS J., Sergeant-Major, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 1, 1915. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action. Transferred to Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

DOWD, FREDERICK A., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 1, 1916. Mexican border service. With the American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

DOWD, JAMES J., Private, 117th Sanitary Train, 165th Field Hospital, Rainbow Division. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOWD, JEREMIAH J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DOWD, JOSEPH, Sergeant, Company B, 312th Machine Gun Company. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

DOWD, PATRICK, Private, 255th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOWD, THOMAS J., Private, Troop T, 3rd Cavalry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOWD, THOMAS, Sergeant, 6th Company, 2nd Battalion, Aviation.

DOWLING, EDWARD J., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service December 14, 1917. Stationed at Akron, Ohio.

DOWNEY, DANIEL, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

DOYLE, JOHN, Private, Headquarters Troop, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOYLE, WILLIAM E., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action; later reported missing; cited for bravery.



ARTHUR LANCTO



EMILE P. DUROCHER



MAURICE J. O'CONNOR



CYRIL HAFEY

DOYLE, WILLIAM H., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DRAKE, FRANCIS V., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 7, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

DRAKE, FRANK A., Private, 315th Trench Mortar Company. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DRAKE, GEORGE E., Corporal, Company A, 7th Engineer Corps. Entered service June 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DREICORN, RICHARD E., Private, 2nd Company, Field Artillery. Entered service June 28, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DREW, FRED L., Private, 24th Company, C. A. C. Entered service August 13, 1918. Stationed at Fort Heath, Boston, Mass.

DRISCOLL, THOMAS, Corporal, Company E, 33rd Infantry. Entered service March, 1915.

DROUN, MOISE, Corporal, Troop C, 310th Cavalry. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DRUMMOND, JOSEPH L., Corporal, Battery D, 51st Artillery, C. A. C. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUBE, CHARLES F., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service May 11, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUBOIS, ADRIEN, Private, Battery A, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service September 21, 1918.

DUBOUR, HORMIDAS, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Me.

DUBUQUE, EARL C., Private, 213th Aero Squadron. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUCEY, PATRICK W., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 25, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUCHARME, ALFRED J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed.

DUCHARME, CAMILLE V., Private, Battery E, 10th Field Artillery. Entered service June 8, 1918.

DUCHARME, EDGAR R., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service May 31, 1918.

DUCHARME, HENRY, Private, Company G, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUCHARME, HORACE, Private, Company B, 35th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DUFFEY, THOMAS H., Corporal, Battery B, 319th Field Artillery. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUFFNEY, EDWARD P., Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service July 23, 1918.

DUFFY, JAMES, Private, 15th Company, 12th Military Police. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DUFFY, PATRICK D., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUFRANE, HARVEY J., Private, Company B, 318th Engineers. Entered service December 11, 1917.

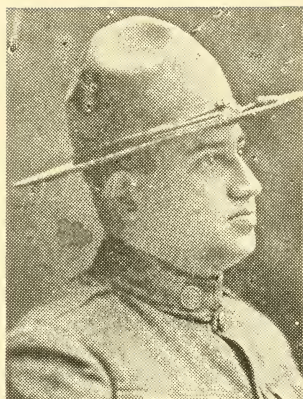
DUFRESNE, WILFRED, Private, United States Army. Entered service September, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

DUGGAN, JOSEPH F., Corporal, 18th Company, 5th Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

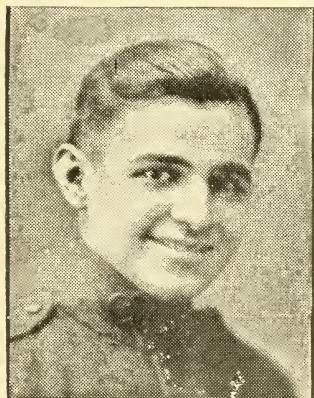
DUMAINE, LIONEL A., Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service January 9, 1918.



JOHN BRESNAHAN



ABRAHAM A. GLASSMAN



LOUIS PAUL



GEORGE R. OSBORNE

DUMELOW, JOHN C., Private, Gas Defense Service. Stationed at Edgeworth, Md. Accidentally gassed.

DUMKIN, OSCAR, Private, Company E, 63rd Pioneer Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DUMONT, WILLIAM E., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DUNPHY, WILLIAM J., Private, Company E, 60th Infantry. Entered service December 15, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DUMURAT, STANLEY, Private, Company C, 318th Field Artillery. Entered service May, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUNLEA, RAYMOND, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

DUNN, EDMUND J., Private, 12th Division, Military Police. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DUNN, ROLLAND A., Sergeant, Personnel Department. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DUPELL, EDWARD, Private, 103d Infantry, 26th Division. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

DUNPHY, MARK E., Private, Chauffeur, Medical Department. Entered service January 2, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

DUPONT, ADRIEN, Private, Company A, 321st Machine Gun Company. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

DUPONT, CLAUDE E., Private, 139th Aero Squadron. Stationed at Allegany, Ore.

DURANT, WILLIAM E., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

DUROCHER, ALFRED J., Private, Company B, 12th Supply Train. Entered service June 12, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

DUROCHER, EMILE P., Wagoner, Battery A, 38th C. A. C. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Stewart.

DUROCHER, EUCLIDE, Private, Ordnance Corps. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

DUROCHER, OCTAVE, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 5, 1918.

DUSSIÈRE, LORENZO, Private, United States Army.

DUVAL, LEO, Private, M. G. Troop, 12th Cavalry. Stationed at Columbus, N. M.

DUVAL, ROSARIO, Private, Battery D, 13th Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

DWYER, JAMES M., Private, Battery B, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DWYER, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

DWYER, WILLIAM C., Private, Company C, 504th Engineers. Entered service September 21, 1917.

EAGAN, BERNARD M., Private, Company A, 12th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

EARLE, FREDERICK M., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

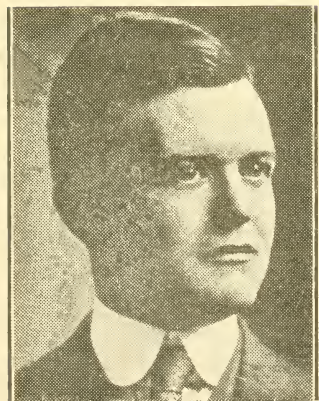
EARLY, JAMES J., Private, Company A, 6th Engineers. Entered service October 20, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.



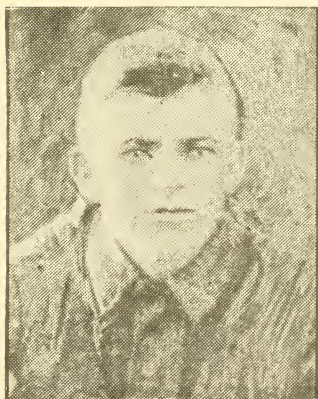
WILLIAM POWERS



JOHN R. LYMAN



EUGENE LYNCH



THOMAS COLLINS

EARLY, JOHN J., Sergeant, 13th Company, Depot Brigade. Entered service September 22, 1917.

ECKERT, EMIL, Private, Battery D, Field Artillery. Entered service July 31, 1918. Stationed at University of Maine.

ECKERT, HERMAN, Private, Signal Corps. Entered service April 9, 1918.

ECKERT, JOHN, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

EGER, ALBERT, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service March 18, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

EGER, CHARLES H., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

EIDMAN, FRANK L., Engineer of Tests, Ordnance Corps. Entered service March 11, 1918.

ELLERT, RICHARD, Private, Tank Corps, Company C, 345th Battalion. Entered service May 21, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

EMERY, GEORGE, Private, Headquarters Company, 325th Infantry. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

EMERY, HAROLD A., Private, Battery A, 7th Field Artillery. Entered service May 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ENGEL, CHARLES, Private, 19th Anti-Aircraft Battery. Entered service July 9, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ENGEL, HERMAN, Private, Company A, 36th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ENGEL, JOHN, Private, Company C, 301st Infantry. Entered service June 17, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ENGLER, ALBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

EPSTEIN, THOMAS, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

EQUI, CAESAR, Private, Company A, 36th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ERLIN, HARRY, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ESKIOGLU, SPEROS, Private, 4th Company, 16th Training Battalion. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

ETHIER, LOUIS C. S., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

EVANS, GEORGE, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

EVANS, JOHN L., Private, Company A, 320th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service December, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

EVANS, REUBEN J., Private, 302d Ammunition Train, Ordnance Corps. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

EVANS, VICTOR, Private, 24th Company, 152d Depot Brigade. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

EZOLD, RAYMOND E., Private, Company B, 34th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FADUKOYEZ, HARRY, Private, United States Army.

FAHEY, EDWARD, Private, Battery A, 55th C. A. C. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FAHEY, PATRICK, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.



JOHN E. MANGUM



ERNEST and ARTHUR WICKS



JAMES and GEORGE CLARK



WALTER CAREY

FALVEY, MICHAEL J., Corporal, Company E, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service May 13, 1917. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

FARR, CLARENCE L., Sergeant, Quartermaster, Auxiliary Remount. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

FARRELL, EUGENE, Private, Battery B, 33rd Field Artillery. Entered service August 10, 1918.

FARRELL, JOSEPH W., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FARROW, LEBAN, Private, 4th Company, 16th Training Battalion. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

FAWCETT, HAROLD, Private, Motor Truck Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service June 27, 1918.

FAWCETT, JAMES H., Private, 322nd Field Hospital, Medical Corps. Entered service June 18, 1917. Stationed at Camp Sevier, S. C.

FAY, ALBERT, Private, Company L, 301st Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FAY, EARL C., Private, Troop A, 6th Cavalry. Entered service January 2, 1918.

FAY, EDWARD J., Bugler, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded. Gassed.

FEATHER, FRANK R., Wagoner, Company A, 1st Engineers. Entered service May 20, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FEDORA, BASIL, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FEENEY, BERNARD, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FEENEY, FRANCIS F., Private, 8th Camp Headquarters. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

FELCH, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FELPER, ROBERT, Private, 33rd C. A. C. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FERRIS, RALPH B., Corporal, 5th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FERRITER, JOHN J., Private, Battery D, 73rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 13, 1918. Stationed at Fort Strong.

FIFE, JOHN P., Private, Company L, 29th Engineers. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FIFE, MICHAEL, Private, Company D, 6th Engineers. Entered service June 4, 1917.

FINN, JAMES J., Private, 147th Signal Corps, United States Marines. Entered service June 20, 1918. Stationed at Fort Royal, S. C.

FINNERTY, LEO H., Private, Company A, 74th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FITZELL, JAMES, Private, Battery A, 55th C. A. C. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Fort Revere Hall, Mass. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FITZELL, THOMAS, Private, United States Army. Entered service July, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

FITZELL, TIMOTHY, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

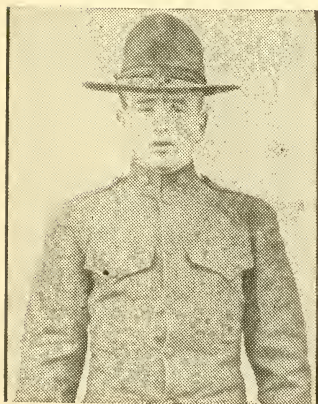
FITZGERALD, DAVID, Private, Company F, 15th Infantry. Entered service September 4, 1918.



EARL L. KNAPP



EDWARD J. THORPE



IRVING STEWART



JEROME F. MORIARTY

FITZGERALD, EDWARD J., Chauffeur, 32nd Balloon Company, Aviation. Entered service December 15, 1917.

FITZGERALD, EUGENE, Private, 14th Cavalry. Entered service January 10, 1918.

FITZGERALD, FRANCIS, Private, Company K, 61st Pioneer Infantry. Entered service October 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Wadsworth, Pa.

FITZGERALD, FRANCIS G., Private, Company E, 33rd C. A. C. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FITZGERALD, JAMES, Sergeant, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Grant, Ill.

FITZGERALD, MICHAEL, Private, Company I, 302nd Infantry. Entered service April 26, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FITZGERALD, NICHOLAS J., Private, Battery D, 304th Field Artillery. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FITZGERALD, P. EDWARD, Private, Battery A, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

FITZGERALD, P. HENRY, Private, Company B, 14th Railway Engineers. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FITZGERALD, THOMAS, Private, United States Army.

FITZSIMMONS, RAPHAEL, Corporal, 15th Quartermaster Corps. Stationed at Camp Joseph E. Johnston, Fla.

FLAHERTY, TIMOTHY, Private, Company F, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

FLAHIVE, PATRICK D., Private, Company C, 305th Infantry. Entered service April, 1918. Wounded in action twice. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FLANAGAN, JAMES, Private, Company D, 35th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service August 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FLANAGAN, JOHN C., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 9, 1917. Stationed at Camp Mills.

FLECHSIG, ALBERT J., Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FLETCHER, SAMUEL, Sergeant, 312th Cavalry. Entered service June 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FLOK, PAUL, Corporal, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FLOOD, JOHN R., Musician, Band, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery in action.

FLYNN, FRANK N., Private, 4th Company, 16th Training Battalion. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

FLYNN, GEORGE H., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 20, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

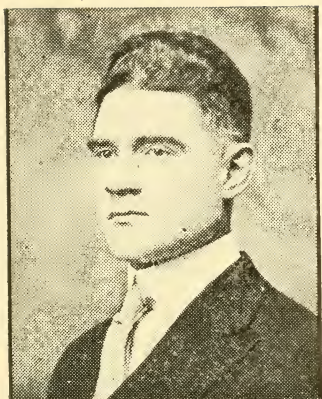
FLYNN, MICHAEL M., Private, 714th Hospital Corps. Entered service September 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FLYNN, RAYMOND, Private, Company E, 308th Infantry. Entered service December 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. (With the "Lost Battalion.")

FLYNN, WILLIAM J., Private, Battery D, 304th Field Artillery. Entered service March 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FOERSTER, ARTHUR, Private, 5th Company, 150th Depot Brigade. Entered service September 16, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

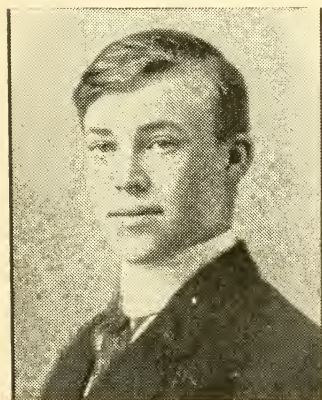
FOERSTER, CHARLES H., Sergeant, Company B, 2nd Engineer Corps. Entered service June 19, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.



MAURICE POWERS



DELPHIS GUILLERI



CHAUNCEY COOLEY



CHARLES RYAN

FOLEY, WILLIAM F., Private, Company D, 307th Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FOLEY, WILLIAM K., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

FONTAINE, ARMOUR E., Private, Company F, 307th Ammunition Train. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FONTAINE, HECTOR F., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 24, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FONTAINE, JOSEPH H., Private, Company A, 334th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service June 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

FORBES, HAROLD K., Corporal, Battery D, 29th Field Artillery, C. A. C. Entered service October 19, 1918. Stationed at Fort McKinley.

FORD, EDWARD, Sergeant, Aviation. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

FORD, JOHN, Private, Hospital Corps. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FORD, WILLIAM J., Corporal, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

FORGET, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

FORGREE, ARMAND, Private, 59th Aero Squadron, Aviation Corps. Entered service July 31, 1917. Stationed at Morrison, Va.

FORHAN, TIMOTHY F., Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service July 27, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FORTIN, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

FORTIN, GEORGE C., Private, 147th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918.

FOUNTAIN, HAROLD E., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April 2, 1917.

FOUNTAINE, LIONEL, Private, Company I, 42nd Infantry. Entered service May 3, 1918.

FOURNIER, AIME J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded.

FOURNIER, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FOURNIER, OSILIDA, Private, Company A, 26th Infantry. Entered service February 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

FOURNIER, WILFRED, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 5, 1918.

FOX, ALBERT E., Private, 2nd Veterinary Depot. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

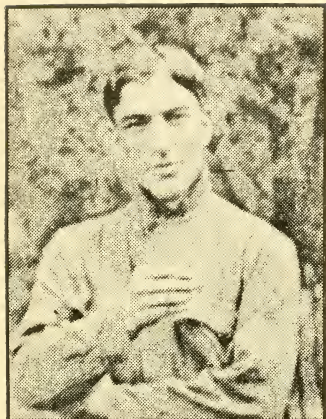
FOX, HENRY, Private, Headquarters Detachment, 154th Infantry. Entered service February 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

FOX, PHILIP L., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service August 15, 1917. Stationed at Gun Hill Road, William's Bridge, N. Y.

FRANCOEUR, ARTHUR, Private, 479th Aero Squadron. Entered service November 24, 1917.

FRANCOEUR, ELMER L., Private, Company C, 312th Field Signal Battalion. Entered service July 1, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FRAPPIER, HENRY, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.



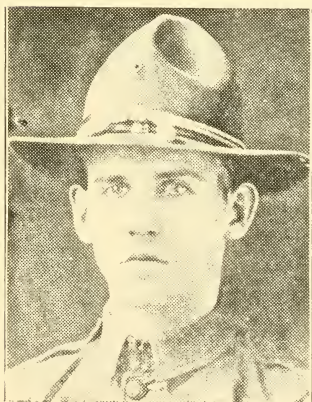
HUGH D. McLEAN



WILLIAM F. WRUCK



HERBERT D. TIDSWELL



ROBERT R. TWISS

FRASER, JAMES, Corporal, Battery C, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service June 9, 1918.

FRASER, JOHN, Private, Battery A, 6th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FRECHETTE, FRED L., Private, 437th Engineers. Entered service June 17, 1918. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

FREDETTE, ALFRED, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service March 8, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

* **FREDETTE, CLOVIS E.**, Sergeant, Flying School Detachment. Entered service January 29, 1918. Stationed at Brooks Field, Texas.

FREDETTE, JOSEPH J., Private, United States Army. Entered service March 16, 1917.

FREDETTE, WILLIAM G., Private, Company E, 9th Infantry. Entered service July 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FREEMAN, JAMES P., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 17, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

FREELove, JAMES T., Sergeant, Company B, 37th Engineers. Entered service March 13, 1917. Stationed at Fort Meyers, Va.

FREITAG, FRANK, Private, Company F, 1st Engineers. Entered service in 1913. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action. Erroneously reported killed in action.

* **FRENCH, EMMETT A.**, Private, Headquarters Company, 2nd Division. Entered service December 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FRENIER, ARTHUR J., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

FRENIER, LIONEL J., Private, 303d Guard and Fire Company. Entered service July, 1918. Stationed at Hoboken, N. J.

FREYER, ARTHUR P., Private, Gas Corps, 31st Company, 8th Battalion. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FRIEDRICH, CHARLES O., Private, Company C, 101st United States Engineers. Entered service September 23, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FRIEDRICH, GEORGE W., Private, 22nd Signal Corps. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Fort Jay, N. Y.

FRIEDRICH, HUGO E., Private, 51st Field Artillery. Entered service July 2, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FRODYMA, JOHN, Private, Company M, 345th Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FROMBOLD, ARTHUR E., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

FULLER, RAYMOND S., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

FULLER, ALBERT G., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GABBETT, JAMES F., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Franklin-Union Institute.

GADBOIS, ARTHUR, Private, Company I, 23rd Infantry. Entered service March 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action July 1, 1918.

GADBOIS, JOSEPH A., Private, Company M, First Army Headquarters. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

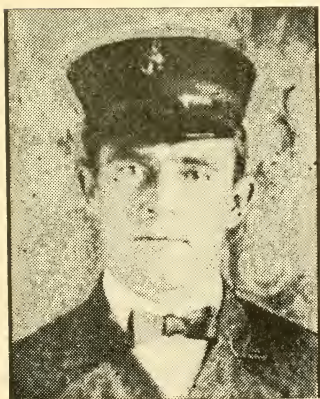
GARBOIS, OVILA C., Private, Hospital Corps. Entered service May 31, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.



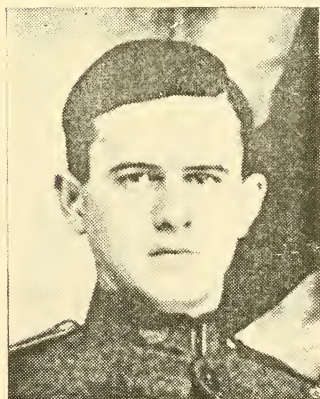
JAMES A. DAVIDSON



SAMUEL O'CONNELL



PATRICK POWERS



CHARLES F. MORRISON

GAGNE, FRED J., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 30, 1917.

GAGNON, ARTHUR A., Corporal, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service September 2, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GAGNON, EDWARD H., Private, Battery B, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service June 1, 1917. Stationed at Camp Merritt, N. J.

GAGNON, FRANK, Private, 22nd Ambulance Corps, Medical Department. Entered service July 26, 1918.

GAGNON, GEORGE, Private, Company C, 2nd Battalion. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

GAGNON, GEORGE, Private, Truck and Wagon Train. Entered service November 26, 1917.

GAGNON, HERMON H., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GAGNON, LIONEL J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service February, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action twice.

GAGNON, OSWALD W., Corporal, 3rd M. M. Regiment. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GAINNI, PASQUALE, Private, Company C, 321st Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GALLIVAN, JAMES, Marine Gunner, 43d Company, 5th Regiment, United States Marine Corps. Entered service April 21, 1894. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GAMACHE, FRANK X., Private, Battery B, 71st C. A. C. Entered service April 6, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GAMMIE, PETER, Private, Company C, 165th Infantry. Entered service June 20, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GANSOR, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917.

GARABEDIAN, OSCAR J., Private, United States Army.

GARLAND, FRANK, Sergeant, 81st Cavalry. Entered service March 16, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GARNARD, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GARRANT, GEORGE, Private, United States Army.

GARRIEPY, FRANK A., Private, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918.

GARRITY, JOHN, Sergeant, Recruiting Officer. Entered service August 20, 1917. Stationed at Chicago, Ill.

GARRITY, WILLIAM P., Private, Battery B, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

GARVEY, BRANDON, Private, Company M, 345th Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

GAUDARD, LUCIEN, Sergeant, Battery A, 11th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GAULIN, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GAUTHIER, MATHIAS, Private, 23d Infantry. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GAUTHIER, PAUL, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December, 1917.



Top row (left to right) Fairfield Whiting, Walter J. O'Leary, Edward W. Gerbert; second row—Rodolphe bazinet, Lucien Robert, Thomas M. Kennedy; third row—Stanley Jamrock, Hector R. Brouillett, William E. Taupier; bottom row—William Russell, Arthur Reynolds, William J. Mengel.

GAYLORD, LYMAN F., Private Ordnance Corps. Entered service March 5, 1918. Stationed at Watertown Arsenal.

GAYLORD, SAMUEL S., Private, 340th Regiment. Entered service July 25, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

GEE, MICHAEL B., Sergeant, Camouflage Corps. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GELINEAU, DR. J. H., Interpreter, Medical Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GELLATLY, JOHN R., Private, United States Army. Entered service February 2, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GELTER, JOSEPH B., Private 10th C. A. C. Entered service March 4, 1918. Stationed at Fort Strong, Boston, Mass.

GENARD, LEON J., Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service March 5, 1918.

GENDRON, PHILIP, Private, Battery D, 29th Field Artillery. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Me.

GEORGE, BERNIE M., Private 101st Ammunition Train. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GEORGE, DORIA, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

GERAGHTY, JOHN J., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GERAN, DANIEL, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GERBERT, EDWARD G., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 5, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GERMAIN, HARVEY C., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GIAMBITTORIO, I. F., Private, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GIGUERE, JOHN, Private, Company E, 48th Infantry. Entered service June 11, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GILBERT, ARTHUR, Private, 9th C. A. C. Entered service December 17, 1917. Stationed at United States Armory, Springfield, Mass.

GILBERT, HENRY G., Private, Troop C, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 14, 1917. Stationed at Fort Meyer, Va.

GILBERT, OMER, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GILBERT, WILFRED, Private, Battery C, 80th Field Artillery. Entered service June 12, 1917. Stationed at Camp McArthur, Texas.

GILL, BARTHOLOMEW P., Private, United States Marines. Stationed at Boston, Mass.

GILL, MICHAEL F., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Remount Depot. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GILLIGAN, GEORGE L., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GILLIGAN, JAMES T., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GILLISPIE, MICHAEL J., Private, 147th Tank Corps. Entered service March 1, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GILMORE, JOHN R., Private, 2nd Overseas Detachment. Entered service October 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GILMOUR, HUGH, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.



Top row (left to right)—Emile Roberts, Michael Manning, Clement E. O'Neil; second row—Edward Docherty, Peter Bober, Clarence Reffenburg; third row—Leonard F. Law, Antonio J. Boudreau, Alphonse Orban; bottom row—Leopold G. Miller, Emile S. Premont, Henry Schaudynat.

GILPATRICK, AMISA M., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GINGRAS, AMEDEE, Private, 301st Infantry. Entered service May 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GIROUX, JOSEPH, Private, 312th Ammunition Train. Entered service June 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GIROUX, ROSARIO, Private, Troop C, 11th Cavalry. Entered service August 6, 1917.

GIROUX, VALMORE, Private, Headquarters, 336th Field Artillery, 87th Division. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GLADU, WILFRED J., Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service May 24, 1916.

GLASSMAN, ABRAHAM, Private, Battery C, 55th C. A. C. Entered service December 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GLASTER, THOMAS F., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GLEASON, DANIEL, Private, Company G, 327th Infantry. Entered service September 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GLEASON, EDWARD J., Sergeant, Company H, 306th Infantry. Entered service December 11, 1917. Stationed at Camp Johnston, Fla. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GLENS, FREDERICK A., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed.

GLINSKY, CIRIL, Private, United States Army. Entered service March, 1918.

GLOSTER, JOHN F., Private, Ordnance Detachment, 69th Company. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GLOSTER, MAURICE F., Corporal, 61st Field Artillery. Entered service December 26, 1916. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

GLOTH, ROBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GODDU, ADJUTOR, Private, Company M, 302d Infantry. Entered service April 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GODDU, ANDREW C., Private, Company C, 101st Engineers. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GODDU, JULIEN E., Bandsman, 101st Engineers. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GODDU, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GODEK, KARL, Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GODERE, LEON H., Private, Medical Corps, 1st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GOEBERT, EDWIN W., Musician, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December, 1917.

GOGOLIN, JOHN W., Private, 18th Anti-Aircraft Battery. Entered service June 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GOLEN, FRANK J., Private, Battery A, 369th Field Artillery. Entered service November, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

GOLDEN, JOHN, Private, 8th Cavalry. Entered service February 19, 1918.

GOMAN, EARLE W., Private, Tank Corps. Entered service May 10, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.



Top row (left to right)—Elmer L. Franceur, Silas Dauphinais, Omer Lavelle; second row—Henry Armstrong, George Laverty, Andrew Delisle; third row—Myles Barrett, Patrick H. McNulty, Thomas Koernski; bottom row—Joseph Armstrong, Frank Powers, Joseph Giroux.

GOMOSKI, ALEXANDER, Private, 38th Company, 10th Battalion. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ONET, JOHN C., Musician, Headquarters Troop, 8th Cavalry. Entered service October 31, 1917. Stationed at Marfa, Texas.

GOODWIN, JOSEPH C., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service April 29, 1918.

GOODWIN, WALLACE, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 13, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

GORDON, JOHN R., Sergeant, 31st Company, 8th Battalion. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Officers' Training School, Camp Lee, Va.

GORDON, THEODORE, Corporal, 72d Quartermaster Corps. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

GORHAM, EDWARD N., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GORHAM, ERNEST, Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service February, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GORMAN, JOSEPH, Private, 494th Supply Company. Entered service June 19, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GORMAN, LOUIS O., Sergeant, Troop C, 3rd United States Cavalry. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GOSS, EDWIN G., Private, Company F, 56th Engineers. Entered service March 19, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GOSS, ELBERT, Private, 838th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GOSS, RAYMOND, Sergeant-Major, 954th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

GOSELIN, ALMANZAR, Private, Company F, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GOYETTE, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GRACE, JOHN F., Private, 305th Infantry. Entered service February, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GRACE, ROBERT J., Private, Quartermaster Corps, 25th Company, Depot Brigade. Entered service September 23, 1917.

GRADY, THOMAS, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GRAHAM, CHARLES, Private, 10th Company, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 5, 1918.

GRAHAM, EDWARD J., Sergeant, Aviation Corps. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Camp Grant, Ill.

GRANDCHAMP, AELMAN D., Private, United States Marine Corps. Entered service June 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GRANDCHAMP, ALFRED A., Private, United States Army.

GRANT, ANDREW K., Private, 305th Infantry. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GRAVES, FREDERICK, Private, 31st C. A. C. Entered service November 1, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

GRAVES, ALBERT, Private, Company I, 302d Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GREANEY, GEORGE B., Sergeant United States Tank Corps. Entered service April, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.



Top row (left to right)—Amedee E. Robert, Ernest St. Lawrence, Alfred Forbes;
 second row—Joseph Pole, Arthur Freniere, Theophile Arel; third row—Ulric
 Provost, Francois Breton, Henry L. Landry; bottom row—Elzear Lavalle, Brandon
 Garvey, Philip Heroux.

GREANEY, HOWARD B., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 13, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GREANEY, THOMAS, Private, Battery B, 355th Artillery. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

GREANEY, THOMAS, Private, Field Artillery. Entered service June 1, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GREANEY, TIMOTHY F., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 15, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GREANEY, FRANCIS M., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918.

GREELEY, JOSEPH, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 25, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Taken prisoner in action. Later released.

GREEN, COY, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 19, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GREEN, SOLLIE, Private, Company B, 310th Infantry. Entered service December 13, 1917.

GREENE, AARON, Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service April 12, 1918. Stationed at Fort Johnston, Fla. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

GREGOIRE, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 7, 1917.

GRESSY, WILLIAM A., Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Fort Johnston, Fla.

GRIFFIN, FRANCIS E., Private, Battery B, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service May 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GRIFFIN, JAMES J., Private, Company H, 6th Infantry. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GRIFFIN, MAURICE L., Corporal, Company A, 36th Machine Gun Battalion, 12th Division. Entered service July 17, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GRIFFIN, PATRICK, Private, 32d Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Severely wounded in action.

GRIFFIN, THOMAS, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GRIOT, LOUIS E., Cook, Company B, 23d Engineering Corps. Entered service October 4, 1917. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

GROGAN, EDWARD J., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GUEL, EUGENE V., Private, Battery F, 12th Field Artillery. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GROISE, ALPHONSE, Private, 33d Coast Artillery. Entered service August 15, 1918. Stationed at Camp Heustis, Va.

GUENTHER, GEORGE C., Private, Machine Gun Battalion, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GUENTHER, HENRY, Private, Military Police. Entered service October 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

GUENTHER, WALTER A., Private, Battery E, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GUERTIN, ELPHEGE A., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

GUERTIN, JOSEPH, Private, 217th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 5, 1917.



Top row (left to right)—William R. Henderson, Frederick Childs, Edward J. Burns; second row—George Barsalou, Richard E. Dreicorn, Elzear Campagne; third row—Elmer C. Ashe, Joseph Queneville, Joseph Bader; bottom row—William Persky, Henry T. Labelle, John Kureck.

GUGENBERGER, JOSEPH, Private, Medical Department, Army General Hospital No. 2. Entered service August 11, 1917.

GUILBEAULT, ALEX, Private, Company G, 36th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GUILEMETTE, ADOLPH, Private, United States Cavalry.

GUIMOND, ERNEST E., Sergeant, 9th Company, 1st United States Signal Corps. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Tenaflly, N. J.

GUINARD, JOSEPH, Private, Motorcycle Company, 12th Division. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HAFEEY, CYRIL, Sergeant, Medical Corps, 30th Infantry. Entered service July 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HAGERTY, JOHN J., Corporal, Battery F, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service June 17, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HAGERTY, MICHAEL F., Private, Troop A, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 19, 1917. Stationed at Fort Meyer, Va.

HAGGERTY, GILES M., Sergeant, Headquarters, 307th Ammunition Train. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HAGGERTY, JEREMIAH F., Sergeant, H Company, 16th Infantry. Entered service March 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

HAGGERTY, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Stanley, Texas.

HAGNE, HOWARD F., Private, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service January 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

HAIN, JOHN J., Sergeant, 46th Company, 12th Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HAJEC, THOMAS, Private, Battery F, 25th Field Artillery. Entered service August 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp McClellan, Ala.

HALL, HARRY P., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HALL, PERL M., Corporal, Battery A, 3rd F. A. R. D. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

HALLIDAY, WILLIAM E., Clerk, Supply Company, 7th Field Artillery. Entered service May 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HALLISEY, FRANCIS J., Private, Company A, 321st Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

HAMEL, ALPHONSE, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Maine.

HAMEL, GEORGE F., Private, Battery C, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HAMEL, ROMEO S., Private, 13th Base Hospital. Entered service September 23, 1917.

HAMELIN, RUDOLPH, Private, 30th Aero Squadron. Entered service August 20, 1917.

HAMILL, ROBERT E., Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service January, 1918. Stationed at Princeton University, N. J.

HAMILTON, ERNEST A., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

HANCOCK, THOMAS G., Sergeant, Headquarters, 12th Division. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HANLEY, GEORGE, Private, Company B, 211th F. S. B. Entered service July 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Alfred Vail, N. J.



Top row (left to right)—John Nitch, Joseph V. Bellerose, Dona Tetrault; second row—William O'Brien, Amos McNulty, S. Y. Yuzazek; third row—Robert Neil, S. T. Briggs, Jr., F. Howard Quirk; bottom row—James Walker, Walter J. Brown, William F. Kureck.

HANLEY, GEORGE F., Corporal, Battery A, 319th Field Artillery. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

HANNA, JOHNSTON, Private, Company D, 305th Infantry. Entered service February 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action twice.

HAPGOOD, FREDERICK M., Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service 1917. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

HARDING, GEORGE L., Private, Medical Department, 26th Division. Entered service August 12, 1918.

HARDING, FOSTER, Private, Ordnance Department. Entered service November 9, 1918. Stationed at Officers' Training School, Camp Lee, Va.

HARNOIS, EDWARD F., Private, Veterinary Hospital. Entered service September, 1918. Stationed at Camp Hill, Newport News, Va.

HARPER, ERNEST J., Private, 15th Company, 2nd Regiment, M. M. S. C. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HARRE, FREDERICK, Cook, Medical Department. Entered service June 4, 1917. Stationed at Camp McClellan, Ala.

HARRINGTON, JOHN A., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 1, 1918.

HARRINGTON, FRANK, Private, Medical Department. Entered service May 1, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

HARSCHILD, GEORGE E., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 13, 1917.

HARTLING, EMIL, Private, 882nd Aero Squadron. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

HARTNETT, JOSEPH F., Sergeant, Aircraft Production. Entered service October 13, 1918. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

HARTNETT, MICHAEL A., Private, Base Veterinary Hospital No. 2. Entered service April 8, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HARVEY, CLAYTON R., Private, 44th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 17, 1918. Stationed at Winthrop, Mass. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HASKELL, LOUIS, Private, 1th Field Artillery. Entered service September 21, 1918. Stationed at Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky.

HAYES, FRANK E., Private, Company B, 36th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HAYIE, JOHN, Private, Battery D, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service September 3, 1917.

HAYTON, CLIFFORD, Private, Troop I, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service June 7, 1917. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

HEALEY, ANDREW F., Private, 196th Aero Squadron. Entered service November 19, 1917. Stationed at Grestmer Field, La.

HEALEY, DAVID, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

HEALEY, FRANK E., Private, 304th Sanitary Train. Entered service June 11, 1917.

HEALEY, JOHN M., Private, 36th Signal Platoon. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HEBER, ALFRED W., Private, Supply Company, 112th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

HEBERT, ALEXANDER, Private, Company C, 138th Engineers. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.



Top row (left to right)—George Crochetiere, William Charest, A. Dauphinais; second row—Robert Skilling, Arthur Queneville, Alex Blanchette; third row—John W. Gogolin, Fred Lajoie, Fedora J. Viau; bottom row—Alexis Forgeue, James Stewart, Earl R. McCormick.

HEBERT, ARMAND, Private, United States Marine Corps. Stationed at Key West, Fla.

HEBERT, JEAN B. H., Private, Company E, 347th Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

HEBERT, JOSEPH W., Private, Troop K, 22nd Cavalry. Entered service June 13, 1918.

HEBERT, THEODORE, Private, 36th Headquarters, Pioneer Platoon. Entered service August 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HEINICKE, KARL W., Private, Company N, 4th Battalion. Entered service April 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HENDERSON, ALLEN, Private, 55th Coast Artillery. Entered service June 8, 1918. Stationed at Fort Worth, Texas. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HENDERSON, WILLIAM R., Private, Quartermaster Corps, Wagon Company No. 2, A. R. D. 329. Entered service December 13, 1917.

HENRY, HUGH, Armorer, Flying School Detachment. Entered service March 18, 1917. Stationed at March Field, Riverside, Cal.

HENRYE, ALBERT E., Sergeant, 9th Company Signal Corps. Entered service December 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HERBERT, ALFRED, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

HERBERT, CHARLES H., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

HERBERT, HENRY, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

HERD, ROBERT W., Private, 24th Field Artillery. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

HERDER, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HEROUX, PHILIP, Private, Company A, 504th Engineers. Stationed at Camp Merritt, N. J.

HERTZMARK, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Camp McClellan, Ala.

HERZOG, ALFRED F., Sergeant, 27th Company, 7th Depot Brigade. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Officers' Training School, Camp Grant, Ill.

HEWITT, JOSEPH, Private, Hospital Corps. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

HEYER, HERMAN, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HICKEY, HARRY P., Sergeant, 51st Infantry. Entered service March 14, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HICKEY, JOHN J., Wagoner, Supply Company, 104th Infantry. Entered service March 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HICKSON, JAMES, Private, Battery 2, 41st Field Artillery. Entered service August 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HIGGINBOTHAM, RALPH T., Private, 6th Company, 2nd Battalion, 152d Depot Brigade. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

HILL, HERBERT K., Sergeant, 55th Aero Squadron. Entered service July 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HILL, LEONARD E., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service February 26, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.



Top row (left to right) John J. Kane, Eloi Plante, Thomas F. Tierney; second row—William J. Lapalm, Alexander Bonacker, Edward McKillop; third row—David W. Vaillancourt, James H. McCormick, Fred Matthes; bottom row—John S. Whalen, Harold Kinley, Orcade Legault.

HILL, NORMAN, Private, Medical Corps.

HILLMAN, FRANK, Private, 3rd Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

HIMMELRICHT, CHARLES J., Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service May 4, 1918.

HIRSCH, ABE, Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service September 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Raritan, N. J.

HMURA, JOHN, Private, United States Cavalry.

HOAR, MICHAEL P., Private, 334th F and G Company. Entered service August 29, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

HOAR, PATRICK, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

HOAR, THOMAS F., Private, 27th Balloon Company, Aviation Corps. Entered service December 12, 1917. Stationed at Waco, Texas.

HOFFMAN, JOHN A., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HOGAN, HUGH J., Private, Medical Corps, Base Hospital 66. Entered service June, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOGAN, WILLIAM, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service August 11, 1918. Sent to Fort Slocum, N. Y.

HOGAN, JAMES, Private, 15th Company, 4th Battalion, 155th Depot Brigade. Entered service July 2, 1917. Stationed at Camp Lee, Va.

HOGAN, JAMES, Private, 18th Company, 55th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service August 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HOGAN, JOHN W., Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917.

HOGAN, JOSEPH M., Private, 305th Infantry, 77th Division. Entered service February 26, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOGAN, RAYMOND, Private, Ordnance Corps, 4th Prov. School. Entered service September 1, 1918.

HOGAN, THOMAS F., Private, Company M, 338th Infantry. Entered service June 26, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOLBROOKE, SAMUEL S., Private, 2nd Prov. Training Company, 71st Engineers. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

HOOKS, WILLIAM, Private, Signal Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Camp Vail, N. J.

HOOPER, ISADORE, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOPKINS, JOHN, Corporal, Field Artillery. Entered service July 15, 1917. Stationed at San Antonio, Texas.

HOPKINSON, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

HORNE, ARTHUR A, Private, 52d Aero Squadron. Entered service August, 1917.

HORNE, JOHN N., Private, 152d Depot Brigade. Entered service August 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

HORNE, IRVING L., Sergeant, 56th Engineer Corps. Entered service March, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HORTIE, ALFRED, Private, 5th Company, 3rd Motor Mechanic Battalion. Entered service December 13, 1917.

HOTIN, ALBERT H., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 25, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed, wounded, and shell-shocked in action.



Top row (left to right) William Stewart, John B. Murray, Edward Belisle; second row—Joseph Couture, T. Butler Wood, Albert Kress; third row—Edwin R. Dean, Wilfred Taylor, Felix J. Lussier; bottom row—Randolph Archambault, Alfred J. Boutin, Jacob L. Zass.

HOUDT, EMILE D., Private, United States Army. Entered service February, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HOUGHTALING, S. T., Corporal, Motor Truck Company. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOULE, HENRY, Sergeant, 20th Company, 2nd Motor Mechanic Department. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOULE, OVIDE J., Sergeant, 20th Depot Brigade. Entered service September 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HOUSTON, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

HOWARD, DAVID B., Sergeant, 6th Company, 152d Depot Brigade. Entered service May 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

HOWARD, EDWIN, Bandsman, 2nd Infantry Band. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HOYT, JOHN F., Corporal, Company A, 6th Engineers. Entered service May 29, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOYT, WALTER R., Private, Troop C, 9th Cavalry. Entered service March 1, 1918.

HUDSON, CHARLES A., Private, Battery B, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service May 18, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HUGHES, PATRICK, Private, United States Hospital. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at Camp Greene, S. C.

HUGHES, WILLIAM, Private, Battery C, 55th Field Artillery. Entered service December 3, 1917. Stationed at Fort Heath. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HUMES, WILLIAM H., Sergeant, Sanitary Corps, 56th Pioneer Regiment. Entered service July, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HUMESTON, RAYMOND F., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

HUNTER, GEORGE, Private, Battery D, 53rd C. A. C. Entered service June 28, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HUNTER, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Stuart, Va.

HUPFER, WILLIAM, Private, Company C, 305th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

HURLEY, DANIEL F., Private, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Johnston, Fla.

HURLEY, EDWARD X., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 22, 1918. Stationed at Franklin-Union Institute.

HURLEY, JAMES, Private, 87th Company, Signal Corps, United States Marine Corps. Entered service July 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Edwin C. Fuller, Penn.

HURLEY, JOHN E., Private, Company D, 61st Ammunition Train. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

HURLEY, JOHN J., Private, Battery B, 35th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service August 22, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HURLEY, MICHAEL J., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 15, 1918. Stationed at Franklin-Union Institute.

HUSS, FRANK, Private, 17th Cavalry. Entered service March 11, 1918.

HUTCHINS, A. J., Sergeant, United States Army.

HUTTON, HUGH P., Private, Troop H, 3rd Cavalry. Entered service April 16, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.



Top row (left to right) Joseph F. Cronin, George Counter, Hugh Cadigan; second row—David Rubin, Barney Wiener, Francis F. Vincent; third row—Frank H. Drake, Joseph A. Bonneau, John O. Boldway; bottom row—Napoleon Couture, Adelard Trudel, Emile Authier.

HYDE, WILLIAM W., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service June 15, 1917. Stationed at Camp Hill, Newport News, Va.

HYND, PETER G., Private, Headquarters, 80th Field Artillery. Entered service October 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

IMHOF, ALBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

INNAN, WILLIAM H., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

JACOBSON, MAX, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JACKSON, JOHN W., JR., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JACQUES, EDDIE E., Private, 461st Aero Squadron. Entered service December 11, 1917.

JAMROCK, STANLEY, Private, Battery D, 14th Field Artillery. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

JANACK, LOUIS, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1917.

JANCZUREWICZ, TONY, Private, 31st Company, 8th Battalion, Medical Corps. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

JANLEWICZ, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

JENARD, ARTHUR J., Private, Aviation Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JENARD, LEON J., Private, Aviation Corps. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

JENARD, THEODORE, Private, Aviation Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JENKINS, ROBERT H., Private, 9th Company, Tank Service. Entered service June 18, 1918.

JENKINS, WILLIAM C., JR., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service June 1, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JIORJIOLE, MICHELE, Private, Company G, 304th Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JOHANNIS, ROBERT W., JR., Sergeant, 56th Engineers. Entered service April, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JOHNSON, RUDOLPH A., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 12, 1918. Stationed at Camp Humphrey.

JOHNSON, WALTER W., Private, Company D, Rect. Battalion 14. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Chickamauga Park, Ga. Transferred to Medical Officers' Training Corps, Camp Greenleaf, Ga.

JOHNSTON, WILLIAM, Private, Company A, 6th Engineers. Entered service May 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JOINETTE, JOHN, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JOLLY, ALBERT J., Private, Battery C, 6th Field Artillery. Entered service April 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JONES, HAROLD, Corporal, Company H, 12th Division. Entered service April 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

JONES, JULIUS W., Private, 17th Company, Depot Brigade. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

JONES, OWEN, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JORDAN, FRANK M., Private, United States Army.



Top row (left to right) Thomas Kennedy, William R. Stapley, Alfred Cliche; second row—John J. Sullivan, A. G. Ducharme, George A. Plouffe; third row—Henry P. LeGrand, Alfred L. Brouillet, B. H. Merrill; bottom row—B. A. Warner, C. G. Lefebvre, Raymond Fuller.

JOSIMOND, JOSEPH, Private, Field Artillery. Entered service November 30, 1917.

JOTYRALA, JOHN P., Private, United States Army. Entered service March 19, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

JOY, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

JOYAL, DESIRE, Private, Company C, 101st Engineers. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JOYAL, HERMOGENE, Private, United States Army.

JOYAL, JULE, Bugler, Company B, 326th Infantry. Entered service September 21, 1917.

JOYCE, WILLIAM T., Private, Company D, 103d Engineers. Entered service April, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JUDELSON, HARRY L., Private, United States Army. Entered service June 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KABLE, WILFRED, Sergeant, 3rd Company, Artillery. Entered service April 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

KANE, EDWARD B., Private, Signal Corps. Entered service July 17, 1918. Stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

KANE, EDWARD J., Corporal, 20th Company, Depot Brigade. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

KANE, FRANCIS, Private, Battery E, 112th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KANE, HENRY, Private, Service Company No. 1. Entered service December 13, 1917.

KANE, JAMES H., Private, Medical Corps, 34th Infantry. Entered service December 13, 1917.

KANE, JOHN, Private, 30th Supply Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 15, 1918.

KANE, JOHN J., Private, Company K, 29th Regiment. Entered service February 19, 1917. Stationed at Canal Zone, Panama.

KANE, JOHN A., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

KANE, JOHN J., Private, Company F, 345th Infantry. Entered service June 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KANE, JOHN J., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 11, 1917. Stationed at Fort Hancock, N. J.

KANE, THOMAS, Corporal, Company B, 303d Signal Battalion. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KANE, WILLIAM E., Private, 2d Company, 71st Engineers. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

KANE, WILLIAM H., Sergeant, Troop C, Cavalry. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

KANE, WILLIAM V., Private, 5th Regiment, F. A. R. D. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

KAORUIS, BASIL, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KAPLAN, JOSEPH H., Private, Company A, 319th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KASIANOWICH, PETER, Private, Company C, 307th Engineers. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KASPUTIS, JOHN, Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service January 10, 1918.

KAWAKIK, JOHN, Private, United States Army.



Top row (left to right) H. J. Gagnon, William Murray, Hector H. Fountain; second row—Ferdinand Mitchell, Tellemer Crevier, Joseph Spinks; third row—Charles Deyo, M. J. Ladouceur, Robert Burns; bottom row—Howard Lancour, Charles L. Rocks, Raymond Cray.

KEANE, HENRY J., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KEATING, GEORGE H., Private, 14th Provisional Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

KEENAN, THOMAS J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service February 27, 1918. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

KEENEY, ROLLIN D., Sergeant, Company D, 101st Engineers. Entered service April 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KELLOGG, J. STEWART, Private, Signal Corps. Entered service May, 1918.

KELLEY, EDWARD F., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 12, 1917.

KELLY, EDWARD J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service August 5, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

KELLY, FELIX, Private, 308th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service February 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

KELLY, GEORGE, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

KELLY, JAMES F., Private, 2nd Caisson Company, 2nd Ammunition Train. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KELLY, JAMES J., Musician, 104th Infantry Band. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KELLY, JOHN J., Corporal, Company E, 108th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

KELLY, MICHAEL F., Private, Infantry. Entered service 1916. Served Mexican border campaign. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

KELLY, MICHAEL F., Private, Battery D, 73rd Artillery. Entered service July 22, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KENFIELD, GEORGE R., Sergeant, Company B, 10th Forestry Engineers. Entered service July 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KENFIELD, JOHN J., Private, Company D, 61st Infantry. Entered service October 15, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

KENNEDY, EDWARD F., Corporal, Company D, 305th Infantry. Entered service February 26, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KENNEDY, HAROLD, Private, 43d Infantry. Entered service July, 1917. Stationed at Camp Logan, Texas.

KENNEDY, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KENNEDY, JOSEPH J., Private, Company B, Mounted Police. Entered service November 28, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KENNEDY, NEWTON D., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KENNEDY, RAYMOND, Corporal, Headquarters Company, 23rd United States Infantry. Entered service July, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KENNEDY, RICHARD L., Private, Company F, 312th Engineers. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

KENNEDY, THOMAS J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 23, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded. Gassed.

KENNEDY, THOMAS M., Private, 465th Aero Squadron. Entered service July 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KENNEDY, WILLIAM, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.



Top row (left to right) A. O. Lague, Walter Scott, A. J. Viens; second row—C. C. Armstrong, Alfred Lapointe, Patrick W. Ducey; third row—R. J. Sullivan, Arthur J. Pouliot, Stephen Musante; bottom row—Andrew H. Birnie, F. M. Earle, Raymond Therrien.

KENNEDY, WILLIAM T., Private, Company C, 53rd Engineers. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KENYON, DANIEL, Private, Engineer Corps, 7th Regiment. Entered service 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KERR, ROBERT W., Private, 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

KERR, THOMAS W., Private, 53rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KEYES, WILLIAM F., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service September 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KEYSER, WILLIAM J., Private, 321st Supply Company. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KIAWTHOSKI, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KIDA, VALENTY, Private, 325th Field Artillery. Entered service June 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KIDNAY, JAMES W., Corporal, United States Army. Entered service September 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KIETH, ALPHONSE, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KILKER, JAMES, Private, Company C, 212th Signal Battalion, 12th Division. Entered service June 17, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KILKER, JOHN A., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 15, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Maine.

KILMURRAY, MARTIN J., Private, Company B, 58th Ammunition Train. Entered service July 30, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

KING, ALFRED H., Sergeant-Major, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KINGSBURY, HAROLD W., Private, Tank Corps, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KINLEY, HAROLD R., Private, Headquarters, 11th Field Artillery. Entered service February 23, 1918.

KIRCHNER, FRED E., Private, Company B, 4th Balloon Squadron. Entered service October 13, 1917.

KIRKPATRICK, THOMAS E., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service January 1, 1915. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

KISELEVIEZ, PAUL, Private, Company C, 7th Machine Gun Battalion.

KISSELL, AUGUST, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KLEIN, NORMAN, Private, Medical Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KNAPK, PETER, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KNAPP, JOSEPH N., Private, 11th Cavalry. Entered service May 8, 1917.

KNAPP, PETER P., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

KNAPP, RAYMOND J., Private, 11th Cavalry. Entered service May 9, 1917.

KNIGHT, FRANK, Private, 1st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Rodman.

KNOWLES, WALTER C., Private, Supply Company, 327th Infantry. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.



Top row (left to right) Romeo Girard, James A. Cook, Paul Cotter; second row—Adrien Dubois, John J. Ryan, John Lapointe; third row—Patrick F. McHale, Joseph J. Coutu, Charles F. O'Rourke; bottom row—Frank C. Knight, Robert E. Lee, John B. Dearden.

KOEHLER, RUDOLPH C., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

KOERENSKY, THOMAS, Private, Auxiliary Remount. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KONOTSKI, JOSEPH, Private, Company G, 328th Infantry. Entered service November 6, 1917.

KORDAS, SEBASTIN, Private, United States Army.

KOSKE, THOMAS, Private, Field Artillery. Entered service March 14, 1918.

KOTFILA, EDWARD J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 4, 1915. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

KOWALIK, STANLEY, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 13, 1917.

KOZACK, MAXIM, Private, United States Army. Reported missing in action.

KRALL, FREDERICK, Private, 2nd Development Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KRALL, WALTER, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service August 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KRAMER, WALTER, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 14, 1918.

KRAMPETZ, GUSTAVE E., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service March 4, 1918.

KRAZANSKI, FRANK, Private, 30th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service January, 1918. Stationed at Fort Standish, Boston, Mass.

KREDYS, CLEMENS, Private, United States Army.

KRELOF, SAMUEL, Private, 674th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KRESS, ALBERT, Sergeant, Company G, 327th Infantry. Entered service October 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KREUTER, WILLIAM J., Private, 13th Service Company. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KROLSKI, STANLEY, Private, Tank Corps. Entered service April 27, 1918.

KRONIK, NATHAN, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

KUBITZA, RUDOLPH, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 5, 1918.

KUDS, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 10, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KUENZEL, WILLIAM G., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 9, 1914. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KUNKEL, OSCAR B., Private, 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KURECK, JOHN, Private, Company L, 2nd Battalion. Entered service August 2, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

KURECK, WILLIAM F., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

KURNIK, ADAM A., Private, Company I, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 25, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KURNIK, ALEXANDER, Sergeant, 304th Company, Field Artillery. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KURNIK, JOHN, Corporal, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Totten, L. I.



Top row (left to right) Raymond Costello, Dwain C. Morres, Leroy M. Orcutt; second row—H. B. Bressack, Edward Williams, George R. Quenneville; third row—Harold W. Wynn, Edwin A. Moore, Wilfred R. Rosezza; bottom row—Charles Friedrich, George Hunter, Giles M. Haggerty.

KURPSK, TOMASZ, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KURTZ, OTTO A., Private, 314th Motor Ambulance Company. Entered service August 1, 1917. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

LABELLE, HENRY T., Private, Aero Photo Detachment. Entered service March 22, 1918. Stationed at Long Island, N. Y.

LABELLE, LEO E., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service July 5, 1918.

LABONTE, ADELOR, JR., Private, Company D, 1st Engineers. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LABRECQUE, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

LACAILLE, RAOUL, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LACEY, HUGH J., Private, 76th Company, 6th United States Marine Corps. Entered service June 1, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LACEY, JOHN S., Private, Headquarters, 102d Field Artillery. Entered service September 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LACHANCE, ALPHONSE G., Private, 471st Motor Truck Company, 5th Army Corps. Entered service May 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LACHAPELLE, OREAL, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 26, 1918.

LACHOWICZ, BARON, Private, United States Army. Entered service June, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LACOMBE, ROMEO, Private, Company B, 35th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LACOSTE, HERMAN, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

LACOURSE, ERNEST, Private, Company B, 19th Aircraft Division. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LACROIX, ALPHERIE, Corporal, 4th Company, 1st Training Battalion. Entered service May 27, 1918.

LACROIX, ARTHUR E., Private, 301st Engineers. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LADOUCER, ALBERT, Corporal, Company K, 38th Infantry, 3rd Division. Entered service August 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LADOUCER, EDWARD D., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service June 3, 1918.

LADOUCER, FERDINAND, Private, Company B, 301st Engineers. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LADOUCER, MARCEL J., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 20, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LADUKE, GEORGE A., Private, Troop K, 6th United States Cavalry. Entered service January 4, 1918.

LAFERRIERE, ALFRED, Private, 13th Depot Brigade. Entered service November, 1917.

LAFERRIERE, ALPHONSE G., Private, 6th Company, 2nd Battalion. Entered service September 3, 1918.

LAFERRIERE, AUGUST, Private, Battery C, 6th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Camp Mills, L. I.

LAFERRIERE, JOSEPH, Private, Company H, 73d Regiment. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.



Top row (left to right) Frank Garland, Edward Berdchowiki, Edward Lancour; second row—Rene A. Milletti, Joseph Forget, William Kane; third row—Louis Marsette, Louis C. S. Ethier, Edward Barrett; bottom row—George Anderson, Patrick Moynihan, Arthur Sullivan.

LAFERRIERE, WILFRED, Private, Troop C, 2nd United States Cavalry. Entered service November 9, 1918.

LAFLAME, JOSEPH, Sergeant, 81st Aero Squadron. Entered service July, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAFLESH, JOHN D., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded twice in action. Gassed in action. Taken prisoner. Released. Cited for bravery.

LAFONTAIN, HUGH J., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LAFOUNTAIN, MOSES J., Cook, 27th Division. Entered service July, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAFRANCE, WILLIE, Private, 5th Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service September 3, 1918.

LAGUE, ALEXANDER O., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 2, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAIDLAW, JOHN, Private, 15th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917.

LAIRD, CHARLES E., Sergeant-Major, Headquarters, 328th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAJOIE, DANIEL, Private, 25th Company. Entered service March, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LAJOIE, ERNEST, Private, Company A, 6th Anti Aero Squadron. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

LAJOIE, FREDERICK, Private, Company A, 7th Infantry. Entered service May 17, 1917.

LAJOIE, JOSEPH, Private, Company D, 34th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LAJOIE, WILLIAM F., Private, Company L, 23d Infantry. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LALIBERTE, AMEDEE R., Private, 1st Prov. Company, Headquarters Detachment. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LALIBERTE, VALERE S., Sergeant, 120th Army Service Corps. Entered service October 18, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LALLY, ANTHONY J., Private, Company C, 305th Infantry. Entered service February, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LALLY, PATRICK J., Corporal, Ordnance Department. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LALONDE, PHILIP H., Private, Medical Corps, 76th Division. Entered service February 25, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAMAGDELAINE, ALFRED, Private, Company C, 321st Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917.

LAMAGDELAINE, ARTHUR W., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 5, 1917.

LAMAGDELAINE, EDMOND L., Private, Battery B, Replacement Battalion. Entered service May 15, 1918.

LAMAGDELAINE, EMILE R., Private, United States Engineers. Entered service June 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAMARANDE, OMER, Private, 59th Aero Squadron. Entered service August 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAMARZ, CHARLES R., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LAMONDE, FABIAN, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 13, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.



Top row (left to right) Edward Wiesel, George W. Marcotte, Lewis E. LeDuc; second row, Lee H. Brow, Fred W. Bridges, Arestede Quenneville; third row—Edward J. Fitzgerald, Eugene Marion, William L. Martin; bottom row—Frank Leary, Thomas Grady, Raymond Cunniff.

LANCOUR, EDWARD D., Private, Quartermaster Corps, 310th Field Re-mount Squad. Entered service June 2, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LANCOUR, HOWARD F., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 25, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

LANCTO, ARTHUR, Private, 104th Machine Gun Company. Mexican border service.

LANCTO, RAYMOND, Private, 104th Machine Gun Company. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LANDRY, HENRY L., Private, Battery E, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service May 30, 1918.

LANDRY, ARTHUR, Corporal, Aviation Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LANDRY, PAUL N., Private, Company C, 212th Field Signal Corps. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LANGE, FRED W., Private, Machine Gun Company, 58th Infantry. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LANGHAUSER, GEORGE H., Private, Company A, 318th Engineers. Entered service December 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LANGLOIS, EDWARD, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 9, 1918.

LANGLOIS, WILLIAM J., Private, United States Army, Ambulance Corps. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

LAPALM, WILLIAM J., Private, 3rd Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

LAPAM, BENJAMIN, Private, Medical Corps. Enlisted February, 1918.

LAPEAN, FRED W., Sergeant, Medical Corps, 7th Infantry. Entered service June 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LAPLANT, ARTHUR, Private, 7th Engineer Corps, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAPLANT, JEREMIAH, Private, Company M, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAPLANT, JOHN, Private, Company G, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAPLANT, JOSEPH, Private, Company M, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAPLANTE, JOHN, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 5, 1918.

LAPLANTE, PETER, Private, 223rd Transportation Company. Entered service in June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LAPLANTE, WILLIAM J., Corporal, Company B, 108th Engineers. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAPOINTE, ALFRED, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded and gassed in action.

LAPOINTE, DUIDONNE, Private, Company D, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Camp Warren, Boston, Mass.

LAPOINTE, EDWARD, Private, Company B, 73rd Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LAPOINTE, JOHN, Private, Battery E, 305th Artillery. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAPOINTE, JOSEPH, Private, Company A, 16th Infantry. Entered service May 19, 1917.



Top row (left to right)—George B. Greaney, Edward King, Thomas E. Kirkpatrick; second row—Charles F. Lippman, Rene Peltere, David Rogers; third row—B. A. Squires, E. J. Kotfila, Raymond G. Lawrence; bottom row—Robert Sheehan, Alexander B. Auld, J. A. Perrault.

LAPPIN, BERNARD, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

LAPRADE, ARTHUR, Private, Company I, 327th Infantry. Entered service December, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LAROCHE, PHILLAS J., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service August, 1917.

LAROSE, CLEO N., Corporal, 1st Army Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

LARRIVE, DONAT A., Dentist Assistant, Post Hospital, Medical Corps. Entered service July 27, 1917.

LARROW, EDWIN, Private, Company A, 103d Infantry. Entered service March 3, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LARROW, FRANK W., Corporal, Battery A, 102nd Field Artillery. Entered service July 25, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LATAILLE, NARCISSE, Private, Cannon Relieving School, Ordnance Corps. Entered service June 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga.

LATKA, ALEXANDER, Private, 1st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June, 1918. Stationed at Fort Totten, N. Y.

LATOUR, ARTHUR, Corporal, Company G, 58th Infantry. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LATOURNEAU, ALPHONSE, Sergeant, Company E, 302d Engineers. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

LAVALLEE, ELZEAR, Private, Company M, 345th Infantry. Entered service October 5, 1917.

LAVALLEE, HENRY, Private, Battery E, 305th Artillery. Entered service March 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAVALLEE, HOMER, Private, Battery E, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service October 7, 1917.

LAVALLEE, WILFRED, Private, Company M, 301st Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LAVALLEE, WILFRED J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service July 2, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded twice in action.

LAVERTY, GEORGE, Private, Battery E, 38th Artillery. Entered service June, 1918.

LAVERTY, JOSEPH, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAVIGNE, FRED L., Private, Company M, 101st Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAVOIE, HENRY A., Corporal, Company I, 38th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAW, LEONARD F., Corporal, Company G, 73rd Infantry. Entered service March 29, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LAWLER, STEPHEN J., Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

LAWLISS, RALPH, Private, Company H, 1st Vermont Infantry. Entered service April 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAWRENCE, RAYMOND G., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 29, 1917. With Expeditionary Forces.

LEAHY, DANIEL F., Sergeant, Headquarters Company. Entered service September, 1917.

LEAHY, JOHN F., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.



Top row (left to right)—Patrick F. Conway, Raoul M. Bessett; center—George C. Fortin; bottom row—Albert H. Anders, Herbert B. Pickup.

LEAHY, JOHN J., Private, Third Army of Occupation. Entered service July 15, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEAHY, PATRICK J., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LEARY, EDWARD D., Corporal, Quartermaster Corps, Supply Train, United States Army.

LEARY, FRANK, Private, 18th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEARY, MARTIN J., Private, 26th Division. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEARY, ROBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service April, 1918.

LEBBY, NAPOLEON, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LEBEL, HENRY, Private, 18th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LEBELLE, EMIL, Private, 327th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917.

LEBLANC, LIONEL, Private, 23rd Ambulance Corps. Entered service August, 30, 1917.

LECLAIR, DONAT T., Private, Medical Corps, 25th Receiving Company. Entered service September 30, 1918.

LECLAIR, HENRY, Sergeant, Service Company No. 1. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Johnston, Fla.

LECUYER, LINDEN P., Private, 25th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October 20, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Maine.

LEDUC, EMIL T., Private, Troop E, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEDUC, LEWIS E., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 10, 1917.

LEDUC, JOSEPH A., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LEDUC, WILLIAM, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June 3, 1918.

LEE, ERNEST T., Sergeant, 111th Ordnance Corps. Entered service May 2, 1918. Stationed at Camp Grant, Ill.

LEE, JAMES E., Corporal, Medical Corps, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LEE, ROBERT E., Private, Company I, 50th Infantry. Entered service August 1, 1917.

LEEN, THOMAS H., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LEFEBVRE, CHARLES G., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded. Gassed.

LAFEBVRE, LEO, Private, Salvage Department, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service June 2, 1918.

LEGAULT, ALFRED, Private, Battery D, 44th Tractor Artillery Replacement Battalion. Entered service July 5, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEGAULT, ORCADE E., Private, Battery A, 15th Field Artillery. Entered service June 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEGRAND, HENRY P., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

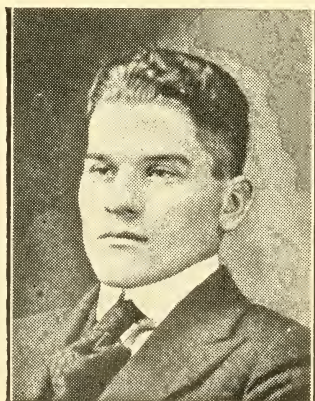
LEIBECK, EDWARD H., Sergeant, 67th Aero Squadron. Entered service August 14, 1917.



Top row (left to right)—Frank Lescilles, Lawrence Wagner, B. Johnson; bottom row—Henry P. Cauley, Joseph Yelle, Otto Wendt.



ROMEO LEMIEUX



JOHN MERRIMAN

LELAND, WARREN E., JR., Private, Tank Corps. Entered service November 9, 1918. Stationed at Camp Polk, N. C.

LEMIEUX, ROMEO A., Private, United States Army. Entered service October, 1917.

LEMIRE, WILLIAM, Private, Company M, 345th Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918.

LEMPKE, ERNEST, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

LENIHAN, JOHN F., Private, Company D, 327th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

LEOFFLER, ALBERT F., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LEONARD, CARLETON W., Sergeant, 320th Headquarters Company. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEONARD, EDMOND, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LEONARD, MICHAEL J., Corporal, Unit 115, Ordnance Corps. Entered service June 15, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEONARD, STEPHEN F., Private, Troop G, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LE PAGE, LIONEL, Private, United States Army.

LEPROHON, JOSEPH, Sergeant, Medical Corps, 76th Field Artillery. Entered service June 4, 1917.

LESCILCES, FRANK, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LETELLIERE, WILLIAM, Wagoner, Battery B, 6th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918.

LETOURNEAU, ALPHONSE, Sergeant, Company E, 302d Engineers. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

LEVEILLE, LEOPOLD, Private, Company I, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service October 5, 1917.

LEVEILLE, M. AUGUSTE, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 30, 1918.

LEVENSON, SAMUEL, Sergeant, Company M, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEVINE, ALEX, Private, Ordnance Corps, 2nd Company, 4th Ordnance. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEVITT, FRED A., Private, United States Army. Entered service June 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

LEVREAU, TELESPHORE, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LEWIS, ADELBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LEY, PAUL, JR., Private, 24th Company, 6th Battalion, 152d Depot Brigade. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

L'HENREAUX, ALBERT J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LIPPMANN, CHARLES F., Private, Machine Gun Company, 104th Infantry. Entered service March 27, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LIS, JOSEPH, Private, 21st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service January 31, 1918.



Top row (left to right)—W. R. Williams, Charles Quirk, John Bowler, George Tiffany; second row—R. M. Cleveland, J. P. Dugan, L. Pasquinuci, M. J. Burke; third row—F. H. Carey, Adelard G. Boudreau, Edward Ryan, T. J. Begley; fourth row—J. J. O'Connor, J. L. Sheehan, Edgar Simes, Ray A. Cayhue; fifth row—John Alcott, Leonard Nichols, John Tierney, Samuel Levenson; bottom row—Charles Newmann, William Wright, J. A. Dugan, J. P. Driscoll.

LISIECKI, WACLAW, Private, 18th Company, 5th Training Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LISTER, GEORGE W., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LITTLE, PHILIP W., Field Clerk, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service September 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LOEFFLER, ALBERT F., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LOFTUS, WILLIAM E., Private, Company D, Ammunition Train. Entered service July 29, 1918.

LOISELLE, DOSILVA, Private, Battery E, 21st Field Artillery. Entered service April 9, 1917.

LOISELLE, HENRY, Sergeant, Company C, 212th Engineers. Entered service March, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LOISELLE, ROMEO, Private, 16th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service May 1, 1918. Stationed at Fort Revere, Mass.

LOMBARD, DOMICK, Private, Company B, 27th Engineers. Entered service April 27, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LONG, HENRY, Private, 20th Motor Truck Company. Entered service October 26, 1917.

LONG, JOHN A., Private, 4th Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

LONG, JOHN F., Private, Company H, 36th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LONG, THOMAS, Private, Company C, 504th Engineers. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LONGBOTTOM, ARTHUR, Private, 312th Aero Squadron. Entered service March 8, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

LOPEZ, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 16, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LOSTY, WILLIAM B., Private, Company A, 77th Field Artillery. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LOUDEN, JAMES, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

LOUDEN, RAYMOND S., Sergeant, 254th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LOUGHREY, GEORGE E., Private, Company E, 37th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918.

LOWELL, DANIEL, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LOWELL, ROBERT, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August 12, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LUBOLD, RICHARD, JR., Private, Company H, 58th Infantry. Entered service February 26, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LUBOLD, FREDERICK, Wagoner, Company B, 315th Ammunition Train. Entered service April 30, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LUCCHESI, JOHN, Private, Headquarters Company, 328th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded twice in action.

LUCEY, FRANCIS J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.



Top row (left to right)—Robert S. Burns, George H. Bork, Charles H. Herbert, Arthur Chouinard; second row—Arthur Longbottom, William Costello, John Potyrola, Ray C. Winkler; third row—Karl M. Heinicke, Walter E. Martell, Stephen J. O'Connor, Charles P. Nadeau; bottom row—George F. Reardon, A. P. Matrogos, Joseph H. Fontaine, E. P. Paulacci.

LUCEY, JOHN P., Sergeant, Ordnance Corps. Entered service September 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LUCEY, JOSEPH EARL, Instructor, Developments Battalion. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

LUCIER, ERNEST, Private, Battery B, 147th Field Artillery. Entered service June 15, 1918.

LUSSIER, FELIX J., Private, 3rd Ordnance Department. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

LYLE, WILLIAM, Musician, Company E, 328th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYMAN, JOHN R., Sergeant, 19th Field Artillery. Entered service April 24, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, EUGENE A., Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Lee, Va.

LYNCH, FRANK E., Corporal, Battery D, 29th Heavy Field Artillery. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Maine.

LYNCH, HAROLD, Sergeant, Medical Corps, 56th Pioneer Infantry. Entered service July 24, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, JAMES, Corporal, Battery D, 19th Field Artillery. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, JOHN F., Private, Battery B, 7th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918.

LYNCH, JOHN J., Private, Heavy Artillery. Entered service February 25, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, JOHN M., Sergeant, Battery A, 111th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH JOHN T., Corporal, Company A, 319th Heavy Field Artillery. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, JOHN W., Sergeant, 218th Aero Squadron. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, JOSEPH E., Cadet, School of Military Aeronautics. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

LYNCH, JOSEPH T., Private, C. A. C., 51st Division. Entered service July 19, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute, Mass. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, MAURICE, Private, Company C, 301st Field Signal Corps. Entered service October 8, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LYNCH, MICHAEL J., Private, Company C, 101st Engineers. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, RAYMOND J., Private, 347th Infantry. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, THOMAS, Private, 20th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, TIMOTHY J., Corporal, Battery D, 19th Field Artillery. Entered service May 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

LYONS, RAYMOND J., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service January, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

LYONS, WILLIAM M., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

McALLISTER, BERNARD R., Private, Company A, 321st Machine Gun Company. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Shell-shocked in action.



Top row (left to right)—George Weidhass, P. J. Martel, Robert Norton, M. A. Regan; second row—Adelard Belisle, Peter Pysz, P. D. Duffy, E. J. Scully; third row—William Shapiro, E. B. Kane, F. C. Welch, George Musante; fourth row—Patrick Griffin, N. Jorgiole, Frank Marier, R. G. Craigie; fifth row—G. L. May, R. C. Ezold, A. P. Meunier, Joseph Martin; bottom row—Joseph Lajoie, T. F. Quinn, William Kreuter, D. A. Larivee.

McALLISTER, GEORGE, Private, Company L, 325th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McALPINE, MARTIN J., Private, Troop K, 2nd United States Cavalry. Entered service May 20, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McANDREW, LAWRENCE, Private, 18th Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

McARTHUR, ALBERT H., Private, United States Army.

McBEAN, THOMAS, Private, Ordnance Corps. Stationed at Watertown Arsenal.

McCABE, RAYMOND, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 24, 1918. Stationed with Boston City Hospital Unit.

McCAFFREY, WILLIAM F., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

McCART, ARTHUR, Private, Machine Gun Company, 74th Infantry. Entered service August 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

McCARTHY, ALBERT M., Private, Troop C, 11th Cavalry. Entered service June 4, 1917. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

McCARTHY, FLORENCE J., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Johnston, Fla.

McCARTHY, GEORGE M., Private, Troop L, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McCORMICK, ANDREW J., Private, Utility Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

McCORMICK, EARL R., Private, Headquarters Troop, 6th Cavalry. Entered service May, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McCORMICK, GEORGE R., Private, Ambulance Company No. 7, Medical Corps, 3rd Division. Entered service July 14, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McCORMICK, JAMES H. J., Sergeant, Company G, 83rd Infantry. Entered service in 1913. Stationed in Louisiana.

McCORMICK, JOSEPH, Private, Battery F, 53rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918.

McCORMICK, STEPHEN F., Private, 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

McCOY, ANGUS, Private, 28th Company, 7th Battalion. Depot Brigade. Entered service July 17, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

McCOY, RAYMOND J., Private, Battery C, 33rd C. A. C. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Eustis, Va.

McDERMOTT, MICHAEL J., Private, Company H, 48th Infantry. Entered service September 5, 1917.

McDONALD, DANIEL, Private, Company E, 60th Infantry. Entered service December 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McDONALD, ERNEST A., Private, Company E, 49th Infantry. Entered service July, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

McDONALD, FRANCIS, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April 22, 1918.

McDONNELL, PATRICK, Private, Company E, 303rd Engineers. Entered service, 1917. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

McELLAGOTT, JAMES, Private, Company G, 308th Infantry. Entered service March 1, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McELWAIN, HARRY, Private, Officers' Training School. Stationed at Fort Sheridan.



Top row (left to right)—Andrew Roe, Joseph E. Lynch, D. P. Howard, Raymond Hogan; second row—James A. Reardon, Robert E. Dearden, Lucien Gaudard, Peter Caddy; third row—Fred L. Frechette, Gordon Trowbridge, J. Francis Sullivan, Thomas Alexander; bottom row—Romeo J. Perrault, Hugh P. McLean, Leo H. Finnerty, Edward T. Desmond.

McELWAIN, LECEISTER, Corporal, 101st Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service in June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

McELWAIN, THOMAS, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McEWAN, ———, Corporal, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

McFADDEN, CHARLES, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

McFADDEN, JAMES, Private, Medical Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McGARRITY, PATRICK J., Private, 8th Battalion, 31st Depot Brigade. Entered service October 7, 1917.

McGARRITY, PETER, Private, Battery C, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 15, 1918.

McGARVIE, JAMES H. M., Private, Company D, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service June 15, 1917.

McGINNIS, PAUL W., Private, Battery B, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service April, 1917.

McGOUGH, FRANK T., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 20, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

McGOUGH, JOHN, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Stationed at Fort Strong.

McGRATH, CHARLES, Private, 72nd Aero Squadron. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McGRATH, HENRY F., Private, Company I, 7th Field Artillery. Entered service June 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

McGRATH, MARTIN J., Private, 41st Aviation Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McGRATH, WILLIAM, Private, Company B, 217th Field Signal Battalion. Entered service July 2, 1918. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

McGRATH, WILLIAM J., Private, 167th Aero Squadron. Entered service April 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McGRATH, WILLIAM H., Private, Company I, 74th Infantry. Entered service May 31, 1918.

McGUINNES, RAYMOND J., Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service May 23, 1918.

McGUIRE, CHARLES E., Private, Battery B, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service May 14, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McGUIRE, WILLIAM J., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 12, 1917.

McGURK, ARTHUR J., Private, Troop F, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McHALE, PATRICK F., Private, Company H, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 13, 1918.

McINTYRE, HUGH J., Private, Battery A, 6th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McINTYRE, JAMES R., Private, Company C, 315th Infantry.

McKAY, DAVID, Private, 9th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service February 16, 1918.

McKAY, JOHN C., Private, Troop L, 14th Cavalry. Entered service January 11, 1918.

McKEGNEY, CHARLES S., Private, Company L, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.



Top row (left to right)—Emile Sansouci, Albert E. Henrye, Morse Roberts, Frank S. O'Connell;
 second row—Felix Stackowicz, John Monahan, Albert Blais, J. W. Lynch; third row—Narcisse
 Lataille, Anthony O'Kraska, Leo W. Menard, Richard W. O'Rourke; bottom row—Elliott Read,
 Patrick Shea, Vincent A. Smith, John J. Shea.

McKENNA, MICHAEL J., Private, Company B, 49th Infantry. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McKENZIE, DONALD, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McKEON, ALBERT J., Private, Company A, 3rd Regiment. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

McKILLOP, EDWARD, Corporal, 11th Company, 3rd Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

McKINSTRIE, GEORGE, Private, 13th Company, 4th Battalion. Entered service September 21, 1917.

McKINSTRIE, JOSEPH, Private, Battery B, 47th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 8, 1918.

McLAUGHLIN, JOHN F., Private, Medical Detachment. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

McLAUGHLIN, PETER, Sergeant, Machine Gun Company. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

McLEAN, HUGH P., Private, Supply Company 324, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

McLEAN, LEONARD, Private, 2nd United States Cavalry. Entered service, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McLEAN, LOUIS, Private, Battery B, 336th Field Artillery. Entered service July, 1918.

McMAHON, GEORGE F., Private, Battery F, 11th Field Artillery. Entered service August 15, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

McMAHON, MICHAEL B., Private, Company B, 307th Military Police Detachment. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McNAIRN, PETER J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McNAIRN, WILFRED, Private, Company B, 19th Infantry. Entered service January 11, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

McNALLY, EDWARD J., Corporal, Company B, 326th Infantry. Entered service September 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

McNALLY, MAURICE, Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service August 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McNAUGHT, JOHN G., Corporal, Signal Corps, 302d Field Battalion. Entered service October 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McNULTY, AMOS, Private, Medical Unit, Hospital Corps. Entered service June, 1918.

McNULTY, EDWARD J., Private, 1st Company, 26th O. R. S. D. Entered service June 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga.

McNULTY, JOHN, Sergeant, Company C, 6th Machine Gun Company, United States Marines. With American Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery in action.

McNULTY, PATRICK H., Private, Company I, 305th Hospital Corps. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

McVEIGH, JOSEPH, Private. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MacMENIGALL, ROY, Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Taken prisoner in action. Released.

MacLEOD, WILLIAM, Private, Medical Corps. Stationed at Field Hospital No. 2, Hempstead, L. I.



Top row (left to right)—Francis Curran, Russell Widdoson, Michael Monahan, Stanley Ostrowski; second row—Ralph J. Damon, Caesar P. Equi, Jr., Leo H. Baril, John E. O'Rourke; third row—Aimee Belanger, Arthur Gagnon, James J. Finn, Frank O'Connell; bottom row—Edward J. Scanlon, Leo J. Blanchette, Oscar B. Perrault, Rene Viens.

MADDEN, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Lee, Va.

MADDEN, PETER J., Private, Troop A, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MADALLE, CLARENCE F., Private, Company K, 104th Infantry. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MADRU, LOUIS, Private, Battery F, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

MAHONEY, DANIEL D., JR., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 19, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

MAHONEY, DENNIS E., Private, 18th Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MAHONEY, WILLIAM H., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MAINVILLE, ALFRED, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MAINVILLE, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MAINVILLE, MARC, Private, Company B, 25th Engineers. Entered service October 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MAINVILLE, PETER, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service May 21, 1918.

MAISLAND, JOHN R., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December, 1917.

MARIELLA, STANLEY F., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 29, 1916.

MALANOSKI, WALTER, Private, 1st Field Artillery. Entered service March 16, 1917.

MALCOLM, JOHN, Private, 1st Company, Replacement Troops, Engineer Corps. Entered service June 15, 1917.

MALEZIAN, NESHUM, Private, 251st Aero Squadron. Entered service December 13, 1917.

MALLOY, GEORGE T., Private, 7th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MALONEY, FRANK E., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 11, 1917. Stationed at United States Proving Ground, Aberdeen, Md.

MANDEVILLE, HOMER L., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MANDEVILLE, NORBERT, Sergeant, 12th Coast Artillery Corps, Medical Department. Entered service February 28, 1918. Stationed at Fort Strong, Boston, Mass.

MANDEVILLE, RAYMOND, Private, 21st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 1, 1918.

MANGIANTINI, VITTARIO, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 7, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

MANGUM, ANDREW, Sergeant, Medical Department, Hospital Corps. Entered service May 28, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MANNING, CHRISTOPHER J., Private, 652d Aero Squadron. Entered service December 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MANNING, JOHN J., Private, Company D, 1st Replacement Engineers. Entered service December 5, 1917.

MANNING, MICHAEL, Private, 1st Balloon Battalion. Entered service March 12, 1918.

MANNING, MICHAEL J., Private, 4th Company, A. R. D. Entered service August 15, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

MANNING, PATRICK J., Private, Military Police. Entered service July, 1917. Stationed at Camp Merritt, N. J.

MANNING, ROY J., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

MANNIX, MICHAEL F., Musician, Battery E, 25th Field Artillery. Entered service August 6, 1918.

MANNIX, THOMAS J., Sergeant, Company A, 35th Machine Gun Company. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MANSFIELD, PATRICK, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December, 1917.

MARCEAU, PATRICK J., Bugler, Battery B, 3rd Corps, Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARCEAU, WILLIAM F., Corporal, Company 13, Motor Mechanic, Aviation Corps. Entered service December 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARCHAND, FORTUNA, Corporal, Company E, 48th Infantry. Entered service June 11, 1917. Stationed at Newport News, Va.

MARCHAND, JOSEPH, Private, Battery E, 58th Field Artillery. Entered service May 10, 1918.

MARCOTTE, GEORGE W., Private, Machine Gun Company, 302d Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MARCOTTE, JOSEPH E., Bugler, 31st Signal Corps. Entered service October 7, 1917.

MARCOTTE, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MARIER, FRANK, Private, Battery D, 33d Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service September 3, 1918.

MARION, EUGENE F., Corporal, Battery A, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARION, HENRY, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARKWART, JOHN, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MARR, HENRY J., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MARRA, JOHN J., Private, Troop H, 1st Cavalry. Entered service January 31, 1914. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARSHALL, JOHN, Sergeant, 5th Engineers' Officers' Training School. Entered service April, 1918. Stationed at Camp Lee, Va.

MARSLAND, JOHN R., Corporal, Battery E, 119th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARTEL, PAUL, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

MARTEL, PIERRE J., Private, 167th Aero Squadron. Entered service September 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARTEL, WALTER, Private, 226th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARTELL, WALTER E., Private, 152d Aero Squadron. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARTIN, CHARLES W., Private, Medical Department. Entered service July, 1917. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

MARTIN, DANIEL A., Private, Company H, 102d Field Artillery. Entered service September 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

MARTIN, EDGAR R., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MARTIN, FRANK E., Private, Company D, 326th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

MARTIN, FREDERICK W., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARTIN, HAROLD E., Private, Battery B, 54th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARTIN, JOSEPH, Private, Company C, 301st Ambulance Train. Entered service April 27, 1918.

MARTIN, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service April, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MARTIN, MICHAEL, Private, 4th Tractor Artillery. Entered service June 4, 1918.

MARTIN, NAPOLEON, Private, United States Army. Entered service April, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MARTIN, PHILLIP, Private, Aviation Training Station. Stationed at Great Lakes, Ill.

MARTIN, WILLIAM F., Private, Company B, 35th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MARTINEAU, ANDREW, Private, 428th Engineer Corps. Entered service December 10, 1917.

MARTINEAU, ARTHUR, Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service June 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

MARTINEAU, EDWARD N., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918.

MARTINEAU, JAMES J., Private, Company F, 39th Infantry. Entered service September 3, 1917.

MASSE, ASIAS, Private, 9th Balloon Company. Entered service March 8, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

MASSE, ROMEO, Private, Battery E, 76th Field Artillery. Entered service September 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MASON, LEO T., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MASON, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 19, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MATHEY, ALFRED S., Private, 20th Company, 2nd Motor Truck Company. Entered service December, 1917.

MATHIEU, PHILLIPPE P., Corporal, Company I, 104th Infantry. Entered service April 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MATRAGOS, ANGELUS P., Private, Medical Corps, 50th Infantry. Entered service July 28, 1917.

MATTHES, FRED, Private, United States Army.

MATTHEW, FRED, Private, Reclamation Detachment, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service October 7, 1917.

MATURO, PETER, Private, Company I, 302d Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MAUER, GEORGE, Sergeant, Motor Truck Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 11, 1917. Stationed at Newport News, Va.

MAULE, ALMERICO, Private, Battery B, 14th Field Artillery. Entered service March 21, 1917. Stationed at Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

MAULE, FRED, Private, Battery D, 8th Field Artillery. Entered service March 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Wheeler, Ga.

MAUVAIS, EDWARD, Private, United States Army.

MAXFIELD, ARTHUR, Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August 31, 1917.

MAY, GEORGE L., Private, Company D, 304th Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MAYETTE, CHARLES E., Private, Company A, 29th Engineers. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MAYOTTE, FELIX, Private, Company H, 36th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MAYS, RICHARD J., Corporal, Ordnance Department. Stationed at Camp Sevier, S. C.

MAZUN, MICHAEL, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

MELLIER, EMILE, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August 5, 1918.

MENARD, ARTHUR J., Private, 20th Anti-Aircraft Battery. Entered service July 5, 1918.

MENARD, EDWARD, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 6, 1918.

MENARD, HENRY F., Private, 25th Cavalry. Entered service February 15, 1918. Stationed at Fort Bliss, Texas.

MENARD, LEODORE, Private, 96th Aero Squadron. Stationed at Mineola, L. I.

MENARD, VALMORE, Private, Company I, 49th Regiment, 30th Infantry. Entered service July 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MENGEL, WILLIAM C., Private, 18th Company, 5th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MERKLE, DAVID J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service June 1, 1917. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

MERLET, CHARLES C., Sergeant, Aviation Corps. Entered service February 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MERRIWETHER, JAMES, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MERWIN, HERBERT, Private, United States Army.

MESSIER, EDWARD, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MESSIER, ERNEST, Private, Signal Corps. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MESSIER, HENRY, Musician, 73rd Infantry Band. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

METTLER, FRANK, Private, Company C, 101st United States Engineers. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MEUNIER, ALFRED P., Private, Company B, 12th Supply Train. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MEUNIER, UBALD, Corporal, Battery F, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MEYETTE, ROLAND, Private, 326th Infantry. Entered service November, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MIELKE, WILLIAM G., Private, Battery E, 305th Field Artillery. Entered service March 29, 1918.

MIKLASEWSKI, STEFAN, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918.

MIKLASZEWIZ, JOHN, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service August, 1917. Stationed at Camp Greene, N. C.

MIKSA, MICHAEL, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918.

MILES, EDWARD A., Private, Battery D, Tractor Coast Artillery. Entered service July 22, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MILKAY, JOHN, Private, Battery C, 320th Field Artillery. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MILLAR, JOHN B., Private, Headquarters Company, 327th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MILLER, ELL, Private, Company E, 60th Infantry. Entered service December 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MILLER, GEORGE, JR., Private, Company E, 20th Engineers. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MILLER, LEOPOLD G., Sergeant, Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918.

MILLETTE, RENE A., Private, Battery E, 33rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 22, 1918.

MILLS, EVERETT J., Private, Ambulance Company No. 23. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MINER, EARL E., Private, 41st Squadron, 3rd Provision Regiment, A. S. S. C. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Waco, Texas.

MIREAULT, AQUILLA G., Private, Company K, 165th Infantry. Entered service April 25, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MIREAULT, JOSEPH D., Private, United States Army. Entered service June, 1918.

MISKEY, EDWARD W., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MISKO, STANLEY, Private, United States Army.

MITCHELL, FERDINAND F., Cook, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 26, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MITTLER, FRANK A., Private, 101st Engineers. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MOFFATT, EDWARD, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service June 10, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOFFATT, JAMES W., Private, Troop I, 15th Cavalry. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOISE, MICHAEL, Private, Battery C, 16th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918.

MONAGHAN, DOMINICK, Private, Battery E, 17th Field Artillery. Entered service June 29, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MONAGHAN, HENRY F., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MONAGHAN, MARTIN, Private, 6th Company, Recruit Depot Brigade. Stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga.

MONAHAN, HUGH, Private, Company G, 38th Regiment. Entered service August 24, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MONAHAN, MICHAEL, Private, 3rd Company, 15th Regiment. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MONAHAN, MICHAEL S., Corporal, Company B, 308th Infantry. Entered service March 26, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MONAT, ALBERT E., Private, Company D, 61st Ambulance Train. Entered service October, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

MONIHAN, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MONDOR, EDWARD A., Private, Headquarters, 36th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

MONTGOMERY, LAWRENCE J., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service February, 1918. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

MOORE, EDWARD L., Corporal, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service May 26, 1917.

MOORES, DERAINE, Private, Company B, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MOQUIN, ARCHIE, Private, Company G, Medical Corps. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at United States Debarkment Hospital No. 3.

MOQUIN, HENRY A., Private, Battery D, 37th Field Artillery. Entered service July 9, 1918.

MOQUIN, JOHN B., Private, Company D, 109th Engineers. Entered service June 27, 1918.

MOQUIN, ROMEO V., Private, Company D, 42nd Infantry. Entered service September 3, 1914. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MORAN, BERNARD, Private, Wagon Company No. 2, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

MORAN, DANIEL F., Private, Company I, 327th Infantry. Entered service October 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MOREAU, ALBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service December 6, 1917.

MOREAU, ARTHUR, Private, 354th Butcher Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service May 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOREAU, HENRY O., Corporal, 18th Company, 5th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MOREAU, JOHN, Corporal, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MORELL, FRANK, Private, United States Army.

MORENCY, FRANK, Cook, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Mills, L. I.

MORGAN, LEONARD O., Corporal, Company B, 116th Engineer Corps. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOIRCAK, WTORALELIN, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918.

MORIARTY, C. J., Sergeant, Motor Transport Corps. Stationed at Camp Greene, S. C.

MORIARTY, CORNELIUS, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, DANIEL, Private, 6th Company, 60th Field Artillery. Entered service April 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, DONALD F., Private, Medical Corps, 140th Regiment, 35th Division. Entered service January 4, 1918. Stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Ga. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, EUGENE W., Sergeant, Company B, 319th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, JAMES J., Private, Company F, 7th Engineers. Entered service June 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, JEROME, Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service April, 1917. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

MORIARTY, JOHN F., Private, Battery A, 7th Field Artillery. Entered service April 20, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, JOHN F., Corporal, Company B, Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MORIARTY, JOHN F., Private, 7th Field Artillery. Entered service March 12, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, JOHN J., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MORIARTY, JOHN J., Private, 218th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, JOSEPH J., Private, 1st Machine Gun Company, 16th Infantry. Entered service May 22, 1917.

MORIARTY, JOSEPH L., Private, 4th Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service February 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MORIARTY, PATRICK J., Sergeant, 31st Company, 8th Battalion. Entered service September 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MORIARTY, RAYMOND J., Corporal, Battery D, 29th Field Artillery. Entered service October 21, 1918.

MORIARTY, ROLAND, Private, 48th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIARTY, THOMAS, Sergeant, 246th Ambulance Corps, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MORIARTY, THOMAS J., Private, Battery E, 33rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October 3, 1918.

MORIARTY, WILLIAM, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service January 31, 1918.

MORIARTY, WILLIAM E., Corporal, Company B, 4th Truck Corps, Aviation Corps. Entered service May 30, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIN, ARMAND, Private, 305th Field Artillery. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIN, CHARLES E., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MORIN, HENRY L., Private, Battery C, 71st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 12, 1918.

MORIN, RAYMOND, Private, 255th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORIN, VICTOR, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

MORRISON, CHARLES F., Private, Company K, 102nd Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORRISON, GEORGE F., Private, Company L, 328th Infantry. Entered service August 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORRISON, HUGH J., Corporal, Company D, 54th Infantry. Entered service June 16, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORSE, CHARLES, Sergeant, 30th Company, 153d Depot Brigade. Entered service May 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

MOUSETTE, LOUIS, Private, Company C, 107th Engineers. Entered service May 27, 1918.

MOYNIHAN, ANDREW J., Private, Battery E, 15th Field Artillery. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOYNIHAN, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918.

MOYNIHAN, FRANK J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOYNIHAN, JOHN, Private, Headquarters Company, 12th Division. Entered service August 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MOYNIHAN, JOHN A., Private, 140th Aero Squadron. Entered service October 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOYNIHAN, JOHN D., Private, Headquarters Company, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MOYNIHAN, PATRICK J., Private, Tank Corps. Entered service August 22, 1918.

MOYNIHAN, THOMAS F., Private, Headquarters Troop, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 6, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOYNIHAN, WILLIAM D., Private, Company A, 303d Machine Gun Battalion. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MULFORD, LEON J., Private, United States Army. Entered service March 18, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

MULLEN, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

MULQUEENY, WILLIAM J., Private, 13th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service May 3, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MULVANEY, LAWRENCE, Private, Company E, 60th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MUNDIE, DAVID, Private, Battery C, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service June 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MURDOCH, NORMAN, Private, 61st Ammunition Train. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

MURPHY, EDWARD, Private, Battery C, 55th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MURPHY, EDWARD J., Corporal, Troop C, 11th Cavalry. Entered service June 4, 1917. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

MURPHY, IRVING T., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.

MURPHY, JAMES E., Private, Company G, 42nd Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MURPHY, JOHN, Private, Hospital Medical Corps. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

MURPHY, JOHN F., Private, Company B, 14th Railway Engineers. Entered service June 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MURPHY, JOSEPH G., Private, 413th Marine Corps. Entered service October 28, 1918.

MURPHY, RALPH E., Corporal, 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MURPHY, RICHARD J., Corporal, Battery B, 2nd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 27, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MURPHY, THOMAS V., Private, 150th Aero Squadron. Entered service October 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MURPHY, VERNON, Private, Quartermaster Corps, Mechanical Unit. Entered service February 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Holebird, Md.

MURPHY, WILLIAM, Private, Battery D, 76th Field Artillery. Entered service September 25, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MURRAY, JOHN B., Corporal, 2nd Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918.

MURRAY, JOHN F., Private, Headquarters Company. Entered service September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MURRAY, JOSEPH P., JR., Private, Company I, 347th Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

MURRAY, WILLIAM B., Private, Company G, 161st Infantry. Entered service December 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MURRAY, WILLIAM, Private, Company A, 7th Engineers. Entered service June 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MURRAY, WILLIAM F., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MURZGENSAL, FRANK J., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MUSANTE, FRED, Private, 171st Aero Squadron. Entered service October 24, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MUSANTE, GEORGE, Private, 18th Company, 5th Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MUSANTE, LEO, Private, Company A, 2nd Provisional Company, 156th Depot Brigade. Entered service June 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MUSANTE, STEPHEN, Private, 104th Machine Gun Company. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

MYERS, JAMES M., Private, Machine Gun Company, 74th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

NADEAU, CHARLES P., Sergeant, Company B, 70th Engineers. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

NADEAU, JOSEPH V., Private, Troop E, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 10, 1918.

NADEAU, OLIVER, Private, Company C, 39th Infantry. Entered service October 15, 1917. Stationed at Camp Greene, N. C.

NADEAU, ROMEO, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service February 13, 1918. Stationed in Virginia.

NAGLE, FRANK, Private, Machine Gun Company, 131st Infantry. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

NATHANSON, JOSEPH, Private, Company B, 34th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

NAULT, ERNEST C., Private, Company D, 16th Battalion. Entered service June 27, 1918.

NEIL, JOHN, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 23, 1918.

NEIL, ROBERT, Private, Company F, 23rd Infantry. Entered service July 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

NEILL, WILLIAM G., Corporal, 18th Company, 5th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

NEVIN, RALPH F., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

NEWTON, EDWARD B., Corporal, Company C, 504th Engineers. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

NIEBOLA, FRANK, Private, 31st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 21, 1917.

NITCH, JOHN, Sergeant, Evacuation Company No. 40, Hospital Group. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Ga.

NORMANDEAU, RENE, Private, Company A, 312th Ammunition Train. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

NORRIS, JOHN J., Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

NORTON, ROBERT E., Private, Company B, 73rd Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

NUSCIUR, ADAM, Private, Military Police. Entered service July 3, 1917.

NYE, MARSHALL C., Private, 9th Company, Ordnance Corps, 153d Depot Brigade. Entered service December 13, 1917.

O'BRIEN, FRANK S., Private, Company C, 101st Engineers. Entered service July, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'BRIEN, JOHN J., Private, Company B, 23rd Engineers. Entered service October 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'BRIEN, JOHN J., Sergeant, 9th Construction Co. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'BRIEN, JOHN F., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 20, 1918.

O'BRIEN, JOSEPH L., Private, Company D, 9th United States Marine Corps. Entered service August 5, 1918.

O'BRIEN, THOMAS J., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'BRIEN, WILLIAM, Corporal, Company B, 14th Engineers. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. In railroad accident.

OBUCHOWSKI, JOHN P., Private, Battery C, 55th Field Artillery. Entered service December 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNELL, BERNARD H., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

O'CONNELL, CARL, Sergeant, 136th Aviation Corps. Entered service October 29, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNELL, EDMUND E., Private, Radio Operator. Entered service November 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNELL, FRANCIS A., Sergeant, Company A, 25th Engineers. Entered service October 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNELL, FRANK, Private. Entered service April 1, 1918. Traffic Manager at Watervliet, N. Y., Arsenal.

O'CONNELL, FRANK, Private, Battery F, 60th Field Artillery. Entered service August 7, 1918.

O'CONNELL, FRANK, Private, United States Marines. Entered service July 11, 1918. Stationed at Port Royal, S. C.

O'CONNELL, GERALD F., Private, 6th Engineers. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNELL, JAMES, Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service 1911. Mexican border service.

O'CONNELL, JAMES E., Private, United States Army. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

O'CONNELL, SAMUEL, Sergeant, Supply Company, 34th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 15, 1918. Stationed at Camp Eustis, Va.

O'CONNOR, ANDREW R., Private, 14th Provisional Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, BARTHOLOMEW, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

O'CONNOR, DANIEL, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

O'CONNOR, FRANK, Private, 14th Railway Engineers. Entered service June 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, JAMES J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service August 13, 1918.

O'CONNOR, JEREMIAH J., Private, Battery D, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service September 24, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, JOHN, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Later transferred to the Medical Corps at Fort Totten, N. Y.

O'CONNOR, JOHN R., Corporal, Battery B, 6th Field Artillery. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, JOHN M., Mechanic, Company G, 161st Infantry. Entered service November, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, JOSEPH, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Ga.

O'CONNOR, JOSEPH E., Orderly, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, MAURICE J., Private, Company H, 103rd Infantry. Entered service July, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

O'CONNOR, MICHAEL, Private, Headquarters Company, 36th Infantry, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

O'CONNOR, MICHAEL J., Sergeant, Battery C, 147th Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Missing in action. Returned to company.

O'CONNOR, MORTIMER, Private, Machine Gun Company, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

O'CONNOR, PATRICK, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918.

O'CONNOR, PATRICK, Sergeant, Motor Truck Company 477. Entered service December 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, PATRICK, Private, Machine Gun Company, 74th Infantry. Entered service September 3, 1918.

O'CONNOR, ROBERT L., Private, Company B, 28th Engineers. Entered service November 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, STEPHEN J., Private, 307th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, THOMAS J., Sergeant, 1st United States Engineers. Entered service May 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, WILLIAM F., Private, Supply Company, 19th Field Artillery. Entered service May 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'DONNELL, EUGENE, Private, Headquarters Troop, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service September 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'DONNELL, FRANK, Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 10, 1917.

O'DONNELL, JAMES F., Sergeant, Bricklaying Unit, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Hempstead, L. I.

O'DONNELL, JAMES F., Private, Officers' Training School. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later transferred to Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky.

O'DONNELL, JOHN J., Private, Troop H, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'DONNELL, TERRENCE, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

O'GRADY, JOSEPH W., Private, Battery B, 18th Field Artillery. Entered service October 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'HARA, JAMES H., Sergeant, Company H, 58th Infantry. Entered service June, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'HARA, RICHARD S., Private, Battery A, 15th Field Artillery. Entered service June, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'HARE, JOHN J., Private, Battery B, 336th Field Artillery. Entered service June 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'HARE, WILLIAM J., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

O'KEEFE, FREDDIE, Private, 7th Company, C. A. C. Entered service October, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren.

O'KEEFE, JAMES, Private, Company I, 347th Infantry. Entered service June 19, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'KEEFE, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

O'KRASKA, ANTHONY, Musician, 104th Infantry Band. Entered service May 3, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

O'KRASKA, ROMAN, Private, Company A, 102nd Infantry. Entered service July, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

O'LEARY, JOHN F., Private, Troop M, United States Cavalry. Entered service April 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'LEARY, MARTIN, Private, Company C, 101st Engineers, Signal Corps. Entered service April 15, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

O'LEARY, STANLEY, Private, Medical Corps. Stationed at Vancouver, Wash.

OLEJNIK, JOSEPH J., Private, United States Army.

OLSON, OSCAR T., Private, United States Army.

OLTSKI, WILLIAM, Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service August 2, 1918.

O'NEIL, CLEMENT, Private, Company F, 220th Engineers. Entered service April 26, 1918.

O'NEILL, EDWARD, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service February 8, 1918.

O'NEILL, EUGENE T., Private, Bricklayers' Unit. Entered service January 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Sevier, S. C.

O'NEILL, JOHN F., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 28, 1918. At Officers' Training School.

O'NEILL, JOHN E., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

O'NEILL, LAWRENCE E., Private, 3rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'NEILL, MICHAEL, Private, 13th Company, 4th Battalion. Entered service April 18, 1918.

O'NEILL, NICHOLAS T., Sergeant, 3rd Battery Reserve Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'NEILL, RAYMOND, Private, 49th United States Marine Corps. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'NEILL, TIMOTHY, Private, United States Army. Entered service February, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'NEILL, WILLIAM F., Private, Battery B, 336th Field Artillery. Entered service June 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ORBAN, ALPHONSE, Private, United States Army. Entered service March, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

ORBAN, JOSEPH, Private, Company G, 58th Infantry. Entered service March 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded twice in action.

O'ROURKE, CHARLES F., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

O'ROURKE, JAMES, Private, United States Army. Entered service September, 1917.

O'ROURKE, JOHN D., Private, Company C, 12th United States Guards. Entered service April 1, 1918. Stationed at Wilmington, Del.

O'ROURKE, JOHN E., Private, Auditing, Camp Personnel Department. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

O'ROURKE, RICHARD W., Corporal, Headquarters Office, Personnel Department. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Sevier, S. C.

ORECO, JAMES, Private, Company E, 2nd Corps School. Entered service April 27, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

OSBORNE, GEORGE R., Private, Medical Corps, 104th Infantry. Entered service April, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

OSBORNE, THOMAS, Private, United States Field Artillery. Entered service May 11, 1918.

OSTROWSKI, STANLEY J., Private, Battery A, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918.

OTTOMANOELLO, VITO, Private, 39th Supply Company, United States Army.

OWENS, TURNER, Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service October, 1917.

PACKARD, WARD C., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Enlisted May 1, 1918.

PAGE, ADELARD, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 2, 1917.

PAGE, ROMEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PAIRADEE, ARCHIE R., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 19, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

PAQUIN, RUDOLPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

PARADISE, LEON G., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PARADIS, SYLVIO, Private, 233rd Aero Squadron. Entered service March 18, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PARE, ERNEST, Private, 6th Company, 489th M. T. Entered service June 15, 1918.

PARE, LAURANT, Private, 6th Bakers' Company. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

PARENT, ROSARIO, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

PARENT, FRANCIS M., Private, 41st Aero Squadron. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PARENT, GEORGE H., Private, 11th Ammunition Train. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute.

PARENT, JOSEPH L., Corporal, 13th Company, 4th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service September 21, 1917.

PARENT, LEO F., Corporal, 8th Company, 31st Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PARENT, WILLIAM F., Private, Company B, 25th Engineers. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PARENTEAU, DONAT, Private, 2nd Veterinarian Department. Entered service December 5, 1917.

PARENCHUCK, MARCUS, Private, United States Army.

PARFITT, HOWARD W., Sergeant, 3rd Battalion, Trench Artillery. Entered service November 12, 1917. With the American Expeditionary Forces.

PARFITT, JAMES N., Corporal, 18th Company, 5th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PARKICHUK, MASKIN, Private, 6th Anti Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918.

PARKMAN, EDWARD E., Private, Company I, 36th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PARKMAN, GEORGE N., Private, Company H, 29th Engineers. Entered service January, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PARKMAN, IVAN C., Aviation Master, Aviation Corps. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Miami, Fla.

PARLOW, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army.

PARSONS, ERNEST L., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

PATENAUDE, PACIFIC J., Private, 55th Coast Artillery Corps. Stationed at Fort Heath, Winthrop, Mass. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PAUL, LOUIS E., Private, Troop G, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PAULIN, ROMEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service February, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PAULUCCI, EUSEBIO P., Private, Headquarters Company, 11th Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

PAVLEA, ANDREW J., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service January 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PAYETTE, EUGENE, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PECITELLI, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 31, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

PELLETIER, ERNEST J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PELTERE, RENE, Private, Company K, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PENDERGAST, THOMAS J., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service May 14, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PENNA, PHILIP, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918.

PEPIN, ALEIBIADE, Private, 4th Recruit Company. Entered service September 30, 1918.

PERRAULT, FRED, Cook, Supply Company 310, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PERREAULT, JOSEPH A., Private, Company K, 104th Infantry. Entered service April, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

PERREAULT, JOSEPH R., Private, Troop A, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PERRAULT, RAYMOND F., Private, United States Army.

PERRAULT, ROMEO, Corporal, 17th Company, 4th Aviation Corps. Entered service December 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PERREAULT, ROMEO, Private, Troop F, 6th Cavalry. Entered service January 14, 1918. Stationed at Camp Merritt, N. J.

PERSKY, WILLIAM, Corporal, 302d Field Artillery. Entered service July 5, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PERSON, CARL I., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PERSONS, ERNEST, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y. Later physical instructor at Fort Hancock, N. J.

PETERS, GEORGE A., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service December 15, 1914. Served Mexican border, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

PETERS, WALTER J., Private, 14th Provisional Ordnance Company. Entered service December 13, 1917.

PETERSON, CHRISTIAN, Private, United States Army.

PETERSON, GUSTAVE, Private, 7th Provisional Company, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

PETERSON, JOHN A., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service December 15, 1914. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PETERSON, PETER, Private, United States Army.

PETRAULT, HOMER A., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June 26, 1918.

PETTE, JOSEPH, Private, Coast Artillery Corps.

PETTYJOHN, HAROLD, Private, Stevadore Regiment. Entered service January 4, 1918.

PEVEILLE, AUGUST, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PHANOAU, FRED, Private, 20th Company, 1st Office Corps. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

PHATANIDE, POLILIO H., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PHILLIP, REINHARD, Sergeant, Headquarters Company, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918. Stationed at Camp Eustis, Va.

PICARD, DELPHISE, Private, Headquarters Company, 327th Infantry. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PICARD, RUDOLPH, Private, Battery B, 319th Field Artillery. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PICKARD, H., Sergeant, Troop C, 2nd Cavalry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PICKUP, HERBERT B., Corporal, Battery F, 3rd Field Artillery Corps. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

PIERCE, HAROLD B., Private, United States Army.

PILLATIER, WILFRED, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

PIQUETTE, FRED, Private, United States Army.

PLANTE, ALFRED, Private, Headquarters Detachment, Depot Brigade. Entered service August 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PLANTE, ELOI, Private, Battalion A, 57th Field Artillery. Entered service March 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PLANTE, JOHN E., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

PLANTE, RAOUL, Private, Ordnance Corps, 11th Battalion. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

PLATANIDE, POLIBOIS H., Private, United States Army. Entered service November, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PLOUFFE, LEO A., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

POIRIER, ARTHUR H., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918.

POIRIER, RICHARD, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

POISSON, ALFRED, Private, United States Army.

POLI, JOSEPH, Private, Company A, Medical Corps. Entered service April 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

POPIELSKI, ADAM, Private, Battery E, Field Artillery. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

PORTERFIELD, WILLIAM H., Sergeant, Motor Transport Corps. Stationed at Camp Jessup, Ga.

POTVIN, HECTOR G., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

POTYRODA, JOHN P., Private, 41st Supply Company. Entered service February 18, 1918.

POUDIN, FRED, Private, Company C, 9th Infantry. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

POULIN, CHARLES, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 2, 1918.

POULIN, GEORGE W., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 29, 1918.

POULIN, ROMEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918.

POULIOT, ARTHUR J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 31, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

POWERS, CORNELIUS, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service April 22, 1918.

POWERS, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Devens.

POWERS, FRANK M., Private, Battery E, 33rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 15, 1918.

POWERS, HENRY J., Private, 18th Company, 51st Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

POWERS, JAMES J., Private, 9th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

POWERS, MAURICE P., Private, Battery E, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service June 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

POWERS, VICTOR R., Private, United States Army.

PRESCONKA, EDWARD F., Private, Company D, 22nd Infantry. Entered service January 17, 1918.

PREISS, PAUL E., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 1, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

PREMONT, EMILE J., Private, Battery E, 305th Field Artillery. Entered service March 22, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PRESCOTT, CHARLES, Private, 306th Tank Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PRESCOTT, JOSEPH P., Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service May, 1918. Stationed at Massachusetts Technical School.

PRESS, LOUIS, Private, United States Army. Entered service June, 1918.

PROTASEVEYZ, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

PROULX, HECTOR, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PROVOST, CLAUDIO, Private, 19th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918.

PROVOST, EARL C., Private, Battery E, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service June 11, 1917. Stationed at Fort Sill, Okla.

PROVOST, JOSEPH A., Private, Troop G, 8th Cavalry. Entered service February 15, 1918. Stationed at Valentine, Texas.

PROVOST, RAOUL, Private, 19th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918.

PROVOST, ULRIC, Private, Battery C, 7th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918.

PURRINGTON, DONALD, Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service July 29, 1918. Stationed at Officers' Training School.

PUSEPAKI, PETER, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

PYSZ, PETER, Private, Headquarters Company, 36th Infantry, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

QUEALY, TIMOTHY, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

QUENNEVILLE, ARESTIDE W., Private, Battery D, 73rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June 5, 1918.

QUENNEVILLE, ARMAND L., Private, 25th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 3, 1917. Stationed at Watertown Arsenal.

QUENNEVILLE, ARTHUR, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

QUENNEVILLE, GEORGE R., Private, 58th Field Artillery. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

QUENNEVILLE, JOSEPH, Private, Headquarters Company, 55th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service February 23, 1918. Stationed at Fort Strong, Boston, Mass.

QUIGLEY, EDWARD A., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

QUIGLEY, WILLIAM, Private, 18th Company, 51st Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

QUILL, JEREMIAH, Private, Company E, 49th Infantry. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

QUINN, JAMES B., Corporal, 56th Aero Squadron. Entered service July 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

QUINN, MICHAEL, Private, Aviation Corps.

QUINN, PATRICK J., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 2, 1918.

QUINN, THOMAS F., Private, Company K, 2nd Battalion, Infantry. Entered service August 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

QUIRK, FRANK, HOWARD, Chauffeur, Company D, 55th Telegraph Battalion, Signal Corps. Entered service May 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

QUIRK, PATRICK T., Private, 18th Company, 5th Gas Defense Battalion. Entered service July 30, 1918. Stationed at Fort Jay, N. Y.

RACINE, ERNEST R., Private, 5th Company, 331st G and F Regiment. Entered service July 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Mills, N. Y.

RACICOT, WILFRED A., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service May 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RACKLIFFE, ALBERT C., Sergeant, Company D, 41st Regiment, Ordnance Corps. Entered service August 26, 1918. Served with 97th American Legion, British Expeditionary Forces, January 14, 1916, to April 16, 1918. Wounded at Vimy Ridge.

RAINAUD, ULRIC A., Private, 36th Company, 7th Division, Motor Mechanics. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RAINAULT, RAOUL C., Private, 1st Depot Brigade. Entered service March 7, 1918.

RANDOLPH, JAMES A., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service January 4, 1918.

RAVENELLE, UBALD, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

RAY, WILLIAM J., Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service May 24, 1918.

RAYMOND, ALFRED, Corporal, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RAYMOND, EDWARD L., Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service December 13, 1915. Stationed at Honolulu. Later transferred to Camp Stanley, Texas.

RAYMOND, SAMUEL, Private, Company C, 2nd Infantry. Entered service July, 1918. Stationed at Fort Totten.

READ, HENRY D., Private, Machine Gun Company, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 3, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action. Cited for bravery in action.

REARDON, JAMES A., Private, Squadron A, Aviation Corps. Entered service March 12, 1918.

REARDON, JOHN J., Private, 2nd Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

REED, ELLIOTT, Private, 4th Provisional School Company. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Raritan, N. J.

REED, EVERETT, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

REGAN, JOHN F., Private, 18th Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

REGAN, LEO M., Private, Company C, 8th Infantry. Entered service March, 1918. Stationed at Camp Greene, N. C.

REILLY, TERRENCE A., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 30, 1918.

REMILLARD, ADRIEN, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 2, 1918.

REMILLARD, RAYMOND, Private, Company B, 48th Battalion. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

RENARDSON, JAMES, Private, 22nd Infantry. Entered service May 2, 1918. Stationed at Fort Jay, N. Y.

RENARDSON, ROBERT, Private, 22nd Infantry. Entered service May 2, 1918. Stationed at Fort Jay, N. Y.

RENAUD, GEORGE F., Private, Battery G, 53d Artillery Corps. Entered service April 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RENAUD, JOHN, Private, Battery B, 15th Field Artillery. Entered service June 4, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

RENAUD, WILLIAM, Private, Battery A, 71st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

REYNOLDS, ARTHUR, Private, Battery B, 3rd Field Artillery Corps. Entered service August 20, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

REYNOLDS, JAMES, Corporal, Company C, 7th Engineers. Entered service June 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

REYNOLDS, PATRICK, Private, United States Army. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Missing in action.

REYNOLDS, RICHARD A., Private, 77th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RHEAUME, EDGAR, Private, Company B, 34th Machine Gun Company. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

RICHARD, FORTUNA, Private, Company L, 325th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RICHARD, HENRY, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action. Taken prisoner. Returned to company.

RICHARD, POLYCARPE, Private, United States Army.

RICHARDS, N. H., Private, United States Army. Stationed at Buffalo, N. Y.

RICHARDSON, EDWIN A., JR., Private, Company A, 304th Heavy Tank Battalion. Entered service May 14, 1918.

RIELLY, RICHARD P., Sergeant, Company F, 82nd Division, 307th Supply Train. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

RIFFENBURG, CLARENCE W., Private, Battery C, 51st Field Artillery. Entered service June 8, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RIGALI, EMILIO, Private, Battery E, 33rd Light Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

RIGALI, FERDINAND, Private, Battery A, 33rd Light Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

RILEY, ANDREW, Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service November 13, 1917.

RILEY, ELWYN E., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 3, 1918.

RILEY, MICHAEL J., Private, Remount Depot. Entered service September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

RILEY, PATRICK F., Private, United States Army.

RIOPEL, ARMAND, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 19, 1917.

RIOPEL, AVILA, Private, Company K, 156th Depot Brigade. Entered service July 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

RIPA, S. V., Private, 301st Field Hospital. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RIPLEY, BENJAMIN, Private, United States Army.

RIPLEY, ROBERT W., Private, Battery C, 1st Field Artillery. Entered service December 11, 1916.

RISTEEN, MILFORD R., Private, United States Army.

RIVOTTO, MARIO, Private, Battery C, 55th Field Artillery. Entered service December 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROBERTS, ALFRED A., Private, Battery B, 71st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service May 6, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROBERT, AMEDEE E., Private, Company D, 6th Engineers. Entered service May 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROBERTS, CLAUDE, Private, Company C, 304th Tank Corps. Entered service July 21, 1918. Stationed at Camp Colt, Pa.

ROBERTS, DIONESE, Private, United States Army.

ROBERTS, EMILE G., Private, 65th Aero Squadron. Entered service July 25, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

ROBERTS, GEORGE, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918.

ROBERTS, JOSEPH A., Private, Battery A, 44th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service in July, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROBERTS, LUCIEN, Private, 10th Field Artillery Corps. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

ROBERTS, MORSE, Headquarters Company, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ROBERTS, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ROBILLARD, WILLIAM, Private, Company A, 29th Infantry. Entered service March 17, 1917.

ROCK, GIDEON J., Private, Ambulance Corps. Entered service March, 1917.

ROCK, HECTOR C., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

RODA, NATHALE, Private, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918.

ROE, ANDREW, Corporal, 244th Aero Squadron. Entered service October 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROGERS, CHRISTOPHER M., Private, United States Army.

ROGERS, DAVID, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROHAN, MICHAEL J., Private, Battery A, 320th Field Artillery. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RAKOWSKI, KAROL, Private, Field Artillery Corps. Entered service September 3, 1917.

RONDEAU, ARTHUR ROCK, Private, Headquarters Company, 327th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RONDEAU, LOUIS, Private, Battery F, 110th Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROONEY, JOHN J., Private, Battery D, 71st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April 1, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROONEY, WILLIAM E., Private, United States Army. Entered service, 1918.

ROOT, ARTHUR F., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918.

ROOT, HARRY E., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1917.

ROOT, HINCKLEY F., Private, Company D, 337th Infantry. Entered service November 26, 1917. Stationed at Camp McArthur, Texas.

ROSEZZA, WILFRED, Sergeant, Company C, 5th Engineer Corps. Entered service March 3, 1915. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROSS, CLIFFORD, Sergeant, Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service 1912. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROSS, WILLIAM P., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ROSSEAU, ERNEST, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service September, 1916. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

ROUSSEAU, EDWIN, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ROUSSEAU, JOSEPH H., Private, Battery C, 305th Field Artillery. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROUSSEL, WILLIAM, Sergeant, 40th Balloon Air Service. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

ROWE, LAWRENCE C., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service April 29, 1918.

ROWLAND, PETER J., Private, 154th Depot Brigade, 11th Training Company. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ROY, ERNEST J., Musician, 104th Infantry Headquarters Band. Entered service March, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Cited and decorated for bravery in action.

ROY, FRANK J., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ROY, JAMES S., Private, Machine Gun Company, 328th Infantry. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ROY, JOSEPH A., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918.

ROY, WILFRED, Private, Company M, 345th Infantry. Entered service June 19, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

ROYER, EDMOND J., Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918.

RUDERT, FRANK, Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps. Stationed at Presidio, Texas.

RUDIGER, LOUIS J., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service November 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RUEL, ARTHUR, Private, Headquarters Company, 327th Infantry. Entered service September 19, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

RUEL, EDWARD, Private, 301st Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917.

RUEL, ULRIC, Private, Troop K, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service July 31, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

RUSHWORTH, ALFRED J., Sergeant, Headquarters Battery, 83rd Field Artillery. Entered service June, 1916. Stationed at Camp Freemont, Cal.

RUSHWORTH, THOMAS, Corporal, Company B, 12th Military Police. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

RUSSELL, ARTHUR, Private, Battery A, 71st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RUSSELL, ERNEST L., Private, Company D, 1st Division. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

RUSSELL, HAROLD J., Private, Battery B, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service May 18, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RUSSELL, JAMES J., Private, 11th Company, 3rd Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

RUSSELL, STEWART A., Private, Medical Corps, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery.

RUSSELL, WILLIAM J., Private, 508th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

RUTANA, FRANCIS J., Private, United States Army.

RYAN, DANIEL J., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

RYAN, EDWARD, Corporal, Hospital Unit K. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

RYAN, JOHN J., Private, Company F, 7th Engineers. Entered service May 10, 1918.

RYAN, WILLIAM, Corporal, 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service February, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

RYBAICICK, JOHN, Private, United States Army.

RYDER, FRANK, Private, Battery C, 16th Field Artillery. Entered service December 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SABOURIN, ARTHUR F., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service January 26, 1918.

SABOURIN, JOSEPH, Private, 307th Motor Supply Company. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

SACHARIAT, LOUIS T., Private, Gas and Flame Section, 49th Infantry. Entered service December 5, 1917.

SADLER, C. T., Private, Troop A, 2d Cavalry. Entered service May 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SALIVAY, PETER, Private, United States Army.

SALOIS, EUCLIDE, Private, Company D, 61st Ammunition Train, C. A. C. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

SAMSON, CHARLES E., Private, Utilities Department, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service April 27, 1918.

SAMSON, HECTOR A., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SAMSON, HENRY E., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

SAMSON, LEO H., Sergeant, 67th Company, 164th Depot Brigade. Entered service November 13, 1914. Stationed at Camp Funston, Kansas.

SAMPSON, GEORGE F., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SAMPSON, ROMEO, Private, 8th Cavalry. Entered service February 11, 1918.

SANSOUCI, EMILE, Private, 374th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Hazelhurst Field, N. J.

SANSOUCI, HECTOR A., Private, Battery C, 58th Field Artillery. Entered service June 21, 1918.

SARGEANT, CHARLES F., Private, United States Army. Entered service November 30, 1917.

SARNESKY, EDWARD, Private, United States Army.

SATTLER, EDWARD E., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 21, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

SATTLER, WALTER E., Corporal, Battery E, 103rd Field Artillery. Entered service May 31, 1918.

SAVAGE, PATRICK R., Private, Company F, 42nd Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SAVOY, GEORGE P., Private-Cadet, West Point Military Academy. Entered service October 10, 1918. Stationed with Amherst S. A. T. C. Later appointed to West Point.

SAWYER, ROMEO, Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SCANLON, EDWARD J., Army Field Clerk. Entered service February, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCANLON, FRANCIS T., Private, Company C, 101st Engineers, 26th Division. Entered service September 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCANLON, JAMES E., Private, Battery B, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCANLON, MICHAEL, Private, Battery B, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service May 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCANNELL, EDWARD J., Private, United States Cavalry.

SCHAEFFER, GEORGE W., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCHAUDYNAT, HENRY, Private, Company F, Truck Company. Entered service May 31, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCHELLING, FRED E., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service December 12, 1916.

SCHENKER, OSCAR, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August 22, 1917.

SCHICK, EDWARD, Private, Battery B, 59th Field Artillery. Entered service May 10, 1918.

SCHLICHTING, ALFRED H., Private, 246th Ambulance Corps, 12th Sanitary Train, Medical Corps. Entered service August 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SCHLICHTING, OSWIN, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service September 7, 1918.

SCHOENFELD, CHARLES R., Private, Supply Department, 12th Division. Entered service August 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SCHOENFELD, WILLIAM G., Private, 31st Company, 8th Battalion. Entered service September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

SCHOENFELDT, LOUIS F. B., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCHUMAN, ALEX, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 15, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SCHWABE, HENRY, Private, Company K, 325th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCHWALM, GEORGE E., Private, United States Army. Entered service July, 1918. Stationed at Rhode Island State College.

SCHWENK, FREDERICK W., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort McKinley, Maine.

SCOLLARD, JOHN M., Private, Battery E, 17th Field Artillery. Entered service April 1, 1918.

SCOLLARD, WILLIAM J., Private, United States Army Mail Service. Entered service February, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCOTT, WALTER A., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SCULY, EDWARD J., Corporal, 5th Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service September 3, 1918.

SCULLY, MICHAEL, Private, United States Army.

SEARS, H. S., Corporal, United States Army, Ordnance Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SEARS, PHILIP H., Private, Signal Corps. Entered service April 20, 1918. Stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. Transferred to Camp Upton. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

SEARS, WILLIAM A., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SEIDEL, GEORGE E., Private, 136th Infantry. Entered service September 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SENAY, ARMAND, Private, Motor Mechanic Company, Aviation Corps. Entered service January 14, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SENERARO, FRANK A., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SESCILA, FRANK P., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SHAPIRO, WILLIAM, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

SHARPE, ESBON G., Private, Company H, 4th Pioneer Troops. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHAUGNESSEY, MICHAEL, Private, United States Marine Corps. Entered service April, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHAUGNESSEY, MICHAEL J., Private, 87th Company, 347th Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHAW, JAMES, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHAW, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SHEA, DANIEL J., Private, 53rd Aerial Construction Squadron. Entered service July 27, 1917.

SHEA, DENNIS J., Sergeant, Battery A, 319th Field Artillery. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

SHEA, EDWARD, Private, 493d Aero Squadron. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHEA, FINNIAN M., Private, United States Army.

SHEA, FRANK E., Private, United States Army. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Officers' Training School, Camp Lee, Va.

SHEA, GEORGE, Private, 312th Cavalry. Stationed at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming.

SHEA, JAMES J., Private, Company K, 4th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SHEA, JOHN J., Private, 50th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 14, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHEA, JOHN J., Bugler, Company H, 51st Infantry. Entered service March 14, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHEA, JOHN J., Private, Battery D, 29th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort McKinley, Maine.

SHEA, MICHAEL J., Private, 56th Aero Squadron. Entered service July, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHEA, PATRICK J., Private, 24th Company, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 12, 1918.

SHEA, ROY S., Bugler, Company A, 318th Engineers. Entered service October, 1917. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHEA, THOMAS J., Private, Company M, 328th Infantry. Entered service December, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SHEA, WILLIAM, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 22, 1918.

SHEA, WILLIAM F., Corporal, Battery F, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service June 16, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHEA, WILLIAM J., Private, Company L, 30th Infantry. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SHEARER, FRED, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Officers' Training School, Camp Zachary Taylor, Texas.

SHEEHAN, FRANK T., Wagoner, 315th Ammunition Train. Entered service May 1, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

SHEEHAN, JAMES E., Private, 5th Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SHEEHAN, JAMES, Private, United States Army.

SHEEHAN, JAMES W., Private, 304th Engineers. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Newark, N. J.

SHEEHAN, JOHN E., Private, Battery D, 1st Field Artillery, Reserve Corps. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

SHEEHAN, ROBERT A., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 29, 1914. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHEEHAN, THOMAS J., Private, United States Army. Entered service August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SHEPRO, ISAAC M., Private, 15th United States Marine Corps. Entered service May, 1915. Stationed at Pensacola, Fla.

SHERMAN, HARRY, Private, 319th Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SHEVLIN, JOSEPH J., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 12, 1917.

SHEVLIN, MICHAEL J., Private, Company A, 156th Depot Brigade. Entered service May 31, 1918.

SHRIDER, GEORGE, Private, Battery B, 146th Field Artillery. Entered service November 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHUGRUE, PATRICK J., Private, 43rd Signal Corps. Entered service April 26, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHUGRUE, PATRICK J., Private, 30th Signal Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHUMAN, ROY W., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918.

SIENKIEWICZ, STANZ, Baker, 335th Bakery Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SILK, MARTIN, Private, 9th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 15, 1917.

SILK, THOMAS, Private, Company D, 10th Engineers. Entered service July 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SILK, WILLIAM J., Private, 74th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SILL, ALFRED W., Private, Company A, 38th Engineers. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SILVERMAN, EMANUEL, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service September 30, 1918. Stationed at West Baden, Ind.

SIMARD, ARTHUR, Private, 101st Ordnance Corps. Entered service July 8, 1918.

SINCLAIR, HARROP S., Private, Battery A, 3rd Regiment. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C. Transferred to Officers' Training School.

SINCLAIR, HOMER M., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass. Later transferred to Officers' Training School, Camp Lee, Va.

SINCLAIR, PETER S., Corporal, Field Artillery. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SIZER, JOHN, Private, Medical Corps. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SKABARA, MICHAEL, Private, United States Army.

SKILLING, ROBERT B., Private, Company B, 7th Engineers. Entered service June 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SKILLING, WALTER S., Private, Company A, 73rd Infantry. Entered service August 28, 1918.

SKOLNIK, CHARLES, Private, Signal Radio Corps. Entered service September 20, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

SKUSE, ADOLPH, Private, 3rd Company, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service March 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SKYPECK, JOSEPH J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

SLATTERY, CHARLES, Private, Company A, Provost Guard. Entered service June 5, 1917.

SLATTERY, CHARLES, Private, 254th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917.

SLATTERY, EDWARD, Private, Battery D, 102d Field Artillery. Entered service May 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SLATTERY, JOHN J. MCCOY, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SLATTERY, ROBERT, Musician, 104th Infantry Band. With American Expeditionary Forces. Decorated for bravery in action.

SLAVIN, FRANCIS, Corporal, Company B, 38th Infantry. Entered service September 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SLOAN, DAVID, Private, 80th Field Artillery. Entered service October 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, CLAUDE H., Corporal, Company A, 115th Engineers. Entered service June, 1917. Stationed at Camp Kearney, Cal.

SMITH, FRANK, Corporal, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

SMITH, FREDERICK E., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SMITH, GEORGE HENRY, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service November 26, 1915. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, JAMES, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SMITH, JAMES L., Sergeant-Major, 1st Machine Gun Replacement Battalion. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, LOUIS, Private, Company B, 307th Engineers. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, MICHAEL, Private, Company A, 2nd Military Police. Entered service June, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, PATRICK E., Sergeant, 9th Company, 2nd Motor Mechanics. Entered service January 5, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, RALPH E., Private, Battery A, 31st Field Artillery. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, STERLING L., Sergeant, Engineer Corps. Stationed at West Point Military Academy, New York.

SMITH, VINCENT A., Private, 14th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort Heath.

SMITH, WARREN M., Private, Headquarters Detachment, 6th Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Wadsworth, S. C.

SMITH, WILLIAM A., Private, 15th Company, 4th Depot Brigade. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SNYDER, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 15, 1918.

SPAFFORD, CHARLES, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Stationed at Fort Adams, R. I.

SPALEY, HOWARD, Private, Aviation Corps.

SPENCER, LIONEL P., Sergeant, 5th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service in 1910. Served a year in army. Enlisted in navy in 1912. Was at Very Cruz in 1914. At Mexican border in 1916 with New York National Guard. Transferred to regular army. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed and shell-shocked in action.

SPINKS, JOSEPH T., Private, Company K, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SQUIRES, BYRON A., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 20, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action. Shell-shocked in action.

STACHOWICZ, FELIX, Private, Battery F, 76th Field Artillery. Entered service February 8, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STACHOWICZ, JOHN L., Private, 18th Field Artillery. Entered service November 16, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STACKE, WILLIAM F., Private, 21st Recruit Company. Entered service September, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

STACY, WILLIAM H., Sergeant, 325th Company, 307th Sanitary Train. Entered service June 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STALKER, JAMES A., Corporal, Medical Corps. Entered service March, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later at Porto Rico.

STAMATELLOS, HOUSTOS, Private, United States Army. Entered service November 27, 1917.

STANDEN, ALBERT E., Private, 231st Aero Squadron. Entered service March 19, 1918. Stationed at Wilbur Wright Field, N. J.

STANGONI, FERDINAND V., Private, Company E, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STAPLETON, THOMAS H., Corporal, Ordnance Reserve Corps. Entered service July 20, 1917. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

STAPLETON, WILLIAM J., Sergeant, 49th Machine Gun Company. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

STAPLEY, WILLIAM R., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 25, 1916. Mexican border service. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Transferred to Officers' Training School.

STARZYK, JOSEPH A., Private, 31st Company, 8th Battalion. Entered service September, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

STAWICK, JOSEPH, Corporal, Troop A, 11th Cavalry. Entered service August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STEARNS, HERBERT A., Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917.

STEARNS, RUSSELL E., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service March 5, 1918.

STEC, PAUL L., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

STEADMAN, LAWRENCE, Private, Supply Company, 308th Field Artillery. Entered service May, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STEDMAN, ARTHUR P., Private, Headquarters Detachment, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

STEDMAN, ERNEST, Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 14, 1917.

STEDMAN, LEON F., Private, 31st Depot Brigade. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

STEDMAN, WILLIAM S., Corporal, 96th Aero Squadron. Entered service August 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STEFANIK, JOHN, Private, Company G, 104th Infantry. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action. Cited and decorated for bravery.

STEMPKOWSKI, FRANK, Private, Company L, 302d Infantry. Entered service July, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STEWART, ANDREW, Sergeant, United States Cavalry. Entered service 1906. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STEWART, IRVING N., Musician, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service August 30, 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STEWART, JAMES E., Corporal, Company B, 9th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service August 14, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STEWART, NICOL, Private, 36th Infantry. Entered service August 2, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

STEWART, THOMAS E., Sergeant, Company C, 218th Field Signal Battalion. Entered service June 9, 1918.

STEWART, WILLIAM, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service August 20, 1918.

ST. GERMAIN, AMEDEE, Private, 13th Company, 4th Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ST. GERMAIN, HARVEY, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort McKinley, Maine.

ST. GEORGE, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 30, 1918.

STIMPSON, CHARLES H., Private, Medical Corps, 211th Engineers. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

ST. JOHN, LEO, Private, Troop D, 3rd Cavalry. Entered service April 17, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ST. LAWRENCE, ALPHONSE, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

ST. LAWRENCE, ERNEST, Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service March 8, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

ST. LAWRENCE, LOUISI F., Private, Company H, 9th Infantry. Entered service July 17, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ST. LAWRENCE, PAUL, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

ST. MARTIN, SAMUEL, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service October 27, 1917. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

STOESELL, CHARLES, Bugler, Company C, 38th Infantry. Entered service July, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STONE, GEORGE F., Corporal, 20th Company, 5th Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service September 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

STONE, OLIVER E., Private, Company E, 5th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April 13, 1917.

STOREY, HERBERT, Private, Ambulance Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STOZDO, TONY, Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

STRACHAN, ALLAN, Bugler, Aviation Corps. Entered service March 18, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

STRAIN, JOSEPH, Private, 172d Aero Squadron. Entered service March 19, 1918.

STRAIN, WILLIAM H., JR., Corporal, Headquarters Detachment, 12th Division. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

STRONG, EDMOND, Private, Signal Corps, Aviation. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SUBELKO, LUTIAN, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 23, 1918. Stationed at Fort Rodman, Mass.

SUGHRUE, PATRICK J., Private, United States Army. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

SUHER, EDWARD, Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service May 28, 1918.

SULLIVAN, ARTHUR, Private, Company E, 7th Engineers. Entered service June 4, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, DANIEL J., Private, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 2, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, DENNIS F., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service March 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, DENNIS J., Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

SULLIVAN, D. STEWART, Private, 330th Fire Guard Company. Entered service July 29, 1918.

SULLIVAN, EDWARD, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, GEORGE A., Private, 305th Infantry. Entered service March 28, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SULLIVAN, J. FRANCIS, Private, Company D, 307th Supply Train. Entered service September 25, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, JAMES B., Private, 58th Field Artillery. Entered service May 10, 1918.

SULLIVAN, JAMES E., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service March 25, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, JAMES F., Corporal, Battery F, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service June 16, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, JEREMIAH T., Sergeant, Battery C, 111th Field Artillery. Entered service May 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, JEREMIAH F., Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service June 19, 1918.

SULLIVAN, JOHN, Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service June, 1918.

SULLIVAN, JOHN H., Sergeant, Troop K, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service March, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, JOHN J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 18, 1916. Mexican border service. Later with American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

SULLIVAN, JOHN S., Private, 326th Infantry. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Shell-shocked in action. Returned to company. Gassed in action.

SULLIVAN, JOSEPH S., Private, Company F, 307th Ammunition Train. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917.

SULLIVAN, MICHAEL, Private, 77th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, MICHAEL J., Private, 3rd Provisional Regiment, 47th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, MICHAEL W., Sergeant, Company H, 33rd Infantry. Stationed at Panama Canal.

SULLIVAN, PATRICK F., Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service November 26, 1917.

SULLIVAN, R. J., Private, Company E, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, THOMAS E., Private, Company A, 25th Engineers. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, THOMAS E., JR., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917.

SULLIVAN, THOMAS J., Corporal, 302nd Bakery Company, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service June 17, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, TIMOTHY J., Private, United States Army. Entered service November 27, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SULLIVAN, WILLIAM F., Corporal, Company C, 10th Field Battalion, Signal Corps. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery in action.

SULLIVAN, WILLIAM F., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 6, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

SULLIVAN, WILLIAM F., Sergeant, 2nd Company, 1st Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service April 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SULLIVAN, WILLIAM T., Private, Motor Truck Company, Training Development. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Camp Hancock, Ga.

SUPRENANT, CHARLES, Private, Company R, 102d Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SUPERNEAU, PAUL V., Private, Company B, 102nd Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SUSSENGUTH, HAROLD, Private, 43rd Company, 5th United States Marines. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SUTCLIFFE, MAURICE, Private, 78th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SVOKA, VALENTY, Private, Battery E, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service September, 1917.

SWANSON, RAYMOND, Private, Headquarters Company, 308th Sanitary Train. Entered service July 6, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SWEENEY, CHARLES P., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

SWEENEY, EDWARD P., Private, 308th Infantry. Entered service March 1, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SWEENEY, JAMES F., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SWEENEY, JOHN J., Private, Troop K, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service May 20, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SWEENEY, MICHAEL J., Private, United States Army. Entered service November, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SWEETSER, CLARENCE W., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SWIOTEK, JOSEF, Private, Company D, 102nd Infantry. Entered service June, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SYREK, LEON, Private, United States Army. Entered service December, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SZALKUCKI, BRONISLAW, Private, Company B, 12th Military Police. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SZALKEWICZ, ANTONIO, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TAFT, MICHAEL J., Private, 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TALDEN, JOHN E., Private, United States Cavalry. Entered service February 19, 1918.

TANCREDE, LOUIS, Private, Medical Corps. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TANZI, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

TATRO, JOHN A., Private, 29th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April 10, 1918.

TAUPIER, WILLIAM E., JR., Private, 883rd Aero Squadron. Entered service March 19, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

TAUSCHER, OTTO H., Private, Battery D, 10th Field Artillery Reserve Corps. Entered service June 15, 1918.

TAUSCHER, RICHARD C., Private, Headquarters, 36th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TAUSCHER, WILLIAM E., Private, 22nd Company, 152nd Depot Brigade. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

TAYLOR, FRANK L., Private, 302nd Baking Company. Entered service February, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TAYLOR, LEONARD P., Sergeant, Medical Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TAYLOR, SMITH, Private, Medical Corps, United States Army.

TAYLOR, WILFRED, Private, Company D, 6th Engineers. Entered service June 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TENCZAR, TOMASZ, Private, United States Army. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Missing in action.

TERRIEN, REO L., Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service 1917.

TESSIER, EDMOND, Private, Ordnance Corps. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TESSIER, LEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 15, 1918. Stationed at Fort McKinley, Maine.

TETRAULT, DONA, Sergeant, Company C, 327th Infantry. Entered service November, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THANAPOULOS, ARTHUR, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

THAYER, WALTER, Corporal, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THEROUX, ARSENE J., Sergeant, 55th Aero Squadron. Entered service July 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THEROUX, ARTHUR, Private, Company A, 30th Depot Brigade. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

THERRIEN, PHILLIPPE, Private, Headquarters, 326th Infantry. Entered service September 17, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THERRIEN, RAYMOND, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

THERRIEN, ULYSSES G., Private, 350th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THIBEAULT, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

THIBODEAU, EDWARD, Private, 456th Aero Construction Squadron. Entered service December 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THIVIRGE, ARMAND, Private, Company D, 504th Engineers. Entered service October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THOMPSON, JOHN F., Corporal, Company A, 49th Infantry. Entered service February 10, 1917.

THOMPSON, JOSEPH, Private, 66th Coast Artillery Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THOMPSON, THOMAS R., Private, Company A, 321st Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

THOMPSON, THOMAS A., Corporal, Company E, 212th Engineers. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

THOMPSON, WALLACE, Private, Medical Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THORPE, EDWARD J., Private, Company L, 16th Infantry. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THORPE, FRANCIS H., Private, Company B, Medical Detachment. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

THORPE, WILLIAM G., Private, Headquarters, Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service January, 1913. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TIDSWELL, HERBERT D., Private, Battery D, 303d Field Artillery. Entered service July 12, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TIERNEY, JOHN J., Sergeant, Ordnance Corps. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TIERNEY, THOMAS F., Private, Company G, 2nd Battalion, Depot Brigade. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TIFFANY, FREDERICK F., Musician, 5th Field Artillery Band. Entered service March 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TORRANTE, WILLIAM, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

TOUSSAINT, ALBERT, Private, Company L, 325th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

TOWER, EDGAR R., Wagoner, 9th Supply Company. Entered service April 17, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TOWNE, RICHARD, Corporal, Company V, Training Infantry. Entered service June 1, 1918. Stationed at Plattsburg Reserve Officers' Training Camp, N. Y.

TRACEY, CARROLL, Sergeant, 607th Aviation Corps, Medical Detachment. Entered service September 27, 1918. Stationed at Fort Wayne, N. Y.

TRACEY, JOSEPH, Cook, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TRAPALIS, WILLIAM D., Private, Company E, 23rd Infantry. Entered service July 9, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TRAQUAIR, WILLIAM K., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TREMBLAY, GEORGE, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TREMBLAY, ROMEO, Private, Company H, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service June 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

TREPANIER, ROMEO J., Private, Battery B, 38th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918.

TROTTIER, HENRY J., Private, Company K, 29th Engineers. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Fort Meyer, Va.

TRUDEAU, HENRY, Private, United States Army. Entered service November, 1917.

TRUDEAU, WILBUR, Private, United States Army.

TRUDEL, ADELARD, Sergeant, 3rd Company, 152nd Depot Brigade. Entered service May 2, 1918.

TRUDEL, ALFRED, Private, Battery D, 551st Anti-Aircraft Battalion. Entered service July 9, 1918.

TRUMPOLD, EMIL H., Sergeant, Medical Corps, 74th Infantry. Entered service July 21, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TUCKER, RAYMOND, Sergeant, 2nd Company, 304th Infantry. Entered service March 14, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TURGEON, ALFRED, Corporal, Battery D, 38th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 6, 1918.

TURKIELWICZ, WLADYSLAW, Private, Company K, 325th Infantry. Entered service August 5, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TURNER, ARTHUR, Private, Headquarters Troops, 4th Army Corps. Entered service March 29, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TURNER, JOHN T., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TURNER, REGINALD, Private, Company E, 1st Engineers. Entered service May 8, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TWISS, ROBERT, Musician, 104th Infantry Band. With American Forces. Cited for bravery in action.

TWOHIG, DAVID, Private, 336th Field Artillery. Entered service June 27, 1918.

TWOMEK, STANLEY F., Private, United States Army.

ULACHOLIS, GEORGE D., Private, Company M., 328th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

UMBERTO, LEONARDI, Private, Battery D, 303rd Field Artillery. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

VACHON, EDWARD, Private, United States Army.

VAILLANCOURT, DAVID, Corporal, Officers' Training School. Entered service April 27, 1918.

VAILLANCOURT, ELZEAR W., Private, Headquarters, 71st Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service April 16, 1918.

VALNECIA, RALPH M., Private, Battery F, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service June 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

VANOTTI, LEONE, Private, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

VANTRAI, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 1, 1918. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

VAUGHN, CHARLES A., Private, Company L, 74th Infantry. Entered service June 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

VEILLEUX, FREDERICK, Private, United States Army.

VERSHON, JOHN L., Private, Military Police. Entered service August 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

VERSHON, RAYMOND A., Private, Medical Corps, 82nd Division. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

VIAN, FEDORA J., Private, Battery E, 38th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918.

VIENS, ALBERT J., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 15, 1915. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

VIENS, ARMAND, Private, Headquarters, 326th Infantry. Entered service September 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

VIENS, CHARLES J., Private, Battery D, 320th Field Artillery. Entered service October 7, 1917.

VIENS, JOSEPH G., Sergeant, Headquarters Detachment, Air Signal Service. Entered service April 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

VIENS, OSCAR, Private, Troop F, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service September 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

VINCENT, FRANCIS F., Sergeant, Medical Corps, 329th Infantry. Entered service June 20, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

VINES, GEORGE E., Corporal, Ordnance Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

VOLLERT, ROBERT, Private, Headquarters, 61st Field Artillery. Entered service July 9, 1918.

WADE, JOHN, Sergeant, Troop B, 13th Cavalry. Entered service December 30, 1907. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WAGNER, FRANK J., Private, Battery E, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service August, 1918.

WAGNER, LAWRENCE A., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

WALDEN, ALFRED J., Corporal, 199th Aero Squadron. Entered service October 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WALDEN, JOHN E., Private, Engineers, 307th Train. Stationed at Camp Devens. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

WALKER, JAMES, Private, Company A, 36th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918.

WALKER, MARTIN J., Private, Headquarters Company, 328th Infantry. Entered service September 2, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WALL, FRANK, Private, 9th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 11, 1918.

WALL, LAWRENCE J., Private, Company K, 347th Infantry. Entered service June 26, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WALSH, CHARLES A., Private, Training Detachment. Entered service September 1, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute, Mass.

WALSH, JOHN F., Private, Medical Corps, Hospital Unit. Entered service May 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WALSH, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

WARD, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 9, 1918.

WARD, PATRICK, Private, Company A, 60th Regiment. Entered service May 17, 1918.

WARD, RAYMOND J., Private, 154th Aviation Corps. Entered service October 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WARING, NORMAN L., Private, 172d Aero Squadron. Entered service November 1, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WARNER, BERTRAM C., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service March, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WARNETTE, LEON, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

WARREN, EDWIN H., Private, 302nd Infantry Band. Entered service March 22, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WARRENSKI, ANTHONY F., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.

WASHINGTON, GEORGE, Private, Company K, 347th Infantry. Entered service June 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

WASHINGTON, JOSEPH, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service July 9, 1918.

WASSEL, LOUIS J., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

WASYLOW, HENRY, Private, United States Army.

WATERS, FRANK J., Sergeant, Company L, 44th Infantry. Entered service May 22, 1918. Stationed at Camp Lewis, Wash.

WATERS, JOSEPH J., Private, Company B, 152nd Infantry. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

WAUCHOPE, ALEXANDER, Private, Battery A, 1st Operating Battalion, Artillery. Entered service August 13, 1918.

WEBBER, JEREMIAH, Private, 4th Company, 16th Infantry Training Battalion. Stationed at Syracuse, N. Y.

WEBSTER, CLARKE, Private, United States Army.

WEIDHASS, GEORGE O., Wagoner, Company C, 301st Ammunition Train. Entered service April, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WEINER, BARNEY, Private, Company B, 321st Infantry. Entered service September 3, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WEISEL, EDWARD, Private, 301st Field Artillery. Entered service November 11, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WELCH, ARTHUR L., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 8, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

WELCH, EDMUND L., Corporal, Battery B, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service May 22, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WELCH, FRANCIS C., Private, 27th Company, 7th Battalion. Entered service September 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WELCH, JOHN J., Private, Headquarters Detachment, 1st Field Artillery. Entered service February 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WELCH, MICHAEL, Private, Company D, 28th Infantry. Entered service March 24, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WELCH, MICHAEL F., Private, Artillery. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Eustis, Va.

WELLS, ARTHUR E., Private, 478th Aero Squadron. Entered service February 11, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WENDT, OTTO, Private, Machine Gun Battalion, United States Army.

WESPIESER, ERNEST, Private, Company I, 328th Infantry. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WEST, JOHN E., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

WHALEN, JOHN S., Private, Battery A, 55th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery in action.

WHALEN, THOMAS J., Machine Gun Inspector. Entered service June, 1916. Mexican border service. Stationed at Fort Bliss, Texas.

WHEELER, FRANCIS, Private, 17th Aero Squadron. Entered service December 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WHEELER, HOWARD R., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service June 20, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WHEELER, WALDO S., Private, 175th Aero Squadron. Entered service October 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WHELIHAN, FRANCIS H., Private, Battery C, 73rd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June 9, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WHIPPLE, RAYMOND G., Private, Army Medical School. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

WHITAKER, CHARLES, Private, United States Army.

WHITE, J. LEONARD, Musician, 301st Artillery Band. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WHITE, ROBERT, Private, Company M, 104th Infantry. Entered service December 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

WHITING, EDWARD C., Private, United States Army. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WHITMORE, GEORGE D., Corporal, Medical Corps. Entered service September 25, 1917. Stationed at Fortress Monroe. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WIDDOWSON, RUSSELL J., Private, Gas Service. Entered service August 6, 1918.

WIED, BRUNZ, Private, 8th Company, 2nd Battalion. Entered service August 5, 1918.

WIENER, LOUIS, Corporal, Battery F, 59th Field Artillery. Entered service May 10, 1918.

WIESING, HAROLD H., Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service November 5, 1918.

WIESING, JOHN E., Private, 613th Aero Squadron. Entered service November 30, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WILCOX, HARRY D., Private, 25th Engineer Corps. Stationed at Camp Devens.

WILCOXEN, LEWIS C., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WILLIAMS, ABE E., Private, United States Army. Entered service February, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

WILLIAMS, ARTHUR C., Private, 13th Battalion, 49th Regiment. Entered service August 1, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

WILLIAMS, EDWARD D., Corporal, Company M, 328th Infantry. Entered service September 21, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

WILLIAMS, JAMES K., Sergeant, 301st Military Police. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WILLIAMS, RALPH, Saddler, Company M, 367th Infantry. Entered service June, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM R., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service May 29, 1918.

WILLIAMSON, DANIEL P., Private, Headquarters, 60th Infantry. Entered service December 5, 1917. Stationed at Camp Greene, N. C. Transferred to Camp Devens.

WILLISTON, CLIFTON A., Private, Medical Corps, Hospital Unit. Entered service May 28, 1917. Stationed at Camp Stafford, Pa.

WILMOT, ARTHUR, Private, 28th Company, 152d Depot Brigade. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

WILMOT, FREDERICK B., Corporal, Battery F, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WILSON, JOHN, Private, 805th Aero Squadron. Entered service March 18, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

WILSON, THURSTON, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service March 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

WINKLER, RAYMOND, Corporal, Company D, Chemical Warfare Service. Entered service March 13, 1918. Stationed at Edgewood, Md.

WINTER, ADOLPH, Private, United States Marines. Stationed at Quantico.

WINTERS, JOHN LEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

WOCHING, ALBERT, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

WOJAKIEWICZ, JOHN W., Private, Battery D, 29th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October 19, 1918. Stationed at Fort McKinley, Maine.

WOLGER, NAPOLEON H., Private, 151st Depot Brigade. Entered service July 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

WOOD, CHARLES G., Private, Postal Express Service. Entered service October 15, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WOOD, THOMAS B., Private, 7th Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Warren, Boston, Mass.

WOOD, WALTER L., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 4, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

WOOD, WILLIAM H., Corporal, Headquarters, 3rd Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

WOODRUFF, HAROLD G., Corporal, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

WORONIK, LUDWIK, Private, United States Army.

WORTH, WILLIAM T., Private, Company B, 321st Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service October 7, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

WRUCK, WILLIAM F., Sergeant, 104th Infantry Band. Entered service January 10, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WYNN, HAROLD W., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service May 22, 1918.

YAZOMBEK, STANLEY, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

YELLE, JOSEPH, Cook, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

YELLE, THOMAS A., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June 26, 1918.

YOUNG, ERNEST H., Private, Company K, 104th Infantry. Entered service May 26, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded three times in action. Cited for bravery.

YOUNG, HARRISON M., Private, 47th Battery, 6th Anti-Aircraft Sector. Entered service July, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

YOUNG, JAMES D., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

YOUNG, MATTHEW A., Private, Battery F, 61st Field Artillery. Entered service March 11, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

YOUNG, ROBERT W., Corporal, 4th Field Artillery. Entered service May 21, 1918.

YOUNG, WILLIAM, Corporal, Quartermaster Corps, 329th Field Artillery. Entered service December 12, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

YUZYUZAZEK, SEWERYN Y., Private, Company C, 1st Vermont Infantry. Entered service August, 1917.

ZAJAC, EDWARD, Corporal, Headquarters Company, 109th Field Artillery. Entered service March 14, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

ZASS, JACOB L., Private, Signal Corps, Motor Mechanics. Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

ZITTA, WILLIAM, Private, Aviation Corps. Entered service February 14, 1918. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

ZUCK, STEPHEN, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service June 19, 1916. Mexican border service. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

ZWIRBLIO, TARAS, Private, Company G, 328th Infantry. Entered service September 6, 1917. Stationed at Camp Gordon, Ga.

Navy

ADAMS, LIONEL H., Apprentice Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 8, 1918.

AHERN, JOHN, Seaman, Merchant Marine. Entered service August 28, 1918.

ALCOTT, JOHN, Apprentice Seaman. Entered service September 11, 1917.

ANDERSTROM, ARVID G., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May, 1917.

ARNOLD, WILLIAM S., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service April 1917.

ASHE, JAMES M., Apprentice Seaman, Merchant Marine. Entered service April 22, 1918.

ASTLEY, LAW A., Mechanic's Mate. Entered service May 22, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Corona.

AUBREY, LEO J., Seaman, Merchant Marine. Entered service January 20, 1919.

BACH, ALLAN, Apprentice Seaman. Entered service December 13, 1917.

BAKER, HAROLD R., Seaman, United States Navy.

BARIL, LEO H., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 23, 1918.

BARNETT, JOHN A. C., Gun Captain, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1917.

BARRETT, HAROLD, Electrician, United States Navy. Entered service October 22, 1918.

BARTLEY, JOHN W., Student, Naval Aviation. Entered service June 30, 1918.

BATCHELOR, RAYMOND W., Apprentice Seaman. Entered service February 2, 1916.

BATTERSBY, EDWARD, Petty Officer, United States Navy.

BEAUPRIE, JOSEPH W., Apprentice seaman. Entered service January 22, 1918.

BEAUREGARD, LEO J., Machinist Mate. Entered service August 8, 1917.

BEDARD, JOSEPH, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 12, 1918.

BEELER, STEWART A., Landsman Quartermaster, United States Navy. Entered service July 19, 1918.

BEGLEY, THOMAS JENNINGS, Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service August, 1918.

BELANGER, JOSEPH, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service September 4, 1918.

BELL, WILLIAM, JR., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Nebraska.

BENTLEY, ARCHIE, Seaman-Guard, United States Navy. Entered service October 22, 1917.

BERGERON, ALFRED, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 1, 1918.

BERNARD, ALFRED A., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service August 19, 1918.

BEVAN, JOSEPH H., 1st Class Gun Pointer. Entered service May 28, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Pocahontas.

BIBEAU, EUGENE B., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Corola.

BIGGINS, JOHN E., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 9, 1918.

BOND, CHESTER C., Radio Man, United States Navy. Entered service April, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Machais.

BOND, PHILIP, Ensign, United States Navy. Entered service May, 1918.

BORK, GEORGE, Chief Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service May 20, 1917.

BOUDREAU, ADELARD G., Commissary School, United States Navy. Entered service July 12, 1918.

BOULET, ADELARD, Apprentice Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 4, 1917.

BOURQUE, AMEDEE J., Seaman, Merchant Marine. Entered service May 27, 1918.

BOWLER, JOHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 1, 1918.

BRADLEY, WILLIAM F., Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service August, 1918.

BRADLEY, RUSSELL, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service September 5, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Agammomnon.

BRADLINSKI, FRANK J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 28, 1915. Aboard U. S. S. Virginia.

BRASSILL, JOHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 22, 1918.

BRENNAN, PATRICK J., Naval Aviation Service. Entered service May 18, 1918.

BRESNAHAN, CORNELIUS, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December 14, 1917.

BRESNAHAN, GEORGE A., Gun Pointer, United States Navy. Entered service April 24, 1917.

BRESNAHAN, JOHN J., Electrician, United States Navy. Entered service January 10, 1917.

BRESNAHAN, THOMAS B., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service September 17, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Mavi. Injured at sea in storm.

BRODEUR, JOHN B., Seaman, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Wilhelm.

BRUNAUT, ARTHUR C., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October, 1917.

BURKE, EDWARD T., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service March 15, 1918.

BURNS, JAMES E., Cloyne Naval School. Entered service April, 1917.

BURKE, MARTIN J., Gunners Mate, 2nd Class, United States Navy. Entered service April, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Lamberton.

BURNS, JOHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service September, 1917.

BURNSIDE, W. G., Seaman, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. Destroyer Little.

BYRNES, JAMES E., United States Medical Reserve Corps. Entered service May 31, 1918.

CADIGAN, PATRICK J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August 13, 1918.

CALLAHAN, JOSEPH G., Assistant Engineer, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service June, 1918.

CAMPBELL, THOMAS, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 23, 1916.

CANTIN, JOSEPH A., Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service December 13, 1916.

CANTIN, JOSEPH E., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service September 30, 1916.

CAREY, FREDERICK H., Petty Officer, Fireman's School. Entered service May 11, 1917.

CAREY, WALTER, Student, Massachusetts Nautical School, United States Navy.

CARON, WILFRED E., Seaman, United States Navy.

CAULEY, HENRY, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August 20, 1918.

CAYHUE, RAY A., Cook, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Florida. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

CHAPMAN, WILLIAM, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 3, 1918.

CHAPUT, SYLVIO, Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service April 14, 1917.

CHENELLE, ARMAND C., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service January 20, 1919.

CHOQUETTE, JOHN B., Boatswain's Mate. Entered service January, 1914. Aboard U. S. S. Arkansas. With American Fleet at the German naval surrender.

CLARK, CHARLES C., United States Navy. Camouflage Department.

CLARK, JAMES T., Engineer Yeoman. Entered service June 4, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. New York. With American Fleet at the German naval surrender.

CLARK, JOHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December, 1917.

CLARK, JOHN W., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service January 30, 1919.

CLARKE, GEORGE, Water-tender, United States Navy. Entered service February 23, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Manley.

CLEARY, JAMES F., JR., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service November 9, 1918.

CLEVELAND, RICHARD M., Mechanic's Mate, United States Naval Aviation Corps. Entered service July 14, 1918.

COBURN, EARL C., Seaman, United States Navy.

COCHRANE, ROBERT D., Electrician, United States Navy. Entered service June 23, 1916.

COFFEY, LEO T., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 13, 1918.

COFFEY, PATRICK B., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service April, 1917.

COHEN, HERMAN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 15, 1918.

COLLINGE, WILLIAM H., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 30, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Lamberton.

COLLINS, RAYMOND J., Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service May 14, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Bath.

CONNOR, JAMES, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 16, 1918.

CONNORS, MICHAEL J., Seaman, Quartermaster Aviation School, United States Navy. Entered service September 6, 1918.

COOK, JOHN F., Radio Operator, United States Navy. Entered service April 10, 1918.

CORLISS, GEORGE, Seaman, United States Navy.

COUGHLIN, JAMES, Electrician, United States Navy. Entered service March 23, 1917.

COUNIHAN, GEORGE H., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 10, 1918.

COURTNEY, JOHN D., Plumber, United States Navy. Entered service June 1, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Mt. Vernont when torpedoed. Rescued.

CRANE, JAMES M., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 5, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Bell.

CUNNINGHAM, WILLIAM P., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service March 2, 1918.

CURRAN, JOHN J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 18, 1918.

CURTIS, DON H., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 20, 1918.

CWIKDINSKI, EDMUND J., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service July 30, 1918.

DALEY, WILLIAM J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 9, 1918.

DEACON, ALBERT E., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July 23, 1918.

DEAN, JAMES, Seaman. Entered service April 6, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Denver.

DeCOUAGNE, ALFRED J., United States Navy. Entered service in January, 1918.

DELANEY, THOMAS, Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service May 21, 1918.

DEMARSH, ALBERT, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service January 23, 1919.

DESROSIERS, EDWARD P., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 30, 1917.

DESROSIERS, JOSEPH, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1917.

DESROSIER, RALPH, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. New Mexico. Four years' previous service.

DeROY, JOSEPH OSCAR, Gun-pointer, United States Navy. Entered service September 22, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Parker.

DIETEL, JOHN H., Seaman, United States Navy.

DILLON, JAMES B., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August 14, 1918.

DILLON, WILLIAM T., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August 1, 1918.

DINEEN, ARTHUR F., Midshipman, Annapolis Naval Academy. Appointed June, 1918.

DONAHUE, CORNELIUS, Paymaster, United States Navy. Entered service in June, 1918.

DONAHUE, WILLIAM F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 16, 1918.

DOOLEY, THOMAS B., Seaman, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Nebraska.

DOSSIN, CHARLES A., Chief Pharmacist Mate, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Noma.

DOWD, LAWRENCE, Chief Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service July 10, 1918.

DOWD, THOMAS, Seaman, United States Navy.

DRAKE, EDWARD, Quartermaster, 2nd Class. Entered service May 1, 1918.

DRISCOLL, JOHN P., Musician, United States Navy. Entered service June 1, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Florida. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

DUCHARME, CLEMENT, Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service May, 1918.

DUFFEY, GEORGE W., Baker, United States Navy. Entered service April 10, 1917.

DUGGAN, JAMES A., Chief Mechanic's Mate. Entered service April 28, 1918.

DUGAN, JOSEPH, Machinist, United States Navy. Entered service October 15, 1912. Aboard U. S. S. Little.

DUMAN, GEORGE, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service March 22, 1918.

DUROCHER, ALFRED D., JR., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 24, 1918.

ENO, WILLIAM E., Electrician, United States Navy. Entered service April 10, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Pennsylvania. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

EVANS, JOHN J., JR., Mechanic's Mate. Entered service March 22, 1918.

FISCHER, HERMAN, Engineer, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service September, 1918.

FISHER, JAMES D., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service January 31, 1919.

FITZGERALD, DAVID, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August 31, 1918.

FITZGERALD, JAMES F., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service June 26, 1918.

FITZGERALD, JOHN F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 9, 1918.

FLANAGAN, JAMES E., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service March 8, 1918.

FLETCHER, WILLIAM T., Machinist's Mate. Entered service April 15, 1918.

FLYNN, THOMAS, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 17, 1918.

FLYNN, THOMAS A., Fireman. Entered service July 8, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Pennsylvania. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

FOLEY, WILLIAM, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service April 25, 1918.

FONTAINE, GEORGE J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 26, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Pennsylvania. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

FORBES, JAMES D., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service February 3, 1919.

FOREST, JOSEPH F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 9, 1918.

FORTIER, ALBERT J., Seaman, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Oklahoma. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

FRENCH, AUGUSTUS M., Mechanic's Mate. Entered service June 25, 1917.

GATELY, PETER, Machinist, United States Navy. Entered service December, 1917.

GENINEAU, HORACE R., Seaman, Merchant Marine. Entered service April 20, 1918.

GERAN, JEREMIAH, Student, Naval Radio School. Entered service January, 1918.

GILL, THOMAS M., Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service March 19, 1918.

GIRARD, GEORGE, Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service December, 1917.

GIRARD, ROMEO C., Bandsman, United States Navy. Entered service October, 1917.

GLEASON, WILLIAM, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service February 4, 1918.

GLOSTER, MAURICE F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December 26, 1916.

GOLDEN, FRANK J., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service June 18, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Wakiva when torpedoed. Rescued.

GORMAN, ARTHUR T., Water-tender, United States Navy. Entered service January 18, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Texas.

GORMAN, JAMES D., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 23, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Texas.

GOSS, WILLIAM J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 23, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Utah.

GRADY, FRED B., Naval Dental Reserve Corps. Entered service December, 1917.

GRAHAM, FREDERICK R., Carpenter's Mate. Aboard U. S. S. North Dakota.

GRAHAM, GEORGE, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December 6, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Wilhelmina.

GRAY, ARTHUR, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 26, 1918.

GREANEY, FRANK C., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service April, 1918.

GREANEY, JOHN F., Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service October 1, 1917.

GREANEY, ROBERT J., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service April 24, 1918.

GREANEY, WILLIAM, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December, 1917.

GREENE, MILTON J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 23, 1918.

GREEN, SOL, Landsman-Quartermaster, United States Navy. Entered service July 25, 1918.

GREEN, WALLACE, Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service July 9, 1918.

GRIFFIN, JOHN J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 1, 1918.

GUILLERIE, DELPHIS, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December 15, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Narragansett.

HAFEY, MILTON J., Machinist's Mate, United States Navy. Entered service September 21, 1918.

HAFEY, RAYMOND C., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service October, 1917. Stationed at London.

HARDAKER, JAMES, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 3, 1918.

HART, ARTHUR A., Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service August, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Rhode Island.

HART, EDWARD R., Paymaster, United States Navy. Entered service April 23, 1918.

HARTNETT, JOHN T., JR., Quartermaster Corps, Naval Aviation. Entered service June 15, 1918.

HAUNTON, THURSTON C., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1918.

HAYDEN, JAMES H., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 29, 1918.

HAYDEN, JOHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 18, 1918.

HAYTON, WALTER, Musician, United States Navy. Entered service December 29, 1916.

HAYWARD, PHILIP, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 3, 1917.

HEBERT, CHARLES H., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July, 1918.

HEBERT, EUDORE, Hospital Apprentice, United States Navy. Entered service July 8, 1918.

HEIDNER, RAYMOND, Naval Aviation Corps. Entered service September, 1918.

HERD, JAHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service February, 1918.

HICKSON, JOHN, Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service April 8, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Mt. Vernon.

HIEBEL, EARL R., Junior Engineer, United States Merchant Marine.

HILBERT, OTTO W., Oiler, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service April 14, 1918.

HOGAN, HOWARD M., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service January, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Nebraska.

HOGAN, JOHN F., Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service June 26, 1917.

HOGAN, J. JOSEPH, Machinist's Mate, United States Navy. Entered service November 16, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Oklahoma. With American Fleet at the German naval surrender.

HOLLY, FREDERICK, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December 27, 1917.

HORGEX, MATTHEW, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1917.

HOWARD, E. C., Chief Gunner's Mate, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Saranac.

HUBBARD, HOWARD G., Seaman, United States Navy.

HUNT, HARRY, Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service April 27, 1918.

HUNTER, WILLIAM, Chief Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. President Lincoln.

HUNTER, PROFESSOR WILLIS C., Bandmaster, United States Navy. Aboard the U. S. S. George Washington.

HURLEY, FRANCIS, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 29, 1917.

JETTE, JOSEPH, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 4, 1918.

JOHANNIS, EDMUND, Musician, United States Navy. Entered service August 29, 1918.

JOHNSON, EDWIN, Seaman, United States Navy.

JONES, RALPH, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 29, 1918.

JOYCE, THOMAS J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 23, 1918.

JUDGE, WILLIAM J., Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1917.

KALLANGER, EDWARD, Seaman, United States Navy. Aboard the U. S. S. Seattle.

KANE, ANTHONY F., Electrician, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 1, 1918.

KANE, EDWARD J., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 14, 1918.

KEARNEY, JAMES F., Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service May 7, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Texas. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

KEATING, JOSEPH M., Seaman, United States Navy.

KEATING, RAYMOND, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1917.

KEELER, EARL, Landsman Mate, United States Naval Aviation Service. Entered service July 22, 1918.

KELLY, HAROLD P., Chief Gunner's Mate, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1917.

KELLOGG, EDWIN R., Gun Pointer, United States Navy. Entered service May 20, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Charles Whittemore.

KELLY, JAMES, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service June 17, 1918.

KELLY, WILLIAM B., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 23, 1918.

KENNEDY, JOSEPH, Engineer, United States Navy. Entered service November 24, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Bridge.

KENNEDY, MAURICE L., Quartermaster, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 15, 1918.

KENNEDY, THOMAS, Quartermaster, United States Navy. Entered service April 11, 1918.

KENNEY, CHARLES T., Storekeeper, United States Navy. Entered service May 14, 1918.

KENNEY, DANIEL W., JR., Hospital Apprentice, United States Navy. Entered service March 28, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Minnesota.

KERON, MICHAEL T., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service July 5, 1918.

KEYES, PARDON L., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service October 17, 1918.

KIELEY, JAMES P., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 22, 1917.

KIELEY, JOHN J., Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service June 8, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Pennsylvania. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

KING, GERALD, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 23, 1918.

KING, LEROY, Engineer, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July 31, 1918.

KNAPP, EARLE L., Acting Master-at-Arms, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Nebraska.

KREUTER, JOSEPH, Gun Captain, United States Navy. Entered service July, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. George Washington. Made 17 trips across.

LABBIE, DEWEY, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 3, 1918.

LADD, ALFRED, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1918.

LADD, ALLEN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1918.

LALIBERTIE, GEORGE H., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July 25, 1918.

LAPOINT, HERMAN, Seaman, United States Navy.

LARROW, EDWIN J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service January 7, 1916.

LARROW, RAYMOND J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service September 17, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Gold Shell.

LEAHY, JOHN E., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 14, 1918.

LECUYER, ROMEO, Chief Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service March, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Isabel.

LEVENSON, SAMUEL, Hospital Apprentice, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1918.

LINTON, ROBERT J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Oklahoma. With American Fleet at the German surrender.

LOCKE, WILLIAM F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 3, 1918.

LOUDEN, NORMAN S., Seaman, United States Navy. Stationed at Hingham Training Station.

LUCEY, FRANK, Storekeeper, United States Navy. Entered service May, 1918.

LUDDEN, WILLIAM J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August 23, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Connecticut.

LYNCH, EDWARD J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August, 1918.

LYNCH, WALTER, Naval Aviation Corps. Entered service February, 1918.

LYONS, TIMOTHY, Cook, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1915. Aboard U. S. S. Missouri.

McAUSLAN, JOHN A., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service June 5, 1918.

McCAUGHEY, THOMAS, Seaman, United States Navy.

MCCORMICK, JOHN J. D., Chief Boatswain's Mate, United States Navy. Entered service August 28, 1918.

MCDONALD, ARTHUR, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August 27, 1918.

MCDONNELL, FRANCIS M., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 22, 1917.

McMANUS, HAROLD L., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 31, 1916.

MacDERMOTT, GEORGE E., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July, 1917.

MacDONALD, GEORGE J., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service April, 1918.

MAGGI, JOSEPH F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service March 2, 1918.

MARION, JOHN L., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service August 10, 1918.

MARION, JOSEPH A., Marine Engineer, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service September, 1918.

MARLAND, ELTON, Supply Officer, United States Navy. Entered service October 24, 1918.

MAROTTE, ERNEST V., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service February 1, 1916.

MARSHALL, ROBERT H., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service July 2, 1918.

MARTIN, D. K., Electrician, United States Navy. Entered service August 7, 1918.

MAXIC-MARTELLE, JOSEPH W., Machinist, United States Navy. Entered service July 9, 1918.

MAYER, WILFRED, Gunner, United States Navy. Entered service May 7, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Arizona. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

MEE, THOMAS F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 23, 1918.

MEFFERT, WILLIAM, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 23, 1918.

MENARD, LEO J., Machinist, United States Navy. Entered service October 9, 1918.

MILES, CLARENCE T., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service September 1, 1918.

MOBLEY, P. PAUL, Chief Petty Officer, United States Navy.

MONSON, WHITNEY, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July, 1918.

MOREAU, JOSEPH T., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine.

MORIARTY, EDWARD, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November 17, 1917.

MORIARTY, JOHN F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service January, 1918.

MORIARTY, PATRICK, Seaman, United States Navy.

MORIARTY, RAYMOND F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service February 14, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Louisiana.

MORIARTY, WILLIAM A., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 15, 1918.

MORIARTY, WILLIAM E., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 16, 1918.

MOYNIHAN, PATRICK J., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 27, 1918.

MURPHY, DANIEL J., Quartermaster, United States Navy. Entered service June 24, 1916.

MURPHY, EDMUND F., Pharmacist's Mate, United States Navy. Entered service 1912.

MURPHY, JOSEPH G., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 28, 1918.

MURPHY, MICHAEL, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1917.

MURPHY, WILLIAM, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 22, 1917.

MUSANTE, AMADALE C., Cook, United States Navy. Entered service July 15, 1918.

MUSANTE, FRANK J., Electrician, United States Navy. Entered service October 30, 1917.

MUSANTE, HERBERT, Chief Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service 1907.

MUSANTE, VICTOR A., Gun Pointer. Entered service June 23, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Arizona. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

NEWELL, JOSEPH P., Steward, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service September 3, 1918.

NEWMANN, CHARLES, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July 19, 1918.

NICHOLS, LEONARD, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July 19, 1918.

NORRIS, ALBERT F., Fireman, United States Navy.

O'BRIEN, JOHN F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 29, 1918.

O'CONNELL, EDWARD E., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November 15, 1917.

O'CONNELL, EDMUND E., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November 15, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Oklahoma. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

O'CONNOR, JOHN G., Officers' Steward, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service February, 1918.

O'CONNOR, JOHN J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 1, 1918.

O'DONNELL, EDWARD J., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 16, 1918.

O'DONNELL, MAURICE, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 8, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Seattle.

O'DONNELL, PATRICK E., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May, 1918.

O'HARE, JOHN M., Oiler, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 25, 1918.

O'LEARY, DANIEL C., Machinist, United States Navy. Entered service November 20, 1917.

PAGE, HOWARD L., Cadet, Harvard School of Ensigns. Appointed January 15, 1918.

PARMELEE, ALBERT, Wireless Operator, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Israel.

PASQUINUCCI, LORENZO J., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 5, 1918.

PATTISON, ROBERT D., Seaman, United States Navy.

PAUL, MICHAEL J., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 17, 1918.

PECK, JOSEPH, Petty Officer, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Pennsylvania. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

PECK, WILLIAM R., Cadet, Harvard Cadet School, United States Navy. Entered service March 21, 1918.

PERREAULT, LOUIS A., Seaman, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Von Steuben.

PETELL, LEO A., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service February 15, 1918.

PETERSON, HERBERT, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service September 9, 1918.

POWERS, GORDON A., Hospital Attendant, United States Navy. Entered service August 20, 1918.

POWERS, JOHN F., Chief Carpenter, United States Navy. Entered service 1914.

POWERS, PATRICK F., Ensign, United States Navy. Entered service 1909.

POWERS, PATRICK A., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 30, 1918.

POWERS, WILLIAM F., Recruiting Officer, United States Navy. Entered service 1909.

PROVOST, CHARLES E., Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service September 6, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Nevada. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

PROVOST, SOLOMON, Hospital Apprentice, United States Navy. Entered service July, 1918.

QUIGLEY, EDWARD F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 29, 1917.

QUIGLEY, WILLIAM P., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April, 1918.

QUILL, CORNELIUS A., Blacksmith, United States Navy. Entered service June 8, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Marr.

QUIRK, CHARLES E. A., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 16, 1918.

QUIRK, WILLIAM S., Yeoman, United States Navy. Entered service December 13, 1917.

RAYMOND, HERMAN J., Coxswain, United States Navy. Entered service May 1, 1916.

REDFORD, CARL, Machinist, United States Navy. Entered service July 28, 1917.

REDFORD, EVERETT R., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1917.

RENNER, A. W., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December, 1917.

RICHARDS, EARL L., Third Mate, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service February 1, 1918.

RICHARDSON, JOHN H., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service February 12, 1918.

ROBERT, HONORE, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 3, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Old Colony.

ROCHETTE, JOSEPH A., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April, 1918.

RODIER, MURAT R., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 22, 1918.

ROHAN, JOHN H., Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service November 24, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Nevada. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

ROTHERMEL, MARTIN T., Chief Gunner's Mate, United States Navy. Entered service July 30, 1916.

RUBIN, DAVID, Chief Mechanic's Mate, United States Navy. Entered service July 9, 1918.

RUSSELL, THEODORE, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 5, 1918.

RYAN, CHARLES, Machinist's Mate, United States Naval Corps. Entered service November, 1917.

RYAN, EDWARD, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 27, 1918.

RYAN, KENNETH, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June, 1918.

SATTLER, THEODORE, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November 10, 1918.

SCULLY, RAYMOND C., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 4, 1918.

SHEA, DAVID, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 13, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Oklahoma. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

SHEA, EDWARD, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service April 18, 1918.

SHEA, JAMES E., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July 8, 1918.

SHEA, JOHN F., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 9, 1918.

SHEAN, JOHN J., Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service May 5, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Nebraska.

SHEEHAN, JOHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service August 16, 1918.

SHEEHAN, JOHN J., Aviator-Cadet, United States Naval Corps. Entered service September 4, 1918.

SHEEHAN, JOHN L., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 13, 1918.

SHEEHAN, WILLIAM J., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service January 30, 1919.

SIMES, EDGAR, Machinist Mate, United States Navy. Entered service August 5, 1918.

SIMES, GEORGE, Chief Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service March 27, 1918.

SIZER, WALTER J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service February 25, 1918.

SKINNER, EDWARD C., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July 8, 1918.

SKINNER, WILLIAM 2nd, Quartermaster, United States Navy. Entered service July 15, 1918.

SLATTERY, EDWARD, Fireman, United States Navy.

SMITH, GEORGE H., Seaman, United States Navy.

SMITH, STANLEY H., Petty Officer, United States Navy. Entered service May 20, 1918.

SNIDER, W. LESTER, Machinist's Mate, United States Navy. Entered service July 11, 1918.

SPAFFORD, CHARLES W., Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service January 30, 1919.

STEINBOCK, WALTER F., Engineer, United States Navy. Entered service October 12, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Tacoma.

STEVENS, PERCY E., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 15, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. Talbot.

STREIBER, ARTHUR E., Seaman, United States Navy.

STUEHL, THEODORE G., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service March 4, 1918. Aboard U. S. S. Kroonland.

SULLIVAN, CORNELIUS, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service March 23, 1918.

SULLIVAN, PATRICK J., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 22, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Neptune.

TAUSCHER, WILLIAM F., Petty Officer, United States Navy.

TAYLOR, JOHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 18, 1918.

THOMAS, LIONEL, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service December, 1917.

THOMPSON, JOHN J., Seaman, United States Navy. Aboard U. S. S. Arkansas. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

TIERNEY, JOHN, JR., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service June 25, 1918.

TIFFANY, GEORGE, JR., Musician, United States Navy. Entered service June 13, 1917. Aboard U. S. S. Florida. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

TOMASKI, JOHN, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July, 1918.

TOOLE, WALLACE, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 14, 1918.

TROWBRIDGE, GORDON P., Ship Carpenter, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service July 29, 1918.

WALKER, JAMES, Machinist's Mate, United States Navy, Submarine Service.

WALKER, JAMES, Seaman, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service May 17, 1918.

WEINSTEIN, MILTON, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July 10, 1918.

WESLEY, WALTER S., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service May 1, 1918.

WHITHILL, WILLIAM, Coppersmith, United States Navy. Entered service November 14, 1918.

WHITING, FAIRFIELD, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service July, 1918.

WHITING, WILLIAM, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 21, 1918.

WINTERBOTTOM, JOHN, Engineer, United States Merchant Marine. Entered service August 1, 1918.

WOLCOTT, HILAS D., Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service January 27, 1916. Aboard U. S. S. New Jersey.

WOOD, JOSEPH A., Quartermaster, United States Navy. Entered service March 11, 1918.

WRIGHT, WILLIAM, Fireman, United States Navy. Entered service 1917. Aboard U. S. S. New York. With American Fleet at German naval surrender.

YOUNG, JAMES, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service November, 1918.

YOUNG, CLIFFORD, Seaman, United States Navy. Entered service October 26, 1917.

Allied Service

ADAMS, ROBERT, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission. With British Expeditionary Forces.

ALLEN, JOSEPH, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission. With British Expeditionary Forces.

ANDERSON, JOHN, Private, Canadian Black Watch. Entered service in September, 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action September 29, 1918.

ARCHAMBAULT, FRANK E., Private, 2nd Canadian Engineers. Entered service April 10, 1916. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

BAIN, JOHN G., Private, 8th Canadian Reserve Battalion. Entered service in October, 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

BAIRD, JAMES, Sergeant, British Army. Entered service in 1915. With British Expeditionary Forces. Wounded and gassed in action.

BANNERMAN, WILLIAM, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service January 4, 1918.

BARCLAY, ALEXANDER P., Private, 3rd Company, Battery L, 2nd Canadian Machine Gun Corps. Entered service in January, 1918. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Shell-shocked in action October 2, 1918.

BEAUDOIN, EMIL, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission. With British Expeditionary Forces.

BEECHER, ROBERT H., Private, British Army. Entered service March 19, 1918.

BERGERON, ERNEST, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1916. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

BIEDRON, STANLEY, Private, Polish Army. Entered service in 1918. With the fighting forces in France.

BONNELL, JOHN W., Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1914. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

BRODALSKI, STANISLAW, Sergeant, Polish Army. Entered service in 1918. With Polish Army in France.

BUTLER, ANDREWS, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in October, 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

CATHRO, ALEC, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in January, 1918. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

CHAPDELAINE, JOHN C., Private, Canadian Army. Entered service March 30, 1918.

CLARK, GEORGE, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in February, 1918. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

CLARKSON, HARRY, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service January 11, 1918.

COLIN, LOUIS, Corporal, 321st French Machine Gun Regiment. Entered service in 1914. Wounded in 1916. Wounded March 29, 1918. Wounded September 25, 1918.

CORRE, LOUIS, Private, French Army. Entered service in August, 1914. Wounded September 27, 1915. Lay on battlefield at Champagne. Decorated with Croix de Guerre and Military Medal.

CRAPEAU, ELTHEGE, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action August 26, 1918.

DAVIDSON, J. A., Private, British Army. Entered service November 3, 1917. With British Expeditionary Forces.

DAVIDSON, JAMES A., Private, Canadian Army. Entered service February, 1918. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action September 2, 1918. Erroneously reported dead.

DEMERS, ADELARD, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service August 17, 1918.

DIDIERJEAN, ARMAND, Private, French Army. Entered service in 1914. Wounded in action.

DIXON, H. R., Private, British Army. Entered service in 1914. With British Expeditionary Forces. Taken prisoner in 1915.

ELLIS, GEORGE A., Band Corporal, Canadian Army. With first Quebec regiment.

FORBES, ALFRED, Private, British Army. Entered service July 10, 1918. With British Expeditionary Forces.

FOSTER, HERBERT V., Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission. With British Expeditionary Forces.

FOX, JOSEPH B., Sapper, Company B, Canadian Engineers. Entered service June 22, 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Previous service in Black Watch and Highland Light Infantry.

FOX, WILLIAM S., Private, British Army. Entered service in 1914. Stationed at Glasgow, Scotland.

FRASER, WILLIAM, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service July 3, 1918. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

GARBUTT, GEORGE T., Private, Canadian Army. Entered service June 25, 1918. Stationed in Canada.

GOOD, JAMES, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in April, 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded August 28, 1918.

GOODWIN, JOHN, Private, 9th Scottish Rifles. Entered service in September, 1915. With British Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

GOODWIN, ROBERT, Private, British Army. Entered service January 11, 1918.

GOODWIN, THOMAS, Driver, Canadian Army. Entered service December 9, 1914. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

GOULET, ADELARD, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service March 14, 1918.

GREEN, JAMES, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action August, 1918.

GRIFFIN, EDWARD, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

GRIFFIN, JOHN, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1918. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

GRYSKIEWICZ, WLADUSLAW, Private, Polish Army. Entered service in July, 1918. With fighting forces in France.

HART, GEORGE A., Private, British Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. With British Expeditionary Forces.

HARTNETT, GERALD, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service April 25, 1918. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

HAYTON, WILLIAM, Private, Royal Flying Corps. Entered service in February, 1918.

HINDS, JOHN, Private, British Army. Entered service in 1915. With British Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action in September, 1918.

HOWARTH, FRANK, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission. With British Expeditionary Forces.

HUNT, ALBERT E., Private, Canadian Army. Entered service February 23, 1918.

HYND, JAMES, Private, British Army. Entered service in October, 1917. With British Expeditionary Forces.

JACK, JAMES, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service January 25, 1918.

JOHNSON, JOSEPH A., Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1916. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action March 3, 1918.

KALUZA, JOHN, Private, Polish Army. Entered service in 1918. Wounded in action in June, 1918.

KESELTON, CORBIN, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission.

KOHLER, CHARLES, Private, French Army. Entered service in 1914.

LANDIS, OMER, Aviator, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1914. Injured in a fall in France.

LeBLANC, DANIEL, Private, British Army. Entered service July 19, 1918.

LETOURNEAU, EDWARD, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

LINCOURT, EDMUND C., Private, Canadian Army. Entered United States service in April, 1917. Discharged because he was under age. Entered Canadian service October 10, 1917. Wounded at Halifax Explosion. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action October 2, 1918.

LONG, GEORGE, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission.

LOVIE, JAMES, Private, British Army. Entered service in August, 1916. With British Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

McCORMICK, WILLIAM, Signaler, British Army. Entered service in July, 1915. With British Expeditionary Forces. Wounded twice in action.

McCRACKEN, JOHN, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service August 24, 1918.

McFARLAND, JAMES, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. (Served the United States in Spanish-American War.)

McKINSTRIE, NATHANIEL, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1917.

McLEAN, HUGH D., JR., Corporal, 7th Inneskiller Fusileers. Entered service in 1914. Transferred to 2nd Royal Irish Regiment. Wounded in 1917; again on March 7, 1918, and for the third time in May, 1918. Served in United States Army previous to world war.

MACLEAN, FRANK, Recruiting Officer, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1917. Stationed in England after being wounded twice in action.

MACMENIGALL, WILLIAM, Aerial Gunner, British Army. Entered service in 1915. With Royal Flying Corps. Injured by a fall in February, 1918.

MATHIESON, WILSON, Private, British Army. Entered service November 3, 1917.

MENARD, EDGAR, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission.

MOODY, JAMES G., Private, British Army. Entered service January 14, 1918. With British Expeditionary Forces.

MULLER, LOUIS, Private, French Army. Entered service in 1914. With French Forces in action. Shell-shocked.

MURPHY, ROBERT, Private, British Army. Entered service March 1, 1918.

NOWACKI, MICHAEL, Private, Polish Army. Entered service in 1917. With fighting forces in France.

OBEE, H. W., Corporal, British Army. Entered service in 1914. With British Expeditionary Forces in Egypt.

ORZECOWSKI, FRANK, Private, British Army. Entered the United States service in 1917, at Little Rock, Ark., but was rejected because he could not produce a birth certificate. Enlisted in British Army and sent to Windsor, N. S. With British Army of Occupation. Claims to be youngest American in Allied service.

OLIVER, WALTER, Private, British Army. Entered service October 19, 1917. With British Expeditionary Forces.

PILL, WILLIAM H., Private, British Army. Entered service February 14, 1918.

PRATT, FREDERICK C., Private, British Army. Entered service January 13, 1918. Stationed in Canada.

PROVOST, LUCIEN E., Sergeant-Major, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Was previously a corporal in the United States service.

QUINN, JAMES, Private, Canadian Engineers. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

READ, FRED W., Lance Corporal, British Army. Entered service in May, 1916. With British Expeditionary Forces.

RAMSAY, DAVID, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in December, 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action in October, 1917. Was previously with United States Forces at the Mexican border.

SANSOUY, VALMORE, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service February 4, 1918. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

SAVILLE, JAMES, Private, British Army. Entered service March 1, 1918. With British Expeditionary Forces.

SAVOY, JOHN A., Private, French Army. Entered service in 1916. With the American Ambulance Corps with the French Army.

SHRUOFFENGER, CHARLES, Private, French Army. Entered service in 1914. With 49th French Territorials.

SHEARD, ARTHUR, Lance Corporal, British Army. Entered service in 1915. With British Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery and awarded War Medal.

SHIELS, H. M., Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SIMS, WILLIAM J., Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in September, 1918. Stationed in Canada.

SLOSS, JAMES, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, JAMES, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service October 19, 1917. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, THOMAS, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission.

STEWART, DAVID, Private, Black Watch. Entered service in 1915. With British Expeditionary Forces in Egypt.

STOCK, WILLIAM, Blacksmith, British Army. Entered service April 20, 1918.

SULLIVAN, TIMOTHY, Private, British Army. Entered service June 12, 1918.

THOMPSON, ROBERT, Private, British Army. Entered service February 9, 1918, at Holyoke Recruiting Mission.

TONDRE, FERNAND, Private, French Army. Entered service in 1914. With French Army in France. Awarded War Medal for bravery.

TONDRE, FRANK, Private, French Army. Entered service September 16, 1914. With 170th Regiment of Infantry. Gassed in action.

TONDRE, JOSEPH, Private, French Army. Entered service in 1914. With French Army in France.

TRINNELL, CHARLES F., Engineer, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

WALTON, JAMES, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1916. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action October 9, 1918.

WATRAS, WILLIAM J., Sergeant, Polish Army. Recruiting duty in Holyoke.

WEIR, HUGH, Lance Corporal, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action. Cited and decorated for bravery.

WIGGLESWORTH, FRED, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With British Transport service. Transferred to the Indian Cavalry. Erroneously reported dead.

WILLIAMSON, CECIL, Private, British Army. With British Expeditionary Forces.

WILSON, WILLIAM, Private, British Army. Entered service February 14, 1918.

WILSON, WILLIAM, Private, Canadian Engineers. Entered service September 18, 1918.

YELLE, RAOUL, Private, Canadian Army. Entered service in 1915. With Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action in March, 1918.

YOUNG, ROBERT T., Private, British Army. Entered service February 14, 1918.

Holyoke Student Army Training Corps

AHERN, JAMES A., Holy Cross College.
ALDERMAN, KARL, University of Vermont.
ALLYN, HENRY, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
BAIL, OSCAR, Boston University.
BALL, CHARLES, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
BIGGINS, THOMAS, Holy Cross College.
BOBER, HERMAN, Boston University.
BOBER, STANLEY, Holy Cross College.
BOND, RAYMOND, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
BRENNAN, RALPH, Amherst College.
BRESNAHAN, JOHN, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
BYRNES, JAMES E., Tufts College. (Naval Unit.)
BYRNES, JOHN J., Tufts Dental College.
CASSY, JOHN, Worcester Institute of Technology.
CHILSON, BERTON, Amherst College.
CLAYTON, MARTIN, Holy Cross College.
COOK, RALPH, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
CRANE, DOMINIC, Lehigh University.
DAY, ROBERT, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.
DAVIS, WILBERT E., Springfield Y. M. C. A. College.
DESJARDINS, SILVIO P., University of Vermont.
DONOGHUE, WILLIAM J., Amherst College.
DOWD, DENNIS, Catholic University.
DOWD, HENRY, Holy Cross College.
DUDLEY, EDWARD, Holy Cross College.
FARRELL, HAROLD, Holy Cross College.
FEINSTEIN, MONTE, University of Pennsylvania.
FELGENTRAGER, RICHARD, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute.
FITZGERALD, BERNARD, Catholic University.
FITZGERALD, WILLIAM, Tufts College.
FOLEY, JOHN, Boston University.
FORHAM, JOHN, Boston University.
GAGE, LEONARD, Tufts College.
GAUSANGE, ROBERT, Boston University.
GOEHRING, WALTER R., Yale College.
GORDON, EDWARD, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
GRANFIELD, MICHAEL T., Amherst College.
GREENSPAN, ISRAEL, Harvard College.
HAGGERTY, THOMAS, Holy Cross College.
HARRINGTON, RICHARD, Cornell University.
HEALEY, ALDEN, Union Institute.
HEFFRON, Holy Cross College.
HICKEY, JOHN, Holy Cross College.
HORNE, EDGAR, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
HUNTER, ROBERT, Syracuse University.
HUTCHINS, ARTHUR J., Tufts College.
JOHNSON, IRVING, Holy Cross College.
JOYCE, LEO, Holy Cross College.
KALLOCH, SAMUEL, Springfield Y. M. C. A. College.

KEATING, WILLIAM, Massachusetts Agircultural College.
KELLEY, JOSEPH, Holy Cross College.
KING, GEORGE W., Amherst College.
LAPORTE, RUDOLPH, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
LAPPIN, JOHN, Holy Cross College.
LYONS, WILLIAM, Lehigh University.
McCARTHY, EUGENE, Harvard College.
McGOLDBRICK, BARRY, Holy Cross College.
McLEAN, WILLIAM, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
McNERNY, FRANCIS, Holy Cross College.
MAHONEY, STEPHEN, Harvard College.
MAINVILLE, ALBERT, Amherst College.
MARTIN, DANIEL, Holy Cross College.
MARTIN, JOHN, Holy Cross College.
MARTIN, LEO F., Amherst College.
MENARD, ALFRED, University of Vermont.
MENARD, OSCAR, Holy Cross College.
MERRIMAN, JOHN, Union College.
MORIARTY, DANIEL, Boston University.
MORIARTY, JOHN, JR., Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
MULLEN, JAMES, University of Pennsylvania.
MURPHY, FRANCIS, Holy Cross College.
NEWELL, EDWARD T., Massachusetts Agricultural College.
O'CONNELL, RAYMOND, Amherst College.
O'CONNOR, CHARLES, Tufts College.
O'CONNOR, JAMES, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
O'DONNELL, RAYMOND J., Amherst College.
O'ROURE, EDWARD, Yale College.
O'SHEA, EDWARD J., Dartmouth College.
PERKINS, SUMNER, Harvard College.
PERRAULT, OSCAR, Amherst College.
POLAND, BURDETTE, Boston University.
QUIGLEY, JOSEPH, Boston College.
RILEY, JOHN, Holy Cross College.
ROHAN, JAMES P., Massachusetts Agricultural College.
SCHIEBEL, JULIUS A., Massachusetts Agricultural College.
SCOTT, WALTER, Renssalaer Polytechnic Institute.
SHEA, AMBROSE, Catholic University.
SHEA, THOMAS F., Amherst College.
SHEA, TIMOTHY, Holy Cross College.
SHEA, WILLIAM F., Amherst College.
SHEEHAN, RAYMOND F., Tufts College.
SHELDON, BURDETTE, Amherst College.
SHINE, WILLIAM, University of Vermont.
SIEBEL, JOHN J., Massachusetts Agricultural College.
SMALL, K. LESTER, Renssalaer Polytechnic Institute.
SMITH, WALLACE F., Amherst College.
STEDMAN, RALPH, Amherst College.
STEINERT, HERMAN, Springfield Y. M. C. A. College.
SULLIVAN, TIMOTHY, Holy Cross College.
SWORDS, FRANK, Catholic University.

TAYLOR, JOHN, Colgate Naval Unit.
TAYLOR, SIDNEY, Tufts College.
TETLER, LOYALL, Boston University.
THOMAS, HOWARD, Boston University.
TOWNE, HERBERT, Yale College.
VALENTINE, JOSEPH, Syracuse University.
VIENS, RENE, Boston University.
WEINBERG, CHARLES, Amherst College.
WEINBERG, MAX, Amherst College.
WELSH, GEORGE, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
WESLEY, WALTER F., University of Pennsylvania.
WILHEIM, ROBERT C., University of Vermont.

Holyoke Men in War Work

AIKMAN, H. DUNCAN, War Correspondent, France.
ALLEN, EDWARD L., War Work, Baltimore, Md.
BAGG, AARON C., Y. M. C. A., France.
BEMAN, B. W., Y. M. C. A., United States.
BOND, WILLIAM, War Work, United States.
BOWER, JAMES, Y. M. C. A., France.
BRADY, JAMES H., Machine Gun Instructor, France.
COAR, REV. A. H., Y. M. C. A., France.
CROSBY, ROY R., Y. M. C. A., France.
DEYO, GEORGE, JR., War Department, Newport News, Va.
DIXON, EARL, War Department, England.
DOWD, THOMAS, Knights of Columbus, France.
DOLAN, REV. E. B., Y. M. C. A., United States.
ELY, HAROLD J., Y. M. C. A., France.
FLETCHER, ALEX, Y. M. C. A., France.
FOLEY, JOHN, War Department, Washington, D. C.
FRANZ, FRED, War Department, New York.
GARVAN, FRANCIS P., Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C.
HANCOCK, WILLIAM, War Department, Washington, D. C.
HANNUM, REV. H. O., Y. M. C. A., United States.
HAY, HAROLD T., War Department, Washington, D. C.
HEATH, H. W., War Department, Washington, D. C.
HOWE, REV. H. B., Y. M. C. A., France.
HOWES, PAUL S., Ordnance Department, Washington, D. C.
HUMESTON, EDWARD J., Y. M. C. A., United States.
KELLEY, THOMAS J., Knights of Columbus, Camp Lee, Va.
KNIGHT, HOMER L., Diplomatic Service, Mexico.
LEONARD, RUSSELL B., War Department, Wilmington, Del.
LEWIS, GEORGE S., Saw Mill Unit, Scotland.
MCCOY, WILLIAM, Machine Gun Instructor, France.
McLAUGHLIN, ALLAN A., Y. M. C. A., France.
MASON, PETER E., Shipping Board, Portsmouth, N. H.
METCALFE, G. WARNER, Y. M. C. A., Camp Dix, N. J.
MOQUIN, WILLIAM, War Department, Washington, D. C.

MORSE, WILLIAM A., Y. M. C. A., United States.
 NORTON, WILLIAM R., Knights of Columbus, Washington, D. C.
 O'CONNOR, FRANK D., War Department, Nitro, W. Va.
 O'DONNELL, DR. FRANK J., Knights of Columbus, France.
 PETERSON, MAGNUS F., Y. M. C. A., United States.
 PROVENCHER, ARTHUR P., Y. M. C. A., France.
 PURINGTON, E. C., Y. M. C. A., France.
 REARDON, GEORGE F., Knights of Columbus, France.
 ROSE, ALBERT, Y. M. C. A., United States.
 SCANLON, GEORGE J., Reconstruction Work, United States.
 SHEEHAN, JOHN, Knights of Columbus, France.
 SIMPSON, JAMES, Y. M. C. A., France.
 SIMMONDS, GEORGE E., Y. M. C. A., France.
 TAYLOR, ARTHUR, Y. M. C. A., United States.
 TETLOW, LEWIS J., Aeroplane Inventor, Dayton, Ohio.
 THORPE, HENRY A., War Department, Bristol, Pa.
 WICKS, REV. R. R., Y. M. C. A., France.

Holyoke Women in Service

YEOWOMEN—NAVY.

ANDERSON, ELIZABETH V., Hampton Roads, Va.
 ANDERSON, MARY, Hampton Roads, Va.
 O'CONNELL, FRANCIS G., Boston Navy Yard.
 O'CONNELL, HAZEL, Newport Naval Station.
 PEARSONS, CORA, Charlestown Navy Yard.
 SAFFORD, RUTH, Newport Navy Yard.
 SCHENKER, ELSIE A., Charlestown Navy Yard.

NURSES—ARMY.

BACH, LULU M., Camp Servier, S. C., and Camp Lee, Va.
 BADER, HELEN, Camp Jackson, S. C., and Camp Devens.
 BEAN, SARAH V., Evacuation Hospital No. 3, France.
 BLAIR, CHARLOTTE J., Base Hospital No. 86, France.
 BOYD, GLADYS M., (not called).
 BRAY, BEULAH F., (not called).
 BUCKLEY, EVA C., (not called).
 BURNS, OLIVE R., Roosevelt Hospital, New York.
 CANAVAN, AGNES C., Camp Jackson, S. C.
 CARROLL, AGNES, Camp Jackson, S. C.
 CHRISTIANSEN, ELLEN, (not called).
 CLARKE, GRACE, St. Vincent's Hospital, New York.
 CLEARY, MAYBELLE L., (not called).
 CLEVELAND, DOROTHY, Camp Upton, L. I.
 CONROY, JULIA, France.
 DAZELLE, AGNES M., (not called).
 DICKINSON, MARION, (not called).
 DOANE, HATTIE B., France.
 DOHERTY, ETHEL, Home Service.

DONOVAN, VIVIAN J., (not called).
 DWYER, JOSEPHINE, Camp Servier, S. C.
 EVANS, HYACINTHE V., (not called).
 FITZGERALD, ELIZABETH R., Camp Stewart, Va.; France.
 FRAZER, KATE M., (not called).
 GERAN, MARY C., Camp Devens and Camp Jackson, S. C.
 GRAVES, RETA M., (not called).
 GREGORY, MARY A., Camp Devens.
 HITCHMY, SOPHIA, France.
 HOGAN, KATHERINE F., Camp Devens and Camp Jackson, S. C.
 HUGHES, CLARA, France.
 JOHNSTON, ANNA E., Camp Devens.
 JOYCE, MARTHA, France.
 KENNEDY, JOSEPHINE, Camp Jackson, S. C.
 KENNEDY, MINNIE, Camp Upton, L. I.
 KNAPP, RUTH A. (second lieutenant), Boston.
 LAMPHIER, WINIFRED, (second lieutenant), Canadian Expeditionary Forces.
 LEE, MARGARET, France.
 LIPPMAN, CARRIE, Camp Devens and Camp Jackson, S. C.
 McDONALD, MATHILDA, Camp Lee, Va.
 McKEE, MARGARET L., (not called).
 McKAY, MARY J., France.
 McKILLOP, MARGARET, Camp Devens and Camp Jackson, S. C.
 McNAUGHT, ROSE, Camp Devens.
 MacDERMOTT, MAE, France.
 MACKAY, MARY, France.
 MACLAREN, ELIZABETH J., Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.
 MORIARTY, MARGARET, Boston.
 MURPHY, MARY K., Boston.
 MURPHY, LILLIAN, Boston.
 NUGENT, KATHERINE, Fort Sam Houston, Texas.
 O'CONNOR, MARGARET, France.
 O'NEILL, MARY, Camp Devens.
 OLSON, AGNES, Camp Devens and Camp Jackson, S. C.
 OSBORNE, LELIA, Camp Meade, Md.
 PATRICK, ISABELLE J., Camp Devens.
 PERCY, DORA MARY, (not called).
 PERRIN, JESSIE L., Camp Devens.
 PHILLIPS, GERTRUDE, Camp Jackson, S. C.
 PIERCE, INA, Base Hospital No. 3, France.
 QUINN, KATHERINE, France.
 RAE, CHRISTINE L., Camp Jackson, S. C.
 RAFUSE, ELLA, France.
 RILEY, DELIA M., Camp Servier, S. C.
 ROBBINS, FRANCES M., Camp Devens.
 ROBINSON, RHEA, Medford Hospital, Mass.
 ROSS, CHRISTINE, Evacuation Hospital No. 12, France.
 STREET, FLORENCE, General Hospital No. 1, New York.
 SZETELA, JOSEPHINE, Boston City Hospital.
 WALSH, ANNA, Camp Devens and Camp Jackson, S. C.

WARREN, IRMA, Camp Jackson, S. C.
WILLIAMS, RUTH, France.
WILSON, AGNES F., Camp Lakewood, N. J.
WILSON, MARY, France.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AHERN, ELLEN, Civilian Relief, Holyoke.
ARNOLD, ELIZABETH, War Department, Washington, D. C.
BEGLEY, KATHERINE, Telephone, Camp Devens.
BENGSTON, ESTHER, War Department, Washington, D. C.
BIGELOW, ELIZABETH, Civilian Relief, Holyoke.
BRENNAN, HELEN, Bureau of Mines, Washington, D. C.
BROWN, GERTRUDE, Munition Plant, Woodbury, N. J.
BUDD, MABEL, British Navy Corps, England.
BURKE, ANNA L., National War Work Council, France.
BURKE, BESSIE, Hut Work, France.
CADIEUX, AGNES, Catholic War Council, France.
CALLAHAN, CLARA, Red Anchor, France.
CALLAHAN, MARY, Signal Corps, Washington, D. C.
CASSIDY, MABEL M., Bureau of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.
CHAPIN, JULIA, Y. W. C. A., Brest, France.
CHAPUT, ERNESTINE, Telephone (not called).
CHASE, LAURA, Red Cross Missionary, Siberia.
CICCKI, ROSE, Red Cross, Italy.
CLARK, MARION E., Y. W. C. A., Russia.
COWIE, ELIZABETH, Civilian Relief, Holyoke.
CRANE, JULIA, War Department, Washington, D. C.
CURLEY, JENNIE, War Department, Washington, D. C.
DONOGHUE, ANNA, War Department, Washington, D. C.
DONOGHUE, MARY, Civilian Relief, Holyoke.
DUPHINS, IRENE, Telephone, France.
FORBES, MINA, Engineering Department, Navy, Washington, D. C.
GILLIGAN, BERTHA E., War Department, Washington, D. C.
GREELEY, MARY, War Department, Washington, D. C.
GREELEY, MOLLIE W., Emergency Fleet, France.
HARDING, ROSE, Telephone, Camp Devens.
HAYTON, EFFIE, War Department, Washington, D. C.
HAYWARD, ELEANOR, Social War Work, Smith College.
KIRKPATRICK, REGINA, War Department, Washington, D. C.
KNIGHT, ELLEN T., Civilian Relief, Holyoke.
MCTEAMAN, ETHEL, Civilian Relief, Holyoke.
MANLEY, MAE, Red Anchor, France.
MOREAU, RHEA D., Telephone (not called).
O'CONNOR, ALICE, War Industries Board, Washington, D. C.
PRENTISS, BERTHA, Y. W. C. A., Quantico, Va.
SKINNER, BELLE, Village Reconstruction, France.
SKINNER, RUTH, Y. W. C. A., France.
STEIGER, MRS. PHILIP, Y. W. C. A., France.
SULLIVAN, MARGARET, Red Cross, France.
TATRO, LENA, Chief of Engineers' Office, Washington, D. C.
THOMPSON, MARY, Telephone, Camp Devens.
TIERNEY, THERESA, Telephone, Camp Devens.
WILLIAMS, FLORENCE, Y. W. C. A., New York.
WHITMORE, KATE, Agricultural Department, Washington, D. C.

How the 104th Won Its Cross

Heroes of Apremont, Victors at Belleau Wood, Cutters of the St. Mihiel Salient---A Record of Valor

HEROES of Apremont—the 104th Infantry Regiment—men who made a bloody sacrifice and won gallant victories at Belleau Wood and helped to make immortal history in cutting the St. Mihiel salient, have their deeds officially recorded in a literary work which has been compiled and from which this story is taken.

FIRST TO BE DECORATED

The official history was brought back home by the regiment when it landed in Boston April 11, 1919. In great detail the movements of the 104th are followed in the original. All the engagements and battles in which the dauntless men of this unit took part are pictured, particularly Apremont at Bois Brule, where the regiment won great honor by having its colors decorated by a commanding general of a French army corps—first decoration of any American regiment by a foreign power and first battle of the war in which American troops were successful without allied aid.

The story of the 104th Infantry is a thriller. Every line of it is interesting to any American, but particularly to those of the blood and kin of the men who made up this fighting regiment.

OLD 2D, 6TH AND 8TH

The old Second and Eighth National Guard Regiments, units from the Sixth Regiment and a detachment of new draft men from Camp Devens were used to make up the 104th U. S. Infantry, 26th Division, which was formed at Westfield on August 25, 1917. The month of September was used in perfecting the new organization, drilling and preparing for immediate sailing to France.

Four companies of the regiment, Companies F, I, L and M, were the first to start for France, though not the first to arrive there. They left Camp Bartlett on September 25, entrained for Montreal, from there sailed to Halifax, and arrived in that port just too late to enter a convoy. These units remained aboard ship, anchored in Halifax Harbor, for a whole week. The passage across was uneventful, except for a three days' storm, and the units were landed in Liverpool October 17.

REACH FRANCE, OCTOBER 24

Entraining, they reached Borden at 5 o'clock the next morning, were met by an English band and escorted to Oxney Camp, where they stayed until October 23. Then they were off to Southampton, across the channel and to Havre, where they landed—in France—on the morning of October 24.

But Colonel William C. Hayes and staff, headquarters and supply company and machine gun company, who left camp back in Westfield on September 26, a day after the others, were in France first. They had sailed from New York on the 27th, arrived in Liverpool on October 9, and were in Havre the 17th, a whole week ahead of the four companies which had first left Camp Bartlett.

IN REST CAMPS AT MONTH'S END

Companies E, G and K and the 101st Ammunition Train left camp October 2, sailed from New York the 3d, arrived in Liverpool the 17th and were in Havre the 22d, also in advance of the four companies which started first. The last four units of the 104th, Companies A, B, C, D and H, left camp October 4, arrived in Montreal October 5, sailed from Halifax and arrived in Liverpool October 23. They were in France, at Havre, on the 29th. All were in rest camps by the end of the month.

Regimental headquarters, headquarters company, machine gun company, supply company and the 2d battalion were billeted in Harreville, the 3d battalion in Pompiere, and the 1st battalion in Sartes.

TO THE FRONT ON FEBRUARY 5

For three months the regiment trained with the 151st French Infantry. On February 5 the regiment entrained at Liffol-le-Grand for its first war service. Soissons was reached the next day and on that afternoon the 2d battalion started its march to the front lines. War was a reality at last for these sons of Western Massachusetts, the men of the "Farmer Regiment," who had traditions and high honors to uphold.

The first few days were without incident, and on the 12th, Lincoln's Birthday, Lieutenant Dexter of H Company went out on the first patrol with a party of French officers and men. He took with him Corporals Donabedian and Lowell and Privates Moreau, LeDuc and O'Leary. They crossed No Man's Land to the Boche wire, examined the terrain for listening posts and returned without mishap after accomplishing their mission.

Two days later the first prisoners were captured, the first prisoners of the regiment and of the Yankee Division. They were taken in a fight with a Boche patrol on No Man's Land by Lieutenant Brown, Sergeant O'Leary, Sergeant Letzing, Corporal Bedard and Privates Bonneau and Hepler. The next day Colonel Tayler, commanding the 19th French Infantry, bestowed the Croix de Guerre on Lieutenant Brown and Sergeant Letzing.

The first man of the regiment to make the final sacrifice was Private George G. Clark of F Company. He was killed during a heavy harassing fire on the Bois Quincy, laid down by the enemy on the night of February 17. A similar barrage was sent over two evenings later, and the first attack of importance, in which 80 Huns took part, was routed.

COLONEL HAYES RELIEVED

All units of the regiment had their baptism of fire on this front for 10 days, during which time the casualties officially were: Killed in action, 1; wounded, 21; gassed, 4; accidents, 11; sick, 190.

From there they marched four days to the new area around Rimacourt. By this time Colonel Hayes had been relieved of command, under circumstances which are generally well known. The new commander was Colonel George H. Shelton, a West Pointer, whose home is in Seymour, Conn. The regiment reached its rest area March 27, and plans were under way for getting back into condition after 42 days in the trenches at the Chemin des Dames.

BY MOTOR TRUCKS

Leaves were expected for the men and officers, but the big drive of the Germans made it necessary for the allies to put every available man into the fight, and the 104th was placed under the command of the 32d French Army Corps and ordered to take over a section of the Toul front.

By motor trucks the regiment was transported to that part of the battlefront. The Third Battalion took its place at Bois Brule, Apremont. The First Battalion went to Brisaurd. The Second Battalion was held in reserve at Vignot.

GIVEN POST OF HONOR TO HOLD

Of the whole defensive system the ridge at Bois Brule was the keystone. It had to be held at all cost. It was the "Post of Honor" as the French called it. Day by day the artillery fire became more severe, and from the 6th to the 9th of April became an almost continuous bombardment.

The famous attack began on the morning of the 10th. The listening post discovered their approach and a barrage signal was promptly answered and with machine gun and rifle fire their attack was completely broken up. The Yankee artillery hammered their positions mercilessly for the rest of the morning. The Boche reciprocated, making the wood a perfect hell-hole. Prisoners taken by our men said that 800 picked men had made the attack against the Americans. The Hun losses had been very severe.

ATTACK IN FORCE ON 12TH

Yet the Americans felt the Hun would return to the attack so the Third Battalion was ordered back to Vignot for reserve and were replaced by the Second Battalion that night, under terrific shell fire.

On the 11th at night the enemy shelling attained the violence of drum-fire and under a rolling barrage the Hun attacked in force at 4.30 on the morning of the 12th.

The attack extended across the entire battalion front into the sector on the left held by the 33d French Colonials to the right held by Company F, left front by Company E, and Companies H and G in support. The French were driven back on the left. Company E's flank was attacked front, flank and rear and driven in on the center.

SUPPORT GETS INTO ACTION.

Company G's right had been driven in when the support platoons of Companies E and F got into action, re-establishing Company E's right. Company F made a new disposition and their left was reinforced by a platoon from Company H, commanded by Lieutenant Knight, who was killed later leading his men in a counter attack.

Lieutenant Wilcox of the machine gun company took a group of Company E men and with another bunch from Company F under Lieutenant Edmunds attacked the Boche who were in a deserted trench in front of the battalion. The Boches were driven out and 24 prisoners taken, 16 of whom were from the 16th Uhlans. Three machine guns were also captured. All the while the most terrific fire from the Yankee batteries was sweeping No Man's Land and the enemy was seeking every possible safety in shell holes.

RESCUE FRENCH POSITION

The remainder of the morning the fighting continued but the enemy at no time and no place succeeded in entering the lines of the 104th. A platoon from Company G reinforced the left of Company E and by sharp fighting through the

smashed-up trenches went to the rescue of the French position. Captain Connelly especially distinguished himself in getting aid to the French which they had asked for.

All day the fight went on. It was one of the fiercest of the war. Two hours after midnight—the 13th—G Company, again attacked, going through the Boche front line and driving them out. That ended all infantry action on the part of the enemy, but the artillery and minenwerfer continued to harass the position held by the Massachusetts boys.

RELIEVED BY THE 103D

Relief came in the form of the 103d Infantry—those boys from Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont—on the next day, and the 104th went into reserve at Aulnois Vertuzey and Camp La Rehanne in the forest de la Raine.

During these days and nights of incessant artillery fire on every line of communication in this sector the carrying of supplies and the evacuation of the wounded was very nearly an impossibility, but the great courage and determination of the medical detachment under the command, first of Lieutenant Kirkpatrick and later of Captain Dudley, of the band under command of Band Leader Dawes and of Father Des Valles, saved the lives of many of our wounded.

DECORATION OF COLORS

The story of the decoration of the colors—first and most glorious, therefore, of any honor bestowed upon an American army unit—is told in the official history in the following words:

“On the afternoon of April 28 the entire regiment was assembled on the plains south of Bouq, where General Pasaga, commanding the 32d French Army Corps, of which the Yankee Division was then a part, decorated the regimental flag with the Croix de Guerre with the following citation: ‘It showed the greatest audacity and a fine spirit of sacrifice. Subjected to very violent bombardments and attacked by large German forces, it succeeded in checking the dangerous advance and took at the point of the bayonet in a most dangerous way prisoners and some demolished trenches from which they had fallen back at the first assault.’ After decorating the flag General Pasaga decorated 119 officers and men of the regiment who had distinguished themselves by conspicuous bravery during the action of April 10-13 at Bois Brule. The 104th Infantry has the honor of being the first American regiment decorated by a foreign power and also the honor of fighting and winning the first big fight in which American troops fought without the aid of our allies in this war.”

ON MOVE FROM APRIL 20 TO JUNE 30

From April 20 until June 30 the regiment was kept on the move from one point to another, relieving this unit, then that, taking part in raids, withstanding attacks and heavy artillery fire, but none of it compared with the fight at Apremont.

During this period they were in the rear of the 102d at Seicheprey, but were not needed. On May 1 they went to the relief of the 101st at Raulecourt remaining in that sector until the 13th of the month, when they were relieved by the 103d.

The regiment then became divisional reserve, with the First Battalion headquarters at Royaumeix, and during the long-range bombardment of the rear areas on Sunday, June 16, Chaplain Danker was mortally wounded and Colonel Shelton slightly wounded. The losses on that morning alone were 15 killed and 7 wounded.

MOVE TO NEW SECTOR

After a short period of service at Bruley and Orley and neighboring towns around Toul, the regiment got ready for movement to another sector, and on June 30 marched to Foug, where the regiment entrained.

During this period the losses of the regiment were: Killed, 74; wounded, 181; gassed, 13; accidents, 38; prisoners, 2; sick, 912. The regiment reached La Fertesous Jouarre July 1.

Officers of the First Battalion reconnoitered Bois de Belleau on the next day, and on the big day—Fourth of July—went into the front lines of Belleau Wood. The big battle was not far off; the great sacrifices of these sterling fighters from Western Massachusetts, from Springfield, Holyoke, Northampton, Worcester, Greenfield, Orange and others were soon to come.

COLONEL FOOTE IN COMMAND

Here the regiment was subjected to heavy enemy fire on all lines of communications and positions all day and night. There were no trenches, no shelters, just holes dug by the men holding their position. Food and supplies were carried to the front lines at night under the greatest difficulty. It was a question of "pulling the belt tight and hanging on."

On July 16 Colonel Shelton was relieved of his command, advanced to the rank of brigadier-general and placed in command of the 51st Infantry Brigade. Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred F. Foote of Holyoke took command of the regiment. He was the leader of the regiment during all of the terrific fighting soon to come, during all of the bloody and courageous days of Belleau Wood.

BELLEAU THE OBJECTIVE.

The day after Colonel Foote took command he was ordered to report to brigade headquarters. There plans were for an attack to be made at 4.35 o'clock July 18. The objective for the third battalion was the town of Belleau, then the railroad tracks on the north side of the town, and lastly the town of Givray.

K Company of the 3d Battalion was in quarantine at the time and D Company of the 1st Battalion was ordered to take its place. D Company was unable, due to the distance and blocked condition of the roads, to join the attacking battalion on time.

ACROSS WHEAT FIELD

It was a dark night, raining, when the battalion started forward at 1.30 in the morning to take its position. Being unfamiliar with the ground they were unable to reach the jumping off place in time for attack, so the men, under command of Major Lewis of the 2d Battalion, attacked across a wheat field, H Company taking the place of D Company, which had failed to report.

Company M did great work to the right of the town, H Company pushed through and cleaned out the right of the town, the enemy running away without putting up a fight. I Company cleaned the left of the town, then all advanced and M Company cleaned out the town of Givray. By 9 o'clock the battalion was set and all objectives taken.

ENTIRE REAR A HELL AREA

The Boche shelled these positions heavily. The wheat field between Belleau and Bois de Belleau and the entire rear area was a hell-area. All telephone lines were out of order. Out of 22 runners used in trying to get a message through to Major Lewis, five were killed and 12 wounded. Private Roy of H Company finally got through, for which he later received a distinguished service cross.

D Company had arrived and took up a position. Then followed the attacks on Hill 193 and Hill 190. Days of fighting, without let up followed, during which attacks were repulsed and made. It was fierce. Then came the concentrated attack on these hills. All four regiments of the Yankee Division and the 167th French Division took part.

CAPTAIN PHILLIPS' PLUCK

During the advance, Captain Phillips, in command of the First Battalion, was mortally wounded, but insisted on being carried forward on a stretcher until his battalion made their objective and he had received messages from his company commanders that they were all set in their positions and he had given them their orders.

Then only did he allow the men to carry him to the rear where he died two days later. In his death the regiment lost one of the bravest and finest officers it ever had.

72 HOURS WITHOUT FOOD

The attack had been successful, and pursuit of the enemy began, the Third Battalion going through Prugny and Epieds to La Croix Rouge Fme. There was fighting much of the way, gas was heavy and the men had to wear their masks. They faced murderous machine gun nests and silenced them. For 72 hours without food and with only shell-hole water to drink, the men of the regiment and brigade were happy when the work they had done was turned over to the care of the 56th Brigade.

The division had gained 17½ kilometres, and the losses of the 104th were: Killed, 130; wounded, 876; prisoners, 13; missing, 17; sick, 567.

SIX MONTHS' RIGOROUS DUTY

July 30 the regiment started for the rear and went into billets around La Ferte to reorganize and be re-equipped. Changes were made in the list of officers and many replacements were received. Within a few days the regiment had three new commanders, first, Colonel Hobbs, then Colonel Major and then Colonel McCaskey. While there some of the officers and men received 48-hour passes to visit Paris, the first leaves granted since arrival in France.

On August 13 the regiment marched 17 kilometres to Trilpourt, entrained and went into a rear area, detraining near Chatillon-sur-Seine, and hiking from there to Ampilly, where the first rest and relief from fighting was in order since February 6—just six months of rigorous duty.

ON TO ST. MIHIEL

Leaves were being planned for and long schedules of training and manoeuvres were out, but leaves were cancelled on August 27 and the regiment was ordered to move. A train ride to Ligny, near Bar-sur-Aube, was the new jump, which was followed by a series of night marches. The men rested in the woods each day until the night of September 6 they arrived in the woods in the rear of the trenches around Les Esparges. The regiment remained bivouacked in these woods until the night of September 11, during which time the positions were reconnoitered in preparation for the attack to take place on "D Day at H Hour."

St. Mihiel—that was the impending struggle. The world knows today what the fighting Americans did there. The army of the United States long ago recognized the efficiency of the 104th Regiment and the part it took in cutting across the salient, closing it, straightening the front and capturing thousands of prisoners.

COLONEL CHEATHAM IN COMMAND

In the official history of the regiment the army plans are given, how they were carried out with hardly a hitch though prepared in the most exacting manner to the smallest detail. The daring of the men was displayed prominently on this occasion and in the subsequent holding of Rupt and Troyon. On September 28, Colonel Cheatham relieved Colonel McCaskey in command of the regiment.

Then followed the fighting around Haumont Wood on October 15, in which D Company played such a valiant part. It was on that front that the Germans asked to be allowed to surrender and on the 22d a group of them marched over in the night saying they had heard talk of peace and did not want to fight so close to the end.

DAY OF THE ARMISTICE

On November 8, a retreat of the enemy was noted and the advance on them began, proceeded successfully and without much more than engagements with machine gun flanking parties of the enemy. It was on November 10 that Major Connelly was wounded and that the 103d on the right of the Massachusetts regiment took Bois de Ville.

The men were still going forward at 9 o'clock on November 11—the day the armistice was signed—and the regimental post of command had been established at Beaumont when at 10.10 o'clock in the morning the following message from the commanding general, 52d Infantry Brigade, was received: "Hostilities will cease upon the entire front at 11 o'clock today, French time." This was sent by a runner to the two advanced battalions, and at 11 o'clock the advance stopped and positions of defence taken in accordance with orders.

END OF 19 MONTHS' SERVICE

November 12, the 104th took over the left of the divisional front line and patrolled the area until the 14th when it started for the rear and a long needed rest.

Marching for eight days the men reached Dammartin and neighboring towns where the regiment went into billets and started to work cleaning up, reorganizing and training, which ultimately brought them with other divisional units to the area at Le Mans, then to Brest and at last to Boston, to Massachusetts and "Home" after 19 months' of service—almost to a day, with a record of valor, heroism and daring, hardly paralleled and by none surpassed.

Lieutenant Colonel Foote's Tribute

When Lieut. Col. Alfred F. Foote, divisional inspector of the 26th Division, returned to Holyoke, he said:

"I am glad to be back with my loved ones, glad to be back to Holyoke, the city I love.

"I know I voice the sentiments of all the service men of Holyoke when I say that we are all deeply grateful for the manner in which Holyoke has backed us up. I am personally grateful to all my friends who were so very kind to my little family during my absence.

"In this hour of joyfulness let us not forget the sorrow in the homes where there is a vacant chair.

"I realize how feeble any attempt of mine to assuage the sorrow of those whose loved ones made the last supreme sacrifice, but I desire to assure them that their boys faced the fire like veterans and died with their faces toward the enemy, fighting until the last breath.

"They died for their flag in the great cause of freedom and God will have mercy on their souls.

"To the mothers of Holyoke I desire to say that no braver or better soldiers ever wore a uniform than your sons."

Holyoke in the Great War

FOR heroism of her sons on the fields of battle, for devotion to the cause by the people at home, for volunteer sacrifice, Holyoke made an enviable record in the great war. No city in Massachusetts, New England or the country has a more illustrious war history than Holyoke.

It is no idle boast of what Holyoke did to help in the preservation of Democracy. Facts and figures there are to back up every claim of what the city did in furnishing manpower, financial help and welfare work towards the great cause.

The records show a total of 3,797 men and women in service, the highest percentage of any city of Holyoke's size in the United States. There were:

Men in Army	2665
Men in Navy	427
Men in S. A. T. C.	112
Allied Service	113
Officers in Army	155
Officers in Navy	20
Officers in Allied Service	4
U. S. Honor Roll	106
Allied Honor Roll	17
Women in Service	127
Men, Non-active Service	51

And this is how Holyoke backed them up with her money when the calls came from the Government, the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus, and Salvation Army—the figures speak eloquently and impressively of the patriotic response to all appeals:

Name of Drive.	Quota	Total Subscriptions.	Over Subscribed.
Salvation Army	\$2,000.00	\$2,248.54	\$248.54
Knights of Columbus, Red Anchor.....	20,000.00	35,000.00	15,000.00
1st Liberty Loan	2,460,000.00	2,713,050.00	\$253,050.00
2nd Liberty Loan, minimum	2,840,000.00		
Maximum	4,680,000.00	4,159,250.00	1,119,250.00
3d Liberty Loan	2,222,300.00	2,934,500.00	712,200.00
4th Liberty Loan	4,455,000.00	6,061,150.00	1,606,150.00
Y. M. C. A., Red Triangle	75,000.00	112,000.00	37,000.00
1st Red Cross	100,000.00	104,000.00	4,000.00
2nd Red Cross	90,000.00	189,000.00	99,000.00
United War Work	70,000.00	227,486.70	161,515.55
Red Cross Membership	7,500.00	8,500.00	1,000.00

The deeds of Holyoke's sons and daughters in the service are recounted on other pages and their names will always occupy places of the highest honor in the history of the country. Of the deeds of those at home, their contributions to various causes, tell in some measure of what they did—but not all. On the farms,

in the factories, and in the homes—the army behind the army, “over there” and “over here,” rendered perhaps a less thrilling but a no less important service to the country. These men and women, boys and girls, who made up this second army, were moved by the same courageous spirit and were animated by the same will to win as those heroes in the first line trenches.

Holyoke's national guardsmen were in the first increments of American soldiers to arrive in France—their history is gloriously written in the records of the 26th—the Yankee Division. When the first call came for volunteers Holyoke was ready and into the army and navy the young men flocked. Here again official records back up the claims that the percentage of enlistments led all other places. Then came the calls under the selective service law and again was the splendid clean-cut manhood of Holyoke responsive. They were quick and eager to adapt themselves to the rudiments of modern warfare and in the training camps they were promoted with rapidity, many later winning commissions. On all fronts in France they were to be found in the Allied armies and they roamed the seas on fighting craft and on merchant ship seeking and defying the German submarine menace.

The boys were sent away with a smile—they were told that Holyoke would not forget them—Holyoke would stand by them—and Holyoke kept its promise. The mother, father, brother, sister, wife, children and sweetheart, with eyes dimmed with tears, took fresh courage knowing that Holyoke was behind their loved ones to the end. It was little wonder then that the boys left the city in the same splendid morale that permeated the entire United States army and navy and brought the finish to Germany's dream of a world empire. With them went Holyoke nurses, Holyoke physicians and Holyoke welfare workers.

Holyoke hustled every minute while the boys were fighting; the women knitted and sewed for the Red Cross, they labored long hours willingly to provide for the men in trench and camp; they gathered clothing for the Belgians and refugees of Northern France; those at home contributed money, smokes and delicacies and many other comforts for those in service; they got along without sugar, used less flour and meat and stinted their daily food supply in order to help Uncle Sam in the great work of feeding the allies. They saved gasoline, sacrificed automobile riding for pleasure. In the mills the wheels and spindles and other instruments of machinery buzzed continually, the workers ever imbued with a great ambition to serve and contribute their bit to the winning of the war, not only in the production, in all lines of manufacture, but in quality of workmanship. Holyoke had many manufacturing establishments engaged in various kinds of war work.

Holyoke came to a quick realization of the war and what it meant when Camp Bartlett at Hampton Plains, Westfield, was opened and Holyoke's Own D Co., 104th, and thousands of other troops gathered there for preliminary training before starting overseas. Holyoke threw open its doors to welcome the boys in khaki and provided, through its civic organizations, entertainment, transportation and financial assistance needed by the soldiers.

Mayor John J. White appointed a Public Safety Committee to look after the city's interests in the boys. The committee consisted of William F. Whiting, Maj. W. J. Crosier, A. C. Hastings, A. J. Osborne, L. A. Williston, Clement Ducharme, John P. Sullivan, Martin P. Conway, William E. Hayes, M. J. Bowler, B. Feinstein, John Stalker, D. J. O'Brien, L. A. LaFrance, S. C. Reynolds, J. J. O'Donnell, D. F. Shea, H. J. Bardwell, F. H. Metcalf. When the boys began to answer the summons under the draft and went to Camp Devens and other places, the city provided a volunteer band to escort them to the depot, supplied them with smokes, and gave each man a blanket. Then Mayor John D. Ryan took up the work and carried it along through his War Relief Board which comprised Maj. W. J. Crosier, Frederick Childs, Arthur Ryan, Joseph A. Skinner, Melvin N. Snow, M. H. Scannell, Charles H. E. Moran and Joseph E. Doran, secretary.

Enlistments and Draft

SEVERAL thousand Holyoke boys and many from neighboring cities and towns enlisted at the army recruiting station in charge of Lieut. Gillis Green, then holding the rank of sergeant. His office was the mecca for the young men of the city in the early days of the war and he couldn't ship them fast enough to Fort Slocum and other training points. Those who preferred the navy went to Springfield and Hartford and even Boston to enlist, and later many joined the Merchant Marine.

While the United States was gathering volunteers the allies were also receiving Holyoke recruits. The French government at the very outbreak of the war in 1914 issued a call for reservists and without delay several hundred started back to France from Holyoke and they were given tremendous sendoffs. The British government had a recruiting office in Springfield and held recruiting rallies there with good results. In the Kosciuszko Hall there was opened a central recruiting office for the western end of New England for the Polish Army in France and here hundreds of Polish residents were signed up for service overseas.

The Holyoke draft boards made a splendid record from the time of their organization, following the declaration of war, and the subsequent registration on June 5, 1917.

The governors of the different states appointed the Exemption Board members. In Holyoke two boards were organized, Exemption Board Division Number One, comprising Wards One, Two and Three, and Exemption Board Division Number Two, comprising Wards Four, Five, Six and Seven. Governor Samuel W. McCall appointed the following members on June 21, 1917: Division One, Lorenzo A. Williston, Chairman, John J. O'Neill, Secretary, and Dr. Henry E. Chaput, Medical Examiner; Division Two, Nathan P. Avery, Chairman, Joseph F. Ranger, Secretary, and Dr. Stephen A. Mahoney, Medical Examiner.

Offices were opened in the City Hall, on July 23, 1917, with the following permanent clerks: Division One, Chief Clerk, Catherine Moriarty; Assistant, Gertrude McCrohan. Division Two, Chief Clerk, Alice Bleasius; Assistant, Esther Welch. These clerks were assisted at different times during the exigency of the work, by Mary Forbes, Dora Martineau, Margaret Bowler, Nora Curran, Loretta Coffey, Catherine Healey and Catherine Callahan. Immediately after the opening of the offices on July 23, 1917, the boards began work. On July 30, 1917, the first call for examinations was sent out. The permanent medical examiners were assisted in their duties by Drs. W. J. Powers, F. Gibson, G. J. Herbert, J. F. Forster, R. Charest, J. L. Bliss, J. H. Potts, E. A. Knowlton, E. P. Bagg, J. J. Carroll, I. N. Kilburn, D. F. Donoghue, J. J. McCabe, S. C. Cox, F. H. Allen, J. B. Bigelow, T. E. Cavanaugh, E. J. Miller, E. D. Warren and H. E. Lynch.

From July 30th, the boards were kept busy, examining registrants, hearing claims for exemption, certifying registrants to the District Board, and referring registrants to the Medical Advisory Board. The Medical Advisory Board consisted of Drs. Frank A. Woods, Chairman, E. J. Hussey, C. A. Allen, L. H. Clarke, H. W. Lamb, of Holyoke, and Dr. Arthur N. Ball of Northampton.

In hearing claims for exemption, both boards were assisted by the Government Appeal Agent, Attorney Oscar O. Lamontagne, who was appointed by Governor

McCall, and whose assistance was of the greatest value to both boards. On September 5, 1917, the first drafted men left Holyoke, by automobile, for Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass. The quota for September 5th, was four men, two from each division. Division One sent Ovide J. Houle and George F. Stone. Division Two sent Daniel A. Martin and John A. Hoffman. From September 5, 1917, calls for men came continually to the exemption boards, until the signing of the armistice on November 11, 1918.

There were no men inducted by the boards during the month of January. In December, 1917, the method of calling the men was changed. From the time the boards were organized, until December, all registrants were examined, whether or not they claimed exemption or discharge. After the method was changed, questionnaires were mailed to every registrant, and only registrants classified in Class 1 were examined, as they were the only registrants who could be inducted by the boards. From this date, the boards were kept busy classifying, examining, and inducting the registrants.

In filling the questionnaires, the registrants were given assistance by the members of the Legal Advisory Board. The permanent members of this board were Attorneys W. H. Brooks, T. D. O'Brien, J. Hildreth and P. H. Sheehan. The associate members were Attorneys W. P. Buckley, R. A. Allyn, F. F. Bennett, C. Brooks, R. L. Davenport, W. T. Dillon, J. A. Frankowski, P. J. Garvey, A. S. Gaylord, O. E. Genest, A. L. Green, E. A. Lynch, T. J. Lynch, C. S. Lyon, T. C. Maher, F. J. McKay, T. J. O'Connor, A. E. Orrell, J. O'Shea, F. E. Richard, G. W. Ritter, M. Slotnick, R. P. Stapleton, T. J. Tierney, M. O. Welcker, C. Ducharme, and Messrs. M. M. S. Moriarty, H. Mitchell, M. F. Walsh, J. J. Kelly, J. Zielinski, T. Yeannopoulos, F. Bailey, R. Newell, R. C. Brown, O. Ferry, A. E. Pickup, J. R. Lussier, O. J. Fortier, R. W. Clement, H. R. Thorpe, F. W. Prentiss, G. D. Hearn, A. O. Hebert, M. B. Sanford, E. J. Tripp, C. E. Dawson, R. P. Barry, J. J. Lynch, A. McDonald, M. J. Greaney, T. E. Begley, G. Johnston, A. S. Wilde, M. Bachary, P. W. Cutler, J. Kaplinski, J. D. Gorman, J. F. Forhan, J. P. Kennedy, R. J. Hunter, W. C. Gutzman, J. H. Kennedy, D. Moxon, J. F. O'Neill, J. B. Newton, L. P. Garland, C. Guimond, H. Fisher and W. J. Szwczynski.

The class one men who registered on June 5, 1917, being nearly exhausted throughout the country, and the need for soldiers being still great, the President issued another proclamation calling for the registration of all men, on June 5, 1918, who had reached their 21st birthday, since the registration on June 5, 1917.

There was but one change in the personnel of the boards during their organization in Holyoke. This change took place after the registration on June 5, 1918, and was caused by the death of Mr. L. A. Williston, Chairman of Division One Exemption Board. Mr. Williston died in July, 1918. In August, 1918, Governor McCall appointed Mr. Arthur J. Newell to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Williston. Mr. Newell immediately began his duties as Chairman of Division One Exemption Board.

On August 24, 1918, another registration took place, this registration being for men who had reached their 21st birthday since June 5, 1918. The registrations of June 5, 1918, and August 24, 1918, did not swell the class one registrants to a very great extent, and as the men were needed, the President called for another registration. This registration took place on September 12, 1918, and called for the registration of all men between the ages of 18 and 45 years. This registration called for a great amount of work on the part of the members and clerks of the Exemption Boards.

Questionnaires were immediately mailed to registrants between the ages of 19 and 36, and the registrants were classified and examined. The boards were

called upon to furnish men on November 12th and 13th, 1918. Division One was to send 89 men to Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., and 67 men to Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C. Division Two was to send 92 men to Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., and 70 men to Camp Sevier, Greenville, S. C. Most of these men were to have been taken from the registration on September 12th. However, the signing of the armistice on November 11th, caused this call to be cancelled, and the men were immediately notified to this effect. After the signing of the armistice, the work of the boards was lessened. No more questionnaires were classified, and no more registrants examined. The boards were given instructions to finish up the work. The questionnaires and registration cards were packed and sealed, ready for shipment to Washington, D. C.

The members of the Exemption Boards, with the Government Appeal Agent, ungrudgingly sacrificed their large personal, business and professional interests, when the Government called them to perform this most important war work. The Legal Advisory and Medical Advisory Boards rendered invaluable service in the expedition of the work.

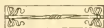


Spirit of Patriotism

HOLYOKE was ever alive with the spirit of patriotism and there were innumerable public gatherings when the people turned out to show their loyalty, especially when the boys were leaving for camp. Liberty Loan rallies in public halls and on the streets drew crowds as did meetings for the Red Cross and other patriotic drives. Holyoke held a big parade July 4, 1917, and again on July 4, 1918, there was a monster procession—one that teemed with the patriotism of the day and in which every nationality in the city was represented—a truly All-American parade. No finer spectacle was ever presented in the city with the civic, fraternal, business and manufacturing interests all uniting on this great occasion. That memorable day, September 19, 1917, became a holiday for all industrial and mercantile establishments when D Co., 104th, made its farewell visit to Holyoke before leaving Camp Bartlett for France. There was a parade and a drill on the Maple Street Playgrounds and then a banquet for the soldiers in the Hotel Nonotuck.

Holyokers—25,000 of them, it was estimated—gathered at the Public Library Sunday afternoon, October 13, 1918, in response to the news that had flashed around the city that “upon authentic information from Washington—Germany accepts President Wilson’s terms of unconditional surrender, and agrees to evacuate all occupied territory.” There was community singing, speeches and an automobile parade and Holyoke celebrated, as it was believed the news was correct. The report was received here shortly before dawn that Sunday morning and telephones tinkled and there was immediate activity to get “something started.” An extra edition of the TRANSCRIPT was published and fliers announcing the meeting at the Library lawn at 3 o’clock were scattered about the city—announcements that the war was over was made in the churches, based on the alleged “authentic report.” But it turned out to be premature.

Yet, Holyoke was not downcast to learn that the celebration had been some time ahead of schedule and when the correct news was received of the signing of the armistice on November 11th, there was an outburst of rejoicing. At first there were those who were somewhat skeptical at the truth of the report, but once it became definitely certain that the fighting had ceased, then Holyoke cut loose with some real celebrating.



M Company, 20th Regiment, M. S. G.

IN common with all its activities in the late war, Holyoke did its part in contributing to the safety of the State and having adequate military protection while the country was fighting with the allies to crush autocracy, and so many hundreds of Holyoke's men had gone to war.

While the average person was concerned with the strength of the national army to cope with Germany and allies, the State officials under Governor McCall were desirous of creating and maintaining a force within the State that could cope with any emergency that would arise.

How well Massachusetts succeeded in taking necessary precautions to maintain law and order was exemplified by the fact that the State had, during the war, 13,000 officers and men, all sworn in for two years' service or duration of war. This was the most satisfactory precaution and best military accomplishment of all the states, as the Massachusetts State Guard units ranked higher in military efficiency and organization than all other plans adopted by other states for home defense.

The Massachusetts State Guard today takes the place of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia and are subject to all laws and discipline that govern that service.

M Co. ranked high in State Guard activities. The standard of service rendered by M Co. was equal to any in the State.

M Co. is quartered in the State Armory and drills every Monday evening. Attendance at drills have been very good and the rank and file of M Co. has often been commended for its consistent service.

At Camp Gardner, South Framingham, August 9 to 14, 1918, M Co. made a remarkable showing at State Encampment and were commended by the regimental staff officials for their fine showing.

No trouble in State necessitated the service of the State Guard, but eastern units of the Massachusetts State Guard had service guarding docks and other State property during the submarine scare.

In the Spanish Influenza epidemic which raged in the winter of 1918-1919 State Guard units throughout the State rendered valuable assistance to health authorities and their services were highly appreciated. The Holyoke unit volunteered to assist the local Board of Health and were detailed to hospital and ambulance work.

The Holyoke company took considerable interest in the boys in the regular army and navy service. They furnished military details at all services held for soldiers and sailors and on one occasion sent over money to D Co., 104th Regiment, in France.



CAPT. THOMAS RAE, JR.



LIEUT. LOUIS EMERY



LIEUT. ROBERT W. HUNTER

When D Co. left Holyoke for war service, former Mayor White called for volunteers to organize a Home Defense. More than six hundred Holyokers responded and two companies, A and B, were organized.

These two companies represented men of all nationalities and all callings of life were represented, all eager to offer their services even though most were beyond military age.

When these companies were formed they drilled assiduously and showed that they were ready for action should the occasion arise.

Later events showed that the Home Guard Companies could not be called a strict military body without associating themselves with the State's military authorities.

Then the M Co., Massachusetts State Guard was organized. Captain Thomas Rae, Jr., organized a body of men and were admitted to the service of the State of Massachusetts, and are now drilling weekly at the State Armory.

Holyoke's M Co. is a highly rated company in the estimation of the State officers.

M Co. was organized October 1, 1917, at the State Armory, with a full quota of sixty-five men and three officers. Thirty-four of these men were from the Civic Guard and over one-half of the enlisted men are seasoned veterans of the M. V. M. and N. G., and the regular army.

Captain Rae boasts that he has in his ranks a company of marksmen that can stand against the best in the State.

Service men were enrolled as follows:

Spanish War	3
Boer War	1
French Army, 3 years, 1914-17	1
French Foreign Legion	1
German Army	2
English Army	2
Canadian Volunteers	1
U. S. Punitive Exp.	4

The following remarks were written in the report of the State Inspector at the State Inspection Drill, February 25, 1918, and forwarded to the Adjutant-General:

"Officers are efficient and experienced. Non-commissioned officers are good. Musicians are efficient. Men are well set and soldierly looking. Sergeants have no belts and side arms. Only few of the men have regulation shoes. Close order drill by company platoon and squads was well done.

"In coming to the order, too much noise, otherwise manual of arms good.

"Guard mounting and guard duty was very well done.

"The non-coms. and privates have been well instructed in this work.

"Uniforms, arms and equipment were clean and in good condition.

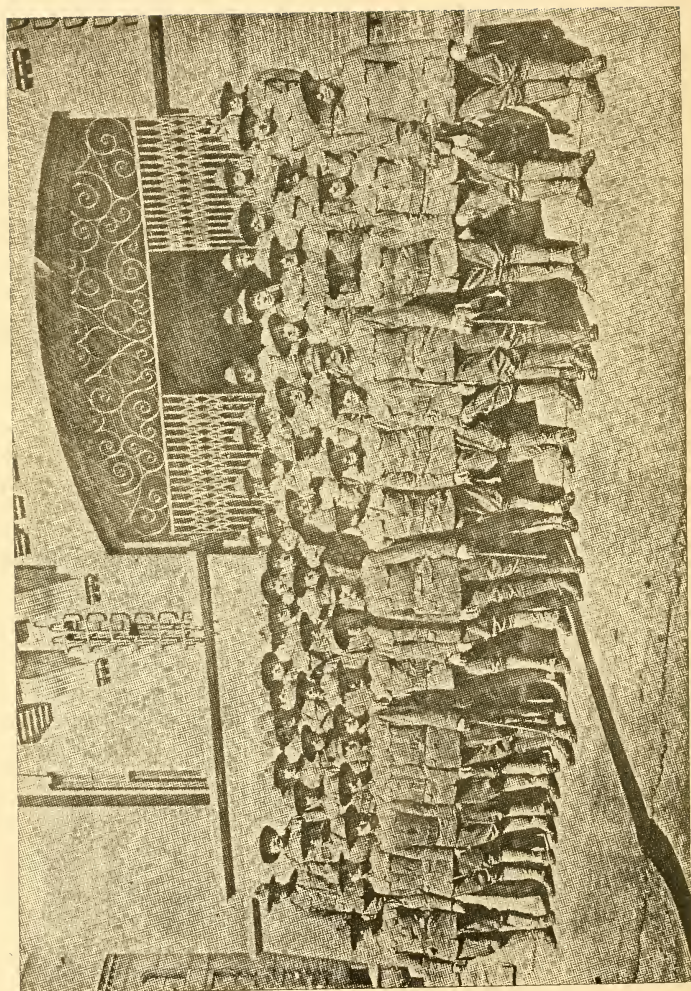
"This company being stationed at the State Armory has ample room and facilities for a good company and the officers and men are aware of the fact.

"Signed, WILLIAM BUTEMENT,

"Major Acting Inspector."

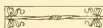
ROSTER OF THE COMPANY

Captain:	Second Lieutenant:	First Sergeants:
Thomas Rae	Robert W. Hunter	William F. McGrath
First Lieutenant:	Sergeant:	Thomas F. Hargaden
Louis E. Emery	Frederick Childs	Neil Gillis



COMPANY M (HOLYOKE) STATE GUARD.

Quartermaster Sergeant:	George Barnett, Jr.	Henry J. Levene
Harry W. Rogers	Adjutor Bergeron	John Lowell, Jr.
Mess Sergeant:	Clarence A. Bridges	Samuel W. Mason
Alfred W. Wilson	George B. Cassidy	James G. Moodie
Cornorals:	Paul Choinard	Jean Misch
George P. Brouillette	Frederick J. Craven	James P. Mack
William G. King	Howard B. Deacon	Peter J. Mason
James Bower	Walter H. Duenkel	Valmore Mercier
Milton S. Spies	George Erhardt	Camile L. Picard
Harrington Fay	William Fadden	Arthur Ryan
Willard Cutler	Louis E. Fortier	Thomas F. Rohan
Emil N. Meunier	John B. Goephert	John J. Roy
Musician:	Patrick Gannon	James H. Reed
Emil Clad	David B. Howard	Alexander Scott
Mechanic:	William J. Hall	David Strachan
John P. Robinson	Allen Hunter	Christian A. Schroeder
Cooks:	Robert M. Hunter	Edward J. Thornton
Fred Winkler	Walter Henderson	William Turner
Joseph Pfanner	Eugene Jacquell	John J. Taugher
Privates:	Emery L. Leprohan	Eugene Wernette
Bernard Abbott	Ira E. Lajoie	Frederick Watson
Fred W. Abbott	Philias Larivie	Frank Zurlinder
	Charles G. Lanctot	



Holyoke Red Cross Chapter

THE American Red Cross and its work needs no praise—its work will stand forever as a monument to the devotion and sacrifices of its members. The Holyoke Chapter was a stout link always in the Red Cross Chain that stretches around the world. The officers of the Holyoke Chapter are: Chairman, Dr. Edward P. Bagg, Jr.; Vice-Chairman, Mrs. Frank H. Metcalf; Secretary, Mrs. Ellen R. Campbell; Treasurer, L. L. Titus.

Branches—South Hadley, Miss Rose Doonan, Chairman; South Hadley Center, Miss Alice C. Brockway, Chairman; Mt. Holyoke College, Miss Mary E. Taylor, Secretary; Plains Auxiliary, Fairview, Mrs. Anna Parmenter, Chairman; membership, Holyoke Chapter, 9,575; Mt. Holyoke College, 563; South Hadley, 609; South Hadley Center, 329; Plains Auxiliary, 157. Total, 11,233. Circles working for Holyoke Chapter, 30.

When the war with Germany was declared this organization was a branch of the Hampden County Chapter. It had no home and only fifteen members. Mayor White donated a room in the City Hall and the Holyoke Surgical Dressings Committee (which under the splendid leadership of Mrs. Aaron Bagg had been doing such fine work for many months) came forward with the offer of workers, money and materials. They soon outgrew these quarters and decided that Holyoke was big and powerful enough to be a chapter by itself. Holyoke

organized as a chapter in May, 1917, with a membership of 175 members. It has been a wonderful growth, with the hearty co-operation of practically every man and woman and child in Holyoke doing their part in the great work.

Holyoke Chapter fitted out the boys in D Co., 104th, before the company went overseas. Boys fitted, 361; articles, 1,338.

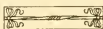
Drafted boys fitted out from February 1, 1918, to September 1, 1918: Boys fitted, 950; knitted articles supplied, 2,770; Christmas parcels bought and sent to soldiers abroad 1918, 1,902.

The Surgical Dressings department, under Miss Lavinia Whiting, has made 308,114 articles; the Hospital Garment department, under Mrs. Morton Hull and Mrs. John Finn, has made 9,125 articles, and the Knitted department, under Miss Josephine Houston, has made 39,435 articles.

The Chapter has conducted two Christmas drives for membership; two drives for clothes for Belgium, netted garments which weighed 22,891 pounds, and a linen drive gained 3,955 articles. The firemen of the city did magnificent work in knitting socks. During the epidemic of influenza the Chapter made all the gauze masks needed. The Moor Corps, under Miss Jessie Mackintosh, supplied cars and drivers for work during the epidemic. Two classes were conducted in Home Nursing and First Aid.

The Chapter, under the leadership of Joseph A. Skinner, has raised two war funds. The first war fund asked for was \$70,000 and pledges amounted to \$107,467.94; second war fund asked for, \$90,000, pledges, \$163,673.76.

The Chapter now occupies quarters on the fifth floor of the Hotel Nonotuck.



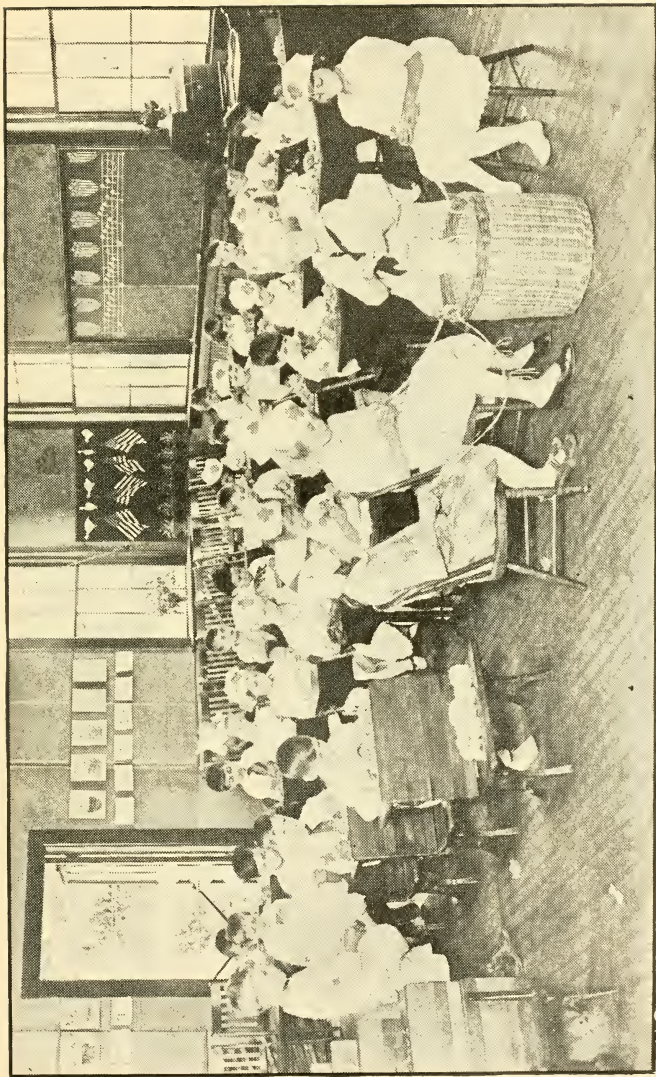
Holyoke Chapter of Junior Red Cross

War Activities in the Holyoke Schools

THE American Red Cross, which had received recognition from Congress as the one official organization in time of war to bring aid to soldier and sailor, to the sick and wounded, and to disabled prisoners, felt itself justified in asking for a Red Cross hour of loyal activity in the schools.

The aim of the American Red Cross in establishing the Junior Red Cross is, primarily, an educational one. It offers the school children a release of energies, stimulated at the present time by unusual conditions, through organized activities for others. It proposes, however, not to stop its work with the cessation of war, but to continue in time of peace its efforts to inculcate the highest duties of citizenship, which involve all the ideals for which the Red Cross worked for years.

These ideals are promotion of personal health and efficiency, betterment of community conditions, the inculcations of respect and care for harmless birds and animals, the spread of health education throughout the country by preventive means, instruction in elementary measures of aid in emergencies, and in home nursing and dietetics, and the preparation of supplies by those who have time and service to give to aid the destitute, wherever found, in this or other countries. "The Red Cross teaches these things because in them is found the highest interpre-



JUNIOR RED CROSS WORK (Primary Grade).

tation of the word 'Patriotism' that the child can learn. To be a good neighbor is to be the best citizen."

The plan of the Junior Membership of the Red Cross was announced by the American Red Cross September 3, 1917. It practically came into being by the proclamation of President Wilson September 15, 1918.

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

The president of the United States is also President of the American Red Cross. It is from these offices joined in one I write you a word of greeting at this time when so many of you are beginning school year.

The American Red Cross has just prepared a Junior Membership with school activities in which every pupil in the United States can find a chance to serve our country. The school is the natural center of your life. Through it you can best work in the great cause of freedom to which we have all pledged ourselves.

Our Junior Red Cross will bring to you opportunities of service to your community and to other communities all over the world, and guide your service with high and religious ideals. It will teach you how to save in order that suffering children elsewhere may have a chance to live. It will teach you how to prepare some supplies which wounded soldiers and homeless families lack. It will send to you through the Red Cross Bulletin, the thrilling stories of relief and rescue. And, best of all, more perfectly than through any other school lessons, you will learn by doing these kind things under your teacher's direction to be the future good citizens of the great country which we all love.

And I commend to all school teachers in the country the simple plan which the American Red Cross has worked out to provide for your co-operation, knowing as I do, that school children will give their best service under the direct guidance and instruction of their teacher. Is not this service perhaps the chance for which you have been looking to give your time and efforts in some measure to meet our national needs.

WOODROW WILSON, President.

Dr. H. N. McCracken, President of Vassar College, was chosen as the National Director. Mr. James Jackson is manager of the New England Division.

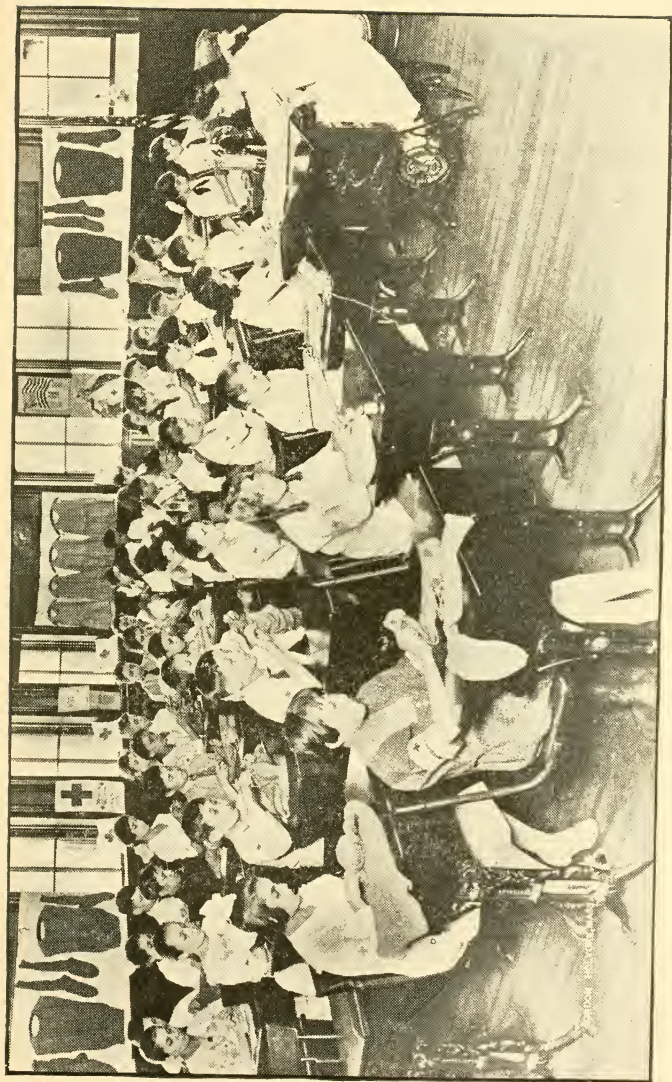
Dr. Edward Bagg, chairman of our local Chapter American Red Cross, appointed a committee to organize this work in Holyoke. This committee, known as the "Branch School Committee," was: Chairman, Mr. J. B. Weis, Mr. Francis McSherry, Dr. Edward Bagg, Mrs. Ellen Campbell, Miss Pearl Rand, and Secretary-Treasurer, Miss Jennie E. Scolley.

The chapter is made up of auxiliaries, each school being an auxiliary, and each class a unit under the teacher.

A Work and Material Committee was appointed to aid the above Committee. This committee is as follows: Mrs. Isabelle Ferry, Miss Teresa Dowd, Mr. Leonard and Miss Jennie E. Scolley. Mr. Hebert took Mr. Leonard's place a little later. On Mr. Hebert's resignation, Mr. Robert E. Hamill, who had returned to school from the military service, was appointed to this place.

On account of various circumstances and the health conditions in the city during the year, we did not organize until March 11, 1918.

Previous to organization the teachers and pupils in all schools had been able to do much splendid war work. Sweaters, socks, wristers, blankets, scrap books, etc., were made. These supplies were shipped across the water before Christmas, 1917, just the time they were most needed. They were among the first supplies



JUNIOR RED CROSS WORK (Grammar Grade).

sent from this side. The Secretary counted all these and valued this work in all schools. It was valued at \$6,002.57. Recorded by schools, it is as follows:

Elm Street School.....	\$471.28
Elmwood School	204.25
Ewingville School	42.00
Hamilton Street School.....	383.52
Highland School	988.80
Ingleside School	41.50
Joseph Metcalf School	735.60
Kirtland School	800.00
Lawrence School	604.00
Morgan School	290.00
Nonotuck Street School.....	213.00
Park Street School.....	84.00
Sargeant Street School	97.50
South Chestnut Street School.....	328.62
Springdale School	120.00
West Street School	343.00
William Whiting School.....	246.45
West Holyoke School.....	9.00
Total.....	\$6,002.57

The pupil's pledge card, which each member must sign who joins the Junior Red Cross organization, was designed by Superintendent Francis McSherry. It is arranged to serve six years and reads as follows:

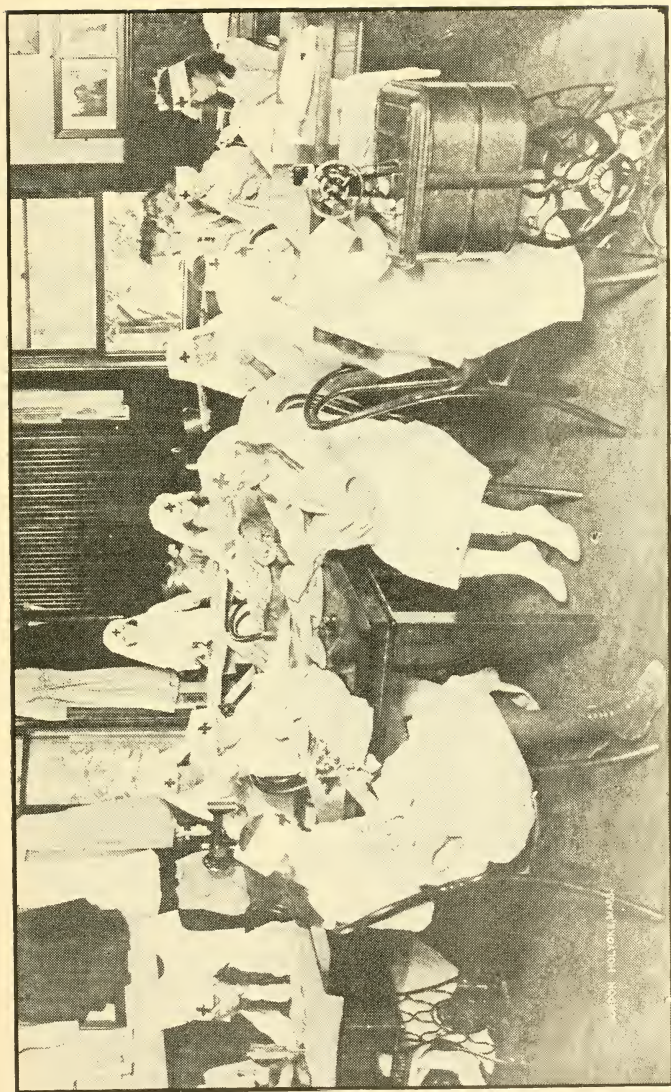
I promise, as far as I am able, to

1. Make or grow something for the Red Cross.
2. Save by denying myself something I want but do not need.
3. Give to those who have suffered in the war.
4. Pay twenty-five cents a year for dues or furnish the equivalent in labor or material.

On the reverse side of the card the following advice is given:

1. Hold yourself ready to perform any service consistent with home and school duties that will directly or indirectly forward the work of the American Red Cross.
2. Try to conserve the material resources of your country to the end that nothing shall be wasted that can strengthen the vigor of the nation.
3. Endeavor at all times so to conduct yourself as to show your loyalty to your country and your respect for those who are bearing the burden of defense.
4. Wear your Red Cross badge to the end that everyone may know that you belong to the home reserve army of your country.
5. Promise during the period of your membership in the Red Cross to save by self-denial all that you can give to the Holyoke Chapter of the Red Cross to use to help the families of the men who are serving in the Army and Navy of your country or to use where it may be most needed.

We organized with nineteen auxiliaries, with 6,527 pupils or 100% strong. Since September 2, 1918, 1,700 new members have been enrolled, 600 at Sacred Heart, 200 at St. Jerome, 200 at the Rosary, 500 at Precious Blood Schools, 200 at Perpetual Help, and 10 boys at Hadley Hall, making the membership January 1,



JUNIOR RED CROSS WORK (Junior High School).

1919, as follows: Twenty-five auxiliaries with a total membership of 8,237 members.

From March 11, 1918, to February 1, 1919, the following articles were turned over to the Red Cross:

32 Children's black sateen aprons.	149 Helmets.
32 Children's capes with hoods.	136 Flannel petticoats.
8 Boys' corduroy trousers.	754 Wash cloths.
5 Boys' shirts.	21,192 Gunwipes.
10 Girls' dresses.	50 Belgian blankets.
102 Women's and girls' chemises.	30 Pairs of wristers.
32 Women's skirts.	572 Crutch pads.
74 Shoulder shawls.	1,308 Scrap books.
17 Towels.	300 Needle cases filled.
32 House gowns.	329 Picture puzzles.
56 Pairs of socks.	380 Swat clubs.
391 Sweaters.	202 Shot bags.
56 Scarfs.	117 Rolls of tape rolled.
1,014 Comfort pillows.	400 Handkerchiefs.
48 Packing cases (High School).	1 Large table.
48 Packing cases (Vocational School).	

This makes a total of 27,877 articles furnished by the Junior Red Cross.

The Secretary of the Junior Red Cross sent a check to Treasurer of Red Cross for \$18.00 for subscriptions to the Red Cross Magazine. The following schools will be supplied with a year's subscription each:

Lawrence School	South Chestnut Street School
Highland School	Sargeant Street School
West Street School	Park Street School
Morgan School	Springdale School
Joseph Metcalf School	Elmwood School
High School	Ingleside School
Hamilton Street School	Nonotuck Street School
Elm Street School	Ewingville School
William Whiting School	Kirtland School

The Treasurer received \$653.09 and expended for supplies and the Red Cross Magazine \$507.48, leaving a balance in the bank, March 1, 1919, of \$145.61.

By a rule of the Superintendent of Schools and the School Board all war activities of any kind in the schools must come under the head of the Junior Red Cross. Therefore the sale of Thrift Stamps is a Junior Red Cross Activity under the direction of Miss Mabel Baush. The Secretary of Junior Red Cross organized Happy Jack Thrift Clubs in all schools. There was a Happy Jack Corner in each of our evening papers. The children wrote compositions on "Thrift," "How I Earned My Thrift Stamp Money," and on other similar titles.

From January 1, 1918, to January 1, 1919, 4,652 children have bought \$14,369.59 worth of stamps. The report of schools is as follows:

Elmwood	248 pupils bought	\$1,073.40
Elm Street	374 "	1,650.70
Ewingville	54 "	358.11
Hamilton Street	340 "	461.68
Highland	484 "	1,007.89
High	674 "	1,808.13
Ingleside	40 "	155.22
Kirtland	201 "	671.91
Lawrence	222 "	1,214.94

Joseph Metcalf	425	"	"	1,360.26
Morgan	198	"	"	914.20
Nonotuck Street	103	"	"	152.39
Park Street	212	"	"	487.36
Sargeant Street	164	"	"	213.56
South Chestnut Street.....	384	"	"	925.72
Springdale	105	"	"	453.63
Vocational	35	"	"	383.32
West Street	197	"	"	538.19
William Whiting	192	"	"	538.98
<hr/>				
Total.....	4,652			\$14,369.59

During the various Liberty Loan drives in the city the pupils have written compositions, made three-minute speeches and distributed quantities of literature. Several of the schools bought bonds for the schools. Numbers of children bought bonds. Many of them earned every cent of the money themselves.

The United War Work Campaign furnished another opportunity for the Junior Red Cross to prove that they are patriotic, loyal Americans. The "Victory Boys and Girls," members of both public and parochial schools, under the chairmanship of Superintendent of Schools Francis McSherry, pledged to earn and give \$7,704.65 to the cause. This money to be paid in three installments. They are bravely living up to their pledges.

Another activity, which is strictly a local one, is the "I Will Help" Club.

Through the association in Holyoke known as the "Les Village Libéré de la France," our citizens are planning to aid Miss Belle Skinner in the great work to which she is giving her time, money and personal service. The children have pledged a penny a week from June, 1918, to June, 1919, for this reconstruction work in France. We have sent to the Treasurer of this association \$654.05 up to March 6, 1919.

Recorded by schools, it is as follows:

Lawrence School	\$85.00
Joseph Metcalf School	72.91
Highland School	71.88
Elm Street School	72.12
Elmwood School	51.97
South Chestnut Street School	50.20
Nonotuck Street School	48.91
Kirtland School	36.44
Hamilton Street School	31.18
Springdale School	27.72
Park Street School	28.31
William Whiting	25.53
West Street School	19.72
Morgan School	18.31
Sargeant Street School	6.14
Ingleside School	5.71
Ewingville School	2.00

 \$654.05

The War Gardens or School Gardens, the raising of poultry and pigs, and classes in canning were other important and valuable activities. This work was under the direction of Mr. George D. Hearn of the Science department of the High School. Mr. Hearn is Director of Agriculture for the city.

Working under pressure in the spring three hundred school gardens were planted in five days by team work on the part of the children and efficiency of the teachers. The gardens were arranged end to end and the cross path omitted. This brought two gardens together, and put a gardener at each end of a planting line. Thus two worked together on each garden and planted two gardens in the time ordinarily used to plant one, and also made the work more pleasant.

The canning work was put on a more systematic basis and a good foundation laid for next season's operations. Weekly demonstrations were held at the different school centers, which are nicely equipped for canning. Each canner's home was also visited each week, and this established a bond of mutual endeavor and interest on the part of the parent, teacher and child.

The poultry and pig work were also carried along more thoroughly; in fact this year witnessed the start of the porker as a Holyoke city resident in the back yards of some of the school children. This is a line which is well worth encouraging.

The foregoing is strong proof that the school children of Holyoke responded enthusiastically to the nation's call for more food. The vegetables, canned products, poultry, eggs and pork will mean much in the feeding of Holyoke.

The number of gardeners at the end of the season were.....	1,200
Number of classes for canning	245
Number raising poultry and pigs	245
Acres planted	6.5
Value of garden produce, canned goods, poultry and pigs.....	\$15,000

In the first shipment to France of Junior Red Cross articles 67 knitted hospital blankets were sent. One of them was received by Captain C. W. Mack, captain M. R. C. Below is a copy of his letter of thanks to the pupils of Grade Six of the Hamilton Street School, where the blanket was made:

American Expeditionary Forces, France.

A. P. O. 731, June 28, 1918.

Hamilton Street School, Grade VI.

DEAR FRIENDS: I have many friends in Michigan and California, but I didn't know that I had so many friends in Grade VI until I received a beautiful bed-spread which you sent through the Red Cross to me.

Thanks so much for it. It is so warm and comfortable and well made. I have slept under canvas, when the snow and rain were falling, with the wind blowing cold, and sometimes under eiderdown French covers, as a rare event, to make dreams of comfort come true. I have slept on two sticks, placed to keep me above the muddy water of the trenches, sleeping thus under the blue sky. I have slept under the thatched roof of an abandoned French farm building used by the pigs, sleeping under the corner of an oiled sheet, not sufficient to cover the three occupants completely at one time. I have slept under various peculiar conditions, under all sorts of things to keep one warm, but I have never slept under such a nice cover as this which you have given me. It will not only give one pleasure but add to my efficiency; so in this way you have all helped in the Great War.

I congratulate you on your promotion to the seventh grade, and again thank you all most sincerely.

C. W. MACK, Captain M. R. C., A. E. F., France.

Another of these blankets was made by the pupils of Grade V in the Elm Street School. This blanket was received at Base Hospital 116, France.

A nurse at the hospital sent the following letter of thanks to the pupils in this school. She also returned the paper containing the list of names of the pupils who made the blanket, that they might know that the paper had been to France and back again. The pupils of the Elm Street School often look at it as a treasure, as it hangs framed on the school wall.

Elm Street School,
Holyoke, Mass.
Grade V.

Base Hospital 116,
A. E. F., France.

DEAR CHILDREN :

This is just to let you know your nice knitted quilt found its way to a real Base Hospital. We think a great deal of them and more because we know the dear children are really thinking of our dear soldiers, who are very brave and good. Some day when I come back I may have a chance to visit Holyoke, and I certainly will come to the Elm Street School and tell you about the boys.

Please accept my thanks and every good wish to you all. I am,

Your new friend,

WINIFRED ALLISON. A. N. C.

The following children made the blanket mentioned above:

Gregory Alberto	John Lyons	Loretta Reed
Max Banas	Delia Marcotte	Jessie Roach
Claire Beauregard	Jennie Wallach	Hollis Smith
Ethel Brent	Aris Willey	Lucile Smith
Mae Burke	Florence O'Connor	Fred Stevens
Laura Charlton	Doris Osborne	Ruth Stone
Bertha Foster	John Pellegrine	Catherine Tierney
Mary Harrop	Casper Ranger	Hannah Von Goecking
Ethel Lambert	Aris Willey	

The little children in grades one and two made thousands of little gunwipes, which seemed to be much appreciated by the soldiers. The following letter was received by Mrs. Frank Metcalf, who turned it over to the Secretary of the Junior Red Cross:

Mrs. Frank Metcalf,
Holyoke, Mass.

May 6, 1918.

MY DEAR MRS. METCALF:

Through Mrs. Elmer H. Allen of Shirley, Mass., there has been received at this office one box of many thousand gunwipes.

It is understood that the school children of Holyoke are the diligent workers and producers of these very necessary and excellently made aids to soldiers. These gunwipes will be distributed to the men of this command, and I am sure they will be very much appreciated.

The Commanding General wishes to express his thanks to you and to all who contributed in the contribution of these articles.

Very truly yours,

By direction of the Division Quartermaster,

1st Lieut., Q. M. C., N. A.

R. G. GRAHAM.

To sum up briefly, our loyal young Americans have raised \$653.59 for Red Cross, \$14,369.59 for War Stamps, \$7,704.65 for United War Work, \$654.05 for "I Will Help," or a total of \$23,381.23. They have made 27,877 articles and 1,200 workers in war gardens, etc., produced \$15,000 worth of food.

JENNIE E. SCOLLEY,

Secretary-Treasurer Junior Red Cross.

Holyoke's Civilian Relief

THE Home Service and Civilian Relief Sections of the Holyoke Chapter, came into being toward the end of October, 1917. The first case came to the committee at that time, and found the Section without offices or equipment. Miss Mary J. MacMahon was in charge of the service work, acting in the capacity which is now designated as executive secretary. At that early stage of the game no one realized the amount of work which was going to come to this division of the Red Cross. Months went on, and Miss MacMahon carried on the work, quietly, satisfactorily, with a never failing interest and sympathy. One by one, families, passing the word from one to another, came to her with their troubles. No two had the same difficulties, but they found that under the wise guidance of the national heads of the organization in Washington, provision had been made for caring for every possible kind of difficulty.

In June, 1918, only about 60 cases had been handled, and practically all of these had been for financial aid, made necessary by the fact that the breadwinner of the family had taken his place in the ranks of the army or navy, and his allotment and allowance had not come immediately, or because of illness in the family. Just at this time, the government began to make continued calls for men, with the result that queries of all kinds from camps and cantonments throughout the country, began to flood the local committee.

It was only then, that the necessity of establishing an office, with someone permanently in charge, and office hours throughout every day of the week, became apparent. As a result of continued consultation, the New England division headquarters of the Red Cross arranged for an organizer, Miss Myra H. Church, for years one of the valued workers of the Associated Charities at Lawrence, Mass., to come to Holyoke, and stay six weeks, to open an office and establish a permanent organization. On the first of July offices were opened in the Prew Building on High Street, with Miss Church in charge, and a class for a six weeks' course of lectures was opened, with a membership of about 20. Twice a week, this little group gathered to get the very little that could be taught in so limited a time, giving them an idea of what social service is.

To this group, the wonderful plans of the National Red Cross were unfolded. They found that there was practically no limit to the things that this organization had planned to do for the men in service and their dependents. If the allotment and allowance duly made by the soldier, to those at home, depending upon him, did not come at once (and it seldom did) a loan could be arranged, and the money returned when the checks did come. This arrangement was made, that persons who had never been obliged to accept a cent from any organization, need not feel that they were now an object of charity. It was also planned particularly with an eye to maintaining morale, and keeping those at home, likely to lose their self respect, alert, and awake to the fact that they were expected to do their share. If, however, it was found that present needs of the family were too great to make it possible to return the money at a later date, the money was given outright. If the need is only temporary, caused by a member of the family being out of work, for a week or so, the money may be given in a lump sum,

either as a loan or as a gift. If a family has sickness, a physician is provided, if a death, arrangements may be made with the undertaker. If a bill is pressing, arrangements may be made with the storekeeper, and if he tries to threaten the family, he is promptly notified that he cannot press the family of a man in service, although the Section does everything possible to help him collect his bill, if it is just, when the family can reasonably spare the money. If the landlord tries to eject a family with a man in service, he is notified that he cannot do this, without getting an order from the court. If installments are being paid on an article, it cannot be taken without an order from the court. There is really no financial problem of a soldier's family, which the Red Cross cannot untangle.

But the financial assistance is the least of the plans of the Red Cross. Every difficulty can be overcome. The soldier, is perhaps overseas, and has had no word from home in months. His mother comes to the Home Service Section, and says that she has been writing for weeks, but her letters never reach him. At once a letter is dispatched to the New England Division Headquarters, at Boston, telling the trouble, and giving a picture of the family life. "Lillian is well, and you would hardly know her, she has grown so since you have been gone. Your father has been having a touch of the grip, but is now back at work, and your allotment and allowance came through so that they have wanted for nothing. We thought it best to send him to the hospital, so that he might have the best of care, and that bill your mother will not have to worry about." This is only a sample of the family news that reaches a man, through Boston, and then through the Bureau of Communication.

A soldier in a Southern camp was taken ill. His mother received no letters for days, and finally came to make inquiry. A telegram was sent at once to the Associate Field Director for the Red Cross at the camp, and inside of four hours, a reply was received saying that the soldier was in the base hospital, very ill with pneumonia. The further information was given that everything possible was being done for him, and if it was necessary for the family to come, they would be notified. In two days, the telegram received, stated that the crisis was past and all was well.

These are two of the simplest problems that come to the Home Service. Family interference often complicates matters, and sometimes it seems almost impossible to get matters righted, but this can be done, if the Home Service Section has the patience to keep at it.

Since the first of July, 1918, cases have come in, with a rapidity which shows that soldiers' families are keenly alive to the abilities of the Red Cross for real service. At present, on March 15, 1919, there are about 700 cases on record, in the office, and every day adds from five to twenty cases.

One of the most important tasks which has fallen to the lot of the Home Service Sections throughout the country, has been that of caring for the families of the soldiers of our allies, and it makes no difference whether the man is in the Polish, French, British, Canadian, or other allied forces, as to the care which his family receives. In Holyoke a number of men enlisted in the allied service, and in the case of the Polish, there was no allowance made for the families by the government, so that it has meant these families must be cared for, and the money given them as a regular allowance, every week. In the French, British and Canadian, the allotments have sometimes been supplemented, and all this has been done with the regular Red Cross funds.

It is most interesting to look back on the regular weekly disbursing sheet and to find that the first week on record, ten dollars was given, and for the week, just previous to this writing, \$209.75 was given out. At the present time it costs

the Red Cross about \$1,500 per month to take care of its Home Service families, this including hospital bills, drugs, clothing, groceries, and cash. The task has been greatly increased by the return of men from the service, for the responsibility of the Red Cross does not cease when the man leaves service, if he really does his level best to resume his place in civilian life. Many times the question has been asked, "When will you close the office?" and the answer has been made by the Red Cross, "When the last men return from France." There is added need each day, for more help in the office, more visitors, more co-operation, more everything, that the morale may not be broken at this most critical time.

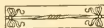
Clan MacLaren, No. 144

(Order of Scottish Clans)

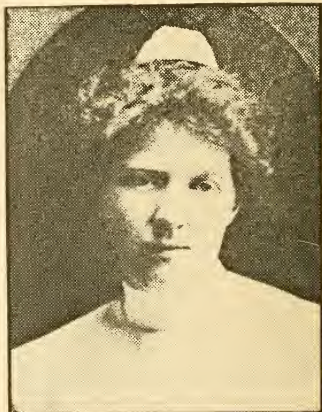
Clan MacLaren has purchased \$800 in Liberty Bonds and the net proceeds of their annual concert and ball, February 21, 1918, amounting to \$230, was given to the American Red Cross. Out of a total membership of 170, there were 55 members in the Allied armies, three dying in service, William F. Henderson, James Gow and John Watters.

L'Union Alsace Lorraine

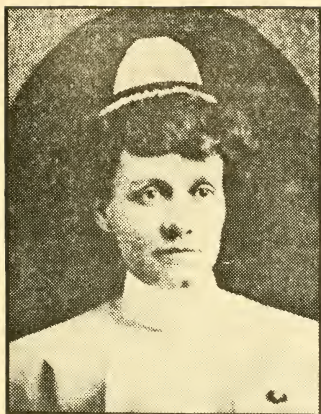
L'Union Alsace Lorraine has bought \$1,250 worth of Liberty Bonds, contributed \$200 to the Red Cross and \$25 to the United War Work campaign. Nine members were in the service and of these Emile Colin and Victor Bollecker, died.



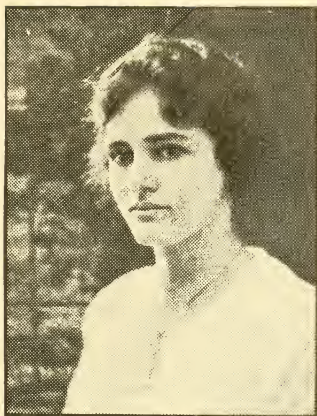
MISS MARY GERAN



MISS CHRISTINE ROSS



MISS CHARLOTTE BLAIR



MISS MINA FORBES



MISS MARY ANDERSON



LIEUT. MISS RUTH KNAPP

Holyoke Council, Knights of Columbus

THE number of members of Holyoke Council No. 9, Knights of Columbus, in service, including seven secretaries, 264. Seven died while in service, as follows: Edwin J. Mitchell, James Kirkpatrick, Martin P. Kennedy, Patrick J. Healey, James M. Hayden, James E. Shea, Frank B. Scarry. Five of the above were killed in action, the other two died of disease.

The Council bought \$1,300 worth of Liberty Bonds and \$500 in War Savings Stamps; gave to Red Cross, \$683; collected for Red Anchor War Camp Fund, \$36,128.93; gave the use of K. of C. Auditorium free to the Red Cross nurses, Chamber of Commerce, Holy Cross branch of Red Cross and a number of other organizations.

A number of the members acted on committees on all drives. The Council rooms were open at all times to all soldiers and sailors in the service. A sign to that effect is hung outside the building. The first Christmas the Council sent to every member who was "over there" a Christmas box containing cigarettes, chewing tobacco, gum, chocolates, tooth paste, shaving cream, socks, handkerchiefs, cold cream, etc. Christmas, 1918, a Christmas greeting of a Victory Letter was sent to every member in the service whether "over here" or "over there." This letter was signed by the worthy chaplain and grand knight and expressed the sentiments of every member of the Council. An Honor Roll containing the names of every member in the service was made and hung in the Council rooms. Pictures of the members who died in the service were procured and framed and are now hung in the Council rooms with the Honor Roll. A committee has been appointed to procure some suitable souvenir for every member in the service. A number of strangers who were in the service and who are in the service at the present have been helped by Holyoke Council. They were provided with money and lodging.

The Council's shower baths were opened to all soldiers and sailors in the service and towels and soap were furnished them free of charge. Magazines, books, papers, etc., were sent to the different camps for the use of the soldiers. A minstrel show was staged at Camp Devens by the K. of C. Minstrels and all automobiles that carried the troupe down were furnished by members of Holyoke Council. A service flag with the number of members in the service is hung outside the K. of C. building. The Government was offered the use of the K. of C. Auditorium and lodge room as a hospital for the wounded soldiers, sailors and marines if they should need it.

Jewish Welfare Board

THE Holyoke branch of the Jewish Welfare Board was organized in the very early days of the war, to supplement in local work what the National organization was doing in National and international work. The purpose of the Jewish Welfare Board was to cater primarily to the Jewish boys in the service; and secondly to co-operate with all other agencies in striving to give all men in the service and their families the greatest possible aid to make war somewhat brighter.

As one of the branches of the National organization, Holyoke was called upon to look after the welfare of the Jewish boys from the moment their names appeared in draft or enlistment lists until the time they were back to civilian life again. The work was divided as follows:

STATISTICS.

Careful records were made of each man in the service—those dependent upon him, his occupation, particular fitness for special work, etc. After reaching the army careful track was kept of his location, rank, promotion, citation, etc.

ENTERTAINMENT.

As each man or group of men left town they were given a send-off which was largely attended by the Jewish community. A gift was given each man in the form of wrist watches, flash lights, fountain pens, safety razors, and comfort kits especially. Each fellow received in addition a prayer book and a book of Psalms and quotations from the Bible. These books were vest pocket size and conveniently carried. As the boys came back on furloughs, either singly or in groups, especial provisions were made for receptions of one kind or another. Local talent was sent to the various camps to provide entertainment.

PERSONAL SERVICE.

Personal attention was given to each Holyoke Jewish boy in the service. A letter was sent to him regularly once a week. Each month the "Y. M. H. A. News," a publication issued by the Holyoke Young Men's Hebrew Association, was mailed to them. This paper gave them all the local news, and was probably far more appreciated than anything else that any of the organizations did for them, since they were given the local news which they were hungering for. Regularly, especially at holidays, boxes of goodies were forwarded to them. Special requests from the boys were taken care of by this department.

CIVILIAN RELIEF.

This work was done through the Red Cross, which was particularly fitted to perform such work.

RELIGION.

Services were held for the men before leaving for camps and during furloughs.

The local branch also served as one of the sources from which men were drawn for work with the National board in the camps, both at home and abroad.

Thousands of men were needed for various kinds of work, such as religious leaders, camp workers and entertainers.

The Holyoke branch co-operated extensively in all the Liberty Loans, Red Cross and U. W. W. drives, having had its representatives both on the executive boards of these drives, and among the list of workers.

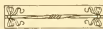
No sooner was the armistice signed than immediately full arrangements were made for the following work:

1. To assist the returning men in securing suitable positions without undue loss of time.
2. To assist the families of discharged men in securing instant and satisfactory relief in cases of emergency.
3. To keep the discharged men and their families informed of their rights and opportunities with relation to industrial and social changes which are constantly taking place.
4. To assist the wounded men in taking advantage of the rehabilitation and educational program of the government.

The officers of the Holyoke branch of the Jewish Welfare Board are as follows:

President, Jacob L. Barowsky; Vice-President, Harry Berman; Secretary, Harry Shepro; Treasurer, Samuel Wasserman; Chairman Religious Committee, Rabbi M. Kurland; Chairman Entertainment Committee, Miss Celia Press; Chairman Personal Service Committee, Miss Lena Slotnick; Chairman Statistical Department, Miss Sarah Silverman; Chairman Civilian Relief, Mrs. J. Gold.

There were 71 Holyoke Jewish boys in the service. Since there was a total population of about 1,000 Jews, this gives a percentage of over 7 per cent. Holyoke's entire contribution of 3,600 men makes an approximate percentage of about 5 per cent of the total population. The Jews, therefore, of this city, have played their part well in this war.



Young Men's Christian Association

THE Holyoke Young Men's Christian Association during the period of the war steadfastly maintained a "win the war" spirit. With a total membership of 1,200 men and boys, 182 of its younger men were in the United States Army, Navy and Marine Corps. Of the number entering the service, five gave their lives in the world's campaign for the safety of Democracy.

Seventeen local men represented the Holyoke Young Men's Christian Association in the work of the Red Triangle during the war in camps of this country and overseas. Those serving in the United States were W. A. Morse, General Secretary; Lee H. Brow, Assistant General Secretary; Herbert B. Elmer, former Boys' Work Secretary; B. W. Beaman, Physical Director; Rev. Edwin B. Dolan, Rev. H. B. Howe, Ralph B. Doane, Magnus F. Peterson, Stephen Mahoney, Fred Webber and Frank Smith. The men serving overseas were Rev. Robert Russell Wicks, Rev. A. H. Coar, E. C. Purrington, Aaron C. Bagg, James Bower and Arthur P. Provencher.

In the Red Triangle drive in November, 1917, \$112,000 was raised in a great campaign in charge of Herbert D. Elmer, Acting General Secretary, in the interests of all the men in the Army, Navy and Marine Corps.

The United War Work campaign in the fall of 1918, under the direction of W. A. Morse of the Holyoke Young Men's Christian Association, went "over the top" and captured the magnificent sum of \$227,000, which was divided among the great organizations engaged in welfare work among the service men at home and abroad.

The Holyoke Young Men's Christian Association from the very beginning kept its hand on the pulse of affairs as they related Holyoke to the great needs of the world, and endeavored at all times to stand shoulder to shoulder with the other splendid institutions of our city.

Holyoke Women's Christian Temperance Union

The Holyoke Woman's Christian Temperance Union has rendered war service wherever they have seen an opportunity, both through their own individual efforts and in co-operation with other societies. The Union was represented by one of its members on the Woman's Committee for National Defense and thus kept in touch with the government plans for woman's work. For many months every alternate meeting was given to sewing for the Red Cross and early in the war a great amount of old linen was collected for surgical use. The society has a membership of nearly 500 and the members working at home and at the Red Cross rooms gave about 25,000 hours to the work. The sum of \$10 was contributed to the Red Cross linen shower; 50 garments were made for the children of France and one French orphan has been adopted. Probably 2,000 knitted articles were handed in by the members. The members practiced faithfully food conservation and secured through one of its members 2,000 signatures to the food conservation pledge cards.

When Camp Bartlett was opened at Westfield a great supply of temperance literature and posters was furnished for the use of those in charge.

In expenditure of money, this society has not been behind others in its patriotism. It has already paid for two \$100 Liberty Bonds and its members have served on Liberty Bond committees. Early in the war \$25 was given toward the fund for a White Ribbon Ambulance, which was sent to the front by the National organization. A drive for \$50,000 was made by the State W. C. T. U. and the Holyoke branch raised over \$2,100. This \$50,000 raised in the State was for the purchase of a Massachusetts ambulance and field kitchens, which were sent to the front; also for a chocolate fund and to help in the purchase of the White Ribbon Home at Ayer, which has proven a great blessing to the soldiers and their relatives, furnishing not only a social center but comfortable rooms for women near the railroad station and having a well equipped cafeteria. Before the drive was made the Holyoke W. C. T. U. gave \$100 toward this home as well as one hundred towels and several thousand paper napkins.

Fifty comfort bags for soldiers and sailors have been made and filled at an expense of \$100 each. These bags contain not only the usual comforts but also a copy of the Gospel, a few telling temperance leaflets or cards, such as "What God Says to His Soldiers," and very often a personal letter from some older woman of the Union.

Last but not least has been the service rendered toward War Prohibition. The W. C. T. U. sent petitions, letters, telegrams and asked many prominent men to do the same and found them very willing to do so.

Queen Mary's Needlework Guild

Queen Mary's Needlework Guild, with more than 100 members, was the first organization in Holyoke to send a box of hospital garments to the Allies. The materials were bought by the members and made up by them, the Cunard Steamship Company furnishing free transportation. The Guild members raised through their own efforts by the holding of socials, card parties, etc., the sum of \$3,897, which was used to buy materials for making hospital garments for boys in the American Hospital in London and the British Hospital in Bradford, Yorkshire, England. The Guild also bought nearly \$200 worth of wool which was knitted by the members into socks, sweaters and other articles for outfits for local boys going into the service. In addition subscriptions were made as follows: Red Cross, \$130; Red Triangle, \$50; Red Anchor, \$25; Salvation Army War Fund, \$25; Women's Christian Temperance Union, \$25; United War Work campaign, \$25. Christmas checks to the amount of \$122 were sent to the boys and letters and gifts were sent them frequently. The members also did a lot of sewing and knitting at their homes for the Red Cross and also at the rooms of the Holyoke Chapter. Thirty-four members had sons in the service and two made the supreme sacrifice, Charles Trotman and William B. Craven. The officers of the Guild are: President, Frances L. Parfitt; vice-presidents, Mrs. Albert Cordingley, Mrs. James Parfitt, Mrs. Samuel Kershaw, Mrs. George Tiffany, Mrs. Levi Holgate; treasurer, James Parfitt; assistant treasurer, George A. Sorton; collector, Mrs. Kelita Moxon; Red Cross, Miss Sarah Clayton; secretary, Mrs. Albert Cordingley.

Union Club

Through the activities of the members of the Union Club and the co-operation of the Cricket Club, the sum of about \$1,000 was raised and applied for war purposes. Of this amount \$565 was set aside for the maintenance of two beds at Neltey Hospital, England. A donation of \$70 was made to the Holyoke chapter of the Red Cross, \$50 to the Halifax Relief Fund, \$30 each to Queen Mary's Needlework Guild and the British Unit. The tobacco committee sent out about \$200 worth of tobacco and cigarettes to all the boys and also gave to each and every one entering the service, a nice little present to take away with them. The club has invested \$2,500 in Liberty Bonds and purchased a Roll of Honor at a cost of \$100.

Last but not least of the war undertakings of the club was the maintenance of communications with each and every member in the service and sending them words of encouragement and good cheer from time to time. Eighteen members were in the American service, of which John Watters died in France of pneumonia, while 17 joined the British and Canadian armies and of these Arthur Chatterton and James Gow were killed in action and Patrick McManus was a prisoner for two years in Germany.

Pioneer Lodge, No. 21, Sons of St. George

Pioneer Lodge has had 31 members in service and 14 have seen service in France. Henry Lowe, Jr., was the only one to die in the service. The lodge contributed to the Prince of Wales Fund, American Soldiers' Relief, Halifax Relief, Canadian Mission, Red Cross, United War Work and Widows' and Orphans' Fund. The amount of money donated was \$2,771, not including tobacco sent to the boys which reached several hundred dollars worth.

Firemen's Progressive Union

The Firemen's Progressive Club, Local No. 40, International Association of Fire Fighters, did its part with men, money and labor in helping win the war. Out of 110 men in the fire department, and most of them over the required age, 10 went into the service, three in the navy and seven in the army. When the age limit was raised there were 20 more firemen ready for the call.

The firemen at home bought Liberty bonds, Thrift stamps and knitted socks for the men in service. In the First Liberty loan the members of the department bought \$3,350 worth, the second loan, \$3,400, the third, \$4,200, and the fourth, \$7,000, all individual subscriptions. In addition the Firemen's Aid Association bought \$6,000 worth and the Firemen's Progressive Club Fund took \$100. The department records show a total of \$24,050 in bonds and does not take into account several hundred dollars worth of Thrift stamps. The Knights of Columbus, Y. M. C. A. and Red Cross, United War drives, the department members made generous contributions.

In the fall of 1918, through the Red Cross, several machines were furnished the firemen for knitting socks for service men. For the first time in 34 years the firemen omitted their annual ball, the proceeds of which were for a worthy cause. The firemen realized that the people had been called upon heavily for donations and for this reason decided to omit the ball that others might receive what they might have had.

Holyoke Lodge, No. 902, B. P. O. E.

Holyoke Lodge of Elks made a wonderful record in helping send Holyoke "over the top" in the various Liberty Loan campaigns. In the first loan the lodge itself bought \$5,000 worth of bonds. When the second loan was launched the lodge purchased \$60,000 worth of bonds and sold them to its members either for cash or on the partial payment plan. On the third loan the lodge bought \$1,000 worth. On the fourth loan the lodge appointed a committee that sold to the members over and above what they had previously bought in their different walks of life, \$100,000 worth of bonds. Of this amount about \$20,000 was bought among the members living in Westfield and the remaining \$80,000 in Holyoke. The lodge contributed \$475 for various war works and gave \$1,025 as its share to the Grand Lodge to build reconstruction hospitals and maintain base hospitals in France. The lodge also placed its home at the disposal of the government for use as a hospital for returned wounded soldiers.

St. Jerome T. A. B. & L. Society

The St. Jerome Temperance Society had 45 men in service and kept in constant touch with all of them at home and overseas. Tobacco and other supplies were sent to them and they were not forgotten at Christmas. The St. Jerome Ladies' Aid Society joined with the men's organization and knitted sweaters and other articles which were sent to the boys. Edwin J. Mitchell, who had always been a loyal and faithful worker for the society, was the only member to die in the service, being killed in action.

Permanent Memorial Building

Holyoke's part in the great war will be commemorated by the erection of a memorial building, a structure that will stand forever as a monument to those who fought in France and elsewhere and for those at home who did their part in backing them up. Mayor Ryan has appointed a committee as follows: Joseph A. Skinner, Chairman; William L. Foote, Secretary; J. Lewis Perkins, Edward N. White, Urban Fleming, Frank B. Towne, John A. Callahan, C. L. Newcomb, John J. Lynch, Louis A. LaFrance, Philip M. Judd, Rev. Casimir Cwiklinski, David Clark, Donald Cameron, William C. Hammond, Peter J. Hinds, Samuel Baum, Joseph Equi and P. J. Garvey. This committee is empowered to get plans for the proposed building, select the site and intends to make it one of the finest in the country.

L'Union National Francaise

Thirty-five members of L'Union Francaise served in the French army and 12 died in the French service, Lucien Lang, Emile Collin, Jules Rumelhard, Alfred Charton, Auguste Braun, Aloise Ruez, Marcel Sauvageot, Joseph Sauvageot, L. Hoesoart, Albert Cantini and Louis Houder. Two members were killed in action with the United States forces, Emile Bruder and Raoul Willemain. The organization invested a total of \$1,200 in the first four Liberty loans and gave the Red Cross \$435 and \$25 monthly.

Cercle Rochambeau

Cercle Rochambeau had 82 men in the service, two died, Priv. Joseph Leo Larivee and Priv. Desire Joyal, and four were wounded. The society contributed to the Red Triangle, Red Cross, Joffre French Relief Fund and the Syrian Relief Fund. For the members in service the Cercle had a tobacco fund which has been turned into a reception fund since the armistice was signed. The physical director had charge of sending newspapers to the boys and the recording secretary looked after the correspondence with them and kept in touch with their relatives as much as possible, a committee of three assisting. In the Fourth Liberty loan campaign 95 per cent of the members bought bonds.

Police Relief Association

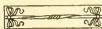
The Holyoke Police Relief Association bought Liberty Loan bonds to the amount of \$9,000. The association voted not to hold its annual ball last year because of the war and the drain on the people of the city for the support of various war campaigns. Three regular members were in the service, Joseph Bader, James Baker and Jeremiah Coffey. The police department also did much work in assisting government agencies, in keeping tabs on residents suspected of unfriendliness to the United States, in checking up enemy aliens, and co-operating with the exemption boards in looking up questionnaires and preventing evasions of the selective service law.

Holyoke Nest of Orioles

The Holyoke Nest, Fraternal Order of Orioles, was only a few months old when war was declared. Out of 146 members, 27 entered the service and the lodge kept in constant communication with those in the various camps and after they had gone overseas. From time to time a little remembrance of tobacco and chocolates were sent to them. Through the Supreme Nest, the lodge bought \$300 worth of Liberty Bonds and members were urged to make individual purchases of bonds and Thrift stamps.

All Were Patriotic

The Red Men, Odd Fellows, Masonic Orders, A. O. H. and various other fraternal organizations, social clubs and neighborhood groups all contributed their share in the purchase of bonds, Thrift stamps and donations to the various welfare drives and were represented by hundreds of members in the service. The labor organizations were patriotic to the core and bought bonds and stamps and helped in the other drives. The Central Labor Union was a heavy buyer of bonds and ever ready to assist in all patriotic causes.



General Foch's Ten Commandments

It was Moses who wrote the Ten Commandments, but it remained for Marshal Foch to write the 10 rules of war by which his men beat back the Germans. It is the little things that count and it is the exact nicety of the fighting of the man in the ranks that wins the war, thought the great French general. Here are the 10 military commandments of Foch:

1. Keep your eyes and ears ready and your mouth in the safety notch, for it is your soldierly duty to see and hear clearly, but as a rule you should be heard mainly in the sentry challenges or the charging cheer.
2. Obey orders first, and if still alive kick afterward if you have been wronged.
3. Keep your arms and equipment clean and in good order; treat your animals fairly and kindly and your motor or other machine as though it belonged to you and was the only one in the world. Do not waste your ammunition, your gas, your food, your time, nor your opportunity.
4. Never try to fire an empty gun nor at an empty trench, but when you shoot, shoot to kill and forget not that at close quarters a bayonet beats a bullet.
5. Tell the truth squarely, face the music and take your punishment like a man; for a good soldier won't lie, he doesn't sulk, and is no squealer.
6. Be merciful to the women of your foe and shame them not, for you are a man; pity and shield the children in your captured territory, for you were once a helpless child.
7. Bear in mind that the enemy is your enemy and the enemy of humanity until he is killed or captured; then he is your dear brother or fellow soldier beaten or ashamed, whom you should no further humiliate.
8. Do your best to keep your head clear and cool, your body clean and comfortable and your feet in good condition, for you think with your head, fight with your body and march with your feet.
9. Be of good cheer and high courage; shirk neither work nor danger; suffer in silence and cheer the comrades at your side with a smile.
10. Dread defeat, but not wounds; fear dishonor, but not death and die game, and whatever the task, remember the motto of the division, "It Shall be Done."

SO. HADLEY'S HONOR ROLL

DOMPIER, FRANCIS W., Private, Battery F, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service April 24, 1917, and went overseas in January, 1918. Killed in action in France October 24, 1918.

GAYLORD, FRANCIS M., Student, S. A. T. C., University of Illinois. Entered service in October, 1918. Passed examination for a commission. Died at the University Hospital October 22, 1918. Buried in South Hadley.

GAW, WILLIAM H., Private, Veterinary Hospital No. 1. Entered service September 23, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action. Died of pneumonia in Holyoke, March 29, 1919.

MAGUIRE, LEON T., Private, Company B, 327th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917, and sent to Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Gordon, Ga., and sailed for overseas April 28, 1918. Killed in action in France October 10, 1918.

MOODY, JAMES, Lumberman, New England Lumber Unit No. 8. Entered service June 16, 1917. Stationed at Ardgay, Scotland, where he contracted pleurisy. Invalided home February 19, 1918, and died in South Hadley Falls April 5, 1918. Buried in South Hadley Falls.

WALLACE, CYRIL J., Lieutenant (British). Entered service in 1915. Went to England on Lusitania, which was torpedoed. Was in the water over three hours without a life belt. Won his commission on the battlefield. Died of wounds September 9, 1918, in France.

WHITE, BENJAMIN C., Private, Battery F, 12th Field Artillery. Entered service April 26, 1917, and went overseas in January, 1918. Wounded June 7, 1918, and died of wounds June 8th in France.

WILLIAMS, HARRY L., Military Police. Entered service April 27, 1918 with a Lee contingent. Stationed at Camp Devens and sent overseas with Company H, 302nd Infantry. Later transferred to Military Police. Died of pneumonia in France January 4, 1919.



LIEUT. WINTHROP H. SMITH



LIEUT. MOREY BORLEN



LIEUT. ANDREW C. SMITH



LIEUT. H. C. HUNTER

South Hadley's Army Officers

CAPTAIN.

AUDET, HERBERT R.—Ordnance Department.

Entered service July 11, 1917; commissioned a lieutenant July 20, 1917; commissioned a captain January 8, 1918; stationed at United States Armory, Springfield, Mass.; served with the British Army in the Boer War, and served five years in the 6th Massachusetts Regiment, M. V. M.

LIEUTENANTS.

BORLEN, MOREY—Quartermaster Corps.

Entered service October 7, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to first sergeant; attended Officers' Training School and won commission; transferred to Camp Johnston, Fla.; later assigned to Washington.

BRITTON, RALPH R.—Aviation Corps.

Entered service September 7, 1917, with a draft contingent to Camp Devens; promoted to corporal; discharged for physical reasons; enlisted in aviation branch; stationed at Massachusetts Institute of Technology; transferred to a gunnery school in Texas; made flights at Taliaferro Field, Texas; commissioned a lieutenant in June, 1918; transferred to Garden City, L. I.; went overseas.

DOWNS, FRED—301st Company, Quartermaster Corps.

Entered service in October, 1917; commissioned a first lieutenant at Columbus, Ohio; transferred to Camp Merritt, N. J.; with American Expeditionary Forces.

DUDLEY, LAWRENCE A.—5th Battery, J. A. R. D.

Entered service June 3, 1918; stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.; went overseas in August, 1918; commissioned a second lieutenant in France.

GAYLORD, DR. JAMES T.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Entered service August 10, 1918; stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.; transferred to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

GRIFFIN, DR. WILLIAM G.—Dental Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant June 30, 1917. (Never called.)

HARTIGAN, DANIEL J.—Infantry.

Entered service September 23, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; graduated from Fourth Officers' Training School at Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Lee, Va.; commissioned a second lieutenant.

HOLLIS, STEPHEN—United States Army.

Entered service February 26, 1918; stationed at Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Meigs, Washington, D. C.; promoted to corporal; attended Officers' Training School at Camp Meigs; commissioned a second lieutenant.

HUNTER, HAROLD C.—Company H, 131st Infantry.

Entered service January 5, 1918, going to Officers' Training School at Camp Upton, L. I.; commissioned a second lieutenant April 5, 1918; served for a time in Company I, 306th Infantry; went overseas in May, 1918; wounded in left hand in August, 1918.



Top row (left to right)—Robert Wingate, Edwin Moffitt, Richard Bertram; middle row—William H. Gaw (deceased), Sidney Ingham, Lieut. Arthur E. Whittemore; bottom row—William Dressell, Michael P. O'Connor, Joseph Drohan.

MOYNIHAN, HAROLD J.—Company I, 328th Infantry.

Entered service September 23, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Gordon, Ga.; went overseas May 4, 1918; was first sergeant when he landed in France; commissioned a second lieutenant in France.

SMITH, ANDREW C.—Machine Gun.

Entered service October 7, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; promoted to corporal; transferred to Camp Hancock, Ga., to a machine gun battalion; commissioned a second lieutenant September 20, 1918; transferred to Camp Sevier, S. C.

SMITH, WINTHROP H.—Field Artillery.

Commissioned a second lieutenant at Plattsburg August 11, 1917; stationed at Camp Shelby, Miss.; transferred to Camp Jackson, S. C.; assigned to 2nd Regiment, Field Artillery, R. D.

STACY, PHILIP H.—Field Artillery.

Entered service November 5, 1918; attended Officers' Training School, Camp Zachary Taylor; commissioned second lieutenant in February, 1919.

SULLIVAN, MICHAEL W.—Infantry.

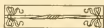
Entered service in 1914; stationed at Canal Zone with Company H, 33rd Infantry; transferred to Camp Beauregard, La.; commissioned a second lieutenant October 8, 1918.

WEISMAN, RUSSELL—Ambulance Service.

Entered service in June, 1917; assigned to United States Army Ambulance Service, section 12; went overseas; commissioned a first lieutenant and assigned to S. S. V. 512, French Army, detached service.

WHITEMORE, ARTHUR E.—Infantry.

Commissioned a second lieutenant August 15, 1917, at Plattsburg; assigned to Camp Devens; transferred to Camp Mills, N. J., and assigned to Company B, 168th Infantry, "Rainbow Division"; went overseas in December, 1917; assigned to British Infantry School to learn bomb throwing; promoted to first lieutenant in June, 1918; wounded at capture of Serpy, in July, 1918; recovered in time to take part in the battle of St. Mihiel, in September; wounded a second time and gassed while in action north of Verdun in October, 1918; with Army of Occupation.



South Hadley's Naval Officers

LIEUTENANTS.

GRIFFIN, DR. TIMOTHY.

Commissioned a lieutenant in the Naval Reserves September 25, 1918; stationed at Boston Radio School, Cambridge; transferred to headquarters 1st Naval District, Boston.

IRWIN, DR. GRATTAN G.

Commissioned surgeon in United States Navy with rank of lieutenant; in charge of naval laboratory, Charleston, Va.

KENNEDY, DR. PATRICK F.

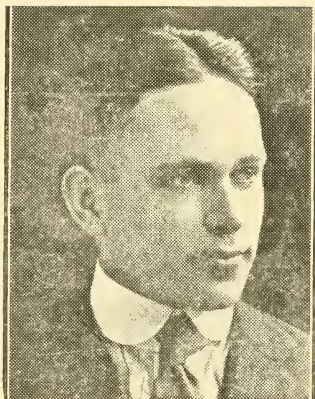
Entered service October 7, 1917; stationed at Camp Devens; commissioned a lieutenant in the Naval Reserves as Dental Surgeon October 5, 1917, subject to discharge from army; discharged from army October 18, 1917; stationed at Newport Naval Training Station; served on U. S. S. New Jersey, U. S. S. Plattsburg and U. S. S. Leviathan.

KENNEDY, DR. THOMAS J.

Commissioned a lieutenant in Naval Reserves April 28, 1917; stationed at Naval Hospital in New York; transferred to Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C.; transferred to Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, N. H.



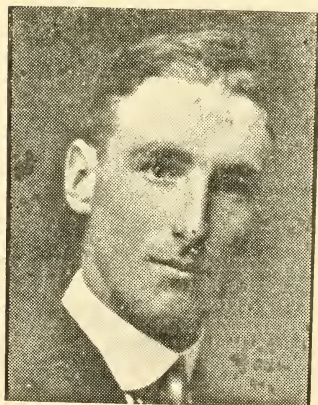
MISS MARY SHEA



LINCOLN B. SMITH



DEXTER L. BULLARD



JAMES MOODY

South Hadley Men in the Service

Army

ASTLEY, ALBERT W., Sergeant, Headquarters Company, Tank Corps, 304th Battalion. Entered service November, 1917. Stationed at Fort Myers, Va. With American Expeditionary Forces.

AUBREY, ELIJAH J., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 8, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

AUBREY, JEREMIAH J., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service August 12, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BABYOK, JOHN A., JR., Field Clerk, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BACH, LOUIS A., Private, Veterinary Hospital No. 1. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BARDWELL, CURTIS F., Private, United States Army. Entered service March 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BARRETT, FRANCIS J., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 8, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

BEAUREGARD, EDWARD C., Private, Supply Troop, 3rd Cavalry. Entered service December, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BEAUREGARD, GEORGE C., Private, Company E, 1st Army Headquarters Regiment. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BEAUREGARD, HORMISDAS, Private, 47th Company, M. T. O. Entered service July 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Hancock, Ga.

BENNETT, HERBERT W., Private, Medical Department, 52nd Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

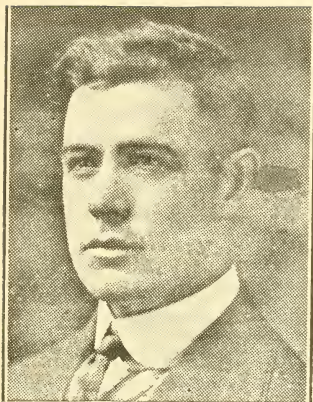
BERGERON, ELZEAR, Private, Headquarters Company, 301st Infantry. Entered service March 14, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BERTRAM, RICHARD, Private, 29th Engineers. Entered service June 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md. Transferred to Fort Myer, Va. With American Expeditionary Forces.

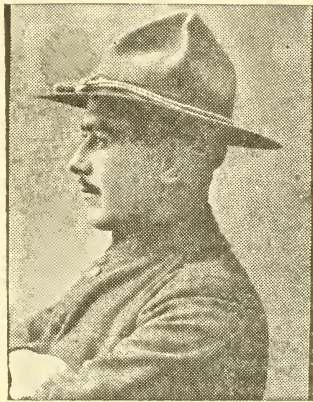
BLACKMER, PAUL W., Private, Company L, 104th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BLANCHARD, JOSEPH E., Private, Company D, 305th Field Artillery. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BUCKLEY, RAYMOND C., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 15, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y.



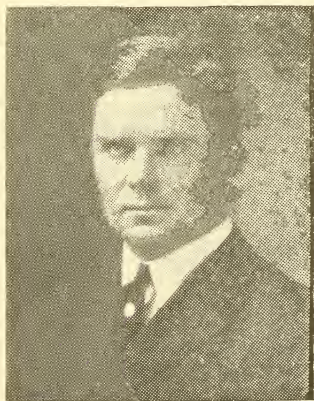
STANLEY SEFTON



JAMES SHEA



EUGENE V. GUIEL



FRANK SHEA

BULLARD, DEXTER L., Private, Company E, 20th Engineers. Entered service November 3, 1917. Stationed at Camp Lewis, American Lake, Washington, D. C. Went overseas on S. S. Tuscania, which was torpedoed. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BURNETT, DAVID McA., Private, Company D, 5th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service June 16, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded twice in action.

BURNETT, JAMES, Private, Coast Artillery Corps, S. A. R. D. Unit. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BURNETT, JAMES H., Private, Battery E, 20th Field Artillery. Entered service June 16, 1914. Stationed at Camp Stanley, Texas. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BURNETTE, ROBERT, JR., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y.

BLANCHETTE, AIMEE, Corporal, Company E, 307th Supply Train. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BOERNER, PAUL O., Private, Company H, 302nd Infantry. Entered service March 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BOERNER, WALTER W., Private, Headquarters Company, 602d Engineers. Entered service April 27, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BOERNER, WILLIAM P., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOISJOLIER, JOSEPH A., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOISJOLIER, NAPOLEON J., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BONNEVILLE, GEORGE R., JR., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOURK, PHILIP, Bugler, Company I, 101st Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

BRAINERD, BURNETTE J., Private, Company L, 325th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

BRODEUR, CLAUDE J., Sergeant, 20th Aero Squadron. Entered service in November, 1917. Stationed at Mineola, L. I. Assigned to detached service with Royal Flying Corps in England. Later with American Expeditionary Forces.

BRUNT, WILLIAM L., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 8, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

CALKINS, CHARLES M., Private, United States Army.

CALKINS, RALPH E., Private, Supply Company, 21st Field Artillery. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CAMPBELL, ALEXANDER, Bugler, 5th Replacement Detachment, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 22, 1918. Stationed at Boston. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CAMPBELL, WILFRED, Private, United States Army. Entered service September 19, 1918. Stationed at University of Vermont.

CARLIN, GEORGE F., Corporal, 24th Aero Squadron, Observation Group, 4th Army Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CARTER, GROVER C., Private, United States Army. Entered service March 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

CHAPLA, JOSEPH W., JR., Private, Troop E, 2nd Cavalry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CHARLEBOIS, GEORGE L., Private, United States Army.

CLEARY, HARRY P., Private, Troop E, 2nd Cavalry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CORDES, WALTER C., Private, Company B, 7th Engineers. Entered service in December, 1917. Stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CORMIER, HAROLD E., Private, Machine Gun Company, 48th Infantry. Stationed at Camp Lewis, Wash.

CORRIDEN, THOMAS F., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Fort Strong, Boston.

CORTIER, ALBERT A., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 6, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y.

CRAFTS, JOHN A., Private, Company I, 89th Infantry. Entered service in December, 1917. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. Transferred to Camp Greene, N. C. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed twice.

CUNNINGHAM, HAROLD P., Private, United States Army. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CUNNINGHAM, LEONARD J., Private, Headquarters Company, 301st Infantry. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

CUNNINGHAM, RAYMOND, Private, United States Army. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

DANIELS, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service March 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

DANKO, CHARLES, JR., Private, Troop E, 4th Cavalry. Entered service in May, 1917. Stationed at Hawaii.

DEITEL, CHARLES J., JR., Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Gordon, Ga. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DOUCETTE, LOUIS A., Private, Company D, 1st Army Headquarters Regiment. Entered service June 1, 1917, with Company H, 74th Infantry, National Guard of New York. Transferred to 122d Infantry, and later to 108th Infantry at Camp Wadsworth, S. C. Transferred to Company D, 1st New Hampshire Infantry, at Camp Greene, N. C. This company was reorganized into the 1st Army Headquarters Regiment with American Expeditionary Forces.

DOWNNEY, EARL F., Sergeant, Radio Department, Air Service. Entered service May, 1917. Stationed at San Antonio, Texas. Transferred to Park Field, Memphis, Tenn.

DOWNS, STANLEY, Private, First Company, Development Battalion. Stationed at Camp Wheeler, Ga.

DRESSELL, FREDERICK, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 5, 1917. Stationed at Fort Banks.

DROHAN, JOSEPH C., Private, Company B, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

DUCHARME, ROLAND, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 1, 1918.

DUDLEY, GEORGE F., Private, Company G, 301st Infantry. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

DUDLEY, JAMES R., Supply Sergeant, 7th Regiment, Field Artillery Reserve Detachment. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

DUGAN, THOMAS F., Private, United States Army. Entered service in August, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y.

DUNCAN, HAROLD E., Private, Aviation. Entered service in December, 1917. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas.

DUNLEA, RAYMOND W., Private, 58th Ammunition Train. Entered service September 14, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y. Transferred to Fort Adams, R. I.

DUPONT, GEORGE, Private, 16th Depot Brigade. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C. Transferred to Camp Sevier, S. C.

ELLISON, NORMAN B., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

FARMER, CLARENCE E., Private, 39th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Lewis, D. C.

FITZGERALD, WILLIAM L., Private, Field Medical Supply Depot No. 3. Entered service March 21, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FORD, ALEXANDER G., Private, Company H, 76th Infantry. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FORD, ALEXANDER S., Mechanic, Company L, 328th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FORD, EDWARD, Sergeant, 481st Aero Squadron. Stationed at Morrison, N. J. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FORD, JOSEPH C., Private, 319th Fire and Guard Company. Entered service, July 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Stuart, Virginia.

FORD, THOMAS W., Private, Company No. 1, S. A. R. D. Engineers. Entered service June 15, 1918. Stationed at Newtonville Institute. Transferred to Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FRENETTE, WILFRED P., Private, Truck Company C, 2nd Corps, Artillery Park. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

FRENETTE, WILLIAM J., Sergeant, Company F, 5th Division, Ammunition Train. Entered service in January, 1917. Stationed at Fort Ringgold, Texas. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FRODYMA, WILLIAM B., Private, Battery F, 31st Field Artillery. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Meade, Maryland.

GAGNON, FREEMAN, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

GARDNER, GRAYSON, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GAYLORD, WILLIAM H., Corporal, Battery C, 321st Field Artillery. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GERMAIN, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

GERMAIN, HENRY E., Private, Aviation. Entered service January 16, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Kelly Field, Texas. Transferred to Camp Morrison, Va.

GLACKNER, FRANK W., Private, Machine Gun Company, 327th Infantry. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GLACKNER, GEORGE H., Corporal, 481st Aero Squadron. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GODDARD, JOHN E., Private, Company G, 302nd Infantry. Entered service in April, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HAAS, PAUL P., Corporal, Ordnance Department. Entered service July 1, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute. Transferred to Camp Merritt, N. J.

HALKET, ROBERT, Private, Troop A, 15th Cavalry. Entered service January 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HALL, ROBERT H., Private, Battery E, 53d Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 13, 1917, in the 6th Field Artillery. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HAUTERMAN, JULES, Private, Field Artillery. Entered service August 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

HENNEMAN, ALBERT F., Private, Company L, 49th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOFFMAN, CHARLES W., Corporal, A. S. S. C., 3rd Construction Bricklaying Company. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOFFMAN, GEORGE B., Private, A. S. S. C., 3rd Construction Bricklaying Company. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOLDEN, HARRY A., Private, 5th Battery, I. A. R. D. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HVLSTED, EINAR, Private, 36th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

INGHAM, SYDNEY, Sergeant, Company L, 3rd Development Battalion. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

IRWIN, HAROLD M., Corporal, 327th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

JOHNSON, FRANK M., Corporal, Company 3, 1st Motor Mechanics. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JUDGE, FRANK H., Sergeant, 662d Aero Supply Squadron. Entered service November 10, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Kelly Field, Texas.

KELLY, ALOYSIUS, Corporal, 1st Entrenchment Engineers. Entered service June 7, 1918. Stationed at Newtonville Institute. Transferred to Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KELLEY, EDWARD B., Sergeant, 4th Battery Field Artillery, R. R. Dept. Division. Entered service April 24, 1917. Stationed at Fort Myer, Va. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

KELLEY, JAMES F., JR., Corporal, Company F, 2d Division, Ammunition Train. Entered service December 1, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KELLEY, JOHN H., Private, Auxiliary Remount Depot. Entered service July 26, 1917. Stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

KENNEDY, JOHN J., Sergeant, 59th Field Artillery. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Jackson, S. C.

KENNEDY, PATRICK, Private, United States Army. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

KEOUGH, CHARLES P., Sergeant, Company D, 519th Engineers. Entered service in November, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

KEOUGH, WILLIAM F., Sergeant, Air Service Flying School. Stationed at Kelly Field, Texas. Transferred to Camp McArthur, Texas. Transferred to Camp Hicks, Texas.

KOCENICK, JOSEPH J., Private, Battery B, 102nd Field Artillery. Entered service September 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LACEY, RAYMOND W., Sergeant, 175th Aero Squadron. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Ellington Field, Houston, Texas. Transferred to Payne Field, Miss.

LACROIX, ARTHUR E., Private, Headquarters Company, 301st Engineers. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LAMB, NORMAN F., Sergeant, Searchlight Depot, 53rd Engineers. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEGRAND, EUGENE, Private, Provisional Truck Motor Company, 1st Depot Division. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEGRAND, THOMAS J., Private, Chemical Service. Entered service September 25, 1918. Stationed at Washington, D. C.

LEMOINE, WILLIAM, Private, Company B, 314th Infantry. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. With American Expeditionary Forces.

L'ESPERANCE, CHARLES H., Private, United States Army. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

L'ESPERANCE, FREDERICK A., Corporal, Company K, 302d Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LYNCH, CHARLES T., Private, Company M, 102nd Infantry. Entered service December 13, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MACKIE, JAMES R., Private, Machine Gun Company, 327th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MADSEN, CLINTON L., Private, Company G, 302d Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MAHON, PATRICK, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

MCCABE, JOHN J., Private, Training Detachment. Entered service September 19, 1918. Stationed at University of Vermont.

McELWAIN, ROBERT H., Private, Motor Truck Company No. 472, Main Supply Train No. 418. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McGURK, ARTHUR J., Private, Troop F, 2nd Cavalry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

McLEOD, MURDIE A., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

McLEOD, WILLIAM, Corporal, United States Army.

MESSOM, ARTHUR T., Private, Aviation. Entered service February 6, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Fort Omaha, Neb.

MIKNA, MICHAEL, Sergeant, 15th Trench Mortar Battery. Entered the service May 29, 1917. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., with 2nd Cavalry. Transferred to Camp Bartlett. Transferred to 4th Cavalry, Schofield Barracks, Hawaiian Islands. Transferred to 305th Cavalry at Fort Stanley, Texas, where he was made first sergeant. His troop was converted into the 15th Trench Mortar Battery.

MITCHELL, JOHN F., Corporal, 12th Sanitary Train. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MITCHELL, JOHN P., Corporal, Medical Department, 51st Regiment, Coast Artillery Corps. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MONGEON, WILFRED J., Corporal, Company C, 28th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

MOODY, GEORGE H., Corporal, United States Army.

MORENCY, JOSEPH, Private, Supply Company, 18th Field Artillery. Entered service November 28, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MORRISON, HAROLD R., Private, Company B, 14th R. R. Engineers. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MOYNIHAN, FRANK, Private, Medical Department. Entered service May 20, 1918.

MUNN, ROBERT D., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 8, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

NADEAU, THEOBALL A., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

NADEAU, WILFRED J., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service June 26, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Jackson, S. C.

NOEL, LEON H., Private, Aviation. Entered service January 16, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Ellington Field, Houston, Texas.

O'BRIEN, JAMES, Private, 306th Engineers. Entered service May 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNELL, CHARLES P., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 3, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

O'CONNELL, JAMES W., Clerk, 6th Provisional Company, S. A. R. D. Entered service July 6, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Hancock, Ga. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNELL, JOSEPH F., Private, Company G, 302nd Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, JOHN R., Private, Battery H, 44th Coast Artillery Corps. Stationed at Fort Myers, Va. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, MICHAEL A., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y.

O'CONNOR, MICHAEL P., Sergeant, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service February 17, 1911. Was first cadet appointed from Holyoke for Massachusetts Training School at Charlestown, 1915. Did duty at Mexican border in 1916. With American Expeditionary Forces.

O'CONNOR, PATRICK J., Corporal, Company E, 301st Engineers. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

O'DONNELL, JOHN F., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y.

O'DONNELL, STEPHEN P., Clerk, United States Army. Entered service August 29, 1918. Stationed at Madison Barracks, N. Y. Transferred to school of area photography, Rochester, N. Y.

OERTEL, JOHN T., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service June 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J. Transferred to Central Officers' Training School, Camp Taylor, Ky.

O'NEIL, MARTIN E., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

PAUL, HENRY P., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 1, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute. Transferred to Camp Merritt, N. J.

PELOQUIN, ALFRED H., Corporal, Truck Company, 2nd Corps, Artillery Park. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PELOQUIN, EMILE, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PELOQUIN, LEO J., Private, Air Service Mechanics School. Entered service January 16, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to St. Paul, Minn.

PELOQUIN, WILFRED, Private, Battery B, 319th Field Artillery. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

PETERSON, ROBERT J., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

PIERCE, JOSEPH H., Private, Company I, 3rd Chemical Battalion. Entered service February 27, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Edgewood, Md.

QUESNELL, WILFRED, Private, Battery D, 305th Field Artillery. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

QUINLAN, ROBERT G., Private, United States Army. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

RACHKIS, JOSEPH A., Private, Battery B, 305th Field Artillery. Entered service March 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RAE, CHARLES C., Private, Marine Corps. Entered service June 19, 1918. Stationed in South Carolina.

RANNEY, CLAYTON N., Private, Medical Corps, 7th Field Artillery. Entered service May 14, 1917. Stationed at Camp Shelby, Va. With American Expeditionary Forces.

REINHARD, JOHN R., Private, Intelligence Corps, S. O. S., General Headquarters. With American Expeditionary Forces.

RENAUD, DORIA, Private, Cavalry. Entered service May 9, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

RICHARDS, NORMAN F., Sergeant, United States Army. Stationed at Buffalo, N. Y.

SCHNEIDERWIND, HARRY A., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SEARLE, EDWARD B., JR., Private, Company F, 301st Engineers. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SEARLE, STUART R., Private, 33rd Regiment, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service August 15, 1918. Stationed at New York State College for Teachers. Transferred to Camp Eustis, Va.

SEFTON, STANLEY, Corporal, Company B, 120th Machine Gun Battalion. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

SELKIRK, JOHN, Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service April, 1917. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

SELKIRK, ROBERT, JR., Sergeant, 59th Field Artillery. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Jackson, S. C.

SELKIRK, WILLIAM, Sergeant, United States Army. Entered service April, 1917. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

SHEA, JAMES F., Sergeant, Base Hospital No. 39 (Yale Mobile Unit). Entered service September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SHEA, JAMES R., Private, United States Army. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to a map school in Virginia. Transferred to the Westinghouse Plant in Chicopee Falls.

SHEA, FRANK P., Sergeant, 1st Army Corps, Special Training Battalion. Entered service September 3, 1917. Previous service in Company D, 2nd Massachusetts Regiment. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

SHEEHAN, JOHN E., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SHEEHAN, THOMAS J., Sergeant-Major, Headquarters Company, 348th Infantry. Entered service June 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SIMOND, JOSEPH X., Private, Infantry. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

SLATTERY, DENNIS J., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 7, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

SLATTERY, JOHN F., Private, United States Army. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

SMITH, ARTHUR J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service in January, 1918. Stationed at Camp Beauregard, La.

SMITH, CLAYTON M., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 22, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SMITH, JAMES L., Sergeant-Major, 1st Machine Gun Replacement Battalion, 6th Marine Corps. Entered service in 1889. Served in the Infantry, Artillery and Marine Corps. Stationed at Philadelphia. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, LINCOLN B., Corporal, Battery B, 103rd Field Artillery. Entered service in April, 1917. Stationed at Boxford. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, MILO S., Private, Company F, 301st Engineers. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SMITH, WALTER V., Private, Gas Defense. Entered service April 2, 1918. Stationed at Astoria, L. I.

SMITH, WILLIAM A., Private, Company K, 165th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SORTON, EDGAR, Private, Headquarters Troop, 7th Cavalry. Entered service February 22, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Fort Bliss, Texas.

SPENCER, FRANK R., Private, Company D, 42nd Infantry. Entered service June 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.

STALMANN, HENRY W., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 8, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

ST. MICHAEL, JOSEPH, Private, Company D, Machine Gun Battalion, 120th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

STRONG, CHESTER L., Private, Depot Brigade. Entered service September 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Upton, L. I.

STRUTHER, PHILIP J., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Sevier, S. C.

SULLIVAN, CORNELIUS E., Private, 325th Fire and Guard Company. Entered service August 5, 1918. Stationed at Camp Syracuse, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Stuart, Va.

SULLIVAN, JAMES F., Corporal, Headquarters Company, 327th Infantry. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, JOHN J., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SULLIVAN, JOHN J., Corporal, Company B, 301st Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SULLIVAN, MICHAEL J., Private, United States Army. Entered service May 10, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Jackson, S. C.

SULLIVAN, PETER D., Private, Field Artillery. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C. Transferred to Camp Dix, N. J.

TACK, KARL E., Private, Troop C, 15th Cavalry. Entered service January 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort Douglas, Arizona. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TACY, OSCAR L., Sergeant-Major, 12th Division, Military Police. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TAUGHER, JAMES P., Private, Troop K, 15th Cavalry. With American Expeditionary Forces.

THAYER, EARL F., Private, Company D, 42nd Infantry. Entered service June 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.

THOMPSON, FRED E., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 8, 1918. Stationed at Camp Meade, Md.

THOMPSON, JAMES, Private, Battery C, 335th Field Artillery. Entered service June 26, 1918. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TODT, CHARLES, JR., Private, Headquarters Company, 41st Dept. Division, 1st Corps. Entered service October 7, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

VANDENBURG, WARREN M., Private, Troop K, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service April 23, 1918. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. With American Expeditionary Forces.

VILBON, CHARLES, Private, Army Coast Defense. Entered service October 21, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Me.

WALL, JAMES J., JR., Sergeant, 301st Engineer Train. Entered service September 23, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WATSON, HENRY B., Private, Field Artillery. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

WHITE, GEORGE T., Corporal, Company C, 60th Engineers. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WHITFORD, GEORGE W., Private, United States Army. Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Franklin University, Boston.

WILLIAMS, HERBERT C., Private, Company D, 42nd Infantry. Entered service June 24, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. Transferred to Camp Upton, L. I.

WINGATE, ROBERT H., Private, Company K, 302d Infantry. Entered service April 27, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

YOUNG, GEORGE W., Private, Ordnance. Entered service December 19, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

Navy

- BERTRAM, JAMES J.** Attached to Transport Mercury.
- BIBEAU, EUGENE B., JR.** Stationed on U. S. S. Carola IV.
- BROOKS, EDMUND W.** Bluejacket Guard. Stationed at Newport, R. I.
- BROWN FRANK A.** Stationed on U. S. S. Nebraska. Entered service with Company H, Naval Brigade of Springfield. Formerly on U. S. S. Kittery. Took part in German naval surrender.
- DICKINSON, ASHLEY W.**
- DIETEL, JOHN H.** Stationed on U. S. S. Tacoma.
- DRESSEL, WILLIAM E.** Stationed on U. S. S. New York. Entered service August 10, 1916. With American Battle Fleet. Took part in German naval surrender.
- FITZGERALD, FRANCIS.** Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Boston. Transferred to Naval Base, Portland, Me.
- GIROUX, LOUIS.** Stationed on U. S. S. Little Brothers.
- HAMEL, WILBER B.** Stationed on U. S. S. New York. Entered service June 1, 1917. Stationed on U. S. S. Delaware. Transferred to U. S. S. New York. Took part in German naval surrender.
- KELLY, HERBERT K.** Entered service August 28, 1918. Stationed at Boston.
- KENNEDY, MAURICE.** Entered service June 27, 1918.
- KOSKEY, STANLEY J.** Stationed on U. S. S. Arizona. Took part in the German naval surrender.
- LYNCH, RAYMOND.** Entered service July 12, 1918. Stationed at Newport, R. I., Training School.
- MACKENZIE, JOHN S.,** Chief Boatswain's Mate. Entered service in 1913. Re-enlisted 1917. While assigned to U. S. S. Remlik, saved ship and all on board. U. S. S. Remlik did convoy work as part of the so-called "suicide fleet." Transferred to U. S. S. Walker.
- METHOT, GEORGE A.** Stationed on U. S. S. Walker.
- MITCHELL, MICHAEL J.** Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Boston.
- MOFFATT, EDWIN H.** Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Boston. ; Transferred to Pelham Bay, N. Y.
- MOODY, ALFRED S., JR.** Entered service October 15, 1918. Stationed at Boston. Previously served one year (June, 1917, to June, 1918) with the New England Sawmill Unit No. 8 in Ardgay, Scotland. Transferred to Portsmouth Navy Yard.
- MORAN, FRANCIS P.** Entered service December 8, 1916.
- PETERS, JOSEPH M.** Stationed on U. S. S. Mt. Vernon. When on this vessel was torpedoed off the French coast.
- PROVOST, SOLOMAN.** Entered service July 8, 1918, in the Medical Department of the Naval Reserves. Stationed at Boston. Assigned to U. S. S. South-eroy.
- RILEY, BRYAN J.**
- SLATTERY, JEREMIAH N.** Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Boston.
- SMITH, PAUL F. H.** Entered service May 16, 1918.
- STANLEY, LESLIE H.** Stationed on U. S. S. Nebraska. Entered service with Company H, Springfield Naval Brigade. Took part in German naval surrender.
- STRUTHERS, WINFRED L.** Second Company Bluejacket Guard, Newport, R. I.
- TEMPLE, EARLE R.** Entered the Merchant Marine service April 22, 1918. In foreign waters.
- WARREN, HIRAM D.**—Stationed on U. S. S. Vestal.
- WHITE, HENRY F.** Stationed on U. S. S. Salem.

South Hadley Student Army Training Corps

BAGG, QUINCY A., Massachusetts Agricultural College.
BRUNT, CARLTON L., Worcester Institute of Technology.
BURNETT, ROLLAND, Worcester Institute of Technology.
DEMERY, WALTER, University of Vermont.
DIETEL, FREDERICK W., Colgate College.
DUDLEY, EDWARD M., Holy Cross College.
DUNBAR, EDSON S., Amherst College.
EATON, DWIGHT H., Amherst College.
FOUNTAIN, CHARLES, University of Pennsylvania.
HAMILTON, CHARLES M., Cornell College.
HUNTER, REGINALD, Colgate College.
IRWIN, RALPH F., Catholic University.
JUDGE, GERALD A., Amherst College.
KEENS, RALPH, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
KRAYNICHUCK, GEORGE E., Catholic University.
LACEY, FRANCIS, Holy Cross College.
LONG, JOHN, Massachusetts Agricultural College.
LOVELL, LYMAN C., Worcester Institute of Technology.
LYNCH, JOSEPH, Holy Cross College.
MOYNAHAN, JOSEPH P., Amherst College.
ROBERTS, WILLIAM McK., Amherst College.
SMITH, FREDERICK M., JR., Yale College (Naval Unit).
WHITTEMORE, ALFRED L., Brown University.
WILKINSON, ALBERT F., Massachusetts Agricultural College.

Allied Service

ARCHAMBAULT, FRANK D., (Canadian Expeditionary Forces).
CHAPDELAIN, EDWARD, (Canadian Expeditionary Forces).
CUNNINGHAM, JAMES, (Canadian Expeditionary Forces).
LOVIE, CHARLES, (British Expeditionary Forces).
McLEA, DUNCAN, (British Expeditionary Forces).
McLUSKEY, JOHN, (British Navy).
RAMSAY, ROBERT, (Canadian Expeditionary Forces).
ROUGH, WILLIAM, (British Expeditionary Forces).

South Hadley Women in Service

BOYCE, EDNA M., Red Cross Nurse, France.
DICKINSON, ELLEN M., Red Cross Nurse, Camp Devens.
DIETEL, LILLIAN M., Red Cross Nurse, Camp Devens.
HAMILTON, ELIZABETH G., Red Cross Nurse, Camp Devens.
O'CONNOR, MARGARET, Medical Department, Camp Greene, N. C.
SHEA, MARY A., Red Cross Nurse, Camp Wheeler, Ga.
THOMPSON, MARJORIE E., Red Cross Nurse, Camp Devens.
CUNNINGHAM, RUBY, Telephone Operator, Camp Devens.
KIRKPATRICK, ELLEN A., Civilian Relief, Holyoke.

Willimansett's War Record

Honor Roll

BEAUCHAMP, HOMER R., Fireman, Transport Mt. Vernon. Entered service June 5, 1917. Was one of thirty-five men killed by the explosion of a torpedo which struck the vessel while two hundred miles from French coast on September 5, 1918. Buried in Willimansett.

GEOFFRION, DONA, Private, 58th Infantry. Entered service in May, 1918. Killed in action in France September 5, 1918.

Willimansett's Army Officers

CHAPLAIN.

BOUTIN, REV. JOSEPH H.—Infantry.

Commissioned a first lieutenant June, 1917; stationed at Camp Zachary Taylor.

LIEUTENANTS.

GRAY, ELMER J.—Field Artillery.

Entered service in April, 1917; stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.; commissioned a second lieutenant November 10, 1917; assigned to 16th Field Artillery and stationed at Camp Greene, N. C.

HEYWOOD, DR. NATHANIEL J.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant June 28, 1918.

KANE, JAMES F.—Infantry.

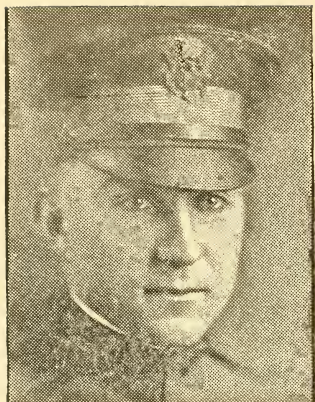
Commissioned a second lieutenant August 10, 1917, at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; assigned to Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky., as athletic instructor; promoted to first lieutenant July 15, 1918.

MEAD, DR. FREDERICK A.—Medical Reserve Corps.

Commissioned a first lieutenant June 14, 1918; stationed at Columbus, S. C.; transferred to Camp Greenleaf, Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

WEINRICH, WILLIAM O.—Infantry.

Entered service April, 1917; stationed at Camp Meade, Md.; commissioned a second lieutenant April 29, 1918.



LIEUT. JAMES P. KANE



CHARLES DEARDEN



HENRY T. HOPKINS



ELMER DEARDEN

Army

BAILLE, JEAN B., JR., Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service January 7, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BAILLEY, JOHN, Private, United States Army. Went overseas with American Expeditionary Forces.

BAILLEY, LOUIS, Private, United States Army. Went overseas with American Expeditionary Forces.

BALL, THOMAS J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service March 15, 1918. Stationed at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga.

BEAUCHAMP, EDWARD L., Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BEYER, GEORGE E., Corporal, Headquarters, 104th Infantry. Entered service June, 1917. Went overseas with American Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery in action from April 2nd to the 14th, 1918.

BLANCHARD, EUCLID, Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BOISVERT, SAMUEL J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service July 29, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

BOISVERT, WILLIAM, Private, 20th Engineer Corps. Entered service in August, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. Went overseas with American Expeditionary Forces.

BOUCHARD, EMILE, Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

BRAZEIL, JAMES A., Corporal, Field Artillery. Entered service in January, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Camp Doplín, Okla.

CARROLL, FRANK, Private, Engineer Corps. Entered service December 7, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

CARROLL, GEORGE S., Private, Aviation. Entered service December 7, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to San Antonio, Texas.

CASOLO, AREANGELO, Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CHRETIEN, REMI, Private, Infantry. Entered service in May, 1917.

CLARKE, WILLIAM, Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

CORDINGLY, ALBERT E., Mechanic, 218th Aero Squadron. Entered service October 18, 1917. Stationed at Fort Worth, Texas. Transferred to Kelly Field, Texas. Transferred to Garden City, L. I. Went overseas in March, 1918.

DAVIAU, ARMAND E., Private, Company K, 104th Infantry. Entered service in June, 1916. Did duty on the Mexican border. Went overseas. Was gassed in action.

DEARDEN, CHARLES G., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service in May, 1917, in the 8th Coast Artillery Corps. Transferred to the medical department. Went overseas.

DEARDEN, ELMER J., Private, Cavalry. Entered service March 7, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. Transferred to Fort Bliss, Texas, and assigned to Troop B, 5th Cavalry.

DEBIEN, EDWARD J., Private, Medical Corps. Entered service in July, 1917. Stationed at the base hospital at Camp Devens.

DOMINQUE, ANTHONY, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. Entered service in June, 1917. Went overseas in October, 1917. Was wounded in action.



Top row (left to right)—Paul Martel, Edward Hemond, George Hemond; middle row—Avila Riopel, Anthony Domingue, A. Daviau; bottom row—Armand Hemond, R. Chretien.

DUFFY, THOMAS, Corporal, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Mills, N. Y.

DUROCHERS, ARCHIE, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

FONTAINE, MOSES, Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GAGNE, CHARLES, Sergeant, Medical Corps. Entered service in October, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.

GAGNE, ERNEST, Private, Cavalry. Entered service July 17, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GAGNE, WILLIAM, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June 12, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GAGNON, ELPHEGE, Private, Cavalry. Entered service April 17, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GAMACHE, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service April 13, 1918. Stationed at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

GAREAU, EUGENE F., Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

GEOFFRION, ALBERT C., Private, Company G, 58th Infantry. Entered service in March, 1918. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded twice.

GLOUTAKY, JOSEPH F., Private, Cavalry. Entered service March 11, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

GRIFFIN, RAYMOND, Sergeant, Aviation. With American Expeditionary Forces.

GUERTIN, LEONARD E., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

HEBERT, OVILA, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 16, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HEMOND, ARMAND, Private, Ammunition Train. Entered service in August, 1917. Stationed at Camp Devens. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HEMOND, EDWARD, Wagoner, Ammunition Train. Entered service May 1, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed four times in action.

HEMOND, GEORGE, Private, Medical Corps. Entered service in June, 1917, after two months in Naval Coast Service. Stationed at Camp McClellan, Ala.

HIGGINS, DAVID A., Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

HOOKE, GEORGE, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action and gassed twice.

HOPKINS, HENRY T., Private, 308th Infantry. Entered service in September, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

HOPKINS, JOHN J., Supply Sergeant, 19th Field Artillery. Entered service May 12, 1917. Stationed at Camp Stanley, Texas. With American Expeditionary Forces.

JARRY, EDWARD, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service January 9, 1918.

JOHNSON, EDWIN T., Private, Quartermaster Corps. Entered service December 11, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

KEATING, JOHN M., Private, United States Army. Entered service October 30, 1917.

KENNEDY, CORNELIUS, Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LACROIX, OVILA, Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LAFLEUR, DENNIS, Sergeant, United States Army.

LAMAGDELAINE, ROBERT E., Private, Cavalry. Entered service May 23, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LANGEVIN, LEONARD, Sergeant, Engineer Corps. Stationed at Washington Barracks, Washington, D. C., as assistant post engineer.

LANGLOIS, JOSEPH, Corporal, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

LEARY, FRANK, Private, United States Army. Entered service February 25, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

LEONARD, EDMOND, Private, United States Army. Entered service May 31, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

LEVERAULT, A. V., Musician, Headquarters, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Cited for bravery, awarded Croix de Guerre, and recommended for a Distinguished Service Medal.

McGRATH, JOSEPH, Private, 2nd Cavalry. Entered service in June, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MARCUS, PHILIP N., Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service July 30, 1918.

MARTELL, PAUL G., Private, Company D, 104th Infantry. With American Expeditionary Forces. Wounded in action.



ARTHUR V. LEVERAULT



ALBERT C. GEOFFRION

MESCART, HENRY A., Private, United States Army.

MEUNIER, WILLIAM J., Private, United States Army. Stationed at Camp Dix, N. J. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MILLER, RALPH W., Private, United States Army. Entered service December 10, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y. With American Expeditionary Forces.

MONKS, JAMES A., Private, Aviation. Entered service March 29, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

MULHOLLAND, HUGH A., Sergeant, United States Army.

NAREY, JOHN H., Wagoner, Medical Corps. Entered service June 17, 1917. Stationed at Camp Sherman, Ohio. With American Expeditionary Forces.

OGRONIK, JOSEPH, Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

PELLAND, ALCIDE J., Private, Aviation. Entered service December 11, 1917. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

PELLETIER, RENE, Private, Coast Artillery Corps. Entered service June 3, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

REARDON, MICHAEL J., Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

RICHEY, ALBERT E., Sergeant, 97th Aero Squadron. Entered service in August, 1917. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCARR, GEORGE, Private, United States Army. Entered service June 30, 1918. Stationed at Wentworth Institute. With American Expeditionary Forces.

SCOTT, RALPH H., Private, Cavalry. Entered service February 26, 1918. Stationed at Fort Slocum, N. Y.

SEARS, EDWARD R., Private, United States Army. Stationed at Fort Tilden, N. Y.

SENECAL, LEO, Private, United States Army. Entered service July 23, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

SNOW, CHARLES E., Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TAILLEFER, E. U., Private, 2d Cavalry. Entered service May 5, 1917. Stationed at Fort Myers, Va. With American Expeditionary Forces.

TETREAULT, HENRY, Private, United States Army. With American Expeditionary Forces. Gassed in action.

TREMBLAY, HERMAN H., Private, United States Army. Entered service in July, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

TUCKER, WARREN, Private, United States Army. Entered service August 30, 1918. Stationed at Camp Devens.

WARD, CHARLES J., Private, United States Army. Entered service July 22, 1918.

WARD, RAYMOND, Sergeant, Signal Corps. Entered service in April, 1917. Stationed in Virginia. With American Expeditionary Forces.

WEINRICH, ALBERT E., Pharmacist, Medical Corps. Entered service August 14, 1917. Stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

Navy

FRAZIER, CHARLES W. Entered service in 1910. Stationed at Newport News, Va. Assigned to S. S. El Sol as engineer. Stationed in foreign waters.

GRIFFIN, HAROLD F. Entered service January 2, 1914. Was on U. S. S. Nebraska for three years as first-class gunner. Was in first campaign under fire at Vera Cruz. A member of the landing party. Transferred to U. S. S. San Francisco, a mine layer.

HIRST, ALEXANDER. Entered service in February, 1917. Assigned to U. S. S. New Hampshire as a seaman.

MOHAN, BERNARD A. Entered service in November, 1917. Stationed at Pelham Park, N. Y.

MORIARTY, ROLAND D. Entered service June 5, 1918. Stationed at Hingham, Mass.

PHOENIX, RAYMOND C. Entered service in 1917. Stationed at Boston.

Allied Service

BOISVERT, JOSEPH, Private (British). Entered the British Army July 19, 1918, at the Springfield Recruiting Station.

HARVEY, ALEXANDER, Private (Canadian). Entered the Canadian Army September 18, 1918, at the Springfield Recruiting Station.

WINKLER, JOHN C., Private (British). Entered the British Army February 9, 1918, at the recruiting mission in Holyoke.

Willimansett Student Army Training Corps

BANNISTER, RALPH, Pratt Institute.

FRANK, ARTHUR, University of Vermont.

MEAD, KARL E., Northeastern College.

RICKEY, CLIFFORD E., Massachusetts Agricultural College.

Nurse

GRAY, EDITH, Red Cross. Stationed at Camp MacArthur, Texas. Transferred overseas to France.

Fairview's War Record

Honor Roll

BOULERICE, ALBERT, Private, Coast Artillery Corps, entered the service October 16, 1918. Stationed at Fort Williams, Me. Died of pneumonia at the fort, November 17, 1918. Buried in Fairview.

VAILLANCOURT, FRANK A., Private, Company L, 104th Infantry, entered the service in June, 1916. Served on the Mexican Border that summer with Greenfield outfit. Killed in action in France, July 20, 1918.

Army

BAUMANN, OTTO C., Private, Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces; wounded and gassed.

BAUSER, HENRY, Private, Company 25, 7th Battalion, 153d Depot Brigade; with American Expeditionary Forces.

BEARDER, JAMES, Private, Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces; wounded.

BEARDER, WILLIAM, Private, Company E, 2d Engineers, with American Expeditionary Forces; wounded and gassed.

BEGLEY, JOHN D., Private, Company F, 102d Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces; wounded in action.

BESSETTE, FRANK, Private, Artillery, stationed at Camp Knox, Ky.

BOCK, MAX, Private, Ordnance Department, with American Expeditionary Forces.

BODAIN, ARCHIE, Private, Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

BOUDRY, EMIL, Sergeant, Supply Company, Camp Joseph E. Johnston.

BOULIEU, LEO, Private, Quartermaster Corps, Camp Wadsworth.

BRENN, ARTHUR, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

BUSS, CHARLES F., Private, Troop D, 2d Cavalry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

BUSS, JAMES S., Private, Ordnance Department, stationed at Boston.

COLLINS, ARCHIE, Private, Motor Truck Company, Jacksonville, Fla.

COLLINS, EMIL G., Private, Ordnance Corps, stationed at Springfield, Mass.

COLLINS, PERLEY, Private, Quartermaster Corps, stationed at Camp Meigs, Washington.



ARCHIE COLLINS



EMIL G. COLLINS



PERLEY COLLINS



WILLIAM COLLINS

COLLINS, WILLIAM J., Private, Company C, 149th Machine Gun Battalion ; with American Expeditionary Forces.

COMEAU, JOSEPH E., Private, 104th Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

DEARDEN, JAMES, Private, 326th Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

DELISLE, ROUAL, Private, Troom F, 6th Cavalry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

DE LONGCHAMP, AMOS, Corporal, Coast Artillery, stationed at Fort Schuyler.

BISSELL, ALFRED, Private, Medical Corps ; stationed at Staten Island Debarcation Hospital.

DUPONT, WILFRED, Private, Coast Artillery Corps, stationed at Fort Rodman, Mass.

ELLIS, HERBERT L., JR., Private, Medical Corps, stationed at Ellis Island, N. Y.

FINLAYSON, JOHN, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Devens.

GAMACHE, OSCAR, Private, Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

GLADU, ALEX, Private, Company A, 4th Machine Gun Battalion, with American Expeditionary Forces.

GLADU, WILFRED J., Private, Medical Corps, stationed at Fort Slocum.

GLESSMAN, ERNEST, Private, Company H, 308th Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

GOODWIN, WALLACE, Private, Medical Corps, with American Expeditionary Forces.

GOYETTE, ALBERT, Private, Machine Gun Battalion, stationed at Camp Freemont, Cal.

GOYETTE, POLLEDOR, Private, Battery A, 58th Field Artillery, with American Expeditionary Forces.

HALL, LEONARD, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Devens.

HEBERT, ALFRED, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Hill, Va.

HEBERT, GILBERT, Private, Company H, 301st Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

HEYER, HERMAN, Private, Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces ; wounded and gassed.

HURST, FRANK, Private, United States Army, with American Expeditionary Forces.

KUENZEL, JULIUS, Private, Coast Artillery Corps, stationed at Fort McKinley, Me.

LECLAIRE, EDWARD, Private, United States Army, stationed at Fort Meyers, Va.

LEHORE, LOUIS C., Private, Troop H, 2d Cavalry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

McKISSICK, DONALD, Private, Medical Corps, with American Expeditionary Forces.

MURRAY, GERALD, Private, Medical Corps, stationed at Camp Greenleaf, Ga.

O'CONNOR, J. RAYMOND, Private, Battery B, 44th Field Artillery, with American Expeditionary Forces.

PARMENTIER, EUGENE, Private, Battery F, 59th Field Artillery, stationed at Camp Jackson, S. C.

REED, ALFRED F., Corporal, Police and Coast Guard, stationed on the Atlantic Coast.

RIOPEL, ARMAND, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Wadsworth.

RIVAL, ANDREW, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

RIVAL, ARTHUR, Private, 504th Engineer Corps, with American Expeditionary Forces.

RIVAL, EDWARD, Private, 504th Engineer Corps, with American Expeditionary Forces.

ROBERT, JOSEPH, Private, Company 3, 1st Infantry, Depot Brigade, stationed at Camp Devens.

RUDERT, FRANK, Sergeant, Cavalry, stationed at Presidio, Texas.

SCHAU, JOSEPH, Private, 36th Machine Gun Battalion, 12th Division, stationed at Camp Devens.

SCHORR, MAX, Private, Machine Gun Battalion, with American Expeditionary Forces.

ST. JEAN, NORMAN, Private, Company H, 301st Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces.

TOUGAS, VICTOR A., Coast Artillery Corps, stationed at Fort Slocum.

WILLETTE, VICTOR, Mechanic, Battery E, 57th Field Artillery, with American Expeditionary Forces.

Navy

BEELEER, STEWART, Chief Master at Arms, stationed at Great Lakes Naval Training Station.

BEGLEY, CORNELIUS, Seaman, United States Navy.

BRENNAN, LEO, Seaman, U. S. S. Arizona.

FERGUSON, WILLIAM, Machinist, Home Guard Patrol, United States Navy.

GRAY, WALTER S., Seaman, Naval Aviation, stationed at Pensacola, Fla.

GRAY, HAROLD G., Seaman, Naval Reserve, stationed at Newport, R. I.

HOLGATE, COLONEL E., Master Mechanic, Naval Reserve, stationed at Nantucket.

HUNT, HARRY, Yeoman, U. S. Navy, stationed at Boston Navy Yards.

LANGVIN, ARTHUR, Seaman, United States Navy.

NICKERSON, LESTER S., Seaman, U. S. S. Oklahoma.

OSBORN, FRED, Master Mechanic, stationed at New London, Conn.

REED, WINFRED, Seaman, Merchant Marine Service.

REILLY, BRYAN, Seaman, U. S. S. Louisiana.

Allied Service

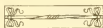
ANDERSON, JOHN, Private, Canadian Expeditionary Forces; wounded.

GOYETTE, GEORGE, Private, British Expeditionary Forces.

PRATT, JOHN W., Private, British Expeditionary Forces; wounded.

Fairview Student Army Training Corps

HUDSON, FRANK, Private, Amherst College.



Belchertown's War Record

Honor Roll

WALKER, CHAUNCEY D., Corporal, Company G, 104th Infantry, entered the service in August, 1917, at Camp Bartlett, Mass. Promoted to the rank of corporal before the regiment left, in October, 1917, for overseas. Wounded in left hand in May, 1918. Died of wounds (presumably received later), June 24, 1918, in France.

Belchertown's Army Officers

MAJOR.

PERRY, DR. STEPHEN W., 310th Engineers, Camp Custer, Mich.

CAPTAINS.

BARTLETT, DR. EDWARD P., Medical Corps, New York.

ELLIOTT, W. H., Coast Artillery Corps, Boston Harbor.

LIEUTENANTS.

AUSTIN, FRANCIS M., Remount Depot, Camp Devens.

COLEMAN, DR. DANIEL B., Medical Reserve Corps, Fort Ogelthorpe, Ga.

DUDLEY, LOFTON L., 5th Battalion, Depot Brigade, Camp Devens.

HILL, WILLIAM B., Jr., Infantry.

HUBBARD, MOSES, Aviation Corps.

SHUMWAY, WALDO, Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces; wounded.

SQUIRES, PAUL F., Artillery, American Expeditionary Forces.

STONE, DR. P. W., Medical Reserve Corps, Fort Ogelthorpe, Ga.

VAN CORTLAND, C. W., Quartermaster Corps, Camp Upton, L. I.

Army

ALLEN, EDGAR, Private, United States Army.

ALLEN, LESTER J., Private, Company A, 60th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces; wounded.

BAGGS, ROBERT N., Private, Machine Gun Company, 111th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

BAILEY, HAROLD F., Private, Headquarters Company, 168th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

BARDWELL, VERNON L., Private, Company B, 29th Engineers, American Expeditionary Forces.

BISHOP, HARRY E., Private, Headquarters Company, 328th Field Artillery, American Expeditionary Forces.

BISHOP, WILLIAM C., Corporal, Headquarters Company, 328th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

BLACKMER, RAYMOND, Private, Cavalry, Presidio, Texas.

BOTHWELL, JOSEPH C., Private, Company C, 301st Field Signal Battalion, American Expeditionary Forces.

BRACKETT, WILLIAM D., Private, United States Army.

BRISTOL, KENNETH F., Private, Aero Repair Squadron, American Expeditionary Forces.

COOK, LEWIS, Private, Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

COOK, LINCOLN A., Private, 39th Labor Company, Camp Johnston, Fla.

DE MOSS, STANLEY, Private, United States Army.

DODGE, RALPH A., Private, Soldiers' Home Hospital, Washington, D. C.

EARL, HAROLD D., Private, 125th Supply Company, Ordnance Detachment, American Expeditionary Forces.

EARL, JOSIAH J., Private, Company A, 301st Military Police, American Expeditionary Forces.

ENGEL, CHARLES, Private, 1st Company, Coast Artillery Corps, Fort Totten, N. Y.

GAY, STACY, Private, United States Army.

GLOVER, CHARLES, Private, Miscellaneous Detachment, Aviation Section, Camp Hill, Va.

GOULD, HARRY, Private, Troop D, 310th Cavalry.

GREENERY, ALFRED, Private, Company I, 104th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

HANNUM, GEORGE, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

HUSSEY, ALBERT, Private, Company F, 30th Engineers, American Expeditionary Forces.

JACKSON, JOHN W., JR., Private, Company H, 308th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

JENKS, GEORGE N., Private, United States Army, Camp Devens.

LEMON, REUBEN, Private, United States Army, Camp Devens.

LEWIS, ALVIN R., JR., Private, Headquarters Troop, 12th Division Military Police, Camp Devens.

MATTUSEWICZE, BRUNO, Private, 3rd Company, Coast Artillery Corps, Fort Amdor, Panama, Canal Zone.

O'CONNOR, T. V., Private, United States Army.

PARENT, EDWARD W., Private, Company D, 11th Railway Engineers, American Expeditionary Forces.

RANDALL, WARING, Private, Company K, 5th Engineer Train Regiment, Camp Humphrey, Va.

REARDON, CHARLES, Corporal, 479th Aero Squadron, American Expeditionary Forces.

RILEY, JOHN B., Sergeant, Company L, 104th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

RILEY, THOMAS, Private, United States Army.

RIPLEY, JOHN, Corporal, Headquarters Troop, 12th Division Military Police, Camp Devens.

RUELL, JEREMIAH, Wagoner, Company I, 5th Regiment Pioneer Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

SHUMWAY, CONRAD, Private, United States Army, Camp Upton, L. I.

SHUMWAY, ERIC, Private, United States Army.

SHUMWAY, LOWELL, Private, United States Army, Camp Upton, L. I.

STORY, HERBERT J., JR., Sergeant, U. S. Ambulance Company No. 25, 5th Division Sanitary Train, American Expeditionary Forces.

VANCE, PHINIAN, Private, 301st Field Battery, American Expeditionary Forces.

WALKER, F. DUDLEY, Private, 56th Pioneer Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

WHITE, CARLTON E., Sergeant, Remount Depot, Camp Devens.

WITT, E. CLIFTON, Private, 19th Company, 5th Battalion, Depot Brigade, Camp Devens.

WOOD, FRED, Private, Company D, 304th Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces.

WRIGHT, WARREN, Private, United States Army.

WYDEEN, ALBERT H., Private, United States Army.

Navy

ALLEN, HAROLD K., Mechanic, Naval Aviation, Charleston, S. C.

BARTON, CLIFTON, Seaman, United States Navy.

DAMON, IRA, Machinist Mate, Naval Reserves.

THAYER, LEWIS, Seaman, S. S. Yacht Exen.

Allied Service

BEECHER, ROBERT, Private, British Expeditionary Forces.

McDONOUGH, RICHARD, Sergeant, British Expeditionary Forces.

Belchertown Student Army Training Corps

BRIDGEMAN, WILLIAM E., Private, Massachusetts Agricultural College.

DAVIS, HAROLD, Private, Massachusetts Agricultural College.

DAVIS, ORRIN, Private, Massachusetts Agricultural College.

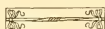
JACKSON, BELDON, Private, Massachusetts Agricultural College.

KIMBALL, WILLIAM, Private, Massachusetts Agricultural College.

SPELDMANN, CLARK P., Private, Camp Zachary Taylor, Ky.

War Work

THOMPSON, DOROTHY, Yeowoman, Navy, Boston.



Granby's War Record

Honor Roll

MORGAN, JAMES, Private, U. S. Marines, entered the service in May, 1917, in Boston. Died of wounds in June, 1918, in France.

Granby's Army Officers

CAPTAIN.

SMITH, ARTHUR P., Ordnance Department, Washington, D. C.

LIEUTENANTS.

CLARK, WALTER F., Infantry, Camp Devens, Camp Lee, Va.; Camp Perry, Ohio.

EASTON, DR. E. R., Medical Corps, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Army

- BEAUDIN, ARTHUR**, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Jackson.
- BLAKE, LEROY L.**, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Devens.
- BREEN, ARTHUR J.**, Private, Company D, 104th Infantry; with American Expeditionary Forces; wounded.
- DRESSELL, FREDERICK**, Private, Coast Artillery Corps.
- DULASKI, MICHAEL**, Sergeant, United States Army, stationed at Camp Devens.
- FITZ, GEORGE**, Private, Infantry, with American Expeditionary Forces; wounded.
- GRIFFIN, GEORGE**, Private, United States Army.
- GUEL, EUGENE V.**, Corporal, Battery F, 12th Field Artillery, with American Expeditionary Forces.
- HOOTIN, HERBERT**, Private, United States Army.
- ISABELLE, LEOPOLD**, Private, United States Army.
- LYMAN, GUY**, Private, United States Marines, stationed at Quantico, Va.
- McKAY, JOHN M.**, Corporal, Medical Corps, stationed at Camp Columbia, S. C.
- MIKOLACYJK, JOSEPH**, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Jackson.
- O'CONNOR, RAYMOND**, Private, Battery B, 44th Coast Artillery Corps; with American Expeditionary Forces.
- RACINE, ARCADE J.**, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Dix, N. J.
- ROBERTS, JOSEPH F.**, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Devens.
- SMITH, CLAYTON**, Private, United States Army, stationed at Camp Devens.
- SMITH, EASTMAN**, Private, Medical Corps; with American Expeditionary Forces.
- ST. JEAN, NORMAN**, Private, United States Army.

Navy

- DAMON, IRA**, Seaman, United States Navy.

Granby Student Army Training Corps

- BALL, CHARLES G.**, Private, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

War Work

- TAYLOR, MISS ELSIE**, War Department Clerk, Washington, D. C.
- BAGGS, J. RAYMOND**, War Department Clerk, Washington, D. C.
- COYLE, DAVID**, Red Triangle Secretary, France.
- CURTIS, REV. HAROLD**, Red Triangle Secretary, Fort Constitution.

"The Lost Battalion"

PRIVATE RAYMOND FLYNN, Co. E, 308th Infantry, who was with that famous "Lost Battalion" in the Argonne Forest, has written the history of that eventful period. He emphatically states that Major Whittlesey did not write a note or send word over under cover of a white flag, but told the wounded man who brought the surrender request, "You can tell him to go to hell." His story follows:

On the 26th of September, about 2 a. m., we were marching up toward the line on a dark, muddy road, and each were handed a couple hundred rounds of ammunition extra, and this fact alone was enough for us to know that there was going to be something doing. Just as we were taking over the trenches, relieving the French, our artillery opened up in back of us, and for miles the sky was red with gun flashes. It meant the opening barrage of the drive that is now history. It was some volley of shells that went over into the German line.

We advanced in the early hours of morning, under the most difficult conditions imaginable. "No Man's Land" was one mass of barbed wire entanglements, swamp and thick underbrush. To make things worse there was a heavy fog, although I suppose this had its advantages as well as disadvantages. The attack was such a surprise to the enemy, that he had to retire immediately to positions further back. We finally worked our way into the trenches that they abandoned, and spent the first night there, resting in mud up to our knees.

At daybreak we started out again and from the second day on we met heavy machine gun fire, and we knew that the sailing was not going to be as easy as on the first day. We advanced gradually through their communicating trenches and on the fourth day the battalion reformed in a deep valley, to advance over a steep hill. We were by this time in the heart of the Argonne Forest, and to get rations up to us was almost impossible and in the first four days we had only one meal brought up from the rear. This meal consisted of cold cabbage and roast beef with bread. We lost quite a few men in taking this first hill, but we had to go over at all costs and when we reached the top, we found the effects of our own fire. All this time, you must not forget, I was carrying and operating an automatic rifle that weighs, when loaded, about 23 pounds. To do this on a full stomach, requires some little effort, so you can imagine how I was puffing when we had hills almost as steep as the side of our block to climb. We dug in here and held the top of the hill over night. This gave us a chance for a little rest. Sleep was out of the question, but to sit down and "watch" all night was rest enough for us. That night the enemy retired from the valley below and went over into the next hollow. The valley from which he retired was strewn with dead Germans, the results of our artillery that had been banging away all night.

On the night of October 2, just before dark, we crossed the top of the second hill and as near as I can understand, the battalion on our right and left, did not keep up with our advance. We were going too fast, while at the same time we were trying to establish communication with both flanks. We had started out on the 26th of September with almost 200 men and the strength of E Co., in the

night of October 2, was exactly 52 men and 2 officers. The wounded, killed and missing had reduced our company to that number. It was on this night that we walked unknowingly, through the German line, down the side of the hill, and across the valley to take up position for over night on the further side of the valley, this hill affording us the best protection. While we rested that night, the enemy was busy coming in behind us through a trench that we supposed was abandoned. He also established lines on both flanks, and on the top of the hill, in front of us.

In the morning at daybreak, my company started out, along the bottom of the hill, toward the left flank. The different companies of the battalion were taking up their positions, preparatory to advancing. We walked about 200 yards along the bottom of the hill, and then started up the steep incline. When we got to within about 20 yards from the top, some one hollered down to us. (I am speaking of E Co. only, as we were separated from the battalion at this time), "Americans!" We all kept quiet for a minute or two, and the exclamation came again, "Americans down there?" One of our men answered "Yes." The voice came back, "What company?" We answered, "E Co." To our surprise it was a German talking English and when he discovered that we were Americans, he started to give orders to his men. What he was saying I do not know, but I did hear him say something about "hand grenade." They pronounce this word almost like we do in English.

The brush was so thick that we could not see more than a few feet in front of us, but we could hear, and knew there was going to be something doing. A shower of hand grenades greeted us, and they opened up with machine guns, that lined the top of the hill in back of us, across the valley, which was only about 50 yards wide, and the side of that hill was filled with Boches. While half of the company fired to the top of the hill in front of us, the other half opened up on the hill in back of us. We realized that we were surrounded and it took pretty quick thinking to keep ourselves from being annihilated. Naturally there was a little confusion among the men, and in the excitement the company split, 35 men going along toward the left working their way as best they could out of the predicament. Of these 35 men several lost their lives and many were taken prisoners. In the meantime 17 of us were doing all we could to hold them off from coming at us in the rear. I emptied several magazines of ammunition with the automatics and it was here that I claimed two to their credit. I saw them go down, and they never got up. Gradually our little body of 17 men, there being only 15 by this time, two had been killed, worked down the right side of the hill and across the valley. I'll never forget going across that open space below. A machine gun opened up on us, but we all managed to get back to the battalion without getting hit. If you remember I told you the rest of the battalion was only 200 yards away from us, on the side of the hill. Lieut. Leach who worked his way back with us immediately reported to Major Whittlesey what had happened. The battalion prepared for an attack, and it was only a question of a few minutes when machine guns opened up on us from all sides.

We were ordered to dig in, and dig like hell. As a rule, at least, two men always work together when "digging in," so myself and one of my close friends, a fellow named Chisewell from Union City, Conn., got our little shovels going and soon had a hole deep enough to keep our bodies below the level of the ground. Several of the men were killed while digging, but as we had stayed there the night before most of the men had already dug in. From the top of the hill in front of us, there came a steady shower of hand grenades, rifle grenades and they had a couple of trench mortars working. These, with machine guns working on our left, and in back of us, were putting out many of our men and in no time the hill was strewn with dead and wounded.

This was the principal cause of our staying on the side of this hill for six days and nights. We could not leave our wounded, to try and fight our way out. You can imagine the situation. It would take all of the men who were not wounded to carry the wounded back, and as we were surrounded it was impossible to do this. It would not be the American style to abandon the wounded and think only of ourselves. There was only the one thing to do, hold them off as best we could and wait for help. This help was a long time coming, and each day we were losing many more men. When the third or fourth day had gone by we were pretty well exhausted, being without food or rest, trying our best to keep them from us as I say, it was simply a case of protecting the wounded until help reached us. We could hear our troops fighting in back of us, and the sound of their guns was getting closer every hour.

The French were fighting hard on our right. By this time our troops in back of us knew we were lost, and had received orders from headquarters to continue the advance at all cost until they reached us. We withstood attack after attack, even though most of us who could handle a gun were so weak that it required great effort. To hear those wounded men crying with pain night after night was enough to take the heart out of any man, and I must confess that I had given up all hopes of ever seeing Holyoke again. Who wouldn't with dead and wounded lying all around you? Chances looked pretty slim. On the sixth day, when the 307th broke their way through, after losing many men, it was like a dream coming true. The Boche beat a hasty retreat, and less time than it takes to tell we had doctors and plenty of Red Cross ambulances to rush the wounded and exhausted men back to the field hospitals.

Our colonel and General Alexander were on the hill a short time after they reached us and they were more than pleased when they heard that we had refused an "invitation" to surrender by the commander of the German forces. We had been sending out patrols every day to try to work their way through the line in back of us to get word to headquarters of the exact spot that we were in. These patrols every day, generally two or three men, were either killed or captured, and on the fifth day one of our men who had attempted to get through with six others, came back wounded with a note from the German commander to Major Whittlesey telling him that "on the grounds of humanity he should surrender, as they could hear the cries of our wounded every night."

I have read several articles from different papers and it's amusing to read all the different versions of Major Whittlesey's answer to the note. One paper said he tied a piece of paper to a rock and threw it over into the German line with the answer, "Go to Hell." Another paper said it was a German who brought the note over with a white flag. Well, you know how many different ways the paper spoke of the answer to the note. The truth of it is that he simply remarked to the wounded man that brought the note back, "You can tell him to go to hell."

When I came out of there I had a two weeks' growth of beard on my face, and looked as though I was drawn through a knot hole. My clothes were torn to pieces and I looked like a wild man. I was in bed about three weeks, but soon after I had gotten my strength back and was able to join the company. While on my way back the armistice was signed. I can assure you this was the best bit of news I had ever heard in my young life. Several of our men who were taken prisoners have come back to the company and we spent many a happy hour around a candle in our billet telling our different experiences. The men who were prisoners have many interesting stories to tell.

Corporal MacMenigall's Story

CORP. ROY MacMENIGALL, Co. D, 104th Infantry, "Holyoke's Own," gave a vivid account of his capture by the Germans and of the fight preceding it, in which his company was engaged. Corp. MacMenigall's story follows: "After our company left the Toul sector to go to Chateau-Thierry the boys thought that they were going to Paris for a rest. They were put in box cars and started in that direction and got near enough to see the city when they were sent to one side and stopped outside at Noissy le Sec. Here another engine was put on and they were started away again, stopping at a large farm, where D Co. was billeted for about four days and enjoyed a good rest. Then came the order to move and the company was loaded on auto trucks about 5 a. m. on the morning of July 3 and rode all day and into the evening. As they proceeded the sound of the guns got louder and louder. The French lined the roads and wished us good luck, saying we were going into a bad sector. We got off the trucks at night and marched through the woods nearer to the gun fire. Shallow dugouts were in the woods where we were stationed all that day and the next day, and we were not far from the front lines. The next night we started for the front lines in the ravine, where we relieved the Marines who had stopped the German drive at the point of the Chateau Thierry salient.

"Our company took over the positions of a company of Marines in this ravine which resembled in some way the Elmwood dingle, only it was not so deep. At the bottom a brook flowed, something like the stream flowing through the dingle, only deeper. The ravine was not quite as deep, being about 30 feet in depth and rocky. On the sides next the brook dugouts were made, merely holes in the side of the bank, good to keep off shrapnel, but not strong enough to withstand a shell. On arrival work had to be started in burying the dead Germans and Marines laying in the ravine, although I was lucky in not having to act on the burying detail. The front line was advanced a number of yards from the edge of the ravine in a wheat field, the boys digging dugouts like graves, which they covered with wheat and in some cases small crosses were set up to give German aviators the notion that only graves were located in the wheat field. This seemed to work as the Germans thought the line was farther back and shelled the edge of the ravine and woods, letting the wheat field alone. A, B and C Cos. held the front line and D was in support a few hundred yards back.

"The company, besides furnishing burial details, had to bring up the rations at night. My duty as corporal of the runners was to stand at the major's dugout and when he called for a runner to go and get them for him, and I was four hours on duty and eight hours off. All this time the German shells were coming over and to protect myself I stood in the entrance to the major's dugout. The adjutant asked me what I was standing there for and to go outside. Later he came out and about that time two or three whizz-bangs came over in quick succession and he dove into the dugout with me on top of him. After that he did not criticize me for taking cover. My post before the dugout was on top of a mound under which a German was buried and the grave was shallow and at night

the odor was terrible. Another had been buried in the bank nearby with his head sticking out and another over across, so I had company.

"It seemed cruel to send the runners out into the shell fire where their chance for life was small, but it had to be done and these runners were among the bravest. We all seemed like children for we wanted to go together and not alone, and would join hands and run double on the errands. I saw Jack Lambert meet his death in this place, a bugler and five or six others. The shells would knock down the trees and the earth and dugouts seemed to go up and down with the explosions. After seven days, we were relieved and were again shelled going out, and it was then that Snider was killed.

"We were in reserve for a time and then went to the front again, D Co. being sent in with the second battalion, because K Co. was in quarantine. Through some mix-up in orders the company got into position late and were two kilometers behind at daylight, so that they got shelled and gassed. As we were running up in single file with bayonets fixed, another line passed us going to the rear and yelled to us, 'Go to it, D.' We faced about later and passed through the ravine and when coming out Corporal Ladouceur was wounded. Another man dropped in the brook and across the bridge two fellows were lying in the path and another was blown up into a tree by a high explosive shell and his legs and arms blown off. On the edge of the woods we took cover, the shells going over our heads and bursting behind us. The wounded came by us and we helped to give some first-aid. We were ordered to hold where we were. We were then ordered to take protection in the ravine and we went there and got into dugouts.

"In the dugout where I went there were two wounded D Co. boys, the Red Cross later taking them out. The Germans were retreating and we followed, and the night of the 21st got into contact with them again. We were ordered forward, but through mistake our barrage dropped behind us instead of over and we had to march to the right and back and the barrage was stopped. We then advanced again and got to where we could see the Germans at the machine guns and a lot of us got touched by gas.

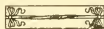
"Machine guns in front were firing directly at us and back of that position was a wooded hill and as we advanced the Germans made a run for the hill. Two started away from the guns, but others who had started away came back and we had to drop down to escape the bullets. A number of the boys were hit. I laid flat in the wheat field and Craven came up to where I was. Some one yelled, 'Every one for himself,' but we could not get up without getting mowed down by the guns. Craven had an automatic rifle but was out of ammunition and we could not find any, and a sniper began firing at me. A little ways away I could hear Mason singing 'Tipperary' and another fellow over further said to Mason, 'I'm shot now.' Some one else said, 'Shut up, if you don't want to be made into a sieve.'

"The last I remember the Germans were shelling the woods, the shells passing close overhead and when I recovered consciousness a German was pushing me with his foot and there were a number of others around so I knew that the game was up. He asked me if I was wounded and I told him 'No.' He handed me a cigarette and took my pistol and said, 'Come.' He asked me where was our line and I told him we didn't have any. 'What do you mean? Of course you have a line.' I said we were chasing them as they retreated and so didn't know anything about a line. He said later that he was an American but happened to be over in Germany when the war started and they pushed him in. There were no stretchers and Joe Greeley and I took part of a shelter tent and brought in the wounded boys. We could see our boys coming.

"That night we were sent to regimental headquarters and slept in a barn with 200 Germans. A shell hit the barn and killed 13 'Jerrys' and wounded as many more. The next day we started for the rear and in passing a battery one of the artillerymen jeered at us. About five minutes afterward the whole battery was wiped out by American shellfire. They caught another battery on the road and wiped that out.

"We got to divisional headquarters and a general there asked me, 'How do you like the war?' I thought of the D Co. joke and responded, 'That it was the only war we had on hand and we had to take care of it.' Another German asked how many Americans were across and I said two million. He said I lied and that there was only 9,000.

"On the way back to the rear the Allied planes came over, bombed the town and chased the artillery out of the woods and smashed them up. The food given was not sufficient until we reached Germany when the Red Cross rations arrived and after that there was no more trouble. The Y. M. C. A. sent the prisoners equipment for games, etc., and they remained in prison camp until the armistice was signed, when the Germans threw open the gates and told the prisoners to go home. We were ordered to stay for a short time, however, until arrangements could be made to ship them through Switzerland and finally they arrived in America a few weeks before D Co. came back."



Last Officer in A. E. F. Killed

REV. WILLIAM F. DAVITT of Holyoke and Willimansett, a chaplain in the army with the rank of first lieutenant, was killed by a shell explosion at 9.45 o'clock on the morning of the signing of the armistice and just one hour and 15 minutes before the time set for the stopping of hostilities. He was the last chaplain and the last officer of the American Expeditionary Forces to give up his life for democracy in the great war.

On the date of his death—November 11, 1918, he had returned to his old regiment, after being attached to the corps headquarters for a few weeks. He remarked that it was like a homecoming. He gave Colonel Eckert a flag which he had been carrying in his roll of bedding. He proposed that the flag was to be used in the flag-raising at the close of hostilities. A few minutes later, so the dispatch says, he started out across a clearing and a shell struck him. He was killed instantly.

Chaplain Davitt was worshipped by the entire division. A casket of oak was made for him and it was lined with an olive drab army blanket. Another blanket was folded and used as a pillow. The flag that he had given to the colonel was draped over the casket. He was buried the next day with one of the most impressive ceremonies accorded anyone.

The hearse was formed with two machine gun carts and an army mule, which had been one of the chaplain's pets, drew the casket. The horse of the chaplain was led to the burying ground by an orderly. The stirrups were reversed and the regimental band trailed playing the dead march.

The clergyman who officiated at the grave was Rev. George S. L. Connor of this city, senior chaplain with the 32nd Division. He was a classmate of Father Davitt's and a close personal friend. They had sought each other since the time they heard that the other was in France and held a reunion but a few weeks before Chaplain Davitt was killed.

Chaplain Davitt was cited for bravery on August 6, during the operations along the Vesle river. Learning that 40 wounded Americans were cut off in a ravine, he called for volunteers and led a rescuing party through a hail of machine gun bullets. The party rescued every one of the wounded men and not a member of the rescuing party had been hit.

The Distinguished Service Cross won for this brave and gallant action had been awarded to the local chaplain.

Father Davitt was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Davitt of 842 Chicopee street, Willimansett. He was born on Sargeant street, Holyoke, about 32 years ago and received his early education in this city, graduating from the Chicopee High School in the class of 1903. He attended Holy Cross College where he played for three years on the varsity football team, being a star tackle. His chum, Father Connor, was end on the same team. Father Davitt for one year was captain of the team.

Chaplain Davitt was an all-around athlete, having played basketball with the Holyoke Y. M. C. A. team in the old days and being an excellent wrestler. He was fond of sports. At the home of his parents in Willimansett there are several silver cups which he won in different events.

At Holy Cross College he made a host of friends readily with his genial and affable disposition, his high standing as a student and his ready participation in the college activities. He had a faculty of keeping these friendships in after years and there were none closer to him than his classmates, Father Connor in France, Rev. Charles H. Duffy of St. Michael's Cathedral in Springfield, Rev. Dr. P. F. Dowd, formerly of Holy Cross Church here and now in Pittsfield, and Rev. Charles L. Foley, a chaplain in the United States Army.

After completing his studies at Holy Cross College in 1907 he spent a year at Okron, Ohio, and then entered the Grand Seminary at Montreal, Canada, from which he was ordained to the priesthood in December, 1911, by Archbishop Bruchesi of Montreal.

His first appointment was to St. John's Church, Worcester, where he became a great influence in the charitable and philanthropic work of the city. He served four years as chaplain of the State Industrial School, the Lyman School for Boys in Westboro, and was very popular with and much admired by the youths with whom he came in contact. He was greatly instrumental in the organization of St. Agnes' Guild in Worcester, temporary charitable home for women, girls and children, and was active in juvenile court work.

Father Davitt went to Lenox in 1916 as assistant to Rev. William F. Grace of St. Ann's Church and it was there that he was located when he was called in September, 1917, to become a K. of C. chaplain. After several months spent at Camp McArthur, Waco, Tex., he was commissioned a first lieutenant and returned to Waco on November 6, 1917, and left for overseas February, 1918, with the 125th Infantry of the 32d Division, this regiment being composed of National Guard troops from Michigan and Wisconsin. He was detached for a time, during which he went over the top on several occasions with machine gun outfits of which he was temporary chaplain. He rejoined his old regiment on the day he was killed.

He was beloved by his men from the first, as was evidenced in letters received from them. He was with them always in the thick of the fight and was more to them than a friend and counselor.

His brother, Lieut. James Davitt of the Aviation Corps, was but five miles away from the place where his brother was killed.

Brig.-Gen. Cole Fully Vindicated

THE vindication of Brig.-Gen. Charles H. Cole of the 52d Brigade, 26th Division, was received with joy by the general's many friends in Holyoke. During the time that the troops were at Camp Bartlett, under the command of General Cole, he had time to renew old friendships and so well was he liked that he was tendered a banquet in the Hotel Nonotuck. General Cole was also the friend of every man at the concentration camp at Hampton Plains and while he was a stickler for discipline, he was always ready to help the men out. The Boston Globe gave the following story on January 4, 1919:

"The history of the fraternization episode in the 26th Division as stated by General Cole in replying to the charges follows:

"On October 20, the 52d Brigade heard that another unit of the division had been trying to effect a surrender by enemy troops and that no objection had been made to the plan. No orders had been issued against such fraternization, but General Cole at the time expressed his disapproval of the practice to his subordinates.

"The same day the enemy tried to fraternize with the 102d Infantry of his brigade and Colonel Cheatham promptly issued orders forbidding his men from communicating with the enemy in accordance with General Cole's expressed opinion.

"When the 103d Infantry also of the 52d brigade took over the front, October 25, General Cole ordered Colonel Hume, commanding the 103d, to see to it that no fraternization took place.

"Major General Edwards had relinquished command of the division to Brig.-Gen. Bamford, October 22.

"A message came from division headquarters to the 52d brigade, October 30, saying that fraternization was not to be permitted, this being the first word to come from above that the practice was disapproved. Brig.-Gen. Cole, however, had disapproved the practice 10 days before the message came from headquarters.

"When this message was received, General Cole directed that every officer of his brigade should be sent written orders confirming his previous verbal order and stating the order more forcefully than ever.

"To see that his orders were being carried out, General Cole talked with Colonel Hume and other officers and learned that instead of there being fraternization at the front there were casualties every day. Any infantryman who started strolling into No Man's Land met bullets instead of greetings.

"The German and Yankee lines were less than 75 yards apart and the situation remained tense during the first week of November, while the Americans were awaiting their chance to pursue the Germans.

"On November 6 six Germans entered the 52d Brigade lines and surrendered. When they were seen at headquarters by General Cole he was informed that there was evidence that some of his enlisted men had not obeyed the orders against fraternization but that the platoon commander had immediately stopped the practice.

"Thereupon General Cole ordered an immediate investigation of the reported fraternization and ordered that the results be reported to him.

"But the report never reached General Cole, because, November 8 he was removed and was not told the cause of his removal.

"Accordingly General Cole felt when told that he was charged with allowing his troops to fraternize and with not stopping the practice when ordered to, that the charge was untrue. He felt so because he had disapproved the practice 10 days before he was ordered to prevent it, even though it was allowed in another regiment; because when a message was received from headquarters he sent it out to all his officers as a general order and because from the first he had been more than ordinarily careful to prevent fraternization.

"The other charge, of not being aggressive in contact with the enemy seemed to General Cole even more unwarranted, as is shown by this presentation of the case:

"He had organized the brigade in August, 1917, and for 12 months had been in command in France, taking it into the front line in the Chemin-des-Dames during February and March, 1918; into the Apremont-Toul sector from April until June; in the Bois de la Brigade Marne sector from July 18 to 25; in the St. Mihiel drive, and finally in the Neptune sector north of Verdun from the middle of October until the day he was relieved.

"During all that service his brigade had come under the orders of no fewer than eight French or American division commanders, and from no one of them did General Cole hear any criticism indicating that he was not aggressive.

"Incidentally, Brig.-Gen. Cole served longer in the front line than any other brigadier in the American army. In the shakeup of the 26th Division officers, Sibley pointed out in a dispatch that General Cole, Colonel Bunnell of the Engineers and Colonel W. J. Keville of the Ammunition Train were the only commanding officers left on November 6 with the commands they had brought from America.

"From Brig.-Gen. Bamford, General Cole heard no criticism of his lack of aggressiveness until told of the charge after leaving his command. No specific instances were mentioned in the charges.

"General Cole had served under General Bamford only two weeks when he was removed, and in that time General Bamford had come in personal contact with General Cole only during one 10-minute interview, October 28.

"During those two weeks under General Bamford the 52d Brigade had incessantly harassed the enemy by day and night patrols. Two raids had been repelled, in which casualties were inflicted on the enemy and no prisoner was taken by the Germans.

"When both infantry brigades were ordered to raid the enemy trenches, the 52d succeeded in entering the enemy trenches, leaving four killed and seven wounded.

"While in the Toul sector the 52d Brigade and both its regiments were cited in orders by General Pasaga.

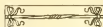
"As is well known, the colors of the 104th were decorated, the only regiment so honored, it is understood.

"The other regiment of his brigade, the 103d Infantry, was specially named and commended by the French general commanding the 8th French Army and by General Pershing.

"The brigade had made a record in defense and assault which left no place for a charge of lack of aggressiveness, never being behind units which held neighboring sectors on the front.

"At the moment General Cole was removed from his command the men of his brigade were leading the entire divisional front, and General Cole was nearer to the front than any other field officer of the division.

"Such, the Globe knows, is the record on which Brig.-Gen. Cole went before the board of superior officers, who decided that he should be restored to his command; and the well-known and well-liked Massachusetts soldier who jumped into the ranks as a private the spring of 1917, so that he wouldn't be left out of the war, today commands the 52d Infantry Brigade."



Ready For Service

Over 300 Holyoke men were ready to enter the United States service on November 12 and 13, but were held here by the signing of the armistice. They were called by the local draft boards as follows:

DIVISION ONE

For Camp Sevier, South Carolina

Alex A. Amirr, 284 Elm street.

George O. Antil, 2 Day avenue.

Victor Auger, 85 Bridge street.

Edward A. Benoit, 553 Summer street.

Eugene H. Boucher, 168 E. Dwight street.

Alphonse Brodeur, 264 Main street.

Aime Cadieux, 59 Bowers street.

William R. Canfield, 1 Park View Terrace.

William N. Carmel, 27 Temple street.

Howard A. Casey, 21 Bowers street.

James H. Cooper, 557 Bridge street.

Arthur A. Cotnoir, 30 Lyman street.

Hector Cotnoir, 59 Lyman street.

William H. Crevier, 3 Ely court.

George Daignault, 109 Main street.

George Daysle, 40 Main street, Northampton, Mass.

Gordon H. Deardon, 15 Lawler street.

Joseph W. A. Desrosiers, 100 Lyman street.

Frank X. Duprey, 11 Spring street.

Lionel Fontaine, 57 Bowers street.

Joseph Fourigny, 587 S. Bridge street.

Joseph Girard, 12 Sargeant street.

Max Goodstein, 179 Main street.

Israel Greenspan, 229 Chestnut street.

John H. Healey, 201 Park street.

Leldore Houle, 530 Summer street.

James E. Kane, 17 Mosher street.

Patrick J. Kane, 26 Gates street.

Edward Lamlein, 79 Hitchcock street.

Alfred J. Lebarre, 57 Bowers street.

Wilfred Legace, 159 Main street.

Temafer Manchuk, 315 Park street.

Walter P. Manning, 176 West street.

Euclide L. Marchand, 550 Summer street.

Karol Markelin, 613 S. Bridge street.

Arthur J. Martin, 97 N. East street.

Thomas J. Martin, 67 Mosher street.

Henry G. Marx, 58 Brown avenue.

Henry L. Mathey, 645 Summer street.

Vincent McAllister, 22 Gates street.

Valmore Mercier, 415 Elm street.

- Walter P. Mengal, 855 Main street.
 Oliver P. Morin, 588 Summer street.
 Patrick J. Murphy, 28 Lyman street.
 Carl A. Neisnir, 6 James street.
 William Neumann, 30 Vernon street.
 William A. Neumann, 7 Vernon street.
 Omer A. Normand, 85 Park street.
 William H. O'Connell, 480 Maple street.
 Michael J. O'Connor, 60 Bridge street.
 Armand L. Perron, 26 Mosher street.
 William J. Perron, 51 N. Summer street.
 Albert Peloquin, 289 Main street.
 Edward Pickerell, 379 Main street.
 James T. Riffenburg, 587 Bridge street.
 William A. Roy, 352 Main street.
 Alphonse Sarrazin, 275 Park street.
 William Seidel, 20 Vernon street.
 Patrick H. Shea, 151 E. Dwight street.
 Rosario Sicotte, 357 Main street.
 Edward Smart, 379 Main street.
 Homer St. George, 20 Cabot street.
 Frank H. Suher, 686 East street.
 George Surpernaut, Box 88, Lower Westfield road.
 William H. Unterdorfel, 15 Clark street.
 Charles E. Varley, 63 Franklin street.
 Edward B. Whalen, 647 S. Summer street.
 Joseph E. Yelle, 101 Lyman street.
 Abraham Zass, 173 Brown avenue.

For Camp Lee, Virginia

- Emile Archambault, 563 Canal street.
 Francis L. Ashe, 264 Sargeant street.
 Leonard L. Benoit, 292 Linden street.
 Fred Bernier, 379 Main street.
 Max F. Bialkoske, 582 Summer street.
 Hormisdas J. Blanchette, 51 Cabot street.
 Albert H. Bosbach, 146 Brown avenue.
 James E. Bronner, 68 Center street.
 William J. Brooksbank, R. F. D. No. 60.
 Armand P. Bucher, 550 Summer street.
 James F. Burke, 437 Main street.
 David T. Butler, 823 High street.
 Thomas B. Canfield, Park View terrace.
 Henry Casevant, 522 Summer street.
 Patrick J. Cassidy, 80 Mosher street.
 Emery W. Chagnon, 10 Bridge street.
 Napoleon Charbonneau, 190 E. Dwight street.
 Edward J. Clark, 190 E. Dwight street.
 William J. Collins, 80 Chapin avenue.
 Alfred J. Corbeil, 542 Bridge street.
 Henry J. Coyle, 60 Mosher street.
 Cornelius E. Crimmins, 105 Congress avenue.
 Stanley W. Croke, 222 E. Dwight street.
 Arthur P. Damour, 151 E. Dwight street.
 David E. Davies, 506 Maple street.
 James F. Desmond, 433 Elm street.
 William Desroches, 568 East street.
 Roger Donoghue, 605 Bridge street.
 Thomas W. Dowd, 121 Hillside avenue.
 Herman Dugroo, 12 Charles street.
 Arthur Dumais, 52 Sargeant street.
 Antonio Dupont, 186 West street.
 Herman Emard, 527 S. Summer street.
 Dollard Forget, 16 Cabot street.
 Ludwig Freitag, 460 Main street.
 Arthur Geissler, 34 Vernon street.
 Eugene Germain, 28 Lyman street.
 Elcidor A. Goyette, 523 Bridge street.
 Omer Guenette, 569 Canal street.
 John J. Hoar, 468 Maple street.
 Francis X. Isabelle, 90 Mosher street.
 John F. Joyce, 58 Franklin street.
 Abraham Kalicka, 37 Sargeant street.
 John Kane, 80 Mosher street.
 Frank Kapzunski, 580 Summer street.
 John F. Kelly, 116 Bridge street.
 Thomas Kennedy, 65 Congress avenue.
 Louis C. Koehler, 36 Carlton street.
 Hugo E. Krausse, 123 Westfield road.
 Joseph E. Labarre, 57 Bowers street.
 Adelbert A. Labarrem, 123 Park street.
 Theodore Lamphere, 11 Mosher street.
 Herve W. Lenay, 31 Temple street.

Alphonse U. Marion, 59 Mosher street.
 Claude Martel, 59 East street.
 Albert H. Marchand, 550 Summer street.
 George F. McCarthy, 28 Williams street.
 Elmer F. McCormick, 61 Gates street.
 Alexander P. McGuire, 52 Franklin street.
 Fernarde Menard, 12 Sargeant street.
 Albert W. Moreau, 2105 Northampton street.
 Arthur Morin, 35 Bowers street.
 Harold E. Moynihan, 149 Brown avenue.
 John F. Napey, 80 Hamilton street.
 Amil Nelson, 125 Main street.
 Ernest Normandeau, 200 E. Dwight street.
 Timothy F. O'Brien, 194 Sargeant street.
 Robert E. Olivier, 586 Summer street.
 Alexis G. Ouimet, 269 Main street.
 Michael J. Padden, 22 East street.
 Joseph E. Perrault, 92 Lyman street.
 Laurence E. Perrault, 10 Spring street.

Alfred D. Picard, 76 Chapin street.
 Louis F. Plante, 552 Summer street.
 Arthur E. Pronvost, 580 Summer street.
 Otto Rehm, 25 Temple street.
 Frederick Ritter, 534 East street.
 Joseph O. Rouleau, 14 Mosher street.
 Albert W. Schenker, 335 East 88th street, New York, care of Mrs. Sauer.
 Louis R. Segard, 12 Sargeant street.
 John A. Stansfield, 63 King street.
 Osias J. Theroux, 84 Park street.
 Claude W. R. Thompson, 42 Washington avenue.
 William L. Vandewall, 61 Bowers.
 Frank A. Vogt, 7 Columbus avenue.
 Stephen Watkin, 107 Ely street.
 Julius W. Weiland, 283 Main street.
 George E. Welch, 260 E. Dwight street.
 Thomas H. Westphal, 33 Norwood terrace.
 Stanley W. Worth, 12 Myrtle avenue.

DIVISION TWO

For Camp Sevier, South Carolina

Henry D. Allyn, 3 River terrace.
 Richard T. Ashe, 17 Elm street.
 Erickson Bailey, 1227 Northampton street.
 Ledor J. Bascom, 462 Maple street.
 Frank S. Bell, 113 Sargeant street.
 Frank L. Blair, 380 Appleton street.
 Philip C. Blanchard, 808 Dwight street.
 Joseph E. Blanchette, 13 Prospect street.
 Richard Bligh, 96 Beech street.
 Casper W. Blue, 67 Walnut street.
 Ernest Bourque, 169 High street.
 Michael Bowler, 395 Main street.
 Edward J. Brennan, 42 Taylor street.
 Benjamin Cantor, 764 Dwight street.
 George A. Cardin, 144 Cabot street.
 Martin F. Cauley, 39 High street.
 John F. Conway, 25 Commercial street.
 Wilfred Cote, 66 High street.

William Coupe, Jr., 75 Hampshire street.
 John S. Crowe, 270 Walnut street.
 Joseph T. Dolan, 1074 Dwight street.
 Owen S. Donnelly, 299 Appleton street.
 Cornelius J. Donoghue, 291 Chestnut street.
 Edward T. Dowd, 316 Maple street.
 Timothy C. Fahey, 31 Pearl street.
 Harrington B. Fay, 298 Elm street.
 James T. Fitzgerald, 319 Chestnut street.
 Robert J. Foley, 300 Chestnut street.
 Maurice M. Forhan, 132 Sargeant street.
 John J. Gaughan, 4 Sonoma place.
 Charles Hannifan, 112 Hampden street.
 Andrew F. Hurley, 36 Elm street.
 Thomas J. Kilker, 44 Chestnut street.
 Anatole R. Leclair, 289 Walnut street.

- Albert L. Lescault, 306 Chestnut street.
 George W. Lewis, 5 Worcester place.
 William F. Lovett, 284 Elm street.
 John A. McCarthy, 328 Maple street.
 Thomas J. McCarthy, 9 Chestnut street.
 Thomas F. Moriarty, 59 Pine street.
 James A. Morrison, 96 Beech street.
 Edward C. Murphy, 299 Appleton street.
 Edward A. Nardi, 4 River terrace.
 George J. Norman, 936 Dwight street.
 Michael I. Nutley, 453 Appleton street.
 Daniel J. O'Connell, 101 Beech street.
 Arthur P. O'Connor, 181 Walnut street.
 Hugh J. O'Connor, 232 Lyman street.
 William A. O'Neill, 1204 Hampden street.
 William J. O'Neill, 289 Locust street.
 Nelson E. Osterburg, 400 High street.
 James Partalides, 285 High street.
 John Parwlicki, 13 Union street.
 Frank A. Perron, 279 Elm street.
 Arthur Proushe, 255 Maple street.
 Daniel J. Regan, 167 Lyman street.
 Amedee Richard, 87 Front street.
 Michael Sears, 109 Sargeant street.
 Earl W. Shaw, 205 Walnut street.
 Harold J. Stewart, 104 Pleasant street.
 James Sweeney, 39 Elm street.
 John J. Swider, 214 Lyman street.
 Peter J. Trainor, 452 Maple street.
 Burnice G. Tyrell, 310 Maple street.
 William C. Van Tassell, 250 Maple street.
 Albert A. Washington, 782 Hampden street.
 Daniel F. Waters, 25 Linden street.

For Camp Lee, Virginia

- Frank N. Bligh, 96 Beech street.
 Patrick H. Brennan, 17 Linden street.
 Louis A. Brodeur, 402 Maple street.
 Frederick F. Brooks, 411 High street.
 Daniel T. Brown, 891 Hampshire street.
 Amos O. Bushey, Maplewood.
 Timothy J. Cadigan, 103 Sargeant street.
 John F. Cain, 56 Linden street.
 Daniel T. Casey, 78 Newton street.
 Charles C. Cassidy, 12 Newton street.
 William J. Cleary, 1049 Dwight street.
 Joseph H. Collinge, 94 Jackson street.
 Bernard J. Downey, 86 Maple street.
 Brandon Fitzgerald, 144 Sargeant street.
 Frederick B. Foley, 40 Chestnut street.
 John Gardiner, 1214 Hampden street.
 Howard Garland, 323 High street.
 Burt W. Gavin, 30 Beacon avenue.
 Arthur W. Giehler, 751 Hampden street.
 Patrick J. Gloster, 35 Elm street.
 Antonio Grabouski, 148 Essex street.
 John J. Griffin, 213 Lyman street.
 Frank Guisti, 86 Bond street.
 Edgar S. Habaca, 54 Hampden street.
 John J. Haley, 9 Easthampton road.
 John J. Hanifan, 842 Dwight street.
 Leonard R. Hanson, 123 Pine street.
 Joseph S. Harris, 59 Taylor street.
 Peter F. Harris, 59 Taylor street.
 Cornelius J. Healy, 229 Hampden street.
 Edward A. Heffern, 89 Beacon avenue.
 Patrick F. Hurley, 101 Walnut street.
 Patrick J. Jordan, 783 Dwight street.
 Elias Kalil, 314 Maple street.
 William C. Kaufman, 141 Sargeant street.
 Edward F. Kelliher, 823 Dwight street.
 George F. Kelliher, 923 Dwight street.
 Andrew Kovalsky, 71 Pine street.
 Frank J. Kwiatkowski, 148 Essex street.
 Wilfred J. LaBlanc, 125 Sargeant street.
 Edward Lamirande, 101 Hampden street.
 Joseph A. LaPointe, 4 Elm street.
 Lewis S. MacDonald, 5 Worcester place.
 Albaini N. Mailloux, 111 Newton street.
 James A. Malcolm, 288 Walnut street.
 Edwin J. Maloney, 125 Beech street.
 David Markowitz, 200 High street.
 Perle M. Marrs, 644 Dwight street.
 John A. Martin, 38 Chestnut street.
 Edgar L. Masse, 1537 Northampton street.

Arthur F. McCray, Springfield, Mass.
John McKillop, 185 Pleasant street.
Thomas J. McMahon, 10 Elm street.
John E. McNerney, 132 Pine street.
Armand N. Mercure, 133 Walnut street.
Edward J. Michel, 146 Sargeant street.
Oscar F. Minkley, 56 Taylor street.
Raymond E. Moody, 265 Suffolk street.
Adelard C. Moreau, 294 Chestnut street.
Thomas J. Moriarty, 448 Maple street.
Rodrigue V. Mounier, 68 High street.
George F. Murphy, 719 Dwight street.
John F. Murphy, Albany.

Patrick T. O'Connor, 19 Linden street.
Edward O'Donnell, 384 Appleton street.
Leroy Orcutt, 214 Walnut street.

Joseph P. Payant, 289 Main street.
Ernest A. Provost, 194 High street.

Henry H. Roeske, 8 Fairfield avenue.
Harold S. Roosevelt, 5 Fairfield avenue.

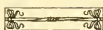
William R. Ross, 1105 Hampden street.
Lawrence C. Rowe, 69 Front street.
Walter Rusicki, 13 Union street.
Arthur Ryan, 1224 Hampden street.

John J. Sammons, 106 High street.
John W. Schmidt, 16 Hampshire street.
Louis A. Sefranka, 179 High street.
Thomas F. Sheehan, 7 Highland avenue.
William J. Sheehan, 167 Lyman street.
Wells A. Sholenberg, 598 Dwight street.
William P. Smalley, 733 High street.
Ralph W. Stedman, 307 Locust street.
John Stewart, 145 Cabot street.
William J. St. John, 22 Lyman street.

Timothy L. Thompson, 67 Pine street.
William J. Thompson, 100 Walnut street.
Louis E. Thibodeau, 182 Beech street.

Albert Ward, 126 Cabot street.

Clarence E. Young, 19 Beacon avenue.



FOR OFFICERS' TRAINING SCHOOL

Camp Freemont, California

The following had been recommended for the civilian officers' training school at Camp Freemont, Cal.:

Mario S. Boggio, 134 Beech street.
John L. Callahan, 90 Nonotuck street.
Willard A. Cutler, 675 High street.
Henry S. Delaney, 219 Chestnut street.
Timothy C. Fahey, 31 Pearl street.
John Gardiner, 1214 Hampden street.
John J. Gaughan, 4 Sonoma place.
W. A. Girard, 292 Pine street.
Henry H. Haines, 79 Hitchcock street.
Alfred O. Hebert, 294 Pine street.
A. L. Lescault, 306 Chestnut street.
Eugene A. Lynch, 233 Suffolk street.
Edward J. Lyons, 49 Linden street.

M. J. McDonald, 86 North Canal street.
Philip E. McTigue, 131 Pine street.
Achille Mescart, 36 Adams street.
G. F. Murphy, 719 Dwight street.
D. F. O'Connell, 903 Dwight street.
P. J. O'Connor, 19 Linden street.
A. O'Neill, 1204 Hampden street.
D. J. Regan, 297 Chestnut street.
Arthur Ryan, 1224 Hampden street.
Irving E. Teahan, 14 Lyman street.
P. R. Vincent, 337 Main street.
Daniel F. Waters, 5 Linden street.

"Hell Fighters" Bring Back Good Stories

They were known as the "Hell Fighters," those negro doughboys of the 369th (old 15th New York Infantry), whom Colonel William Hayward led in France. From all accounts they earned the title; and they brought back with them not only glory, but anecdotes filled with humor and the dialect of their race. Some of the stories they told on themselves, others were retailed by their officers.

"Would you like to be in the airplane service?" an officer asked one of the negroes while he was watching a French machine sailing overhead.

"No, suh, not fo' mine," was the rejoinder.

"Why?" the officer persisted.

"Well, you see, ef I was up in dat dah machine an' de officer got kilt I'd have to git out an' crank up de engine, wouldn't I? I wouldn't have nothin' to stan' on."

A story often told concerns a seasick negro whose bunkie urged him to go out on deck.

"Come awn," he begged. "Dey's a ship a-passin' right now."

"Go 'way," said he of the sickbed, "Doan you bothah me until we's passin' a tree."

In one of the first trenches were 5,000 negro troops, supported at some distance in the rear by a force of whites 10,000 strong. A newly arrived negro trooper, who was visibly nervous, was being "kidded" mercifully by his companions.

"Whut's you do, Hennerly," one of the tormentors asked, "ef ten billion o' dem bush Germans wuz to pop up ouden de groun' right 'bout as close to you as nineteen is to twenty?"

"I ain't a-tellin' whut I'd do," Henry answered, "but I know whut de res' o' you niggahs would do, an' I know whut de papers back home would be sayin' de nex' mawnin'. Dey'd have big headlines: 'Ten Thousand White Folks Trampled to Death.'"

One force of negroes was quartered next to a division of Moroccans, who had a perpetual fued with a regiment of Singalese nearby. The Moroccans are mulatto in color, while the Singalese are as black as most of the members of Colonel Hayward's old regiment. This fact was really at the bottom of the fued.

On one occasion Colonel Hayward wanted to send a messenger to the Moroccan commander and chose three of his own men to deliver it.

As the messengers approached the Moroccan camp the latter mistook them for the despised Singalese. They rushed from their dugouts brandishing guns, knives and pistols, and with wild shouts warned the strangers not to come nearer.

The New Yorkers beat a hasty retreat, and when Colonel Hayward demanded of one what the trouble was he replied:

"Colonel, you bettah sen' some o' dem light cullud Hahlem lounge lizahds fo' dis job. We's done!"

The Morocco Division occupied the same position for months, and during that time managed to collect a large number of German marks, each coin being worth about 16 cents. The New York troops spent their energies in collecting French francs. Whenever they were able to do so they exchanged their francs for the German coin. Colonel Hayward asked one of his men why he did this.

"Why, we's gwine to spen' it in Germany, of cose," the doughboy replied. "Ain't dat whah we's a-gwine?"

A group of colored Harlemites was standing in the mess line when several German planes suddenly appeared overhead. In half a minute the line had melted to one man, the top sergeant.

"Is you jes plum crazy or don't you know nothin'?" the sergeant remonstrated when the men returned.

"Well, boss," replied the courageous Sam, "heaven is a long ways from France an' I ain't no hand to go travelin' on a empty stummick."

A lieutenant inquired of a homesick youth why he was so anxious to get back home. "Aren't you being used all right? Did you ever see such pretty girls in your life?"

"T'se bein' used all right and de French ladies is sho easy to look at," was the reply; "but my heart's jes natchally yeahnin' fo' de little O. D. gal I lef' in Alabam'." (O. D. is army for olive drab.)

"What would you do if a pack of Germans suddenly came right down on top of us?" asked a sergeant.

"Dey ain't gwine to know whar I is," replied the private.

"How's that, Sam?"

"Well, you see, dey might know whar I wuz, but not whar I is."

On the night of armistice day a negro trooper met some hilarious Frenchmen. Next morning he was before his captain charged with intoxication.

"Young man," scowled the captain, "you've got a mighty good record and I'm sorry. Have you any excuse to offer for this outbreak?"

"I ain't got no 'xcuse, please Cap'n," said the culprit, "but I'se done got a good reason."

"A reason!" exclaimed the Captain. "What is it?"

"Well, Cap'n, I dunno de English fo' it, but de bunch I met las' night called it 'encore.'"

Fighting K. of C. Chaplain

Rev. John B. DeValles, K. of C. chaplain with the 104th Infantry, who was decorated when 116 members of the regiment received the Croix de Guerre in May, 1918, served as one of the chaplains of the regiment and was commissioned a first lieutenant. Dr. DeValles told of fighting in the St. Mihiel drive, as follows:

"The hardships and discomforts of the last drive were the strain that broke the camel's back for me. Following the retreating Boches, I wrenched my back in jumping a trench. I hobbled for hours in opposition to medico's advice, which I now regret having refused.

"I shall never forget that outpost as long as I live. We arrived there around midnight and relieved a whole company of Singalese in command of a French captain. I acted as interpreter for the young American lieutenant in charge. After placing our men the medico and I decided on a dugout for a first aid right in the village center evacuated by the Germans after holding it four years. The French captain before leaving us gave us the pleasant information that the enemy were only 8,000 yards away in the next hamlet. But they were nearer than that. Some of the enemy were spending the night hidden in the dugout near ours. We were in blissful ignorance of the fact and I gladly rolled up in blanket and sought sleep on the hard cement floor of a German pillbox. The medico and four litter bearers slept in the first aid station a few yards away.

"At 4.30 a. m. I awoke two of the litter bearers and ambulance men near me and told them I heard German machine guns shooting very close and that bullets were striking at the pillbox. We carefully struck a match, lit a bit of candle, hid it in a corner and cautiously opened the slits in the wall. The boys, at first doubtful, then believed I was right.

"I rushed to the first aid and found myself in a street battle before I realized it. I shouted at the doctor to come out and see the 'movies,' not realizing that the enemy was raiding us. The doctor, taking his time to get his boots, I glanced over my shoulder just in time to get the surprise of my life. A Boche lieutenant across the street was in the act of throwing a hand grenade at the doorway of the aid station in which I was standing.

"With his arm upraised he suddenly fell on the spot, shot through the heart by Lieut. Morris, who stood near me behind a tree, and was watching the performance. The scrap then became a free for all fight and of short duration. Our little band awoke from their early dawn slumbers, had taken several prisoners and killed about 20 right around yours truly and his first aid station.

"Two of our brave boys were killed and four slightly wounded.

"When I arrived with my little group at the village of W——, where the rest of the battalion was and the P. C., the colonel and major and men surrounded me to get full details of the men's good work and our narrow escape. I refused an ambulance ride and that night hiked again to another position with the troops.

"The strain finally told on me as I was finally evacuated to the hospital and had two Boche prisoners litter me into the hospital train."

Brief Summary of Holyoke in the Wars

PERHAPS any history of Holyoke in the great European war should contain a brief reference to the doings of Holyokers in previous struggles although, of course, there was no Holyoke before 1850, the present Holyoke territory then being included in West Springfield and Northampton; the greater part of the present Holyoke being the Third Parish of West Springfield, and the balance—the Smiths Ferry part—being under the jurisdiction of Northampton. For this reason the record of Holyoke's war-like citizens would have to be located in the town books of West Springfield and of the city up the river.

That Holyokers were fighters way back in the 1700's is assured from what has already been published from time to time. In Smiths Ferry we are told Benjamin Wright settled in 1704 and on the Easthampton road near Mt. Tom junction there were a half dozen families who worked with firearms always where they could get at them and "Forted" together nights for protection against the Indians. There seems no Holyoke records available of the list of men who took part in the early colonial wars. Lieut. Joseph Morgan is said to have been captured when Fort William Henry was taken by the French and Indians in 1757, but how he escaped that fearful massacre, there has been nothing handed down for the records.

There does not seem to have been compiled a list of men from Holyoke territory who took part in the Revolutionary war, or in the war of 1812, although there were ancestors of present Holyokers in both of these struggles. Neither does there seem to be a record of Holyokers who may have taken part in the Mexican war. Perhaps as the city was getting ready to be founded at that time the residents were too busy to chase Mexicans. It is sure that early in the century Holyoke had a martial spirit for Company D, "Holyoke's Own," was not the first militia company organized. The records show that when in 1829 a militia company was organized, Holyoke residents were on hand and helped to officer the company. This was a cavalry company of the First Brigade of the Fourth Division of the State Militia and the organization was effected April 20, 1829, and the muster rolls signed October 6 of the same year. Of course Holyoke was a part of West Springfield at that time but these names among the officers sound rather familiar: Moses Loomis, Edwin H. Ball, Charles R. Ball. Among other Holyokers were Eldbridge and Newbury Day. From that time until 1842, the residents of the "Third Parish" seemed to have taken part in no struggles and lived a peaceful life.

In 1842 Dorr's rebellion took at least one Holyoker into a fight and it is presumed that the Mexican war may have drawn a few.

The Civil war, of course, took a large number of Holyokers and it is known that at least one Holyoker was in the Seventh U. S. Cavalry, a part of which was wiped out in Custer's fight at the Little Big Horn.

The Spanish war was the next struggle that called any great number of Holyokers to the colors and Holyoke's part in this contest is given in Major W. J. Crosier's book, giving a history of Company D in the struggle. From this war until Company D was called to the Mexican border, any Holyoke war activity was confined to Holyokers serving in the regular army, although there were Holyokers

identified in the fighting in the Philippines. From the Mexican border Company D went into the great European war and were joined by hundreds of other Holyokers in the conflict.

Dorr's rebellion, in which one Holyoker took part, occurred in 1842, taking place in Rhode Island and Dr. Elijah Lyon participated. Dr. Lyon, who for many years resided on Pleasant street, was well known to many present-day Holyokers. At the time of this little muss he was about 19 years of age and when the supporters of Thomas Wilson Dorr's claim to the governorship of Rhode Island, started recruiting in this section for the army which was to place Dorr in the gubernatorial chair, Dr. Lyon was one of the recruits. Dr. Lyon used to recount his experiences and said that he was chased and shot at in three states after the retreat and certainly any record of Holyoke in the wars should include this.

To those who have never heard of Dorr's rebellion, a few words in explanation may not be amiss.

Thomas Wilson Dorr was a reformer and started out to do away with the unjust Rhode Island law which, at the time he ran for governor in 1842, only allowed those to vote who owned \$200 in real estate and even then the owner and his oldest son were the only two in the family privileged to cast a ballot. Dorr claimed that in the election of April 18, 1842, he was elected governor of the state and started to form his government on May 3 of that year. In the meantime a re-election of Governor King had taken place, and his government was also organized on that date. The suffragists, as Dorr's party was called, refused to acknowledge the election of Governor King and, with trouble imminent, martial law was declared. Dorr's party at once flew to arms and called for assistance from the neighboring states. An attempt to capture the arsenal at Providence was frustrated and later the forces of Dorr disintegrated and Dorr fled, to be captured later, and was sentenced to life imprisonment for treason, but was pardoned about 1851. It was when the call for help from Massachusetts came that Holyoke stepped into the war activities, for Dr. Lyon enlisted expecting to form one in a company of 50, but two enlistments were all that were gained and the two were sent to Providence, R. I., where they joined Dorr's forces which were much smaller than the Holyoke man had been led to believe.

With about 300 others he marched on the Providence arsenal and, while according to history there was no bloodshed, the doctor stated, when recalling the fight a few years ago, that after the summons had been made on the arsenal to surrender and the summons was refused, the forces were fired upon with cannon and two or three men were killed. When the rebels tried to fire their cannon at the fort they found that some traitors in the ranks had spiked the guns and, as it seemed useless to face the artillery with rifles, they dispersed. When shortly afterward the rebellion was broken for good the Holyoke part of the war started for home and took refuge at Pomfret, Conn. Later he was chased out and finally captured, but escaping from his captors made good his escape into Massachusetts. The doctor always maintained that Dorr's case was a just one and used to point out that as a result of the rebellion the laws which caused it were abated.

With no records of the Mexican war as far as Holyoke is concerned, the first great struggle in which Holyoke took part, and this time as the Town of Holyoke, was the Civil war. In this war Holyoke's record as a fighting community is one of which to be proud and Holyokers were in practically every branch of the service. Old residents of the city still recall the rallies held to promote enlistments and the record of soldiers who volunteered and entered the service shows that these rallies were not held in vain. The story of the Civil war has been often told and

it is not necessary to go further with it than to append the list of names of those who went from Holyoke. There are yet in the city men living whose names are on this list.

Holyoke in the Rebellion

- Albert F. Henry, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Chas. H. Knapp, 10th Regt., Co. I.
H. P. Smith, 10th Regt., Co. I.
H. A. Page, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*O. B. Paul, 10th Regt., Co. I.
John H. Kelley, 10th Regt., Co. I.
S. W. Reed, 10th Regt., Co. I.
D. B. Nye, 10th Regt., Co. I.
†A. D. Otis, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Chas. W. Cockrane, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Geo. Connor, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Augustus Seifert, 10th Regt., Co. I.
†Jas. W. Burt, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*Robt. J. Stewart, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Chas. F. Towner, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*Chas. E. Hovey, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*W. H. Estes, 10th Regt., Co. I.
John Sullivan, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Chas. H. Deoie, 10th Regt., Co. I.
W. F. Lamb, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Wm. H. Eaton, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*John Barry, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*Simeon P. Smith, 10th Regt., Co. I.
†John Falvey, 10th Regt., Co. I.
H. K. Bean, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Jas. N. Dailey, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Patrick Russell, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Henry M. Converse, 10th Regt., Co. I.
G. W. Peabody, 10th Regt., Co. I.
D. O. Judd, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*Josiah Gleason, 21st Regt.
†Jas. Baldwin, 10th Regt., Co. I.
John R. Walker, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Frederick Burnham, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Geo. Burnham, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Sylvanus H. Brady, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*H. J. Boyington, 10th Regt., Co. I.
A. F. Bradford, 10th Regt., Co. I.
†Anthony Cain, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*Daniel Cronan, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Peter Huot, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Jos. Kelley, 10th Regt., Co. I.
Jas. Kilroy, 10th Regt., Co. I.
*D. D. Shea, 10th Regt., Co. I.
†Jos. Maguire, 10th Regt., Co. I.
A. Robert, 2d Regt., Co. E.
John Alexander, 2d Regt., Co. B.
Jno. Allan, Jr., 2d Regt.
Jos. G. Albee, 34th Regt., Co. D.
John Avery, 34th Regt., Co. D.
H. D. Aldrich, 34th Regt., Co. D.
Chas. R. Avery, 36th Regt., Co. K.
J. Amsiz, 4th Cav., Co. C.
Jos. Ashley, 13th Art., Co. I.
John Ashley, 13th Art., Co. I.
Oliver Allen, 3d H. Art., Co. I.
A. L. Bundy, 21st Regt., Co. H.
Geo. H. Bean, 21st Regt., Co. H.
J. W. Bartlett, 24th Regt., Co. C.
J. H. Burnham, 24th Regt., Co. A.
John Burns, 2d Regt.
Albert Poshodt, 2d Regt., Co. A.
D. W. C. Browning, 2d Regt., Co. I.
Geo. Baldwin, 2d Regt.
Aaron Baldwin, 27th Regt., Co. G.
W. S. Buxton, 27th Regt., Co. K.
O. Burlingame, 27th Regt., Co. K.
A. M. Butler, 27th Regt., Co. K.
Avery Bryant, 27th Regt., Co. C.
J. H. Burlingame, 27th Regt., Co. K.
J. H. Burnham, 34th Regt., Co. E.
John B. Burgess, 27th Regt., Co. B.
J. H. Ball, 46th Regt.
Eli W. Bartlett, 46th Regt.
G. W. Berry, 46th Regt.
Jno. Bradley, 46th Regt.
Wm. Bradley, 46th Regt.
John C. Bryant, 46th Regt.
H. J. Butler, 46th Regt.
John Bare, 8th Regt.
E. M. Burgess, 1st Cav., Co. B.
Wm. Burnett, 4th Cav., Co. G.
Carl Brandt, 4th Regt., Co. E.
Jas. Bostwick, 3d H. Art., Co. C.
Wm. Barry, 3d Regt., Co. C.
Jas. Boady, 2d H. Art., Co. C.

*Killed. †Died.

- G. N. Bean, 3d Regt.
 John Carlin, 2d Regt.
 Chas. Clark, 2d Regt.
 Jas. Clark, 2d Regt.
 Richard Clark, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 *James Connors, 10th Regt., Co. H.
 H. D. Cochran, 20th Regt.
 M. Connors, 21st Regt., Co. B.
 *Pat. Cushing, 21st Regt., Co. B.
 Geo. Chalmers, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 Richard Curry, 27th Regt. Co. G.
 Stephen C. Clark, 32d Regt., Co. E.
 Neil Cullen, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 J. H. Copeland, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 †E. Clark, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 Jas. Connors, 34th Regt.
 H. D. Cochrane, 37th Regt., Co. A.
 E. P. Clark, 46th Regt.
 G. W. Chase, 46th Regt.
 L. A. Childs, 46th Regt.
 Robert Clapp, 46th Regt.
 J. A. Cleveland, 46th Regt.
 C. W. Cozin, 46th Regt.
 Mike Eystel, 46th Regt.
 E. M. Clapp, 52d Regt., Co. H.
 Chas. Connell, 59th Regt., Co. G.
 D. Charlewath, 59th Regt., Co. G.
 H. Connors, 59th Regt., Co. G.
 R. J. Cochrane, 1st Cav., Co. E.
 D. B. R. Couch, 1st Cav., Co. F.
 John Connor, 1st Cav., Co. G.
 J. J. Curran, 2d H. Art., Co. B.
 Jas. Connors, 3d H. Art., Co. C.
 J. Couchen, 13th H. Art., Co. I.
 Thos. Doyle, 2d Regt.
 †Pat. Devine, 31st Regt., Co. E.
 C. Donahue, 31st Regt., Co. G.
 *John Donahue (2d), 31st Regt., Co. G.
 T. B. Dooley, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 *Con. Donahue, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 C. L. Delmage, 34th Regt., Co. I.
 M. Donnelly, 34th Regt., Co. I.
 J. W. Davis, 46th Regt.
 H. P. Dickerman, 46th Regt.
 E. E. Davis, 46th Regt.
 E. P. Davis, 46th Regt.
 H. B. Dayton, 46th Regt.
 H. S. Dickerman, 46th Regt.
 P. F. Dover, 46th Regt.
 Jas. Doyle, 46th Regt.
 Robert Dillon, 46th Regt.
 B. F. Davenport, 1st Cav.
 John Donahue, 3d H. Art.
 Wm. Downs, 3d Cav.
 †H. A. Eaton, 2d Regt., Co. G.
 Oscar Ely, 46th Regt.
 Chas. Ely, 46th Regt.
 J. A. Ellsbree, 46th Regt.
 Wm. Fletcher, 2d Regt., Co. F.
 Lawrence Fay, 2d Regt.
 Chas. Francis, 2d Regt.
 †J. D. Frazer, 21st Regt., Co. H.
 F. S. Fairbank, 21st Regt., Co. H.
 Maurice Farrell, 21st Regt., Co. B.
 Chas. H. Foster, 31st Regt., Co. E.
 R. R. Fuller, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 L. E. Fisher, 34th Regt., Co. I.
 Chas. Fish, 46th Regt.
 John Flynn, 46th Regt.
 Chas. Freeland, 46th Regt.
 J. Fuller, 46th Regt., Co. A.
 James Fox, 1st Cav., Co. F.
 William Fitzgerald, 4th Regt., Co. H.
 Jas. Fryer, 2d H. Art., Co. E.
 Chas. H. Flanders, 3d H. Art., Co. C.
 S. Fonleroy, 5th Cav., Co. I.
 *M. Gorman, 10th Regt., Co. H.
 D. F. Griswold, 2d Regt., Co. B.
 I. W. Gibson, 21st Regt., Co. H.
 Thos. Goodress, 21st Regt., Co. H.
 Pat. Gartland, 31st Regt., Co. E.
 Fred. Goddard, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 E. F. Gill, 46th Regt.
 Napoleon Gill, 46th Regt.
 J. R. Gilmore, 46th Regt.
 G. W. Gorham, 41st Regt., Co. F.
 H. L. Gill, 57th Regt., Co. K.
 M. Gary, 13th H. Art., Co. I.
 J. D. Green, 13th H. Art., Co. I.
 Geo. H. Gunn.
 John Gorman, 173d N. Y. Regt.
 †T. S. Holman, 1st Regt.
 John Howe, 2d Regt.
 John Harper, 2d Regt.
 John Hinley, 2d Regt.
 F. Horning, 2d Regt.
 John Howard, 2d Regt.
 Jas. Hart, 15th Regt., Co. K.
 J. Hang, 15th Regt., Co. A.
 J. Hascor, 21st Regt.

*Killed. †Died.

A. E. Hummiston, 21st Regt., Co. H.
 Fred. Horning, 21st Regt.
 Wm. Hamepin, 27th Regt.
 C. H. Hopkin, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 H. C. Hallett, 34th Regt., Co. F.
 I. N. Hitchcock, 34th Regt., Co. F.
 Jerry Harrington, 35th Regt.
 Con. Healy, 46th Regt.
 S. A. Hall, 46th Regt.
 Daniel Harmon, 46th Regt.
 John Harrington, 46th Regt., Co. B.
 C. H. Hatfield, 46th Regt.
 J. B. Holland, 57th Regt., Co. C.
 J. J. Helmer, 57th Regt.
 Homer Hyde, 1st Cav.
 Philip Hyde, 1st Cav.
 P. Hines, 1st Cav., Co. E.
 Wm. Hall, 1st Cav., Co. D.
 †Morris Herman, 1st Cav., Co. I.
 J. H. Henley.
 H. B. Ingraham, 1st Cav., Co. F.
 F. M. James, 10th Regt., Co. C.
 Wm. Johnson, 2d Regt., Co. A.
 Jas. Johnson, 2d Regt.
 Joseph Johnson, 2d Regt.
 Ed. M. Gillson, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 Fred A. Judd, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 E. F. Jefts, 46th Regt.
 Albert Johnson, 1st Cav.
 Jos. Jiginer, 13th H. Art., Co. I.
 Chas. Kurz, 2d Regt.
 Wm. J. Knight, 15th Regt., Co. K.
 John Kelt, 21st Regt.
 James Kogler, 25th Regt., Co. G.
 Lester Kendell, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 D. E. Kingsbury, 46th Regt.
 A. O. Kenney, 46th Regt.
 Wm. D. Knight, 46th Regt.
 E. H. Kelly, 3d H. Art., Co. C.
 Geo. Leonard, 2d Regt., Co. E.
 James Lamb, 16th Regt., Co. G.
 A. Lecour.
 †Henry Lyman, 27th Regt., Co. A.
 John Landers, 27th Regt., Co. E.
 Daniel Lommey, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 Orrin Ladd, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 Joseph Laporte, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 *W. S. Loomis, 46th Regt., Co. B.
 James Limehan, 46th Regt.
 J. M. Locklin, 1st Cav., Co. E.

*Killed. †Died.

James Looney, 2d Regt.
 W. J. S. Linyo, 3d Cav.
 L. Mullo.
 D. McCrohin, 2d Regt., Co. G.
 Jerry Murphy, 2d Regt., Co. E.
 Pat. McCarty, 2d Regt.
 James McLoughlin, 2d Regt.
 John Mockay, 2d Regt.
 Thomas Montclair, 2d Regt.
 James Morgan, 2d Regt.
 John Mulligan, 2d Regt.
 Francis Mackin, 19th Regt., Co. G.
 Joseph Moran, 21st Regt., Co. H.
 James McDonald, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 †B. F. Makinster, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 Robert McDonald, 27th Regt., Co. K.
 H. H. Meacham, 32d Regt., Co. E.
 James McFarlain, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 John McMahan, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 James McSweeney, 46th Regt.
 Charles McFarlan, 46th Regt.
 Willington Munyan, 46th Regt.
 Edward Moren, 46th Regt.
 M. Manning, 46th Regt.
 John Maloney, 46th Regt.
 Pat. McGrath, 46th Regt.
 N. McCallister, 1st Cav., Co. E.
 Wm. Marsh, 1st Cav.
 †John Minehan, 1st Cav., Co. F.
 Charles McFarlan, 4th Cav.
 John Moohr, 4th Cav., Co. E.
 David Morris, 4th Cav., Co. F.
 Pat. Mahoney, 2d H. Art., Co. A.
 James Markey, 3d H. Art., Co. I.
 George Martin, 5th Cav., Co. I.
 Charles Marshall.
 E. Newton.
 C. Nolan, 15th Regt., Co. K.
 Arthur Neal, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 John Norris, 37th Regt., Co. I.
 C. H. Noyes, 46th Regt., Co. I.
 Samuel Niles, 4th Cav., Co. M.
 Joseph Noel, 13th H. Art., Co. I.
 John Norton.
 Jerry O'Connor, 31st Regt., Co. B.
 Geo. B. Oaks, 31st Regt., Co. E.
 T. O'Donnell.
 T. H. Orwell, 46th Regt.
 T. O'Connor, 1st Cav., Co. C.
 Daniel O'Keefe, 34th Regt., Co. D.

- M. Prescott, 2d Regt., Co. B.
 John Paxton, 28th Regt., Co. A.
 John E. Parker, 31st Regt., Co. E.
 James M. Perkins, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 Frank Parsons, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 Henry Parsons, 46th Regt.
 A. C. Pratt, 46th Regt.
 L. R. Peebles, 46th Regt., Co. I.
 G. B. Peirce, 46th Regt., Co. B.
 John H. Pike, 46th Regt., Co. I.
 *M. C. Pratt, 1st Cav., Co. E.
 F. B. Pierce, 13th H. Art.
 C. F. Quint, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 Wm. Ryan, 2d Regt., Co. I.
 Chas. H. Roby, 46th Regt.
 S. B. Rano, 46th Regt.
 J. H. Richmond, 46th Regt., Co. G.
 Pat. Ryan, 4th Cav.
 Wm. F. Rucker, 2d H. Art., Co. A.
 John Reeves, 2d H. Art.
 S. C. Robbins, 3d H. Art., Co. C.
 Henry Smith, 2d Regt., Co. A.
 Geo. Scott, 2d Regt.
 †S. Sill, 15th Regt., Co. E.
 James Sullivan, 21st Regt., Co. H.
 Jerry Sullivan, 21st Regt., Co. B.
 Thomas Shay, 21st Regt.
 *James Sullivan, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 Mathew Sullivan, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 †Thomas Sullivan, 27th Regt., Co. K.
 Chas. A. Spencer, 27th Regt., Co. A.
 F. D. Stearns, 31st Regt., Co. D.
 A. Sill, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 Abram Smith, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 John A. Savage, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 Chas. H. Sampson, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 *M. Smith, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 S. H. Stewart, 35th Regt., Co. B.
 G. D. Sampson, 36th Regt., Co. K.
 C. V. B. Smart, 46th Regt.
 F. B. Stillings, 46th Regt., Co. A.
 J. Sefton, Jr., 46th Regt.
 Chas. A. Sanborn, 46th Regt.
 J. Shahone, 46th Regt.
 J. A. Snell, 46th Regt.
 Asa M. Scarlet, 46th Regt.
 W. H. Smith, 1st Cav., Co. F.
 J. Lolan, 1st Cav.
 W. H. Sisson, 1st Cav., Co. G.
 John Shehan, 13th H. Art., Co. H.
- A. Salis, 2d Regt.
 Wm. Snyder.
 John Thompson, 2d Regt.
 James Tooney, 2d Regt.
 M. Toughy.
 M. Tranier, 35th Regt.
 John Tenhill, 37th Regt.
 John Terrill, 46th Regt., Co. B.
 James Trumbull, 3d H. Art., Co. I.
 John Underhill, 2d Regt., Co. I.
 C. D. Ufford, 10th Regt., Co. F.
 C. Van Arx, 2d Regt.
 M. C. Van Valkenburg, 31st Regt., Co. E.
 *R. Williston, 2d Regt., Co. G.
 M. Warren, 2d Regt., Co. A.
 B. Wheeler, 2d Regt.
 J. A. Wallace, 2d Regt., Co. E.
 H. A. Warner, 10th Regt., Co. C.
 John Warner, 10th Regt., Co. D.
 Thos. Wood, 15th Regt., Co. K.
 R. Welsh, 15th Regt., Co. K.
 Alvin White, 21st Regt., Co. H.
 H. A. Walters, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 H. S. Williams, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 A. Walter, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 John Ward, 27th Regt., Co. G.
 William Winters, 30th Regt.
 Frank Wispdane, 31st Regt., Co. G.
 Daniel Webster, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 J. A. Winn, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 O. Washburn, 36th Regt., Co. K.
 J. W. Wright, 36th Regt., Co. K.
 Henry Wheeler, 46th Regt.
 G. E. Whitaker, 46th Regt.
 E. Whitney, 46th Regt.
 L. White, 46th Regt., Co. M.
 E. W. Wellington, 46th Regt.
 R. Ware, 46th Regt.
 E. Ware, 46th Regt.
 A. C. Wheeler, 46th Regt.
 L. W. Williams, 1st Cav.
 J. H. Wild, 1st Cav., Co. D.
 N. Wilcomer.
 A. Le Grave, 57th Regt., Co. I.
 John Murphy, 2d Regt.
 M. Conner, 34th Regt., Co. D.
 C. W. Cochran, 37th Regt., Co. C.
 C. O. Carpenter.
 *William Prentiss, Jr., 57th Regt., Co. K.

*Killed. †Died.

*E. G. Pierce.

*F. S. Cook, 31st Regt.

J. G. Smith, 46th Regt.

J. R. Webster.

*G. M. Williston, 58th N. Y., Co. C.

*L. Brooke, 10th Regt., Co. B.

R. B. Palmer, 27th Regt., Co. A.

*Killed.

NAVAL SERVICE.

John Baker, B. McEnty, W. F. Morse,
J. F. Moore, J. H. Melighin, J.
Morbut, Wm. Nichols, Jas. O'Neil,
A. O'Neil, Jas. Outres, N. S.
Powers, D. Sheridan, and Henry
Thomas.

The War With Spain

From the Civil war Holyokers in any numbers turned no more to combat until the war against Spain for the liberation of Cuba when Company D represented the community, a city now, and went through the campaign.

According to the history of the company, written by Major W. J. Crosier, who was captain of Company D during this service, the company left its armory in the City Hall on May 3, 1898, for Framingham and they were mustered into the United States service at 6 o'clock on the morning of May 10th. They were ordered to strike camp on May 12th, to embark for the South, and at 9.15 that night went on board the Steamer "Plymouth," arriving in New York on the morning following, where they were transferred to the "Saratoga" and later to the "Vigilancia."

They remained at anchor in New York until the next day when rumors that the Spanish fleet was off the coast caused a change in the plans of the War Department and they were transferred to trains at Jersey City and sent south by rail. On May 16th they arrived at Lakeland, Fla., where they remained until the 30th and then were sent to Ybor City, Tampa, Fla. On June 9th orders came from Division Headquarters to strike camp, but the troops were not moved until the next afternoon and they arrived at Port Tampa at 8 in the evening, camping on the dock until morning, when the company was assigned to the "Orizabab" with the 22nd U. S. Infantry and two batteries of the 4th Heavy Artillery. The 13th of June the company was transferred to the "Knickerbocker" and it was not until June 20th that they came in sight of Cuban soil and drifted along the shore watching the transports and fleets. The shelling of the shore by the fleet was watched with much interest by the Holyoke boys, who expected every minute that orders would come to take boats for the shore. The next morning the orders to disembark came and the men landed at last upon the soil of Cuba.

The regiment started for Siboney, where it was halted for rations. It was at Siboney that the first firing was heard in the distance and seemed to be approaching and it was learned that the "Rough Riders" were in a scrimmage. Soon a horseman appeared crying out, "Second Massachusetts fall in. We are all cut to pieces!"

The regiment started up the side of the mountain, in single file, the night being pitch dark, and finally reached the battle ground of the "Rough Riders." Here blanket rolls were strewn about and the bodies of those killed in the fight were seen. Camp was made beside the "Rough Riders" and in the morning the regiment was again on the move. On the morning of June 27th Companies D and C were on outpost duty and when the regiment arrived at the assigned position,

they were in full view of the city of Santiago. They remained in this position until the evening of the 30th, when the march was again taken up and about 10 o'clock halted in full view of Santiago. They camped for the night and at 4 o'clock on the morning of July 1st were awakened and started again on the march. The cannon of Capron's battery began to be heard nearer and nearer. The trail was left and the soldiers took to the field and a piece of woods between the telephone line and the Santiago road and there formed their line. Company D was detailed to proceed up the road as an advanced guard, with instructions to proceed as far as possible without getting in direct range of Capron's guns. Emerging from the thickets they found themselves in the open space facing El Caney and directly in range with their entrenchments.

The enemy at once opened fire. The company continued up the road almost under the fire of their guns, halting under the road embankments and Companies L, E, M and G came up into position with them.

The wounded began to come down the road on the way to the hospital and at this time the first death of a Company D boy occurred. Because of the use of black powder, the smoke from which gave away the position of the company and drew the fire of the enemy, orders were received to stop firing. Late in the afternoon the fight at El Caney was over and details were sent out to care for the wounded and bury the dead.

About 6 o'clock the start for San Juan was made and halted in such a way as to place Company D on the old Spanish stone bridge, and the night was spent there with artillery, ammunition wagons, supplies and troops fording the stream, both above and below them. At daybreak, July 2d, the troops moved again and went up over the hills and into the San Juan valley. Sharpshooters were busy, and more Company D boys were hit. They went past the Sugar mill and forded the San Juan river, the men of D Company being almost exhausted as they had performed outpost duty for three days, after which followed the night march to El Caney, the all day fight and the night march again to San Juan with its day's work there. The morning of the 3d the men were awakened by heavy rifle fire, the enemy attacking for the purpose of driving the United States forces from the ground they had gained, but the attack was checked after about two hours firing.

The troops moved again and Company D found themselves on a hill overlooking the city. Trenches were dug, only to have orders come to move and the 71st New York regiment took possession of the position and Company D had to dig new trenches in another position. The company was ordered to do guard duty on the railroad under the hill from the trench line. Later it was moved to the right and was finally located on flat, swampy land facing Santiago and within sight of the bay. More trenches were dug and the company occupied this position until the time when the enemy surrendered. Tropical fever succeeded the dangers of war and finally the company was embarked and sailed for the United States, on their arrival going into a detention camp at Montauk Point. The suffering of the men from fever and the blunders of the government at that time are still remembered and it is useless to recount them. Eleven of the company gave their lives and four were wounded.

The roster of Company D in the Spanish war, the names of those giving their lives in the service and those wounded follow :

ROSTER OF COMPANY D,

2ND REGT. MASS. U. S. VOL. INFANTRY SERVING DURING THE WAR WITH SPAIN.
MUSTERED INTO U. S. SERVICE MAY 3, 1898, BY LIEUT. E. M. WEAVER, U. S. A.

CAMP DEWEY, SOUTH FRAMINGHAM.

Captain William J. Crosier.	Private John E. Goss.
1st Lieut. Robert W. Hunter.	Private Samuel P. Hazelwood.
2nd Lieut. Francis D. Phillips.	Private Jerry F. Healey.
1st Sergt. William L. Weymouth.	Private Arthur Julian.
Q. M. Sergt. Edgar R. Train.	Private Lester R. Jackson.
Sergeant George A. Collier.	Private George H. Keith.
Sergeant Alfred F. Foote.	Private Anthony F. Kean.
Sergeant Alfred F. Reed.	Private Patrick Kilkenny, Jr.
Sergeant Frank G. Mattice.	Private Henry Langelier.
Corporal Ruel H. Coit.	Private John C. Libeck.
Corporal Alexander Macdonald.	Private George J. Lapointe.
Corporal Edmund J. Slate.	Private David McBride.
Corporal Edward Wagner.	Private Richard Mackey.
Corporal Napoleon B. Emery.	Private Alexander McElwain.
Corporal Joseph W. Eaton.	Private Herman Markert.
Musician Henry Lempke.	Private Edward J. Morrison.
Musician Alfred Marion.	Private Emile Meunier.
Wagoner Samuel C. Bogart.	Private Andrew Muirhead.
Artificer Allen B. Chamberlain.	Private Frank A. Pierce.
Private George H. Brown.	Private Joseph D. Powers.
Private George Burckard.	Private Clarence E. Provost.
Private Emil Boutin.	Private Charles D. Read.
Private Charles E. Boudreau.	Private Nelson Reno.
Private William Basinet.	Private Harry E. Root.
Private William Blanchard.	Private Jerry Scannell.
Private Joseph Bonneville.	Private Thomas Sugrue.
Private Timothy J. Canavan.	Private Harry L. Turcott.
Private George D. Crosby.	Private Arthur H. Smith.
Private Earl J. Cain.	Private Dennis J. Sheehan.
Private William M. Cleveland.	Private Frederick W. Slate.
Private Louis Davis.	Private George S. Tinkham.
Private Edmond Damour.	Private Joseph A. Tinkham.
Private Anatole Dugas.	Private Willie H. Tatrow.
Private Richard F. Engelhardt.	Private Frank T. Turcott.
Private Otto Eger.	Private John E. Urmson.
Private Albert E. Fay.	Private Fred Vigneux.
Private George A. Fisher.	Private George Vogel.
Private Jerry Grady.	Private James E. Watson.
Private Warren A. Graves.	

DECEASED MEMBERS OF D COMPANY.

Sergt. Edgar R. Train.	Joseph Bonneville.
Sergt. George A. Collier.	Timothy J. Canavan.
Sergt. Frank G. Mattice.	Anatole Dugas.
Sergt. Samuel C. Bogart.	Samuel P. Hazelwood.
Corp. Ruel H. Coit.	Richard Mackey.
Allen B. Chamberlain.	

WOUNDED MEN OF D COMPANY.

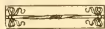
Corp. Ruel H. Coit, July 1, El Caney.
Edmund Damour, July 1, El Caney.
Frederick W. Slate, July 1, El Caney.

Corp. Joseph Eaton, July 2, near Sugar
Mill, San Juan.

The Mexican Border Trouble

Following the Spanish war no Holyoker was under fire until the Marines landed at Vera Cruz, Mexico, April 21, 1914, and in this squabble, Holyoke was represented. Lionel Spencer of 45 Nonotuck street was in the landing party and laid in front of the college buildings on the square in that city and heard the bullets whistle over his head. Had the vessels from the fleet waited a short time longer before throwing shells into the building where the Mexicans were entrenched, the landing party would have had a slight chance of getting away alive and one Holyoker would never have seen his home again. With the Marines Spencer took part in clearing the city from snipers and on his return to Holyoke later had many interesting stories to tell of his experiences.

This trouble having been settled Holyoke rested until June 19, 1916, when the militia call was sounded on the City Hall bell for the mobilization of the militia. There was a rush to enlist in Company D and, with ranks filled, the company took train from Framingham on June 21, 1916. They were at camp only a short time when they took troop trains for the Mexican border. It is noted that on July 11, the company broke up a dance hall riot in Columbus, Ga. The company did excellent service on the border, Lieut. Wallace Choquette of the company doing service with the General Pershing expedition into Mexican territory. Their service over, the company returned to Holyoke on October 15 and were given a rousing reception and welcome by the Holyoke residents. Holyoke had no further part in military doings of consequence until America entered into the great European war.



The Golden Roll---Holyoke High School

Tears has Holyoke High for her noble dead, pride in their glorious achievements and their immortal fame. Great is the glory of those who offer their lives that their land may enjoy freedom, greater for the honor of those who cross sea and land to offer their lives for the ransom of their fellow men. The first to give his life was the amiable and beloved Edward Welch, 1911, who succumbed to pneumonia in a Texas camp. The list slowly grew until the counter drive which stopped the German drive on Paris. In that period Kirkpatrick, Lambert, Thomson, Snyder, Mitchell and McCarthy, were killed in action. Influenza in the fall of 1918 took its percentage of High men including Stedman, Browne, Conway, Gaylord, Lyons, Small.

Following is the Golden Roll:

Matthew John McKillop, 1904.	Raymond Bunton Thomson, 1912.
Patrick J. Healy, 1906.	Francis Paul Browne, 1913.
George Gilbert Clark, 1906.	John Lambert, 1914.
2d Lieut. Edwin R. Kingsland, 1907.	William Leo Conway, 1915.
Edwin J. Mitchell, 1907.	Francis Moses Gaylord, 1915.
Corp. John F. McCarthy, 1907.	Charles James Lyons, 1915.
Corp. James J. Kirkpatrick, 1910.	Ernest A. Parent, 1916.
Lieut. Arthur J. Perreault, 1910.	Frank Ernest Snyder, 1916.
Edward Welch, 1911.	Kenneth Linwood Small, 1918.
Harold Bridgman Stedman, 1912.	

Of them, as of all who have fallen in defense of the world's liberties, it may fitly be said: "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends."

West Street Grammar School Roll of Honor

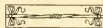
These young American sailors and soldiers were at one time pupils in this school. In their young manhood they responded to their Nation's call. They died in the service of their country. They made the supreme sacrifice for the honor of their country, for the ideals of humanity, for the principles of righteousness, for the sacred right of all peoples to determine their own form of government, and for the security of democratic institutions by peoples who have been so divinely blessed.

These heroes died for liberty, civilization, Christianity, and Democracy. May the supreme sacrifices of those noble young heroes and the great services of their millions of living companions, secure forever to the generations yet unborn the blessings of the ideals, the rights, the principles, and the institutions for which the Allied Nations fought.

May we always cherish their memories, and may our successors find this legacy, of preserving those heroes' memories, their noblest service.

May our Heavenly Father reward those young heroes for their noble sacrifice in the hour of their greatest hope and ambition—precious youth.

George G. Clark	Mathew J. McKillop	Louis P. Goodstein
Martin P. Kennedy	William J. McNally	George Tremblay
John J. Kelly	Jeremiah F. Sullivan	Ernest A. Parent
William H. McNally	Emile J. Henry	John Lambert
James J. Kirkpatrick	James Martin	



Gen. Pershing's Complete Story of Our Army in France

From the Organization of the Expeditionary Force Until the Capture of Sedan.
When "We Had Cut the Enemy's Main Line of Communications
and Nothing but Surrender or an Armistice Could
Save His Army from Complete Disaster"

November 20, 1918.

My Dear Mr. Secretary :

In response to your request, I have the honor to submit this brief summary of the organization and operation of the American Expeditionary Force from May 26, 1917, until the signing of the armistice November 11, 1918. Pursuant to your instructions, immediately upon receiving my orders I selected a small staff and proceeded to Europe in order to become familiar with conditions at the earliest possible moment.

The warmth of our reception in England and France was only equalled by the readiness of the Commanders in Chief of the veteran armies of the allies, and their staffs, to place their experience at our disposal. In consultation with them the most effective means of co-operation of effort was considered. With the French and British armies at their maximum strength and when all efforts to dispossess the enemy from his firmly intrenched positions in Belgium and France, had failed, it was necessary to plan for an American force adequate to turn the scale in favor of the allies. Taking account of the strength of the Central Powers at that time, the immensity of the problem which confronted us could hardly be over-estimated. The first requisite being an organization that could give intelligent direction to effort, the formation of a General Staff occupied my early attention.

GENERAL STAFF.

A well organized General Staff, through which the Commander exercises his functions, is essential to a successful modern army. However capable our division, our battalion, and our companies as such, success would be impossible without thoroughly co-ordinated endeavor. A General Staff broadly organized and trained for war had not hitherto existed in our army. Under the Commander in Chief, this staff must carry out the policy and direct the details of administration, supply, preparation, and operations of the army as a whole, with all special branches and bureaus subject to its control. As models to aid us we had the veteran French General Staff and the experience of the British, who had similarly formed an organization to meet the demands of a great army. By selecting from each the features best adapted to our basic organization, and fortified by our

own early experience in the war, the development of our great General Staff system was completed.

The General Staff is naturally divided into five groups, each with its chief, who is an assistant to the Chief of the General Staff. G. 1 is in charge of organization and equipment of troops, replacements, tonnage, priority of overseas shipment, the auxiliary welfare association, and cognate subjects; G. 2 has censorship, enemy intelligence, gathering and disseminating information, preparation of maps and all similar subjects; G. 3 is charged with all strategic studies and plans, movement of troops, and the supervision of combat operations; G. 4 co-ordinates important questions of supply, construction, transport arrangements for combat, and of the operations of the service of supply, and of hospitalization and the evacuation of the sick and wounded; G. 5 supervises the various schools and has general direction and co-ordination of education and training.

The first Chief of Staff was Colonel (now Major General) James G. Harbord, who was succeeded in March, 1918, by Major General James W. McAndrew. To these officers to the Deputy Chief of Staff, and to the Assistant Chiefs of Staff, who, as heads of sections, aided them, great credit is due for the results obtained, not only in perfecting the General Staff organization, but in applying correct principles to the multiplicity of problems that have arisen.

ORGANIZATION AND TRAINING.

After a thorough consideration of allied organizations it was decided that our combat division should consist of four regiments of infantry of 3,000 men, with three battalions to regiment and four companies of 250 men each to a battalion, and of an artillery brigade of three regiments, a machine gun battalion, an engineer regiment, a trench mortar battery, a signal battalion, wagon trains, and the headquarters staffs and military police. These, with medical and other units, made a total of over 28,000 men, or practically double the size of a French or German division. Each corps would normally consist of six divisions—four combat and one depot and one replacement division—and also two regiments of cavalry, and each army of from three to five corps. With four divisions fully trained, a corps could take over an American sector with two divisions in line and two in reserve, with the depot and replacement divisions prepared to fill the gaps in the ranks.

Our purpose was to prepare an integral American force which should be able to take the offensive in every respect. Accordingly, the development of a self-reliant infantry by thorough drill in the use of the rifle and in the tactics of open warfare was always uppermost. The plan of training after arrival in France allowed a division one month for acclimatization and instruction in small units from battalions down, a second month in quiet trench sectors by battalion, and third month after it came out of the trenches when it should be trained as a complete division in war of movement.

Very early a system of schools was outlined and started, which should have the advantage of instruction by officers direct from the front. At the great school center at Langres, one of the first to be organized, was the staff school, where the principles of general staff work as laid down in our own organization, were taught to carefully selected officers. Men in the ranks, who had shown qualities of leadership, were sent to the school of candidates for commissions. A school of the line taught younger officers the principles of leadership, tactics, and the use of the different weapons. In the artillery school, at Saumur, young officers were taught the fundamental principles of modern artillery; while at Issoudun an immense plant was built for training cadets in aviation. These and other schools,

with their well-considered curriculums for training in every branch of our organization, were co-ordinated in a manner best to develop an efficient army out of willing and industrious young men, many of whom had not before known even the rudiments of military technique. Both Marshal Haig and General Petain placed officers and men at our disposal for instructional purposes, and we are deeply indebted for the opportunities given to profit by their veteran experience.

AMERICAN ZONE.

The eventual place the American army should take on the western front was to a large extent influenced by the vital questions of communication and supply. The northern ports of France were crowded by the British armies' shipping and supplies, while the southern ports, though otherwise at our service, had not adequate port facilities for our purposes, and these we should have to build. The already overtaxed railway system behind the active front in Northern France would not be available for us as lines of supply, and those leading from the southern ports of Northeastern France would be unequal to our needs without much new construction. Practically all warehouses, supply depots and regulating station must be provided by fresh constructions. While France offered us such material as she had to spare after a drain of three years enormous quantities of material had to be brought across the Atlantic.

With such a problem any temporization or lack of definiteness in making plans might cause failure even with victory within our grasp. Moreover, broad plans commensurate with our national purpose and resources would bring conviction of our power to every soldier in the front line, to the nations associated with us in the war, and to the enemy. The tonnage for material for necessary construction for the supply of an army of three and perhaps four million men would require a mammoth program of shipbuilding at home, and miles of dock construction in France, with a corresponding large project for additional railways and for storage depots.

All these considerations led to the inevitable conclusion that if we were to handle and supply the great forces deemed essential to win the war we must utilize the southern ports of France—Bordeaux, La Pallice, St. Nazaire and Brest—and the comparatively unused railway systems leading therefrom to the northeast. Generally speaking, then, this would contemplate the use of our forces against the enemy somewhere in that direction, but the great depots of supply must be centrally located, preferably in the area included by Tours, Bourges and Chateauroux, so that our armies could be supplied with equal facility wherever they might be serving on the western front.

GROWTH OF THE SERVICE OF SUPPLY.

To build up such a system there were talented men in the regular army, but more experts were necessary than the army could furnish. Thanks to the patriotic spirit of our people at home there came from civil life men trained for every sort of work involved in building and managing the organization necessary to handle and transport such an army and keep it supplied. With such assistance the construction and general development of our plans have kept pace with the growth of the forces, and the service of supply is now able to discharge from ships and move 45,000 tons daily, besides transporting troops and material in the conduct of active operations.

As to organization, all the administrative and supply services, except the adjutant general's, inspector general's, and judge advocate general's depart-

ments which remain at general headquarters, have been transferred to the headquarters of the services of supplies at Tours under a commanding general responsible to the Commander-in-Chief for supply of the armies. The chief quartermaster, chief surgeon, chief signal officer, chief of ordnance, chief of air service, chief of chemical warfare, the general purchasing agent in all that pertains to questions of procurements and supply, the provost marshal general in the maintenance of order in general, the director general of transportation in all that affects such matters, and the chief engineer in all matters of administration and supply, are subordinate to the commanding general of the service of supply, who, assisted by a staff especially organized for the purpose, is charged with the administrative co-ordination of all these services.

The transportation department under the service of supply directs the operation, maintenance and construction of railways, the operation of terminals, the unloading of ships, and transportation of material to warehouses or to the front. Its functions make necessary the most intimate relationship between our organization and that of the French, with the practical result that our transportation department has been able to improve materially the operations of railways generally. Constantly laboring under a shortage of rolling stock, the transportation department has nevertheless been able by efficient management to meet every emergency.

The Engineer Corps is charged with all construction, including light railways and roads. It has planned and constructed the many projects required, the most important of which are the new wharves at Bordeaux and Nantes, and the immense storage depots at La Palice, Montoir and Gievres, besides innumerable hospitals and barracks in various ports of France. These projects have all been carried on by phases keeping pace with our needs. The Forestry Service, under the Engineer Corps, has cut the greater part of the timber and railway ties required.

To meet the shortage of supplies from America, due to lack of shipping, the representatives of the different supply departments were constantly in search of available material and supplies in Europe. In order to co-ordinate these purchases and to prevent competition between our departments a general purchasing agency was created early in our experience to co-ordinate our purchases and, if possible, induce our allies to apply the principle among the allied armies. While there was no authority for the general use of appropriations, this was met by grouping the purchasing representatives of the different departments under one control, charged with the duty of consolidating requisitions and purchases. Our efforts to extend the principle have been signally successful, and all purchases for the allied armies are now on an equitable and co-operative basis. Indeed, it may be said that the work of this bureau has been thoroughly efficient and businesslike.

ARTILLERY, AIRPLANES, AND TANKS.

Our entry into the war found us with few of the auxiliaries necessary for its conduct in the modern sense. Among our most important deficiencies in material were artillery, aviation and tanks. In order to meet our requirements as rapidly as possible, we accepted the offer of the French government to provide us with the necessary artillery equipment of seventy-fives, one fifty-five millimeter howitzers, and one fifty-five G. P. F. guns, from their own factories for 30 divisions. The wisdom of this course is fully demonstrated by the fact that although we soon began the manufacture of these classes of guns at home, there were no guns of the calibers mentioned manufactured in America on our front at the date the armistice was signed. The only guns of these types produced at home thus far received in France are 109 seventy-five millimeter guns.

In aviation we were in the same situation and here again the French government came to our aid until our own aviation program should be under way. We obtained from the French the necessary planes for training our personnel and they have provided us with a total of 2,676 pursuit, observation and bombing planes. The first airplanes received from home arrived in May, and altogether we have received 1,379. The first American squadron completely equipped by American production, including airplanes, crossed the German lines on August 7, 1918. As to tanks we were also compelled to rely upon the French. Here, however, we were less fortunate, for the reason that the French production could barely meet the requirements of their own armies.

It should be fully realized that the French government has always taken a most liberal attitude and has been most anxious to give us every possible assistance in meeting our deficiencies in these as well as in other respects. Our dependence upon France for artillery, aviation and tanks, was, of course, due to the fact that our industries had not been exclusively devoted to military production. All credit is due our own manufacturers for their efforts to meet our requirements as at the time the armistice was signed we were able to look forward to the early supply of practically all our necessities from our own factories.

The welfare of the troops touches my responsibility as commander in chief to the mothers and fathers and kindred of the men who came to France in the impressionable period of youth. They could not have the privilege accorded European soldiers during their periods of visiting their families and renewing their home ties. Fully realizing that the standard of conduct that should be established for them must have a permanent influence in their lives and on the character of their future citizenship, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., Knights of Columbus, the Salvation Army and the Jewish Welfare Board, as auxiliaries in this work, were encouraged in every possible way. The fact that our soldiers, in a land of different customs and language, have borne themselves in a manner in keeping with the cause for which they fought, is due not only to the efforts in their behalf, but more to other high ideals, their discipline and their innate sense of self-respect. It should be recorded, however, that the members of these welfare societies have been untiring in their desire to be of real service to our officers and men. The patriotic devotion of these representative men and women has given a new significance to the Golden Rule and we owe to them a debt of gratitude that can never be repaid.

COMBAT OPERATIONS,

During our period of training in the trenches some of our divisions had engaged the enemy in local combats, the most important of which was Seicheprey by the 26th on April 20, in the Toul sector, but none had participated in action as a unit. The 1st Division, which had passed through the preliminary stages of training, had gone to the trenches for its first period of instruction at the end of October, and by March 21, when the German offensive in Picardy began, we had four divisions with experience in the trenches, all of which were equal to any demands of battle action. The crisis which this offensive developed was such that our occupation of an American sector must be postponed.

On March 28, I placed at the disposal of Marshal Foch, who had been agreed upon as commander-in-chief of the allied armies, all of our forces to be used as he might decide. At his request the 1st Division was transferred from the Toul sector to a position in reserve at Chaumont en Vexin. As German superiority in numbers required prompt action, an agreement was reached at the

Abbeville conference of the allied premiers and commanders, and myself on May 2 by which British shipping was to transport ten American divisions to the British army area, where they were to be trained and equipped and additional British shipping was to be provided for as many divisions as possible for use elsewhere.

On April 26, the 1st Division had gone into the line in the Montdidier salient on the Picardy battlefield. Tactics had been suddenly revolutionized to those of open warfare and our men, confident of the results of their training, were eager for the test. On the morning of May 28 this division attacked the commanding German positions in its front, taking with splendid dash the town of Cantigny and all other objectives which were organized and held steadfastly against vicious counter attacks and galling artillery fire. Although local, this brilliant action had an electrical effect, as it demonstrated our fighting qualities under extreme battle conditions, and also that the enemy's troops were not altogether invincible.

The Germans' Aisne offensive, which began on May 27, had advanced rapidly toward the River Marne and Paris, and the allies faced a crisis equally as grave as that of the Picardy offensive in March. Again every available man was placed at Marshal Foch's disposal, and the 3d Division which had just come from its preliminary training in the trenches, was hurried to the Marne. Its motorized machine gun battalion preceded the other units and successfully held the bridge-head at the Marne, opposite Chateau-Thierry. The 2d Division in reserve near Montdidier, was sent by motor trucks and other available transport to check the progress of the enemy toward Paris. The division attacked and retook the town and railroad station at Bouresches and sturdily held its ground against the enemy's best guard divisions. In the battle of Belleau Wood, which followed our men proved their superiority and gained a strong tactical position, with far greater loss to the enemy than to ourselves. On July 1 before the 2d was relieved, it captured the village of Vaux with most splendid precision.

Meanwhile our 2d Corps, under Major General George W. Read, had been organized for the command of our divisions with the British, which were held back in training areas or assigned in second-line defenses. Five of the ten divisions were withdrawn from the British area in June, three to relieve divisions in Lorraine and in the Vosges and two to the Paris area to join the group of American divisions which stood between the city and any further advance of the enemy in that direction.

The great June-July troop movement from the States was well under way, and, although these troops were to be given some preliminary training before being put into action, their very presence warranted the use of all the older divisions in the confidence that we did not lack reserves. Elements of the 42d Division were in the line east of Rheims against the German offensive of July 15, and held their ground unflinchingly. On the right flank of this offensive four companies of the 28th Division were in position in face of the advancing waves of the German infantry. The 3d Division was holding the bank of the Marne from the bend east of the mouth of the Surmelin to the west of Mezy, opposite Chateau-Thierry, where a large force of German infantry sought to force a passage under support of powerful artillery concentrations and under cover of smoke screens. A single regiment of the 3d wrote one of the most brilliant pages in our military annals on this occasion. It prevented the crossing at certain points on its front while on either flank, the Germans, who had gained a footing, pressed forward. Our men, firing in three directions, met the German attacks with counter-attacks at critical points and succeeded in throwing two German divisions into complete confusion, capturing 600 prisoners.

The great force of the German Chateau-Thierry offensive established the deep Marne salient, but the enemy was taking chances, and the vulnerability of this pocket to attack might be turned to his disadvantage. Seizing this opportunity to support my conviction, every division with any sort of training was made available for use in a counter-offensive. The place of honor in the thrust toward Soissons on July 18 was given to our 1st and 2d Divisions in company with chosen French divisions. Without the usual brief warning of a preliminary bombardment, the massed French and American artillery, firing by the map, laid down its rolling barrage at dawn while the infantry began its charge. The tactical handling of our troops under these trying conditions was excellent throughout the action. The enemy brought up large numbers of reserves and made a stubborn defense, both with machine guns and artillery, but through five days' fighting the 1st Division continued to advance until it had gained the heights above Soissons and captured the village of Berzy-le-Sec. The 2d Division took Beau Repaire farm and Vierzy in a very rapid advance and reached a position in front of Tigny at the end of its second day. These two divisions captured 7,000 prisoners and over 100 pieces of artillery.

The 26th Division, which, with a French division, was under command of our 1st Corps, acted as a pivot of the movement toward Soissons. On the 18th it took the village of Torcy while the 3d Division was crossing the Marne in pursuit of the retiring enemy. The 26th attacked again on the 21st, and the enemy withdrew past the Chateau-Thierry-Soissons road. The 3d Division, continuing its progress, took the heights of Mont St. Pere and the villages of Charveves and Jaulgonne in the face of both machine gun and artillery fire.

On the 24th, after the Germans had fallen back from Trugny and Epieds, our 42d Division, which had been brought over from the Champagne, relieved the Twenty-sixth and, fighting its way through the Forêt de Fere, overwhelmed the nest of machine guns in its path. By the 27th it had reached the Ourcq, whence the 3d and 4th Divisions were already advancing, while the French divisions with which we were co-operating were moving forward at other points.

The 3d Division had made its advance into Roncheres wood on the 29th and was relieved for rest by a brigade of the Thirty-second. The Forty-second and Thirty-second undertook the task of conquering the heights beyond Clerges, the Forty-second capturing Sergy and the Thirty-second capturing Hill 230, both American divisions joining in the pursuit of the enemy to the Vesle, and thus the operation of reducing the salient was finished. Meanwhile the Forty-second was relieved by the Fourth at Chery-Chartreuve, and the Thirty-second by the Twenty-eighth, while the 77th Division took up a position on the Vesle. The operations of these divisions on the Vesle were under the 3d Corps, Major General Robert L. Bullard commanding.

BATTLE OF ST. MIHIEL.

With the reduction of the Marne salient, we could look forward to the concentration of our divisions in our own zone. In view of the forthcoming operation against the St. Mihiel salient, which had long been planned as our first offensive action on a large scale, the First Army was organized on August 10 under my personal command. While American units had held different divisional and corps sectors along the western front, there had not been up to this time, for obvious reasons, a distinct American sector; but, in view of the important parts the American forces were now to play, it was necessary to take over a permanent portion of the line. Accordingly, on August 30, the line beginning at Port sur

Seille, east of the Moselle and extending to the west through St. Mihiel, thence north to a point opposite Verdun, was placed under my command. The American sector was afterward extended across the Meuse to the western edge of the Argonne Forest, and included the 2d Colonial French, which held the point of the salient, and the 17th French Corps, which occupied the heights above Verdun.

The preparation for a complicated operation against the formidable defenses in front of us included the assembling of divisions and of corps and army artillery transport, aircraft, tanks, ambulances, the location of hospitals, and the molding together of all of the elements of a great modern army with its own railheads, supplied directly by our own Service of Supply. The concentration for this operation, which was to be a surprise, involved the movement, mostly at night, of approximately 600,000 troops, and required for its success the most careful attention to every detail.

The French were generous in giving us assistance in corps and army artillery, with its personnel, and we were confident from the start of our superiority over the enemy in guns of all calibres. Our heavy guns were able to reach Metz and to interfere seriously with German rail movements. The French Independent Air Force was placed under my command which, together with the British bombing squadrons and our air forces, gave us the largest assembly of aviation that had even been engaged in one operation on the western front.

From Les Eparges around the nose of the salient at St. Mihiel to the Moselle River the line was roughly forty miles long and situated on commanding ground greatly strengthened by artificial defenses. Our 1st Corps (82d, 90th, 5th, and 2d Divisions), under command of Major General Hunter Liggett, restrung its right on Port-a-Mousson, with its left joining our 3d Corps (the 89th, 42d, and 1st Divisions), under Major General Joseph T. Dickman, in line to Xivray, were to swing toward Vigneulles on the pivot of the Moselle River for the initial assault. From Xivray to Mouilly the 2d Colonial French Corps was in line in the center, and our 5th Corps, under command of Major General George H. Cameron, with our 26th Division and a French division at the western base of the salient, were to attack three difficult hills—Les Eparges, Combres, and Amaranthe. Our 1st Corps had in reserve the 78th Division, our 4th Corps the 3d Division, and our First Army the 35th and 91st Divisions, with the 80th and 33d available. It should be understood that our corps organizations are very elastic, and that we have at no time had permanent assignments of divisions to corps.

After four hours' artillery preparation, the seven American divisions in the front line advanced at 5 a. m. on September 12, assisted by a limited number of tanks manned partly by Americans and partly by French. These divisions, accompanied by groups of wire cutters and others armed with bangalore torpedoes, went through the successive bands of barbed wire that protected the enemy's front line and support trenches, in irresistible waves on schedule time, breaking down all defense of an enemy demoralized by the great volume of our artillery fire and our sudden approach out of the fog.

Our 1st Corps advanced to Thiaccourt, while our 4th Corps curved back to the southwest through Nonsard. The 2d Colonial French Corps made the slight advance required of it on very difficult ground, and the 5th Corps took its three ridges and repulsed a counterattack. A rapid march brought reserve regiments of a division of the 5th Corps into Vigneulles in the early morning, where it linked up with patrols of our 4th Corps, closing the salient and forming a new line west of Thiaccourt to Vigneulles and beyond Fresnes-en-Woevre. At the cost of only 7,000 casualties, mostly light, we had taken 16,000 prisoners and 443 guns, a great

quantity of material, released the inhabitants of many villages from enemy domination, and established our lines in a position to threaten Metz. This signal success of the American First Army in its first offensive was of prime importance. The allies found they had a formidable army to aid them, and the enemy learned finally that he had one to reckon with.

MEUSE-ARGONNE OFFENSIVE, FIRST PHASE.

On the day after we had taken the St. Mihiel salient, much of our corps and army artillery which had operated at St. Mihiel, and our divisions in reserve at other points, were already on the move toward the area back of the line between the Meuse River and the western edge of the forest of Argonne. With the exception of St. Mihiel, the old German front line from Switzerland to the east of Rheims was still intact. In the general attack all along the line the operation assigned the American army as the hinge of this allied offensive was directed toward the important railroad communications of the German armies through Mezieres and Sedan. The enemy must hold fast to this part of his lines or the withdrawal of his forces with four years' accumulation of plants and material would be dangerously imperiled.

The German army had as yet shown no demoralization, and, while the mass of its troops had suffered in morale, its first-class divisions, and notably its machine-gun defense, were exhibiting remarkable tactical efficiency as well as courage. The German General Staff was fully aware of the consequences of a success on the Meuse-Argonne line. Certain that he would do everything in his power to oppose us, the action was planned with as much secrecy as possible and was undertaken with the determination to use all our divisions in forcing decision. We expected to draw the best German divisions to our front and to consume them while the enemy was held under grave apprehension lest our attack should break his line, which it was our firm purpose to do.

Our right flank was protected by the Meuse, while our left embraced the Argonne Forest, whose ravines, hills, and elaborate defense, screened by dense thickets, had been generally considered impregnable. Our order of battle from right to left was the 3d Corps from the Meuse to Melancourt, with the 33d, 80th and 4th Divisions in line and the 3d Division as corps reserve; the 5th Corps from Melancourt to Vausnois, with 79th, 87th and 91st Divisions in line, and the 32d in corps reserve, and the 1st Corps, from Vauquois to Vienne le Chateau, with 35th, 28th and 77th Divisions in line, and the 92d in corps reserve. The army reserve consisted of the 1st, 29th and 82d Divisions.

On the night of September 25 our troops quietly took the place of the French who thinly held the line in this sector which had long been inactive. In the attack which began on the 26th we drove through the barbed wire entanglements and the sea of shell craters across No Man's Land, mastering all the first-line defenses. Continuing on the 27th and 28th against machine guns and artillery of an increasing number of enemy reserve divisions, we penetrated to a depth of from three to seven miles and took the village of Montfaucon and its commanding hill and Exermont, Gercourt, Cuisy, Septsarges, Melancourt, Ivoir, Epinonville, Charpentry, Very, and other villages. East of the Meuse one of our divisions, which was with the 2d Colonial French Corps, captured Marcheville and Rieville, giving further protection to the flank of our main body. We had taken 10,000 prisoners, we had gained our point of forcing the battle into the open, and were prepared for the enemy's reaction, which was bound to come, as he had good roads and ample railroad facilities for bringing up his artillery and reserves.

In the chill rain of dark nights our engineers had to build new roads across spongy, shell-torn areas, repair broken roads beyond No Man's Land, and build bridges. Our gunners, with no thought of sleep, put their shoulders to wheels and drag-ropes to bring their guns through the mire in support of the infantry now under the increasing fire of the enemy's artillery. Our attack had taken the enemy by surprise, but, quickly recovering himself, he began to fire counter-attacks in strong force, supported by heavy bombardments, with large quantities of gas. From September 28 until October 4 we maintained the offensive against patches of woods defended by snipers and continuous lines of machine guns, and pushed forward our guns and transport, seizing strategical points in preparation for further attacks.

OTHER UNITS WITH ALLIES.

Other divisions attached to the allied armies were doing their part. It was the fortune of our 2d Corps, composed of the 27th and 30th Divisions which had remained with the British, to have a place of honor in co-operation with the Australian Corps on September 29 and October 1 in the assault on the Hindenburg line, where the St. Quentin canal passes through a tunnel under a ridge. The 30th Division speedily broke through the main line of defense for all its objectives, while the 27th pushed on impetuously through the main line until some of the elements reached Guoy. In the midst of the maze of trenches and shell craters and under crossfire from machine guns the other elements fought desperately against odds. In this and in later actions, from October 6 to October 19, our 2d Corps captured over 6,000 prisoners and advanced over 13 miles. The spirit and aggressiveness of these divisions have been highly praised by the British army commander under whom they served.

On October 2-9 our 2d and 36th Divisions were sent to assist the French in an important attack against the old German positions before Rheims. The 2d conquered the complicated defense works on their front against a persistent defense worthy of the grimmest period of trench warfare and attacked the strongly held wooded hill of Blanc Mont, which they captured in a second assault, sweeping over it with consummate dash and skill. This division then repulsed strong counter-attacks before the village and cemetery of Ste. Etienne and took the town, forcing the Germans to fall back from before Rheims and yield positions they had held since September, 1914. On October 9 the 36th Division relieved the 2d and in its first experience under fire withstood very severe artillery bombardment and rapidly took up the pursuit of the enemy, now retiring behind the Aisne.

MEUSE-ARGONNE OFFENSIVE, SECOND PHASE.

The allied progress elsewhere cheered the efforts of our men in this crucial contest, as the German command threw in more and more first-class troops to stop our advance. We made steady headway in the almost impenetrable and strongly held Argonne Forest, for, despite this reinforcement, it was our army that was doing the driving. Our aircraft was increasing in skill and numbers and forcing the issue, and our infantry and artillery were improving rapidly with each new experience. The replacements fresh from home were put into exhausted divisions with little time for training, but they had the advantage of serving beside men who knew their business and who had almost become veterans over night. The enemy had taken every advantage of the terrain, which especially

avored the defense, by a prodigal use of machine guns manned by highly trained veterans and by using his artillery at short ranges. In the face of such strong frontal positions we should have been unable to accomplish any progress according to previously accepted standards, but I had every confidence in our aggressive tactics and the courage of our troops.

On October 4 the attack was renewed all along our front. The 3d Corps, tilting to the left, followed the Briuelles Canal road; our 5th Corps took Gesne, while the 1st Corps advanced for over two miles along the irregular valley of the Aire River and in the wooded hills of the Argonne that bordered the river, used by the enemy with all his art and weapons of defense. This sort of fighting continued against an enemy striving to hold every foot of ground and whose very strong counter-attacks challenged us at every point. On the 7th the 1st Corps captured Chatel-Chenery and continued along the river to Cornay. On the east of Meuse sector one of the two divisions, co-operating with the French, captured Consenvoye and the Haumont Woods. On the 9th the 5th Corps, in its progress up the Aire, took Fleville, and the 3d Corps, which had continuous fighting against odds, was working its way through Briuelles and Cunel. On the 10th we had cleared the Argonne Forest of the enemy.

It was now necessary to constitute a second army, and on October 9 the immediate command of the First Army was turned over to Lieut.-Gen. Hunter Liggett. The command of the Second Army, whose divisions occupied a sector in the Woivre, was given to Lieut.-Gen. Robert L. Bullard, who had been commander of the 1st Division and then of the 3d Corps. Major-General Dickman was transferred to the command of the 1st Corps, while the 5th Corps was placed under Major-General Charles P. Summerall, who had recently commanded the 1st Division. Major-General John L. Hines, who had gone rapidly up from regimental to division commander, was assigned to the 3d Corps. These four officers had been in France from the early days of the expedition and had learned their lessons in the school of practical warfare.

Our constant pressure against the enemy brought day by day more prisoners, mostly survivors from machine gun nests captured in fighting at close quarters. On October 18 there was very fierce fighting in the Caures Woods east of the Meuse and in the Ormont Woods. On the 14th the 1st Corps took St. Juvin and the 5th Corps, in hand-to-hand encounters, entered the formidable Kriemhilde line, where the enemy had hoped to check us indefinitely. Later the 5th Corps penetrated further the Kriemhilde line, and the 1st Corps took Champiganeulles and the important town of Grandpre. Our dogged offensive was wearing down the enemy, who continued desperately to throw his best troops against us, thus weakening his line in front of our allies and making their advance less difficult.

DIVISIONS IN BELGIUM.

Meantime we were not only able to continue the battle, but our 37th and 91st Divisions were hastily withdrawn from our front and dispatched to help the French army in Belgium. Detraining in the neighborhood of Ypres, these divisions advanced by rapid stages to the fighting line and were assigned to adjacent French corps. On October 31, in continuation of the Flanders offensive, they attacked and methodically broke down all enemy resistance. On November 3, the 37th had completed its mission in dividing the enemy across the Escaut River and firmly established itself along the east bank included in the division zone of action. By a clever flanking movement, troops of the 91st Division captured Spitaals Bosschen, a difficult wood extending across the central part of the division

sector, reached the Escaut and penetrated into the town of Audenarde. These divisions received high commendation from their corps commanders for their dash and energy.

MEUSE-ARGONNE, LAST PHASE.

On the 23d the 3d and 5th Corps pushed northward to the level of Bantheville. While we continued to press forward and throw back the enemy's violent counter-attacks with great loss to him, a regrouping of our forces was under way for the final assault. Evidences of loss of morale by the enemy gave our men more confidence in attack and more fortitude in enduring the fatigue of incessant effort and the hardships of very inclement weather.

With comparatively well-rested divisions, the final advance in the Meuse-Argonne front was begun on November 1. Our increased artillery force acquitted itself magnificently in support of the advance and the enemy broke before the determined infantry, which by its persistent fighting of the past weeks and the dash of this attack, had overcome his will to resist. The 3d Corps took Ancreville, Douillon and Andevanne and the 5th Corps took Landres et St. Georges and pressed through successive lines of resistance to Bayonville and Chennery. On the 2d, the 1st Corps joined in the movement, which now became an impetuous onslaught that could not be stayed.

On the 3d advance troops surged forward in pursuit, some by motor trucks while the artillery pressed along the country roads close behind. The 1st Corps reached Authe and Chatillon-Sur-Bar, the 5th Corps, Fosse and Nouart, and the 3d Corps, Halles, penetrating the enemy's line to a depth of 12 miles. Our large caliber guns had advanced and were skilfully brought into position to fire upon the important line at Montmedy, Longuyon and Conflans. Our 3d Corps crossed the Meuse on the 5th and the other corps, in the full confidence that the day was theirs, eagerly cleared the way of machine guns as they swept northward, maintaining complete co-ordination throughout. On the 6th, a division of the 1st Corps reached a point on the Meuse opposite Sedan, 25 miles from the line of departure. The strategical goal which was our highest hope was gained. We had cut the enemy's main line of communications and nothing but surrender or an armistice could save his army from complete disaster.

In all forty enemy divisions had been used against us in the Meuse-Argonne battle. Between September 26 and November 6, we took 26,039 prisoners and 468 guns on this front. Our divisions engaged were the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 26th, 28th, 29th, 33d, 35th, 42d, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 82d, 89th, 90th and 91st. Many of our divisions remained in line for a length of time that required nerves of steel while others were sent in again after only a few days' rest. The 1st, 5th, 26th, 42d, 77th, 80th, 89th and 90th were in the line twice. Although some of the divisions were fighting their first battle they soon became equal to the best.

OPERATIONS EAST OF THE MEUSE.

On the three days preceding, November 10, the 3d, the 2d Colonials and the 17th French Corps fought a difficult struggle through the Meuse hills south of Stenay and forced the enemy into the plain. Meanwhile my plans for further use of the American forces contemplated an advance between the Meuse and the Moselle in the direction of Longwy by the First Army, while at the same time the Second Army should assume the offensive toward the rich coal fields of Briey. These operations were to be followed by an offensive toward Chateau-Salins, east

of the Moselle thus isolating Metz. Accordingly attacks on the American front had been ordered and that of the Second Army was in progress on the morning of November 11, when instructions were received that hostilities should cease at 11 o'clock a. m.

At this moment the line of the American sector from right to left began at Port-sur-Selle, thence across the Moselle to Vandieres and through the Woevre to Bezonvaux in the foothills of the Meuse, thence along the foothills and through the northern edge of the Woevre forests to the Meuse at Mouzay, thence along the Meuse connecting with the French under Sedan.

RELATIONS WITH THE ALLIES.

Co-operation among the allies has at all times been most cordial. A far greater effort has been put forth by the allied armies and staffs to assist us than could have been expected. The French government and army have always stood ready to furnish us with supplies, equipment, and transportation and to aid us in every way. In the towns and hamlets wherever our troops have been stationed or billeted the French people have everywhere received them more as relatives and intimate friends than as soldiers of a foreign army. For these things words are quite inadequate to express our gratitude. There can be no doubt that the relations growing out of our association here assure a permanent friendship between the two peoples. Although we have not been so intimately associated with the people of Great Britain, yet their troops and ours when thrown together have always warmly fraternized. The reception of those of our forces who have passed through England and of those who have been stationed there has always been enthusiastic. Altogether it has been deeply impressed upon us that the ties of language and blood bring the British and ourselves together completely and inseparably.

STRENGTH.

There are in Europe altogether, including a regiment and some sanitary units with the Italian army and the organizations at Murmansk, also including those enroute from the States, approximately 2,053,347 men, less our losses. Of this total there are in France 1,338,169 combatant troops. Forty divisions have arrived, of which the infantry personnel of ten have been used as replacements, leaving thirty divisions now in France organized into three armies of three corps each.

The losses of the Americans up to November 18 are: Killed and wounded, 36,145; died of disease, 14,811; deaths unclassified, 2,204; wounded, 170,625; prisoners, 2,163; missing, 1,160. We have captured about 44,000 prisoners and 1,400 guns, howitzers, and trench mortars.

COMMENDATION.

The duties of the General Staff, as well as those of the army and corps staffs, have been very ably performed. Especially is this true when we consider the new and difficult problems with which they have been confronted. This body of officers, both as individuals and as an organization, have, I believe, no superiors in professional ability, in efficiency, or in loyalty.

Nothing that we have in France better reflects the efficiency and devotion to duty of Americans in general than the Service of Supply, whose personnel is thoroughly imbued with a patriotic desire to do its full duty. They have at all

times fully appreciated their responsibility to the rest of the army and the results produced have been most gratifying.

Our Medical Corps is especially entitled to praise for the general effectiveness of its work, both in hospital and at the front. Embracing men of high professional attainments, and splendid women devoted to their calling and untiring in their efforts, this department has made a new record for medical and sanitary proficiency.

The Quartermaster Department has had difficult and various tasks, but it has more than met all demands that have been made upon it. Its management and its personnel have been exceptionally efficient, and deserve every possible commendation.

As to the more technical services, the able personnel of the Ordnance Department in France has splendidly fulfilled its functions, both in procurement and in forwarding the immense quantities of ordnance required. The officers and men and the young women of the Signal Corps have performed their duties with a large conception of the problem, and with a devoted and patriotic spirit to which the perfection of our communications daily testifies. While the Engineer Corps has been referred to in another part of this report, it should be further stated that the work has required large vision and high professional skill, and great credit is due to their personnel for the high proficiency that they have constantly maintained.

Our aviators have no equals in daring or in fighting ability, and have left a record of courageous deeds that will ever remain a brilliant page in the annals of our army. While the Tank Corps has had limited opportunities, its personnel has responded gallantly on every possible occasion, and has shown courage of the highest order.

The Adjutant General's Department has been directed with a systematic thoroughness and excellence that surpassed any previous work of its kind. The Inspector General's Department has risen to the highest standards, and throughout has ably assisted commanders in the enforcement of discipline. The able personnel of the Judge Advocate General's Department has solved with judgment and wisdom the multitude of difficult legal problems, many of them involving questions of great international importance.

It would be impossible in this brief preliminary report to do justice to the personnel of all the different branches of this organization, which I shall cover in detail in a later report.

As to the Americans in Europe not in the military service, it is the greatest pleasure to say that, both in official and in private life, they are intensely patriotic and loyal, and have been invariably sympathetic and helpful to the army.

Finally, I pay the supreme tribute to our officers and soldiers of the line. When I think of their heroism, their patience under hardships, their unflinching spirit of offensive action, I am filled with emotion which I am unable to express. Their deeds are immortal, and they have earned the eternal gratitude of our country.

I am, Mr. Secretary, very respectfully,

JOHN J. PERSHING,

General Commander-in-Chief, American Expeditionary Forces.

To the Secretary of War.

Yankee Division Has Its Final Review

CAMP DEVENS, April 22, 1919.—While upward of 250,000 persons watched and wept and applauded, the Yankee Division of New England today "passed out" in a blaze of splendor and glory that will live forever in the memory of those who saw the final official military gathering of one of the finest fighting aggregations that ever represented a great country in battle.

Perhaps the interest of the people of New England in the 26th Division will reach its zenith Friday, April 25th, when the division marches through the streets of Boston, just before its members return to civilian life again; but today was the biggest day ever in the history of this cantonment, and certainly the biggest day in the history of the Division up to the present.

It was a day with two main features: One, the most impressive, beautiful, almost sacred military ceremonies ever before held on New England soil, and the other, the gathering together of a quarter million people in a bare, out-of-the-way spot in order to do honor to some 20,000 of their flesh and blood who have fought and won, that liberty shall not perish from the earth.

A SEA OF STEEL.

From hilltops, from rooftops, from telegraph poles and trees, and by straining to see over the shoulders of those in front of them, the New Englanders who gathered here today looked out over a sea of gleaming bayonets and steel helmets and saw every flag in the Yankee Division decorated with gay streamers that proclaim their participation in the hardest of all the closing fights of the great world war.

They saw these standards massed together in a blaze of splendor for the first time in the history of the Division, and a Major General of the United States Army proudly attached the battle streamers to each gleaming staff, while the massed bands of the whole Division—some 250 strong—sent triumphant martial music out across the swarming fields, and New England folk lifted their voices in proud acclaim.

In the first place, it was a day made to order—bright, clear, warm and very little wind—which made it decidedly more comfortable for those thousands who were lined up anywhere from 15 to 40 deep all around the whole vast expanse of that parade ground. When a brisk wind sweeps across that expanse it carries before it clouds of blinding dust and sand.

EVERYTHING ON TIME.

Like most military ceremonies, everything ran smoothly and within a few seconds of scheduled time. The Yankee Division had been ordered to be massed in their proper formation on the parade ground promptly at 1.45. They were there and ready on the minute. The ceremony of decorating the colors of the various regiments and separate organizations was planned to start at 2 sharp and it was

just that hour when the helmeted trumpeter who followed Major General Harry C. Hale throughout the afternoon blew "attention."

Sweet and clear the silvery notes of that trumpet carried across the field and reechoed through the swarming hilltops. A hush descended on the assembled thousands. The Governors of the six New England States, accompanied by their staffs, stood in a group with Major General Clarence R. Edwards, former commander of the Yankee Division; Major General Henry P. McCain, commander of this camp; Major General Harry C. Hale, present commander of the division, accompanied by Lieut. Col. Charles A. Stevens, division adjutant, and Major Emerson G. Taylor, acting chief of staff.

Suddenly there was a crash of music from that huge band which was massed in the extreme corner of the parade ground, opposite the division officers' club, and clatter of applause arose from the spectators as the 12 flags of the division were seen moving forward.

Each flag, besides its color guard, was escorted by the regimental or unit commander. There were the blue flags of the four infantry regiments, accompanied by the National colors, and the red flags of the artillery regiments and engineers, besides the flags of machine-gun battalions and trains—just 12 in all.

FLAGLESS NOT FORGOTTEN.

Slowly, it seemed, they moved along the entire front of the division until they reached the central point. Then, turning, the 12 parties marched side by side up to the reviewing stand. There they halted and dipped their colors.

Those who saw it will never forget the dazzling splendor of these silken banners as they flung back the radiance of the blazing sun poured upon them.

Then General Hale stepped forward. He was followed by Major Taylor and Colonel Stevens, the former carrying a copy of the order from the War Department to decorate the flags, and the latter the streamers that were soon to be attached to the flags.

Speaking clearly and distinctly to the commanders of the units whose colors were before him, General Hale explained the significance of this ceremony. He said that these battle ribbons were only temporary decorations. They are to be used in lieu of the silver bands that will later be attached to each flagstaff.

General Hale explained that he was ordered to decorate each of the 12 flags before him with streamers bearing the names of the six big battles in which the Yankee Division participated. He named each of the units in turn and spoke briefly of their part in these battles, which cover the entire period from the time the division first entered the line until the armistice.

"But," concluded General Hale, "in this proud moment let us not forget the other organizations who have no flags to decorate, but who bore their equal share in all of the engagements in which the division participated; and let us remember that though they have no flags to which streamers may be attached, this fact does not in the slightest detract from the value of their service or their valor."

Then one by one he named these units who have no flags, from the headquarters troop down to the trains and military police.

102D FIRST DECORATED.

As General Hale finished speaking Major Taylor read aloud from General Order No. 28, which provides for the decorations of the flags by order of the Commander-in-Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces. Clearly and dis-

tinctly he repeated the names of the battles that have become almost household words in the homes of New England: Chemin des Dames, Toul, the Aisne-Marne, St. Mihiel, Troyon and the Meuse-Argonne. And as each historic name was heard, applause burst from the spectators again.

Then the party moved forward to the first flag, that of the 102d Infantry. The tip of the staff dipped low and General Hale took a cluster of blue silken streamers handed to him by Colonel Stevens and quickly attached it to the end of the staff. Then came the flag of the Boston regiment—Colonel Edward L. Logan's 101st Infantry. As the battle streamers were attached to this flag the applause exceeded anything that had been heard before.

Batteries of motion picture cameras and newspaper photographers followed General Hale and his staff right down the line, taking pictures of the decoration of every flag. The army photographers were on the job, too, making official films of the ceremony that will be stored away as records of the event, to be cherished through the coming years.

As the last flag was decorated the band struck into "The Star Spangled Banner." If there are any who for a moment doubt that Americans love and honor their country and their flag, it were a pity that they were not present at that moment. Every male civilian's hat was off and every officer and man was standing rigidly at salute.

Their eyes lifted and fixed on the glittering folds of this starry banner for which these men before them had offered their lives. The air was vibrant with feeling, and many a mother in that vast crowd sobbed softly, while reluctant tears forced their way from more than one man's eyes.

It was one of the most impressive military ceremonies the majority of the officers here have ever seen. They so declared it. And there are abundant ceremonies of beauty in this army of ours.

INDIVIDUAL HEROES NEXT.

Then came the decoration of officers and men of the division whose valorous deeds had not yet been officially recognized by the reward of crosses. Through the ceremony of decorating the colors these officers and men had stood in a long line behind the standards and the color guards.

At the word of command they split, half marching to the right and the other half to the left. At each end of the long line of color bearers they turned again, coming around in front of the flags, the two parties joining in a single line again in front of their division commander.

But before these men received their decorations there was a sadder ceremony to be performed. From the group of distinguished statesmen and soldiers who were standing together at the reviewing point was conducted a man well past middle age, dressed entirely in black. He was just a plain, every-day sort of man, his shoulders slightly stooped with toil, his hands hardened by honest work.

PERKINS' FEAT WELL REMEMBERED.

And again a hush fell upon this great multitude of people. They didn't have to be told who he was. They had read of the deeds of his son, Private 1st class Michael J. Perkins of Company D, 101st Infantry, 247 E street, South Boston. They knew how this lad on the 27th of October, last year, at Bellieu Bois, France, had shown "conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity, above and beyond the call of duty."

They had read of how, when his platoon was hard pressed by the enemy, who were casting grenades at them from a concrete machine gun nest, Private Michael Perkins had voluntarily crawled forth, armed only with a grenade and a trench knife, until he had reached the rear of the nest, and how, awaiting his opportunity, he had cast his grenade into the nest and blown out the door, following this act up by casting himself into the midst of the Germans, killing and wounding several of them and taking about 25 of them prisoners.

They knew also, that while being taken to a hospital in an ambulance to have his wound dressed, this lad was instantly killed when a German shell struck and completely demolished the ambulance in which he was riding.

All this they knew, and that was why, as the father of this boy came slowly forward to receive for his dead son the highest award it is possible for the United States Government to bestow—the Congressional Medal of Honor—their hearts went out to him in sympathy.

As he was presented to Major General Hale Mr. Perkins bared his head. The General took him by the hand and in a low voice told him how proud the people of this Nation and the men of the Yankee Division were over the deed of his son. And as the old man's face quivered with emotion, even as his eyes gleamed with pride, General Hale pinned to the left breast of his coat in the name of the Congress of the United States the gleaming medal with its blue ribbon and 13 white stars.

Those who saw that pathetic little ceremony will never forget it. It brought forth more tears, though they were accompanied by ringing applause. Then Mr. Perkins accompanied the General and his staff as they went farther on the field to decorate the officers and men who were standing rigidly at attention.

FORTY-EIGHT OTHERS DECORATED.

There were 48 of these officers and men to be decorated. Major General Hale decorated half of them and Major General Edwards the other half. It had been previously arranged that General Hale should confer the decorations that were awarded after General Edwards gave up command of the division, and that General Edwards should decorate those whose decorations had been awarded while he was still in command, and it worked out so that there were 24 in each group.

As General Hale paused before each man, Major Taylor read aloud the citation that accompanied the decoration. As he finished Colonel Stevens handed the medal to the General, who pinned it to the coat of the man he was decorating and shook him warmly by the hand.

Hundreds of spectators noticed the same thing about these men who received decorations today. It seemed as though about half of them had been decorated before. Several officers and men who received the Distinguished Service Cross today were already wearing a Croix de Guerre on their coats, and a number who received the Croix de Guerre already had a Distinguished Service Cross.

As each man received his decoration the spectators applauded. They were too far away to hear the citations as they were read, but they knew that each of these men who received from General Hale a war medal had done something out of the ordinary to merit it.

GENERAL EDWARDS' TURN NOW.

Half way down this line of men General Hale stopped. He had decorated 24 of the men. Turning toward the reviewing party he motioned to General Edwards.

What a roar of welcome went up as this gray-haired old warrior stepped for-

ward! The former Y-D commander's heart was pretty full as he faced those men who once were his and who learned to love and respect him on the blood-drenched soil of France, amid the stress and strife of battle. He thanked General Hale for asking him to present part of the decorations to the men he formerly commanded. Then he turned to the men before him.

"I am given a great honor in being asked to confer these decorations on you," said General Edwards. "I have always called you a stout-hearted lot of lads. It makes my heart pulsate with pride to be with you today.

"We know that the deeds of those of you who have been selected for these honors are known. We also know that there are many of your fellows whose gallant deeds have escaped notice. It will make me very happy to see decorations awarded to all those whose deeds can be learned.

"The War Department allows five years for the recording of acts of bravery, when justice can be done according to the facts that come to light afterward. If any of you men know of gallant deeds which reflect honor on your fellows, send the facts to me and I shall be happy to make report on them."

CROSS OF WAR FOR GENERAL COLE.

Then General Edwards looked for a moment out over that mass of gleaming bayonets and helmeted men. As he started to confer the decorations, he said:

"Men, I congratulate you."

The first decoration General Edwards conferred was a French Croix de Guerre. He pinned it on the breast of Brig.-Gen. Charles H. Cole, the only brigade commander to start out with the Yankee Division and to return still commanding his brigade.

As the two Generals clasped hands they looked for a moment into each other's eyes. And there was pride in the eyes of each, as well as understanding.

The Governors of the six New England states had followed the generals through the entire ceremony, and they shook hands with each man as he received his medal. The governors were proud of these New Englanders, of course, but their pride was as nothing to that of the fathers and mothers who were standing in the crowds, straining their eyes to catch every movement of their dear ones.

Following the ceremony of presenting the decorations, and while the big band played again, the colors and the decorated men returned to their posts with the main body of the division. It had been planned to have the presentation of these decorations take just an hour, and that was exactly what it took, or within two minutes of that time.

100,000 ON HAND BY NOON.

But no hour ever passed more quickly, even for these spectators who were standing still beneath the blazing sun or for those who were clinging to the roofs of buildings on all sides of the parade ground. Most of them had their troubles in even reaching the camp at all. Perhaps 100,000 of them had reached camp by noon and had seized what they believed to be the vantage points from which to watch the exercises.

Those who came later than that hour were thankful and considered themselves lucky that they reached camp at all. For the entire road from Ayer Village to the main gate of the camp was choked with automobiles. They even spread over the car tracks, which run beside the road, and this consequently meant that the

trolley cars were tied up, too, so that the quickest way to reach the camp was to walk across the fields. And many did so.

When all was ready for the exercises to begin—and that was when the Governor's automobile rolled onto the field—Barlow's Hill, beside the engineer area, was completely hidden from view by the mass of people who had taken positions on it. No roof within sight was without its load of humanity. The division's officers' club, from chimneys to porch, was literally buried in people.

And it was admitted that those who were several hundred yards away from the field, and could see at all, secured a much more satisfactory view than those who were in the front row of spectators that lined the field.

As the colors took up their positions in their units and the officers and men had taken their proper stations, General Hale and his staff mounted their horses and galloped out in front of the division.

As they took their posts the general spoke to the trumpeter. "Present arms" was the call that went floating out from the bell of the bugle. In a trice the command was executed.

The bayonets cast back the glint of the sun. Twenty thousand fighting men stood like statues. General Hale snapped his hand up to his helmet in salute, facing the governors who had taken their positions at the reviewing point. Thus was the Yankee Division presented to the people of New England. And the band crashed forth in triumph once more. It was only another of the many dramatic moments that filled the day.

Then called the division to "order arms" again. General Hale and his staff galloped in to the reviewing stand and eight automobiles, each flying the flag of one of the New England states, rolled onto the field.

Governor Calvin Coolidge of Massachusetts and his staff entered the first car. Car No. 2 bore Governor Marcus H. Holcomb of Connecticut and his staff. The third car took Governor John H. Bartlett of New Hampshire and his staff; the fourth, Governor R. Livingston Beeckman of Rhode Island and his staff; the fifth, Governor Percival W. Clement of Vermont and staff, and the sixth, Governor Carl E. Milliken of Maine and staff. General Edwards and his staff entered the seventh car and in the eighth were Mrs. Edwards and Dr. and Mrs. Dane.

Applause greeted each governor as he took his seat and his car rolled away behind the division commander and his officers, but in a few moments it was the governors themselves who were applauding. For their cars were going around the Yankee Division, and they couldn't help but show their pride in these fighting veterans.

As the cars returned to the reviewing stand again and the governors alighted, it was just 3.20. They lined up with Governor Coolidge on the right. The band blared again as General Hale rode out and took his place at the head of the Yankee Division, and the march past started.

Up to this time the military police of the Yankee Division, assisted by the camp provost guard, had effectively held the crowd in check behind the ropes. But as that band of 250 pieces came marching down the field and General Hale and his staff swung in behind the governors, dismounted and took their places, the crowd near the reviewing stand burst all bounds, and there was no power on that field, unless it was the division itself, could hold them.

For the Yankee Division was coming, its band was blaring. Bayonets were flashing and the dust began to rise from the tramp of marching feet. These fighters of whom they were so proud were on their way. How could they remain behind

mere ropes? They wanted to get close; close enough to see the boys' faces and see every last detail of their equipment.

So men and women and children leaped nimbly over the ropes, or slipped under them, and they swarmed out onto the field until they were right on a line with General Hale and the governors. And there they stayed, cheering and applauding as each regiment went by.

The 102d Infantry led the march down the field, passing, as did every other unit, in a column of battalions. The 101st followed it. And what a reception Colonel "Eddie" Logan got as he led his regiment down the field. It was certainly a proud day for Boston, as well as for the rest of New England.

The band played continuously for 40 minutes, changing from one march to another as each regiment came up. And as each of the colors dipped while passing the reviewing stand, the trumpeters at the rear of the band proper sent the shrill notes of salute soaring into the air. They played "Our Director" as Colonel Logan's regiment passed, and "The National Emblem" as the 101st Field Artillery passed.

The artillery brigade, with the exception of small detachments here and there, marched without arms. Their guns, which thundered death and destruction into the ranks of the Hun, are still in France. They carried only their packs and each battery its guidon. But these scarlet guidons went a long way in making up for the lack of arms, for inscribed brilliantly on each red field is the battery letter and the number of the regiment. Thus were the spectators able to identify each battery as it passed.

The last unit passed and the band swung in behind it and marched from the field just at 4 o'clock. There wasn't the slightest bit of confusion. Everything worked like a well-oiled machine, and the camp swallowed the thousands of men as quickly as they passed, for about 100 yards past the reviewing stand each outfit broke into double time and in that way avoided any piling up.

As the last unit passed, the governors turned to Major General Hale and congratulated him on the fine showing of the division. The chief executives of each state had nothing but the highest praise for the whole of the Yankee Division, and they didn't hesitate about saying so. General McHale, when asked for his opinion, would only remark that he was gratified at the showing the Y-D had made. But there was a look in his eye that was little short of sheer pride, and with reason.

Impromptu receptions were held right on the field after the review was over. Each governor found a host of friends on hand to greet him, among them many men prominent in public affairs. The entire official party went right back to division headquarters following the review and there they said goodbye to Generals Hale, Edwards and McCain and quickly departed.

The thousands of spectators poured in what seemed to be a never ending stream through both gates of the camp, and there was a repetition of the traffic jam of the morning. The military police handled the thousands who thronged the roads in a very capable manner, however, and it was reported from the base hospital that not a single case of accident had been reported. Traffic men on the main gate estimated that there were close to 40,000 automobiles in camp, which breaks all records ever set here, even when the camp first opened.

So the final official review of the Yankee Division was an unqualified success, in every sense of the word, and both the officers and men, as well as the spectators, tired as they were, had no regrets and nothing but a feeling of supreme satisfaction over the entire day.

"Death Platoon"

A THRILLING story of the "death platoon," the heroes of which received after the war justly deserved recognition, was composed of the first platoon of A Co., 104th Infantry, of Worcester. There isn't much known about the platoon, for the simple reason that there is no one left to tell the whole story. Parts of the tale will be known because there are some few soldiers who witnessed the work of the platoon just before they passed from the sight of the remainder of the American attacking party. The platoon got its name because the nine members which composed it never returned to their outfits alive, all having been killed by German shell fire.

The members of A Co., along with D Co., "Holyoke's Own," and E Co. of the 104th Regiment, started out on the morning of October 16, 1918. The story of what followed and the fate of the "death platoon," was told when the division returned by Corp. Edwin Moore, a Worcester boy, who participated in the attack and had his eyes glued on the nine men until they had passed out of sight never to return.

"I shali never forget that day as long as I live, for it was one of the worst attacks in which A Co. figured," said Corp. Moore. "We started out at 5 o'clock in the morning, and it was one of the worst possible mornings. If we were to look for worse weather I don't believe we could have found it.

"A Co. was in the command of Lieut. Chester R. Howard. Before I go on with my story, I want to say a few words about this same Lieut. Howard, because without people knowing the soldier, they cannot appreciate his supreme heroism. Lieut. Howard was only 23 years old. He was tall, well-built and fine looking. He was one of the most impressive looking officers in all France.

"And Lieut. Howard was all man. He was a westerner, coming from Manhattan, Kan., and had attended college at the University of Michigan. While at the Michigan institution he won renown as a football player.

"Lieut. Howard joined the company while we were fighting in the Chemin des Dames sector, or a little while before, I think. And how that boy stuck with us, all through thick and thin. He was a most wonderful leader and a most daring officer. Why, every time Lieut. Howard would go out in the direction of the Boche, it would seem as though he went with his head up in the air, and with his chest thrown out, in open defiance of the Huns. And I truly guess that's about the way he felt towards the Germans.

"Lieut. Howard was first recognized by the government, for which he gave up his young and fine life, when he was awarded a Distinguished Service Cross for bravery at Chateau-Thierry. This was for sticking to his post, after a machine gun bullet had gone through his left thigh.

"Well, getting back to the story of the 'Death Platoon,' finds Lieut. Howard at the head of A Co. We started out early and fought and fought for two long hours, with the first platoon, under the command of Lieut. Howard, away ahead of the rest. Our objective was a woods known as Haumont woods. The story of

the French tanks and the Haumont woods attack is quite well known around Worcester, because there were a few Worcester boys in the attacking party.

"There were three companies of infantry supported by 20 French tanks which made the attack. A Co.'s objective was the right piece of the woods. D Co. was to advance toward the center of the woods, while E Co. advanced toward the left fringe of the woods. Ten tanks were to go on either side and attempt to get to the rear of the woods. The tanks, if they gained this position, were to crash through from the rear and drive the Huns out into the open, where we would meet them and give them all that was coming to them, the same kind of a beating as they suffered at Chateau-Thierry, when we fought with them in open battle.

"But the tanks failed, and they failed miserably. And returned Worcester boys who were there will say so, and what a tragedy it proved for us. Instead of going in the direction they were supposed, the tanks started for the center of the woods. One of the tanks got stuck in a shell hole, and then the whole 20 seemed to get stuck at the same time. And the Frenchmen in charge of the tanks were also stuck.

"The Frenchmen didn't stick with us. They just beat it back to the safest spot they could find and left us kids to our fate. And there we were in the open, living targets to the nests of machine guns. We couldn't possibly last. The boys were being slaughtered mercilessly and so we had to quit and retire at 7 o'clock. That is, most of the attacking party retired.

"But not the death platoon. No, sir, not with Lieut. Howard at the head of that platoon. That boy didn't know what it was to quit up to that time, and he had been through some pretty hot skirmishes, so he wasn't going to quit then. Lieut. Howard and the nine men of the first platoon who followed him, never quit until their bodies were cold in death.

"I was able to see a little more than some of the other fellows, because I lay there waiting for dark until I could crawl back to the company. I fell in a shell hole and was up to my waist in water for about 10 hours. If they ever sent over gas I surely would have kicked in, for my mask was soaking wet and incapable of benefiting me if the Huns ever sent over a gas barrage.

"The last I saw of that gang of one officer and nine men, was when they were going into that end of the woods, which had been their objective. That was all we heard of them for three weeks.

"We heard no more until November 9. From letters we received from home, the information given out from Washington was that these nine soldiers were missing in action. That was all we knew. We didn't know whether or not they were dead, dying from wounds or loss of food, or of disease, or whether they had been taken prisoners by the Germans. But we found out November 9.

"It is a day which will always remain vivid in my life. We started another drive for the woods, and maybe we didn't drive some. Then we came to that part of the woods which had been the objective of the first platoon. And there we found those boys. They had gained their objective. How they did it we never were able to fathom. But they made it and held it as long as they could.

"It was apparent that the soldiers had dug themselves in. We found poor old Lieut. Howard with the top of his head blown off. It was a terrible sight for us boys, but it was just a part of the more terrible game we were playing. We buried them right on the spot they had taken at such great cost.

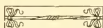
"The fellows after arriving there, must have found it impossible to make the objective defensible and so had dug themselves into foxholes, or had slipped into

shell holes or had quickly thrown up entrenchments. It appeared to us that Lieut. Howard had been in the act of bandaging up his leg when he was hit by the shell that took his life.

"And the Huns had not been content to just kill the soldiers. They also had to plunder. They even took the shoes from the feet of the brave boys. Lieut. Howard's Distinguished Service Cross, which had been awarded him for bravery in action at Chateau-Thierry, had been stolen.

"And what a burial we gave these boys. Their bodies were partially preserved. We were able to recognize all. Colonel B. F. Cheatham, commander of the 104th Regiment, has recommended posthumous awards of the Distinguished Service Cross to the nine men, while Lieut. Howard has been recommended for the Congressional Medal of Honor."

The soldiers with the 1st platoon who were with Lieut. Howard and who were killed while holding the objective were: Priv. John J. O'Keefe, Cambridge; Priv. Franklin Whitman, Williamsport, Pa.; Priv. Naramo Demartino, Terarno, Italy; Priv. Fred A. Holmes, South Minneapolis; Priv. John D. Noughton, Chicago; Priv. John D. Jens, Milwaukee, Miss.; Priv. Earl B. Hall, Mayville, Cal.; Priv. Seymour L. Schwartz, Chicago, and Priv. Albert Boisnert of Lowell, formerly of Worcester.



They Sleep In France

They sleep in peace, those boys of ours
 Under the soil of France,
 'Neath winter snows and springtime flowers
 And the breezes as they dance.
 So let them rest, the lads so brave,
 Yes, rest there side by side
 With freedom's flag to guard each grave
 The flag for which they died.

They rest so well, the flag unstained
 By greed or lust of fear,
 They died for honor—well attained
 For all we hold most dear.
 So laddies, sleep your last long sleep,
 Where courage won the day
 Mute memories for France to keep
 Of all we had to pay.

Oh mothers, you who gave your sons,
 Be first to say "I know
 My boy would lie where freedom's guns
 Laid hate forever low.
 His body may be far away
 His spirit's close to me
 So rest, dear lad, yes, rest for aye
 In France across the sea."

High Honors for Company D

Company D, "Holyoke's Own," returned from France with the reputation of being the best outfit in the 26th Division, and the third platoon of Company D was the best platoon in the division. As proof of such superiority the company possesses two bronze medals, one for the champion company and the other for the champion platoon. These medals were won at the divisional military and athletic tournament held at Ecommoy, France, March 10, 11 and 12, 1919.

The company competition consisted of infantry drill, including the manual of arms and school of the company and a five-mile hike under arms. The platoon competition included an inspection, manual of arms, close order drill, calisthenics and bayonet drill.

"We certainly traveled on that hike," said Capt. Thomas Keatoe, commanding Company D when it returned to Boston April 4 on the Mt. Vernon and went to Camp Devens, where the boys received their discharges April 28. "The boys stripped to their shirts and we double-timed the whole eight kilometers. Our time of one hour and seven minutes was easily 12 minutes better than that of the next company. And only three men fell out along the way."

The leader of the 3d platoon of Company D, winner of the platoon championship, is a Springfield man, Second Lieut. E. D. Martin.

This tournament in which Company D won so much honor is the same one in which the 104th Regiment won the cup for having the highest total in the combined military and athletic events. Every man in Company D has one of the medals awarded the company and the men in the 3d platoon have in addition one of the platoon medals.

Parade of the 26th Division

BOSTON, April 25, 1919.—New England had its chance to honor the Yankee Division—and how it did honor it!

How many were in that multitude which packed itself as the banks in a flag-decked lane of triumph is only conjecture. It was at least 1,000,000. It cheered like 5,000,000.

It saw a horseman, sitting erect and at salute, round a bend in the lane of triumph. Major-General Clarence R. Edwards was turning into Beacon street from Arlington street. The parade was under way.

Then did the cheers break loose—the cheers that tossed and heaved in incessant din through nearly four hours of chill April air. Not alone did that din contain cheers. The throng that turned out to do the Yankee Division honor had too much honor to give to depend entirely upon the throat's power of offering. Mingling with the roar of cheers was the crackling of rackets, the tinkle and clamor of bells, the hoarse blasts of horns. Hands clapped loudly in concerted plaudits of contribution to the day's acclaim and feet stamped on sidewalks and grandstand boards in deep, far-carrying tattoo.

WILL LIVE FOREVER IN THEIR MEMORIES.

For days will that formal welcome home roar in the ears of the boys who marched through it all. Down through the years will its echo live in their memories.

It told them and will ever remind them that the home folks appreciate them—appreciate their patriotism, their hardships, their sacrifices, their valor and their victory.

A martial spectacle such as New England has never before beheld was unfolded—a spectacle in itself sufficient to stir the blood and impel marvelous applause.

But it was the significance resting within that spectacle which turned marvelous applause into the wildest of demonstrations.

These men were combat troops—veterans of the war of wars. They had gone through months of the super-hell which is the modern war—and they were back.

HONOR FLAG TELLS OF SACRIFICES.

Not all of them were back, however. In place of honor near the head of the column—in advance even of that place of honor assigned to the men who are back, but weakened by wounds—was a white-fielded flag. In its center blazed a golden star. This was the flag which told of the Division's losses—and their number was announced in the figures 1,760 inscribed beneath the star.

Killed in action—1,760. Wounded in action—there were thousands of golden chevrons worn low on the right sleeves of men who participated in that parade. At the head of the marching column drove two long trains of automobiles, each machine bearing the Division's most severely wounded. More than 1,100 YD men thus went over the Division's triumphal parade route. And through the ranks were scattered everywhere men who fell before German fire and gas, but who came back to the ranks again.

Everywhere also were men wearing valor medals on their breasts—the Croix de Guerre of France or of Belgium, and the Distinguished Service Cross of America.

Every grandstand was a turbulent bank of humanity. Curbstones had their claimants—claimants who held their vantage places jealously as behind them formed the crowds that packed sidewalks from edge to fence or wall.

Every window along the way was a frame for faces; rooftops, cornices, telegraph poles and trees had their members of the reviewing host.

MILES OF CHEERS FOR EDWARDS AND LOGAN.

The cheers and din and clamor which went forth at the appearance of General Edwards continued till the last man had completed the march—continued with volume that rose and fell, but which never again attained to such mighty proportions except once.

This once was when Colonel Logan passed along at the head of the 101st—Colonel “Eddie” Logan of South Boston at the head of the doughboy regiment, which is Boston’s loftiest pride.

The 101st and its gallant commander needed no herald as it moved down that human lane. Everybody knew instinctively who were coming next. Excitement attained to renewed level of exceeding thrill; cheers and din once more climbed to that altitude which only a few moments before they had reached at the sight of the erect and saluting general at the Division’s head.

It was a great day for General Edwards and Colonel Logan. It was a great day for every man who wore the YD. Brigadier-General Cole and Brigadier-General Sherburne, both Boston men, men whom all New England knows have the utmost love and esteem of their soldiers, received greetings all along the way which vied with those accorded Edwards and Logan.

HALE, COLE AND SHERBURNE SHARE IN HOMAGE.

The other commanders of Yankee Division units, whose place in the hearts of their men all New England also knows, were recipients of cheering outbursts which punctuated the afternoon’s hours of cheering with more intense notes. For General Hale, commander of the Division in its final months, there were flattering waves of acclaim.

But the bulk of the cheers—the overwhelming burden of ovation—went out to those boys who came along on foot. They streamed along for hours to give New England a realization of the proportions of an army division.

Tin-helmeted, mostly with bayonet blades in gleaming array along their ranks, these boys of the Division’s rank and file had all the aspect of the real veterans they are.

They marched at attention—and they were soldiers all the time. Neither to the right nor to the left did they look, save when they executed eyes right in acknowledgment of reviewing dignitaries.

“SMILE A LITTLE,” GENERAL EDWARDS COMMANDS.

Only once did any men of the long, undulating column of olive drab permit their lips to twitch in smiles—and this was at command of their general.

“You look too serious; smile a little, lads; this is your day.” This was the best of General Edwards as the ranks swung by him before his reviewing stand on Columbus avenue. It was repeated over and over at intervals. General Edwards

would have liked to say it to the men of every rank. Along those ranks which heard it flashed a line of gleaming teeth. Every man wanted to smile at that man who stood up there on the reviewing stand—but it just wasn't military without permission. Permission accorded, the smiles blossomed radiantly.

Browned with campaigning were those faces set at stern attention under the edges of helmets of steel. Rugged of body were the men who swung along in lithe quickstep. There was rhythm to every stride. Alignments were straight, the mark of veteran and well-trained soldiers. Rifles lying easily on accustomed shoulders shot upward to their bright bayonet points at equal angles.

The display of soldierly excellence was all the more notable because those YD men of the parade marched over a five-mile route in platoon front of three squads and two guides—a 14-man rank. This was a drill field formation usually maintained but for short distances; it was a march formation rarely attempted.

SOLDIERS TO THE CORE, TRIED AND PROVEN.

It took rare military ability to maintain this formation so admirably as it was maintained in the parade. But these men have proven themselves soldiers to the very core—have proven themselves soldiers under the most gruelling of battle conditions that ever soldiers went through. In those days of battle they knew no close order formations; in far-flung, deployed lines were they ranged. But they gathered back into the mass formations to put forth a display of ceremonial soldiery which only the parade field at West Point usually offers.

As regiment and battalion and company of these men came along with helmet straps at their chins, gas masks slung at their sides, packs on their backs, canteens at their belt, the pressing throngs at either side just cheered and cheered and then kept right on cheering. Those men with the YD insignia on their shoulders and golden chevrons on their arms were soldiers giving a marvelous demonstration of soldierly bearing and skill; they were veterans of scenes which torture the mind which tries to conceive them—but, most of all, they were New England's hero boys back home again.

Not alone was it cheers which marked their marching way—there were tears, too. Tears glistened in hundreds of eyes. There were tears of grief; many of the mothers and fathers who sat in the huge stands along Commonwealth avenue had sons represented in that gold star of the Division's flag of honor.

TEARS OF PRIDE IN EYES OF RELATIVES.

But the tears were not alone of solemnity; tears express many emotions. They expressed for thousands the pride and adulation in those marching boys which found all other modes of utterance insufficient. There were tears which were forced to the eyes by the fullness of gladness in the hearts—tears which just welled up unrestrainable. More than the cheers and the waving of flags, these tears told the place that the men of the Yankee Division hold in the esteem of New England.

The men were at their parade positions a half hour before noon. The men who came down from Ayer marched directly to their places of readiness for the march. Those who came down from camp the day before left their armories at a time which would permit them to reach their places by 11.30.

General Edwards, mounted, not on YD but on Walla-Walla, was at his place a full half hour before 1 o'clock. His staff, with his mount prancing circles at its front, rested on Arlington street, just around the corner from Beacon street.

GENERAL EDWARDS STARTS PARADE PROMPTLY.

It was scarce 1 o'clock when he turned his horse's head into the route of parade. He turned into Beacon street and the parade was on. Then it was that the tumult entered upon its career which was not to end until the last YD man had passed through Park square.

At the head of the column, only the troop of mounted police in advance of him, he rode straight through the middle of the roadway. Astride the bough of a tree overhanging Beacon street from the Common was a boy who had converted his coat into a flag—an improvised flag—which he waved furiously. Nested in trees all along the Common were adventurous boys who knew how to find free reserved seats.

Past the State House, its governors and other dignitaries and its frontage for the day of massed humanity, the Division's leader progressed, down Park street and before the great stands of Tremont street, with Mayor Peters standing, to express officially the city's honor. Every moment seemed trying to outdo the acclaim of the preceding moment.

FRANTIC WELCOME FROM RELATIVES' STANDS.

Then the mounted figure at the Division's head turned into Commonwealth avenue—and instantly reviewing stand thousands were on their feet. Commonwealth avenue's stands held the mothers and fathers and other relatives of the men of the Yankee Division. Here, more than anywhere else along the parade route, was the interest in the Division vital—and the cheers that arose at the sight of that vanguard of horsemen seemed to have a keener and clearer ring than those sent from any other point in the parade.

It was the first view for most of these mothers and fathers of the man over whom their sons have raved in their letters—the first view of the man who led their sons overseas. And as he rode down the line he was the object of the keenest scrutiny of the day. The cheers told of the approval that the scrutinies had found.

Half way down the north side of the avenue the column halted. The first half hour of the parade was over and this was the pre-arranged 3-minute rest.

The throngs in the reviewing stands only partially realized what was its occasion. They saw General Edwards turn his horse broadside to the street and bow before the group which stood on the porch of the house at 63 Commonwealth avenue.

GENERAL EDWARDS SALUTES HIS WIFE.

Then, to send a thrill down those rows of mothers in the huge reviewing stands set up on the avenue's mall ran the word that that was Mrs. Edwards who was bowing acknowledgment from the house's porch—the little woman in black with the grave, sweet face.

The parade had halted at the very moment General Edwards reached a place directly in front of his home. All the elements of perfect dramatics were in that halt—and those other women folks of the Yankee Division's men across the street appreciated it to the full.

The parade moved again and the brief lull in the cheering as the throngs deferred to the exchange of salutations between the man on horseback and the little woman on the porch was broken with cheers that never again entered a lull till the parade was through.

Colonel Logan came along to the view of the mothers and fathers and the others in these Commonwealth avenue stands. There was something more than tumult in those stands then. General Edwards had received what seemed the apex of heart demonstrations here; the demonstration accorded Colonel Logan rivaled it.

The head of the column went far down Commonwealth avenue's one side and then back the other. It turned into Copley square and everybody and everything there seemed involved in the spirit of the day. Phillips Brooks, his bronze features gazing out over the top of a protecting board fence, was holding his right hand aloft in seeming gesture for the occasion. Every Copley square roof, even to the Public Library, had its throngs.

TUMULTUOUS GREETING FOR COLONEL LOGAN.

Then the parade progress took the head of the column by the stands ranged along the railroad side of Boylston street. Here were gathered in a huge, long stand the families and friends of the 101st infantry. Congressman Gallivan was out in front leading the cheering. They gave a tremendous greeting to General Edwards, but they simply went wild when Colonel Logan came along.

Next of the stands was that of the Elks. Vociferous to the full power of lungs and of adjunct noise-makers was the greeting to General Edwards from this stand, but most notable was the picturesqueness which it afforded. Every person in the stand was waving a large American flag—the stand was a waving mass of red, white and blue.

There was a halt at lower Boylston street. "This is marvelous," General Edwards took occasion to say, "I guess this shows what the home folk think of those stout-hearted lads of the Yankee Division."

Again there was a halt just before the column turned into Columbus avenue, and General Edwards here gave utterance to the thought which had been hammering through his head through all the din of ovation.

"I can't help thinking all the time," he said, "of those 1,760 men we left behind us in France. They are lying over there that we may march here. If only we could have them with us on such a glorious day as this!"

At 2.40 General Edwards dismounted and walked to his reviewing stand on Columbus avenue. Then was demonstrated eloquently how the men of the Yankee Division revere him. Then, too, was demonstrated why they revere him.

The wounded of the automobile columns came along. These men were not at attention. And neither was their general. They rose to their feet and cheered—whole automobile loads of them. They waved crutches in the air and empty sleeves. This was tribute to a commander who was something more than a commander to his men—a commander who was also a father and a comrade.

And the general on the platform had for each automobile load of wounded YD heroes a genial shout of greeting. Major Christopher Lee of the 101st infantry, hero soldier, who could not rise to acknowledge the general's salute, was in the leading automobile of the wounded fleet.

"Good luck to you, Major Lee," was all that General Edwards had time to utter before the machine was by.

Another halt in the parade stopped the middle of the automobile column in front of the stand.

The general questioned the men as to the battles in which they received their wounds. He inquired as to how their wounds were healing. He recognized a man here and there and recalled the time when he had met him "over there."

SHAKES HANDS WITH PRIVATE.

A private climbed out of one of the automobiles and came over to shake hands. He identified himself in response to General Edwards's inquiries as Private Smith, 103d Infantry, of Calais, Me.

Private Smith is of portly build.

"How did such a weather strip as you miss so many bullets?" the general asked, as the soldier was returning to his machine.

"I didn't miss many of them, sir," was the reply; "I got hit five times."

A little later a soldier on crutches, one leg gone, and another leaning on a cane, passed along the opposite side of the street. General Edwards called them over to the stand. They explained that they had just climbed out of the automobile which had borne them through the parade to that point. He gave them a seat in the front row of his stand.

The general had a "Good luck" for each general and colonel and major that passed along. His shout to Colonel Hume of the 103d Infantry was:

"Governor, I congratulate you."

Colonel Hume is to be a candidate for governor of Maine this fall.

Major Bogan came along at the head of the 101st Sanitary Train. "How is the baby, Major?" General Edwards inquired.

"Why, I'm just getting acquainted with it now, sir; but it's fine," was the reply. The baby was born while Major Bogan was overseas, and he saw it for the first time when his ship came into Commonwealth Pier.

"It's one of the most beautiful babies I ever saw," General Edwards called as the major's horse moved on.

MASCOT DOG WITH HIS WOUND STRIPE.

One of the halts in the parade brought the mascot of one of the units in front of General Edwards's reviewing stand. This was a dog with a blanket, bearing a wound stripe. There were numerous animal mascots in the parade, notably "Nannette," the goat mascot which used to go over the top with L Company of the 101st Infantry.

As the men passed the reviewing stand many of them carried in their free hands the trophies of the bombardments of chocolate bars and cigarettes and oranges with which they had been met all along the way. Nearly 100 girls passed out or tossed the gifts to the men as they passed the Tremont street stand. The ammunition for this bombardment was furnished by the mayor's entertainment committee, headed by former Lieutenant-Governor Barry. Another heavy bombardment came from the stands along Commonwealth avenue.

General Hale, although not as well known to the New England public as General Edwards, received a very cordial welcome from those standing along the line of march. He saluted General Edwards as he passed the latter at the Columbus square reviewing stand, and, upon reaching the Cadet armory, made his way with his staff to the reviewing stand built for him by the First Corps Cadets' Veterans' Association.

General Hale and his staff remained on that stand until the 52d Infantry, commanded by Brigadier-General Charles H. Cole, made its appearance. Necessity for an early departure for New York and from there to Camp Dix, of which he is to take command, resulted in his having to leave Boston early.

GENERAL HALE PRAISES 26TH DIVISION.

Before going, however, he expressed his appreciation for everything that New England has done for him and his division. He paid tribute to the men and to

their commanding officers, and he endorsed every sentiment voiced by General Edwards in his tribute to the troops of the 26th and the men and women of New England.

On General Edwards's staff were Col. W. A. Alfonte, Col. A. L. Pendleton, Major Stanley Washburn, Col. M. C. Dowell, Major Allison Cole, Col. J. F. Howard, Major John W. Hyatt, his personal aid; Capt. Oliver Wolcott, Lieut. Willis Simpkins, Lieut. Daniel Willard, Jr., Capt. H. D. Cormerais, Capt. George C. Capelle and Frank Sibley, war correspondent.

With General Hale were Col. John H. Allen, Col. William H. Dolan, Lieut.-Col. John D. Murphy, Lieut.-Col. Charles A. Stevens, Lieut.-Col. Alfred F. Foote, Lieut.-Col. Elon F. Tandy, Lieut.-Col. Albert Greenlaw, Lieut.-Col. Hamilton R. Horsey, Lieut.-Col. Thomas L. Jenkins, Major Paul Loughbridge, Major George M. King, Major Oscar G. Lagerquist, Major Carl R. Bailey, Major Emerson G. Taylor, Major William B. Morgan, Major Nicholas Biddle, Capt. Charles D. Campbell, Capt. Keith P. Ribble, Capt. Charles D. Hodges, Capt. Willis M. Hale, Capt. Lawrence B. Cummings, Capt. Robert B. Dickson, Capt. William J. Henderson, Capt. Howard Sachs, Capt. Charles W. Bowen, Capt. James F. Coburn and Chaplain Michael J. O'Connor.

"HISTORIC," SAYS COOLIDGE.

"A parade that will be historic in this Commonwealth has just been finished with great success," said Governor Coolidge, immediately after leaving the State House reviewing stand. "I desire to express my thanks to all those who have made it a success—first to the soldiers for their sacrifice in remaining in the service, and then to all the civil authorities and the special committees that have co-operated so splendidly in every way.

"It was especially gratifying to have present the governors of the New England States and their guests. Their co-operation was very helpful in making the day complete. It should also be remembered that the city of Boston has extended every possible hospitality to the many guests who came here for this occasion. It has been an experience for the Commonwealth that will richly repay every expenditure of time and money that was necessary to bring it about."

"It was fine and wonderfully impressive," said Governor Clement of Vermont. "The men certainly looked great and acquitted themselves fully as well as in the wonderful review at Camp Devens. Massachusetts has treated her neighboring states wonderfully well, and I am sure I speak for all Vermonters when I say that we are perfectly satisfied with the treatment given us in connection with the parade."

Governor Bartlett of New Hampshire was enthusiastic in his praise of the marching men. "It was splendid; never have I seen troops so uniformly military in their bearing. The parade was a wonderful exemplification of the training the men have had and spoke wonders for their ability to assimilate the instruction given them. Massachusetts and Boston have treated us wonderfully."

"That word 'wonderful' tells the whole story," said Governor Milliken of Maine. "The arrangements were perfect and were carried out with a precision no one could have expected. No words of mine could possibly do justice to the boys—their marching spoke for them. They were great."

"They all looked good to me," said Governor Holcomb of Connecticut, "and the Connecticut boys were certainly as good as any in the parade. We are proud of them and of every man in the Yankee Division, and we are grateful, especially to Governor Coolidge, for the splendid manner in which the parade was handled."

Chronological History of the Yankee Division

August 22, 1917—Division organized in Boston from units of National Guard troops of New England states and a quota of National Army troops from Camp Devens.

September 7, 1917—First of division sailed from Hoboken, N. J.

September 21, 1917—First of division landed at St. Nazaire, France.

October 31, 1917—Division arrived and established headquarters at Neuchateau.

February 5, 1918—Battery A, 101st Field Artillery, of the division, took position on the line and at 3.45 o'clock, for the division, fired the first shot by the National Guard in the war.

February 6, 1918—Division entered front line, north of Soissons, in the Chemin des Dames sector.

March 21, 1918—Division withdrew from front line.

April 3, 1918—Division entered front line north of Toul, in the La Reine and Boucq sector.

June 28—Division withdrew from front line.

July 10, 1918—Division entered front line northwest of Chateau-Thierry, in the Pas Fini sector.

July 18, 1918—Division took offensive at Chateau-Thierry and July 18-25 advanced 17.5 kilometers.

July 25, 1918—Division withdrew from front line.

September 8, 1918—Division entered front line north of St. Mihiel, in the Rupt and Troyon sector.

September 12, 1918—Division took offensive in St. Mihiel salient and September 12, 13, advanced 14 kilometers.

October 18, 1918—Division withdrew from front line.

October 18, 1918—Division entered front line north of Verdun, in the Neptune sector, the same day taking the offensive, and October 18 to November 11, advanced 5.5 kilometers.

November 14, 1918—Division withdrew from the front line, armistice having been signed November 11.

November 23, 1918—Division went into rest area at Montigny-le-Roi, there to await orders for return home.

March 27, 1919—First of the division sailed from Brest, for home, aboard the transport Mt. Vernon.

April 4, 1919—First of the division reached Boston—home.

April 22, 1919—Divisional review at Camp Devens.

April 23, 1919—Last of the division reaches home, coming into Boston on the U. S. battleship New Jersey.

April 25, 1919—Division parades in Boston.

Major General Clarence R. Edwards

Born Cleveland, Ohio, January 1, 1860.

Graduated United States Military Academy, 1883.

Has honorary degree of A. M. and LL.D. from St. John's, Fordham, where he was military instructor.

Married Bessie Rochester Porter, June 11, 1889, Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Commissioned second lieutenant, 10th infantry, on graduation, West Point.

Frontier service for several years.

Major, United States Volunteers, May 12, 1898.

Lieutenant Colonel, United States Volunteers, August 17, 1899.

Mustered out of Volunteers' service, July 2, 1901.

Brigadier General, United States Army, June 30, 1906.

Major General, United States Army, August 5, 1917.

Chief of Staff for General Lawton in the Philippines. Participated in all of Lawton's campaigns and brought back to the United States the body of his chief.

Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, Washington, July 1, 1902, to May 12, 1912.

Later commanded 2d Brigade, Texas City, Hawaiian Brigade and Panama Canal Zone troops.

Appointed Commander Northeastern Department, April 30, 1917.

Made Commander 26th Division, made up of National Guard units of New England states, August 22, 1917.

Sailed for France with this division, September 7, 1917.

Commanded division in all of its engagements up to October 24, 1918, when he was relieved and ordered home to a command at Camp Lee, Va.

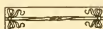
Never took latter command; ordered to resume his old command at Boston, as head of the Northeastern Department, November 30, 1918.

Returned to Boston, November 24, 1918. Guest of state and city at the Edwards Day celebration in this city, November 26, 1918.

Major General Clarence R. Edwards



Maj.-Gen. Clarence R. Edwards observed New Year's day, 1860, by being born in Cleveland, Ohio. He is, however, of New England stock. He was graduated from West Point in 1883 and was commissioned a lieutenant in the 23d cavalry. During the Spanish war he served as a brevet major, and afterwards in the Philippines was rapidly breveted lieutenant-colonel, colonel and brigadier-general for gallantry in the field. He organized the bureau of insular affairs and then was sent to command the troops at Panama. When war was declared with Germany he was in command of the Department of the Northeast, from which we went to France with the 26th division. To him went the credit of landing the first complete militia division in France. Shortly before the armistice, he was relieved and returned to this country, but when the Yankee division returned home he again was made its commander.



General Harry C. Hale

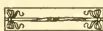


Harry C. Hale was born in Galesburg, Ill., July 10, 1861. He was commissioned in the regular army in 1879 on graduation from West Point. He served as a captain in the Spanish war and afterwards, during Philippine campaigns, was promoted to major. He became a lieutenant-colonel in 1911; colonel in 1915. When the war with Germany came, he was sent to China. While in the Orient he received his commission as a brigadier-general, which was followed soon after by promotion to major-general. In 1918 he was sent to France and there relieved Brig.-Gen. Bamford in command of the 26th division, just a short time after the armistice. He had charge of the division during the trying months preceding the armistice and got the unit in shape for the return home. He is a warm friend of Maj.-Gen. Edwards. It is said of General Hale that he writes his mother every day.

General John H. Sherburne



John H. Sherburne is a typical New Englander. He was born in Boston, and like a conventional Bostonese, attended Harvard, from which he graduated in 1899. After graduation he entered politics and became a representative in the Great and General Court. He served on the military affairs committee year after year, and did much good work as a committeeman. His first connection with the army came when he enlisted as a private in battery A, 1st Massachusetts field artillery, March 24, 1896. He was rapidly promoted through successive ranks as lieutenant, captain, major, lieutenant-colonel and finally became colonel. When the 101st field artillery was formed he was made its commanding officer. He did so well during the early days of the war that he was made a brigadier-general and was given command of the 51st artillery brigade of the 26th division. Like most of the higher militia officers of the division, he saw service at the Mexican border.



Brigadier General Charles H. Cole

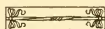


Charles H. Cole has held some of the most important offices in the state. He was born in South Boston, October 20, 1871, and was graduated from the English high school, where he was commander of the school cadets. He entered the 1st corps Cadets in 1890, and worked up until he became a major of the corps. Governor Douglas appointed him inspector of rifle practice in 1905 for all the state militia. Shortly after he became a police commissioner of Boston, but resigned during the Curley regime. During the Mexican trouble he was adjutant-general for the state. In the following year he ran for the Democratic nomination for governor. When the war with Germany broke out he enlisted in the 9th infantry, M. V. M., as a private, and speedily was promoted to captain. Then he was made brigadier-general and was put in command of the 52d infantry brigade.

Colonel Robert E. Goodwin



Col. Robert E. Goodwin was born in historic Concord and, like the men of '75, he has always been on the job when his country needed soldiers. He received his education at Harvard, from which he was graduated in 1901, and from the Boston University law school. At Harvard he was a 'varsity oarsman during his senior year. Always a good student, he applied his knowledge to the affairs of the militia, so that when this war started and his commander, Colonel Sherburne, became a brigadier-general, he became colonel of the 101st field artillery. To him has been given the credit for origination of "the intuition barrage," which was nothing but the laying down of a barrage because the colonel believed the Huns were about to attack, and wanted to stop them, although he had no information of the attack. He has been decorated until his chest, when he is dressed up, looks like Joseph's coat.



Colonel Edward L. Logan

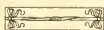


Edward L. Logan of South Boston comes from a fighting family. His father before him was commander of the old 9th Massachusetts infantry, and later became Gen. Lawrence A. Logan. Edward L. Logan is now forty-four years of age. He was graduated from Harvard in 1898, served as a sergeant major in the Spanish war under his father. After the war he entered the Harvard Law School, from which he was graduated in 1902. He entered politics, was elected successively to the city council, the House of Representatives and the state Senate. All this time he was rising in the militia, until, when the Mexican troubles broke out, he was colonel of the "Fighting 9th." At the outbreak of the war in 1917 he became commander of the 101st infantry, of which the 9th was the nucleus. He has held this position since, except for the brief period after his removal because of charges which never were substantiated.

Colonel George W. Bunnell



George W. Bunnell was born in Oakland, Cal., forty-four years ago. He was a West Pointer by education, but resigned his commission after the Spanish war and left the 4th artillery, with which he had been stationed, to enter business. For some time he was connected with the New York militia, holding various ranks until, in 1912, he was chief of the engineer division of the Empire state national guard. He resigned to come to Massachusetts, where he became president of the Power Construction Company, making his home in Worcester. At the outbreak of the war he was found as commander of the 101st engineers, composed of what had been the 1st corps Cadets. He organized his regiment into one of the most efficient engineer detachments in the A. E. F. His troops served not only as engineers, but on numerous occasions forsook their spades for rifles and took their places as combat troops.



Colonel Frank M. Hume

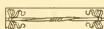


Col. Frank M. Hume is a "down-Easter." He was born in Bridgewater, Me., but lived most of his life in Houlton, Me. He enlisted in the 2d Maine infantry for the Spanish war, after he had completed his education at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. He was graduated from Spanish war as a captain. After that he continued service with the Maine militia and gradually won promotion until, at the outbreak of the Mexican trouble, he was a colonel. When the war with Germany came, he held his rank and was placed in command of the 103d infantry, a regiment composed of the old 2d Maine infantry and the old 1st New Hampshire infantry. Colonel Hume's services with this regiment won him the *croix de guerre* after the battle of Seicheprey. Like Colonel Logan he was removed from his command at the time of the armistice, but also like Colonel Logan, he later was reinstated, and the charges against him proved groundless.

General George H. Shelton



Although a regular army man Gen. George H. Shelton is another New Englander and "fits" with the Yankee division. He was born in Connecticut and graduated from West Point in 1896. During the Spanish war he served as a second lieutenant of the 11th infantry. In 1901 he was made a captain in the 25th infantry. In 1908 he became a major and was transferred to the bureau of insular affairs, which had been organized by Maj.-Gen. Clarence R. Edwards. At the beginning of the war with Germany he was made lieutenant-colonel, replacing Col. William C. Hayes of Springfield in command of the 104th infantry after the regiment had reached France. This command came, however, only after meritorious service as chief of staff for General Edwards. For the good work of the 104th, Colonel Shelton was made brigadier-general of the 51st infantry brigade.



Chaplain Michael J. O'Connor



The Rev. Father Michael J. O'Connor was born in Ireland, July 12, 1869, and came to this country when a boy. He attended the local schools and Holy Cross College. He enlisted as a private in the 9th infantry in 1890. Later he became chaplain of the same regiment. He was ordained to the priesthood December 22, 1901, and was first assigned to the parish of St. Peter's church, Rutland, Vt. He was recalled to this diocese and became rector of St. Patrick's Church, Stoneham. In 1905 he was assigned to St. Francis de Sales' church, Roxbury, a pastorate he held when he became chaplain of the 9th in 1907, and continued to hold when he went to the Mexican border with the regiment and when he went to France with the 101st infantry. He later was made chaplain of the 26th division. Chaplain O'Connor is known as "the fighting chaplain," and has lived up to the name. He particularly likes to remember that he first was in the militia as a private.

In Flanders Fields

In Flanders fields the poppies blow
Between the Crosses, row on row,
That mark our place; and in the sky
The larks, still bravely singing, fly,
Scarce heard amidst the guns below.

We are the dead.
Short days ago we lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,
Loved and were loved, and now we lie
In Flanders fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe,
To you from falling hands we throw the torch.
Be yours to hold it high.
If ye break faith with us who die
We shall not sleep, though poppies grow
In Flanders fields.

—BY LT. COL. JOHN McCRAE, OF MONTREAL,
WHOSE BODY LIES IN FLANDERS FIELDS.

Additions to the Honor Roll



Lieut. H. A. DAGENAIS



Tester JAMES PETRIE



Corp. JOHN J. KELLY



Storekeeper P. HEALEY



Corp. JAS. A. FITZGERALD



Gun. Mate M. J. McKILLOP



Priv. JOHN CARLOW



Priv. ALBERT GENDRON



Priv. EDWARD GADBOIS



Priv. WM. HENDERSON



Priv. JAMES GOW



Sign. WARREN E. TILBE



Priv. CHARLES VERHEYEN



Priv. GEORGE G. CLARKE



Priv. A. W. BLUTEAU



Priv. FRANK J. FOSTER



Priv. FRANCIS P. BROWNE



Priv. WM. O. GILLETTE



Student K. L. SMALL



Priv. MARTIN J. GINLEY



Priv. JAMES F. MARTIN



Student CHARLES LYONS



Priv. JAMES M. COBURN



Priv. JOHN J. PADDEN



Priv. RICHARD SMITH



Priv. H. J. SULLIVAN



Priv. JOSEPH H. LARIVÉE



Priv. CHARLES R. TOWER



Priv. JOHN MacINNIS



Priv. JAMES M. HAYDEN



Priv. EDMUND A. MARION



Priv. JAMES E. SHEA

EUGENE BINGLER, United States Guards.

Entered the service in 1892, serving in Cuba and the Philippines. Wounded in the Philippine Islands. Retired on pension. Enlisted in great war in April, 1917, entering United States Guards. Killed in automobile accident in Newark, N. J., March 30, 1919.

The Empty Chair

Wherever is an empty chair—

Lord, be Thou there!

And fill it—like an answered prayer—
With grace of fragrant thought, and rare
Sweet memories of him whose place
Thou takest for a little space!—

—With thought of that heroic
Great heart that sprang to Duty's call;
—With thought of all the best in him,
That Time shall have no power to dim;
—With thought of Duty nobly done,
And High Eternal Welfare won.

Think! Would you wish that he had stayed,
When all the rest The Call obeyed?

—That thought of self had held in thrall
His soul, and shrunk it mean and small?

Nay, rather thank the Lord that he
Rose to such height of chivalry;
—That, with the need, his loyal soul
Swung like a needle to its pole;
—That, setting duty first, he went
At once, as to a sacrament.

So, Lord, we thank Thee for Thy Grace,
And pray Thee fill his vacant place!

—FROM "ALL'S WELL," BY JOHN OXENHAM.

Company D Returns Home

The handful of Co. D, "Holyoke's Own," who returned today (April 28, 1919), after eighteen months' active service in France, was given the biggest welcome in the history of the city. Thousands of people turned out to greet them and the streets through which the boys marched was jammed with humanity. There were greetings of every kind, bells rang, whistles blew, sirens shrieked and people shouted themselves hoarse, in an effort to show the lads that their war record was appreciated. At the banquet in the Nonotuck there were all kinds of expressions of welcome.

As early as 2.30 people started seeking advantageous positions along the line of march. They waited patiently until after six o'clock to see the heroes. Shortly before three o'clock a mill engineer got his signals crossed and started blowing his whistle. This brought out hundreds of people, who once securing a position, held it against all odds. At five twenty-five the fire alarm sounded the official thirty minute notice of the coming of the automobile fleet, but it was nearly an hour before the machines arrived.

A half dozen Co. D boys, who had been in the city for some time, arrived at the South Holyoke Engine House in an automobile. People thought they were the first to return from Devens and they were given a mad ovation. The police platoon which had been waiting at the corner of Main and Sargeant streets, formed into position and came marching up. Shortly after, the first machine from the camp arrived. In it was Lieut. Col. Alfred F. Foote, Capt. E. J. Slate and Lieut. William H. McGarry and others. The other machines followed the first car closely.

It was at the request of the committee in charge of the affair that the soldiers got out of the machines and marched along the route. It had been first planned that they were to ride. The parade formation was simple. First came a platoon of police in charge of Sergt. John Moriarty, followed by Co. D, led by Lieut. Col. Foote, Capt. Slate and Lieut. McGarry. Behind "Holyoke's Own" were members of the 101st Engineers, while a fleet of autos brought up the rear.

A regiment could not have received a bigger welcome in Holyoke than was given those half-hundred battle scarred vets. Although mere boys as to age, they were men in experience. There were but a few who did not wear the wound stripe; some had two, and others wore the Croix de Guerre or Distinguished Service Medal, while others had received citations for bravery under fire.

There was barely enough room in the streets for the soldiers to pass through. Everyone wanted to shake hands with the boys at once. Girls threw confetti, candy and cigarettes.

As the parade passed the Central Fire Station the boys saw every piece of apparatus out near the doors, and firemen turning the sirens. The noise drowned out every other bit of noise in the vicinity.

In the front of the Soldiers' Memorial Tablet the men were drawn up facing the tablet and standing at attention, while the crowd stood bareheaded, the City band played the "Star Spangled Banner." President William M. Hart of the Board of Aldermen was the only speaker at the Memorial Tablet exercises. He read a

telegram of welcome from Mayor Ryan who is away on his honeymoon. President Hart said: "Holyoke is proud of you. It is useless for me to try and put into words what your efforts have meant to the city. We are standing here in the midst of the living and the dead, and it is as a tribute to your qualities that this demonstration is made. You exemplify in life what these poor boys do in death, because God knows that you were in the Valley of Death, not once but hundreds of times. I pledge you, Holyoke will not forget its brave heroes."

The tables in the large ballroom of the Nonotuck were artistically arranged in the form of Co. D. The "O" was inside the "C" and at this round table were the ranking officers present. Around the "C" were the guests, while the Co. D boys sat around the "D" table.

Alderman William Hayes, chairman of the committee in charge, was the toastmaster and opened the banquet by calling on Rev. J. C. Sycamore for a prayer. The chaplain offered prayers for those boys who died in France and prayers of thanksgiving for those who have returned.

During the evening Corp. Edward F. Murphy of Fitchburg, a Co. D boy who was wounded in action, decorated with the Distinguished Service Medal and recommended for the Congressional Medal of Honor, walked down the banquet hall to meet Congressman Allen T. Treadway. He was recognized and given a great ovation.

There were exactly 152 soldiers and friends present and entertainment was furnished by the hotel jazz band, the K. of C. trio, composed of Roy, Roache and Walter, and the Male Art Quartet, composed of Arthur Lynch, Norman Dash, Edward F. Gilday and John Cox. Several soldiers played the piano.

Congressman Treadway was the first speaker and after stating that he was beginning to believe that his domicile was in Holyoke, he paid a glowing tribute to the Holyoke boys of the 26th Division, whom he bade God-speed a year ago last September, when they were leaving for France. He told how out of the 120 local men in the company of 250 men that proudly marched out of the city, but one-third marched back. "The other two-thirds," he said, "are scattered, and some lie buried over yonder. Our first thoughts, therefore, are for them. There are thoughts of happiness and thoughts of sadness here tonight."

The speaker said in part as follows:

"I cordially join in welcoming Co. D back home, and I feel justified as your representative in Congress to officially welcome you home. We are glad you are here. We thank you from the bottom of our hearts for what you have done for the country and for the world. The arms of the country are opened to receive you boys and the city of Holyoke welcomes you tonight. May the lessons and hardships you have endured in our behalf ever pay you full recompense for the dangers in doing, and may you ever realize that you have done your full duty, both as citizens and as soldiers, and that Holyoke and the country at large wishes you all manner of future success, happiness and the best of good health.

"It was my privilege to bid you God-speed at a banquet in this hall less than two years ago. The hall that night was packed with soldiers. Tonight the letter 'D' formed by the tables is sufficient to seat those who have returned. One-third of you are back tonight; two-thirds are scattered. Many are buried in France, and there are thoughts of sadness here tonight.

"The country entered into a solemn obligation with you men that we would take care of those you left behind. We have done that, and we will continue to do it. There have been mistakes made in reference to insurance, allotments, etc., but all these things will sooner or later be straightened out. There are some dis-

crepancies in the war risk insurance law as enacted, but Congress will see to it that these are stricken out and that justice will be given every boy, and those dependent upon him."

Congressman Treadway paid tributes to General Edwards, Colonel Foote, Captain Slate and to the men in the ranks. He also paid a tribute to the wonderful work done by the women in the last two and a half years.

Holyoke's ranking army officer, Lieut. Col. Alfred F. Foote, gave some vivid impressions of what the 104th Infantry and especially the boys of Co. D did over there. He held his audience spellbound, not so much by his eloquence, but by the truths of his statements. He said in part as follows:

"We appreciate the welcome home given us by the country, by Massachusetts, and by our beloved city of Holyoke. When I see the 104th fading away there is a tug at my heartstrings. We are homesick and lonesome. All the joy of homecoming has a touch of sadness. We cannot forget the past. Everywhere we turn we see it. As I looked back over the company, coming up the hill to the City Hall it struck me hard to see the small handful of men we were bringing back compared with the 250 we took away. Some of those that were not in line are still living, but a lot of them are not. Some day when things get straightened out, I want to meet the fathers and mothers of Holyoke so I may tell them of what their boys did.

"It was wonderful to see these kids, as I call them, go up against the Boche, saying, 'I am a better man than you are.' At the Apremont front the 104th threw down the gauntlet and said, 'We are ready.' The enemy attacked, but they did not get through. I believe it was right there, one year ago this month, that the Boche first found the temper of the steel of the American soldier's bayonet. If you ever go to France, go to Vignon, on the road to St. Mihiel, where you will see sixty white crosses—your boys of Western Massachusetts, who held the Boche. Sixty of them made the supreme sacrifice then and there.

"The boys you sent out were willing to do anything, no matter what it was. There was but one thing that bothered them, 'Why stay here, let's go forward.' General Edwards wanted to send his division through, but the French High Command knew the time had not yet come. We went into Belleau Woods for ten days. It was hell. The boys will never forget it. The 104th lost 142 men just holding the Woods. No man will forget, who was there on the morning of the 18th of July, last year, when we were sent across the wheat fields, over into the valley near the railroad. The 104th taught the Boche we could do more than defend. We took the offensive. I told two or three non-commissioned officers that the next morning they were to have an opportunity to avenge the death of their comrades. Co. D went over the top at 4.25 that next morning, and I think there is not a man of Co. D but who is satisfied that revenge was taken. For five days it was attack after attack. At the end of five days, there were 2,000 casualties out of 3,200 men. General Edwards then wanted to get into the town of Epieds. He told me to go ahead with the 104th. We went that night. We brought out of Epieds a broken 104th. The regiment was re-established. In fact, the 26th Division was replaced four times in all.

"This impression was imbedded into the minds of all, 'that in this struggle for liberty, the individual counts for very little. If you or I or he dies it matters very little. It is how you or I or he dies that matters.'

"We are glad it is all over, as you are. We have known all the while you were behind us. We smoked your cigars, K. of C.; we ate your candy, Jewish Welfare Society; we ate your doughnuts, Salvation Army; we wore your socks,

Red Cross; we enjoyed your entertainments and danced with your girls, Y. M. C. A.; we took in the whole show."

Judge Thomas J. Lynch, representing Mayor John D. Ryan, spoke as follows:

"We all remember when Company D went away, brave, courageous and upright. They went away because civilization was at stake. They have more than made good. They surely have played a wonderfully big part in making the world safe for democracy.

"The touch of sadness is felt for those who are not coming back, but they hallowed the soil of France with noble sacrifice.

"Holyoke welcomes you boys back. The hearts of all of us swell up with pride for the deeds you have done. We wish you every success as you re-enter civilian life. Holyoke was always behind you. Holyoke has never failed in any undertaking. While you were across 'she was willing to do her part, and she did it well. There is still a finishing task ahead, to put over the Victory loan, but Holyoke will again do her full part and will 'finish the job.'"

Judge Lynch then read the following message from the mayor:

"Valiant soldiers, I wish to express to you the deep pride we feel in the fame and renown you have achieved on the battlefields of France. We watched your progress during the war and prayed for your success. You never failed. You did not disappoint our highest hopes and how truly can we say you fought a good fight. You have kept the faith.

"Holyoke is proud of her sons and the part they have taken in this war. In proportion to her population and resources, she has not been surpassed by any community in the country. Her sons in the army and navy have done their duty and her citizens, men and women at home, have never faltered in the obligations which they owe her.

"Two years have almost elapsed since you left our midst, strong, sturdy and courageous. Your ranks have become thinner, and many of your comrades have fallen by the way, having made the supreme sacrifice. They died for their country and what greater sacrifice could any man make than to offer his life on the altar of his country. 'Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori,' as the Latin poet has said, 'Sweet and beautiful to die for one's country.'

"We welcome you home and extend to you the hand of friendship and sincerity. You are to take your accustomed places among your fellow citizens who will ever be mindful of the great work you have done. The war is behind you and the lesson of loyalty and patriotism and the high ideals which have been impressed upon your minds are something that you can never lose. Selfishness never marked your paths. It was a patriotic duty that you undertook and you have the thanks of a grateful people.

"Veterans of the world war, young men, nevertheless veterans, you have nobly undergone all the trials, tribulations and sorrows in the performance of your duty. Indeed, you are the orators this evening, it matters little who may be the speakers. Holyoke will ever honor and cherish your brave and unselfish deeds."

Other speakers were: Rev. R. R. Wicks, who spent six months in France with the Y. M. C. A.; Dr. E. P. Bagg, Jr., representing the Holyoke Chapter of the American Red Cross; P. J. Hinds, representing the Holyoke Council, Knights of Columbus; William A. Morse, representing the Holyoke Y. M. C. A., and J. L. Barowsky, representing the Holyoke Jewish Welfare Board. Captain E. J. Slate, who left Holyoke as commander of Company D, and who came home as commander of the Supply Company of the regiment, said that he was proud of both his companies; Lieutenant Wallace A. Choquette, who left Holyoke as first lieu-

tenant of Company D, and who was transferred to the Tank Corps, and Lieutenant William McGarry, who left Holyoke as a sergeant of Company D, and who was promoted to a lieutenant in France.

Chairman Hayes read the following letter:

"It is a source of great regret that I cannot be with you tonight to welcome our boys who have done such valiant service for God and humanity. I remember well the dinner we gave them just before leaving. The enthusiasm of the affair and the confidence expressed in our men. That confidence was not misplaced, the men did their work. That for which they fought was won.

"JOSEPH A. SKINNER."

At the head table were the following guests: Congressman Treadway, Rev. R. R. Wicks, Frank B. Towne, Capt. Thomas Rae, Jr., Dr. George C. Roberts, John J. Lynch, William M. Hart, George A. Savoy, William J. Walsh, E. N. White, Thomas J. Lynch, Rev. J. C. Sycamore, Dr. E. P. Bagg, Jr., and William Hayes.

The aldermanic committee in charge of the affair was composed of Alderman Hayes, chairman; Aldermen P. J. Kane, David Matthews, Daniel E. Riley and William Skillings.

Lieut. Col. Alfred F. Foote, 26th Division Inspector; Capt. E. J. Slate, regimental supply officer, 104th Infantry; Lieut. Wallace A. Choquette, Tank Corps; Lieut. William H. McGarry, 104th Infantry; Color Sergt. Alfred A. Choquette, 104th Infantry; Sergt. Major Francis Dowd, 104th Infantry; Band Sergt. William Wruock, Headquarters, 104th Infantry.

Company D—Sergt. Andrew Birnie, Sergt. Archie Pairdee, Sergt. Richard Stapley, Mess Sergt. Albert Hotin, Sergt. Henry LeGrand, Corp. Walter Scott, Corp. Harold C. Burnett, Corp. Howard Lancour, Corp. Joseph Dion, Corp. Albert L'Heureux, Corp. Isadore Hooper, Corp. Henry Brown, Corp. Byron Squires, Sergt. E. J. Gorham, Bugler Edward J. Fay, Bugler George Boldway; Privates Ernest Roy, Raymond Therrien, Herman Gagnon, Frank Lucey, Alfred Laplante, Henry Richard, George A. Hooker, Hector Fountain, Joseph O'Connor, John O'Connor, Raymond Cray, Romeo Sawyer, Alfred Cliche, Louis Chevalier, Wilfred Lavallee, Paul Stec, Thomas Collins, Stephen Musante, Philip Daunheimer, Arthur Breen, William F. Murray, Thomas J. Kennedy, Raymond Fuller, Jeremiah Dillon, Robert A. Sheehan, Timothy Flaherty, Walter Mevas, Adam Kronick, William Lyons, Frank J. Bowe, Albert F. Leoffler, Fred Glens, Alfred Brouillett.

Co. B, 104th Infantry—Private Rene Chretien.

Co. C, 101st Engineers (26th Division)—Corp. Frank A. Mittler, Mechanic Euclde Baillargeon, Privates Charles O. Friedrich, Michael J. Lynch and Andrew C. Goddu.

Decorations Matter of Luck

Major General Robert Alexander, commanding the Liberty Division, says that being decorated is a matter of luck. He said:

"Being decorated is largely a matter of luck. If you happen to do something and someone sees you and tells on you, then you stand a good chance of getting a decoration.

"But if you do something and no one sees you and there is no one to tell on you, then you are out of luck and the chances are against your getting a decoration.

"I believe that more men than I would care to number are worthy of decorations; but were out of luck."

General Edwards' Farewell

General Edwards' farewell to his men of the 26th Division:

"From the earliest days of colonial history there has been a peculiar psychology and morale deep rooted in the New England character—a morale exemplified by a love of liberty and a sense of justice; a psychology which has run unbroken through the annals of the six states from which your division has been recruited.

"The spirit that first brought the colonial fathers to your shores was indomitable in 1776. At Lexington your forefathers dropped their early avocations in the cause of freedom. In '61 your fathers in the 6th Massachusetts Infantry, responded to Lincoln's call for volunteers and on the 19th of April the first blood in the Civil War was shed on the streets of Baltimore by men of Massachusetts.

"When in this world crisis the call to arms blazoned forth, the same characteristics, which have ever made New England a Rock of Gibraltar for any righteous cause, flowered forth.

"The men of the 26th Division who went overseas carried with them the traditions of more than two centuries of stern purpose, and you who have now returned bring back untarnished the reputation bequeathed by your fathers. I am but a grandson of New England by birth and I can therefore with propriety say without prejudice to you and to the people of these six states who are assembled here today to see you that the blood of New England has not attenuated. You men here have brought back reputations which will shed upon the history of your states a glory which even '76 and '61 cannot dim.

"I cannot adequately express in words the depths of my feelings in parting from you, nor the pride that it gives me to turn you back once more to those who sent you forth on your world errand and to whose arms I now commend you.

"I bid you farewell as soldiers, true and tried, and I wish you Godspeed on your career as civilians in the republic whose history you have adorned and beautified by your deeds of heroism and sacrifice across the seas.

"To one and all of you, my stout-hearted lads of the 26th, I say goodbye and God bless you!"

General Cole's Farewell

TO THE OFFICERS AND MEN OF THE 52D INFANTRY BRIGADE:

You are tried veterans of the greatest war in history. Your courageous deeds are engraved on the tablets of your country's fame.

As long as these United States shall endure, your honor and glory shall be sung whenever the immortal names of Chemin des Dames, Apremont, Xivray, Bois de Belleau, Torcy, Etrépilly Plateau, Chateau-Thierry, St. Mihiel, Riaville, Verdun, Meuse-Argonne are spoken or written.

Our heroic dead lie in glorious France as our silent, sacred testimony that we have kept the faith.

The ideals for which you fought will ever serve as an inspiration of loyalty and patriotism to the youth of America.

With a sadness that is indescribable, but with a heart beating with honor, pride and pleasure in your achievements, I bid you goodbye, confident that in civic affairs you will make as absolutely and everlasting good as you did in battle.

May God keep and bless you.

General Hale's Farewell

Maj.-Gen. Harry C. Hale gave out the following statement:

"In response to a request from the press for a brief expression of appreciation of the 26th Division upon the eve of its demobilization, I take pleasure in saying that from the moment of my assumption of command to the present I have been loyally supported by the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the division in my efforts in its behalf.

"Beginning with an impersonal interest, due solely to a sense of duty, I have come to possess a personal regard for the Yankee Division and a personal desire for its success.

"It is with a feeling of satisfaction, therefore, that I see the division in its last days conducting itself so worthily, and it is with no disloyalty to my own, the 'Lincoln Division,' where my affection lies deeply rooted, that I say goodbye to the 26th Division with a sincere feeling of respect, good-will and friendship.

"HARRY C. HALE,

"Major General, U. S. Army.

Two Reviews---1865-1919

Back through the misty years, over a full half-century and more, to the days of the Grand Review of '65, the minds of a scattered handful of veterans go wandering today. They are veterans of another war, fought, not on foreign soil, but here at home—a war waged in the cause of downtrodden humanity, as this last war was waged.

The Grand Review! What memories the words recall.

The great review of the 26th Division lasted but a few hours; the Grand Review of '65 lasted two days. In 1919 18,000 men marched; in '65 full 200,000 were in line. In 1919 there were but few horses; in '65 there were nearly 10,000. In 1919, no mighty guns; in '65 the artillery of two powerful armies.

First, on May 23, the Army of the Potomac, Gen. George G. Meade riding at its head, moved majestically down Pennsylvania avenue, past the Treasury building, and then along the flag-bedecked stand on the White House grounds, where President Johnson, General Grant and other notable leaders stood to review. The whole army was there, nearly 130,000 men with scores of rumbling batteries and regiment after regiment of cavalry.

Next day came Sherman's host, the army that had made the famous "march to the sea" through Georgia, and had fought the Carolinas campaign. His "bummers" or foragers were there, their saddles and mule wagons loaded with provisions they had gathered through the countryside. And at the rear of each regiment flocked groups of negro refugees, who had joined the army in its march to the sea, and had followed it to freedom.

Those who marched in that Grand Review, and those who witnessed it, never will forget. The Grand Review of 1865 will live forever in history.

New England Always First

Minute Men of Massachusetts fired the shot heard 'round the world April 19, 1775, offering the first resistance to British forces in the Revolution.

The 6th Massachusetts Infantry was the first Northern regiment to shed its blood on Southern soil in '61, encountering a mob while passing through Baltimore in answer to Lincoln's call for troops to guard the capital.

The 2d Massachusetts Infantry was first of the National Guard regiments, with the 71st New York, on the firing line in Cuba.

The 26th Division was the first American unit organized as a division in the United States and transported complete to France; and it engaged in the first two battles in which Americans fought without the support of French infantry.

Then--and--Now

Just a year ago today
 Who could hold the German line?
 Now the two-base hit is booming
 In a pasture on the Rhine.
 Just a year ago this morning
 Prussian Guards were all alert.
 Now they're yelling "Slide" in Coblenz
 As the doughboy hits the dirt.

When the doughboy hits the dirt
 With the Rhine mud on his shirt—
 And a year ago this morning they were winning;
 Now they stand by in a daze
 As we pull off double plays
 In a land that never knew a "seventh inning."

Just a year ago today
 Who could check the Prussian blow?
 Now they're beating out a single
 Where the goose-step used to grow;
 Just a year ago this morning
 They were swarming into France;
 Now we're yelling "Make 'im hit it!"
 Where the Uhlan swung his lance.

Where the Uhlan swung his lance
 For another drive in France,
 Oh, a year ago they revelled in the clover
 Now they wonder what we mean
 When some doughboy ducks his bean
 While the clan is yelping loudly,
 "Get it over!"

—GRANTLAND RICE.

Holyoke World War Veterans' Association

On February 21, 1919, a meeting of honorably discharged service men was held in the State Armory, Holyoke, Mass. The meeting was not very well attended, but the men present were an enthusiastic bunch of workers and Major W. J. Crosier of the Spanish War Veterans' Association proposed that the service men present form an organization to include all honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines who had served in the war against the Central Powers. Comrade Michael Scannell of the Spanish War Veterans' Association was chosen chairman pro tem. Resolutions were adopted that the organization about to be formed should be along the lines of comradeship and mutual help, all ex-service men, soldiers, sailors and marines to be eligible for membership whether they had served in this country or abroad during the war with the Central Powers, and whether they had served in the United States Army or Navy or in the armies or navies of our allies.

An election of officers was then held. William J. Foley, 293 Chestnut street, Holyoke, and William Stewart, 52 Franklin street, were unanimously elected president and secretary respectively. The election of a full board of officers was deferred so that others may be chosen as the organization progressed and its needs demanded.

Motion carried that Major W. J. Crosier, Sergt. Melvin Snow and Comrade Michael Scannell of the United Spanish War Veterans' Association, be invited to co-operate in the work of organization.

Motion carried that meetings be held until further notice in the Armory every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m.

At a meeting held in the State Armory Tuesday, March 18, 1919, Frank E. Shea was elected commander of the Holyoke World War Veterans' Association; Frederick Childs, Sr., vice-commander, and William Stewart, adjutant.

At a meeting held in the State Armory Tuesday, March 25, 1919, the following officers were added to the board: Junior vice-commander, James O'Donnell; quartermaster, James Stalker; paymaster, John Gordon; officer of the day, Frank L. Connor; officer of the guard, Michael Joseph Donoghue. The organization is progressing rapidly, and at date of writing this story, April 29, 1919, it now numbers 580 members.

Many of the members have served with distinction on the battlefields of Flanders, and each and every member of the organization has been a link in the chain which helped carry forward to a successful conclusion the war against the Central Powers.

A band has now been organized, and I feel confident in predicting a great future for the Holyoke World War Veterans' Association.

Many of the Company D men, "Holyoke's Own," have been added to our membership, and Lieut. Col. A. F. Foote has forwarded to the organization a letter assuring us of his active interest and willingness to help in any possible way.

WILLIAM STEWART, Adjutant.

Holyoke Ex-Service Men's Association

With the spirit which so fittingly characterized the Fifth Victory Liberty Loan, "Sure, We'll Finish the Job," Holyoke assumed its responsibility during the days of demobilization and the beginning of the period of reconstruction in an heroic and common sense manner.

The signing of the armistice necessarily brought temporary industrial depression. The cry for "jobs" was heard on all sides by the returning soldiers. At once it was evident that no better service could be rendered our discharged soldiers than that of putting them again in some kind of economic employment.

The Mayor of Holyoke, Hon. John D. Ryan, appointed a Citizens' Committee with George A. Savoy, Chairman; Major W. J. Crosier, Vice-Chairman, Lee H. Brow, Secretary; John M. James, Treasurer; John J. Lynch, Peter J. Hinds and John M. James, Housing Committee. In addition to the above, several public-spirited people served on the General Committee. The committee organized what is known as the Holyoke ex-Service Men's Association. The Housing Committee secured rooms in P. J. Meany's Block, 343 High street, where headquarters were opened. William Stewart, an ex-service man, was engaged to be secretary in charge of the rooms. Up to the time of this writing, Mr. Stewart has been ably assisted by Arthur Beaudry, Jeremiah J. Dowd, and Henry C. Dowd.

From the first the rooms have been the mecca for discharged soldiers, sailors and marines. Mr. Stewart in his own splendid way has been like a "Daddy" to hundreds of Holyoke's returned service men.

The splendid spirit of unselfish co-operation on the part of the City of Holyoke, the Red Cross, the Young Women's Christian Association, the Knights of Columbus, the Young Men's Christian Association, scores of individuals and many business concerns makes possible the basis of the following detailed report, which covers the period from March 5, 1919 to April 28, 1919. The reader is asked to bear in mind that it is impossible to record every act of service.

Steady employment secured for 195 men.

Temporary employment secured for 90 men.

Free beds secured for 80 men.

Three men placed in furnished rooms.

Meals provided free to 225 men.

Transportation given to 60 men.

Clothing provided for 54 men.

Soldiers' families assisted and made self supporting.

Fifty men were aided in taking up with the government matters pertaining to allotments, insurance and Liberty Bonds.

Four hundred and twenty-five men were assisted in getting the \$60.00 War Bonus.

The foregoing indicates something of the answer the Holyoke ex-Service Men's Committee made to the passing need brought about as the result of the close of the war. At the time this is written the work is progressing to the growing satisfaction of the community. The city of Holyoke has authorized the existence of the association until the last man is at work again. Holyoke's record in the World War is one hundred per cent American, and is no less so during these days of new opportunity. Holyoke is justly proud of all her service men and through such agencies as the ex-Service Men's Association is endeavoring and with great success to show her appreciation for the valiant services so faithfully done.

—LEE H. BROW, Secretary.

What They Thought of the 26th Division

In glorious fragments of the glorious story of the 26th Division—United States Army—the “Yankee Division”—New England’s Own—“First to Fight”—has, indeed, been told. Its brave achievements and the part it played in the winning of victory were too great and too vital long to remain in obscurity. Yet the news as carried by cable, under the censorship, necessarily was vague and inadequate as to many particulars. In fact it omitted whole chapters—or the true significance of whole chapters—of the 26th’s career in the fighting in France.

Specifically considered, the series of papers attached comprises no more than the citations of praise won by the Yankee Division as a whole, by the larger units of which, at various times, it formed a part, and by the constituent units of the Division itself. As such, however, it will be found to offer a fairly connected story and at all times a deeply revealing and compelling story of the activities and exploits of the Division down all the bright but hard-fought and even terrible road of its travel from the day when, in the middle of March, it left the command of General de Maud’huy of the Eleventh French Army Corps, under whom, for 46 days, it had been brigaded, and under whom it saw its first actual fighting, on through the brilliant brushes at Nivray and Seicheprey, and the smashing blows at Chateau-Thierry, when Foch began the victorious Allied offensive, and the American troops first became known for their full power, down to the part which the Division played in the sweeping reduction of the St. Mihiel salient and in operations on the north of Verdun.

A RECORD RICH IN SIGNIFICANCE.

And if most of the papers are strictly citations, these are not unaccompanied by orders of the day, by letters and comment of high commanding generals, and by marginal notations, which richly complete the record. But this record, whether official or private, is, from beginning to end, a chant of praise, and of praise not from the American officers only, but also and in particular from the French command. In this connection it will be admitted that praise from the victors of the first battle of the Marne, when France stood almost alone against the brunt of the German forces, to the co-victors of the second battle of the Marne, when France had all civilization gratefully in arms at her side, is praise, indeed.

In the course of the heroic tale many important new points and much new contributory evidence are brought out concerning the operations of all the armies. For instance, General Passaga’s order of June 18, suggests very conclusively that even at that date the Allies’ resolve to take the offensive in the near future was already fixed. And of absorbing interest is the explanation given by General Blodiat, on October 5, of the fact that, although the American press after the success in the St. Mihiel sector was full of prognostications, grounded upon the news from the front, of a tremendous attack upon Metz, no such attack ever developed. As it now appears, the whole movement toward the big German stronghold was nothing more or less than a strategic feint.

PREVIOUS HISTORY OF THE DIVISION.

Before coming at once to the documents themselves, it will, perhaps, be worth while to pause for but one thing else, and that is a quick review of the movements of the 26th Division from the days when it was formed, soon after the American declaration of war, to the date when the narrative of the citations begins. Assembled, drilled and roughly prepared in New England, being largely composed, indeed, of former militia units of the New England States, the Division set sail for France, under the command of Major-General Clarence R. Edwards, at various dates during the month of September, 1917. Most of its units were disembarked at the port of Saint Nazaire, and all were in France by an early day in October.

Immediately after arrival they were assembled southwest of Nancy with headquarters at Neufchateau, and there they remained, undergoing all manner of training and instruction, until February 1, 1918. It was then that they were disposed along the Toul sector, and brigaded under the command of General de Maud'huy, as before stated. There they had their initial experience of actual combat, and there they first met the Boche, although for a time at least parts of the Division were also posted along the Chemin des Dames.

Shortly before the beginning of the German spring offensive, on March 18, they were withdrawn to their old training and rest billets near Neufchateau, for their normal period of relief; but with the onset of Ludendorf's first victorious rushes in Picardy they were immediately ordered back, after only two or three days in cantonments, to the active defence of the Toul sector, where they had formerly been engaged. It was for the period of service concluded just before this unexpected incident in the Division's life that General de Maud'huy will be found expressing his thanks in the first of the official citations which now ensue.

GODSON LEAVES GODFATHER.

The 26th Division, U. S. A., served under General de Maud'huy, whose corps was a part of the 6th French Army, for 46 days, from the 1st of February, 1918. The whole Division was in the general's line, distributed throughout his various divisions, and all had contact with the enemy.

H. Q., March 15, 1918.

11th Army Corps
Staff—1st Bureau.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 7.

We regret that our comrades of the 26th Division should leave us in order to fulfill their task elsewhere.

We have been able to appreciate their bravery, their sense of duty and discipline, also their frank comradeship; they carry away our unanimous regrets.

General Edwards has been pleased to consider the 11th Corps as godfather to the 26th Division; the 11th Corps feels proud of the awarded honor, being sure that, wherever he may be sent, the godson shall do credit to the godfather.

L. GENERAL DE MAUD'HUY,

Commandant le 11me Corps d'Armee.

REGIMENTAL HONORS FOR THE 104TH.

This citation from General Passaga, of the Eighth French Army, resulted in the decoration of the colors of the 104th Infantry with the Croix de Guerre, as well as 117 men of the 104th Infantry.

H. Q., April 26th, 1918.

32d Army Corps
Staff.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 737A.

General Passaga, in command of the 32d Army Corps, mentions in the Army Corps' dispatches:

104th Infantry Regiment, U. S. A., under command of Colonel G. H. Shelton:

"For greatest fighting spirit and self-sacrifice during action of April 10th, 12th and 13th, 1918. Suffering from heavy bombardments and attacked by very strong German forces, succeeded in preventing their dangerous advance, and with greatest energy reconquered at the point of the bayonet the few ruined trenches which had been abandoned at the first onset, at the same time making prisoners."

GENERAL PASAGA,

Commanding 32d Army Corps.

THE 101ST RAIDS CAMP DU MOULIN.

This order of General Gerard expresses his congratulations to the 101st Infantry and other detachments of the 26th Division in the first raid of much magnitude in the Toul sector, which was a distinct success.

Army H. Q., June 8, 1918.

Staff—3rd Bureau.
VIIIth Army

SERVICE MEMORANDUM.

The Commanding General of the VIIIth Army is happy to pronounce the success of the raid on the Camp du Moulin, carried out during the night of May 30-31, 1918, by the 101st Regiment of American Infantry.

He requests the Commanding General of the 32d Army Corps to forward his congratulations for this operation, as well planned as it was energetically conducted. True Copy sent to Commanding General of the 26th American Division.

Signed: GENERAL GERARD.

32d Army Corps
Staff—3rd Bureau.

True Copy sent to: Commanding General of the 26th American Division.

The Commanding General of the 32d Army Corps is happy to forward the congratulations of the Commanding General of the VIIIth Army to the Commanding General of the 26th American Division.

H. Q., June 9, 1918.

By Order of the Chief of Staff.

Signed: E. MANGIN.

XIVRAY LOST—AND WON!

This citation refers to the attack of the Germans on Xivray-Marvoisin. Three platoons of the 103d Infantry, the Maine-New Hampshire Regiment, not only repulsed the attack but also gained about 50 prisoners, and practically wiped out 600 or 700 of the enemy. Our troops were outnumbered about five or six to one.

VIIIth Army

Army H. Q., June 17, 1918.

Staff—3rd Bureau.

SERVICE MEMORANDUM.

In the course of a powerful raid carried out on June 16, about three o'clock, against the sector of the 26th American Division, the Germans penetrated the village of Xivray, which was evacuated by our combat group; everywhere else they were thrown back by the determined defence of the occupants, who stuck to their positions.

Shortly afterwards, a counter-attack, vigorously carried out by elements from two American battalions, drove the Germans out of Xivray, leaving in our hands several prisoners, including an officer.

The Commanding General of the VIIIth Army is happy to acknowledge the fine conduct of the American units in the course of this action; the spirit of initiative and general grasp of the situation shown by the decisions of the commanders; the stubbornness in defending and sharpness in attacking shown by the participants.

The Commanding General of the 32d Army Corps will be so good as to forward the compliments of the Commanding General of the Army to the Commanding General of the 26th American Division, requesting the latter to congratulate, in the name of the Commanding General of the Army, the officers and men who took part in the action, for the fine soldierly qualities of which they have given proof.

GENERAL GERARD.

32d Army Corps

Staff—3rd Bureau.

True Copy sent to Commanding General the 26th American Division.

In forwarding the above Service Memorandum from the Commanding General of the VIIIth Army, the Commanding General of the 32d Army Corps is happy to add his personal congratulations which, moreover, are the subject of General Order No. 131, forwarded to all the troops under his command.

H. Q., June 18, 1918.

By Order of the Chief of Staff.

Signed: E. MANGIN.

SEICHEPREY—JUNE 18 FORETELLS JULY 18.

*This order is self-explanatory and refers to the 103d Infantry, the Maine and New Hampshire Regiment.

Headquarters, June 18, 1918.

VIIIth Army

32d Army Corps

Staff—3rd Bureau.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 131.

On June 16, a strong detachment of 600 Germans, previously selected, reinforced by units from an assault battalion, attacked at daylight, the front line of

the 26th American Division, at Xivray, and between Xixray and Seicheprey. The enemy was everywhere thrown back by immediate counter-attacks, leaving numerous dead on the terrain and 10 prisoners, including one officer.

This brilliant action does the greatest honor to the 26th Division, and particularly to the 103d Regiment, Colonel Hume commanding.

This operation shows the unquestionable superiority of the American soldier over the German soldier. It also gives an idea of all that may be expected of these magnificent troops when the Entente, in its turn, takes the offensive.

GENERAL PASSAGA,

Commanding the 32d Army Corps.

Signed: PASSAGA.

Official: The Chief of Staff.

Sgd., Mangin.

PERSHING ADDS HIS PRAISE.

This is General Pershing's citation of the brilliant work of the 103d Infantry, the Maine and New Hampshire Regiment, Colonel Hume, which was commanded by General Passaga.

General Headquarters,
American Expeditionary Forces,
Office of the Chief of Staff.

June 20, 1918.

From: Commander-in-chief

To: Commanding General, 26th Division.

Subject: 103d Regiment.

1. I am directed by the commander-in-chief to inform you that he has noted with sincere appreciation the excellent work of the 103d Regiment of your Division, which inflicted severe losses in killed, wounded and prisoners in repelling the strong raid attempted by the enemy on the morning of June 16, 1918, on the Xivray sector.

J. W. McANDREWS,

Chief of Staff.

PASSAGA BIDS THE DIVISION FAREWELL.

The good-by general order of citation for the three months' work of the Division in the Toul sector with the 32d French Army Corps:

Headquarters, June 27, 1918.

VIIIth Army

32d Army Corps

Staff—3rd Bureau.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 133.

At the moment when the 26th Division of Infantry of the United States is leaving the 32d French Corps, I salute its colors and thank it for the splendid service it has rendered here to the common cause.

Under the distinguished command of their chief, General Edwards, the high-spirited soldiers of the "Yankee Division" have taught the enemy some bitter lessons, at Bois Brule, at Seicheprey, at Xivray-Marvoisin; they have taught him to

realize the staunch vigor of the sons of the Great Republic, fighting for the world's freedom.

My heartiest good wishes will accompany the "Yankee Division" always in its future combats.

GENERAL PASSAGA,

Commanding the 32d Army Corps.

Signed: PASSAGA.

THE 26TH TAKES UP A "CRITICAL SECTOR."

This order was issued just as the Division took over the Chateau-Thierry sector, with the knowledge of serious work ahead, as they anticipated the break through that came afterwards.

Headquarters, 26th Division.

American Expeditionary Forces.

France, July 11, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 60.

1. At the moment that the 26th Division takes up its position on its third sector in three months it is fitting and proper that the Division commander should take this opportunity to thank and congratulate the officers and men of the Yankee Division on the record that they have achieved since the Division actively took its place in the fighting lines of the Allies for the common cause.

2. You have been taken from a sector where, in three battles, you have shown that the blood of New England has not attenuated and that the same spirit and traditions which your forefathers made glorious at Lexington and at Bunker Hill still survive in the generation which, at Bois Brule, Seicheprey, Humbert Plantation and Xivray have met and defeated the picked troops of the enemy. His four years of experience in active warfare and the ferocity of his methods have not daunted you, and on every occasion where you have been called upon to face him you have distinguished yourself with notable valor and brought credit upon your Division and upon the people of New England, from which you have come to engage in this righteous conflict.

3. A great honor has been conferred upon the whole Division, in that the French and American high command has at this time picked your Division to come into this critical sector. That you have been so hurried to this sector is the evidence to you all of the opinion of the high command of the mettle of which this Division is constituted.

4. The past months in battle have brought men and officers into that close union of confidence and affection which has resulted in the growing morale of this Division. Looking back on the past four months with its spotless record and known achievements which have been recognized by both France and America, it is with unqualified faith in the future and pride of the past that I see the 26th Division go into a new sector, certain in my conviction that the men of New England will prove once more that they are capable of every effort and every sacrifice which the future may demand of them.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding.

DEGOUTTE DESCRIBES CHATEAU-THIERRY.

American Expeditionary Forces,
France, July 28, 1918.

The following is General Degoutte's marginal comment given to the French press after the advance of the 26th Division at Chateau-Thierry in the second battle of the Marne.

If one wants to judge the offensive spirit which animates the Americans and their tactical methods, one has only to follow in the beginning of our counter-attack between Chateau-Thierry and Soissons.

It was on the 18th at 4 a. m. that the order to take the first line of German positions was received. The American division, whose movements we will relate, was at that time northwest of Chateau-Thierry, in the Bois de Belleau, at the pivot of the Degoutte army. This division was made up of a division which took part in the operations of Belleau and Bouresches, and it wanted to distinguish itself as well as those elite troops. But the divisions placed at the pivot have to advance slowly, according to the progress made by the wings.

On the very first day it was necessary to moderate the ardor of the Americans, who would willingly have gone farther than the first objectives. Indeed, at the signal of the attack, the American troops went with perfect discipline, in rear of the artillery barrage, to the Torcy-Belleau-Givry line, and the railroad line up to the Bouresches station. They reached this line in one sweep, almost without meeting resistance, and, excited by their success, they wanted to go farther.

However, it was necessary, before continuing the general advance, to take Monthiers and the Petret Wood, still strongly occupied by the Germans. There was hard fighting on the part of the French troops on the left to annihilate the resistance of the enemy.

In order to relieve them the Americans on the evening of the 20th made an enveloping manoeuvre which was crowned with success. With splendid valiance they went in one sweep as far as Etrepilly height, the Gonetrie Farm and Halmar-diére. It was a model surprise attack, and it was a revelation of American audacity. Notwithstanding the machine gun barrage and the enemy's islands of resistance, they advanced for two kilometers, capturing three guns, a big minenwerfer and numerous machine guns. Moreover, two hundred prisoners were taken by the Americans.

"I could not have done better in a similar occasion with my best troops," commented General Degoutte, upon learning of this fine American success.

The Germans then found themselves in such a disfavorable position in Monthiers that they had to begin a retreat.

On the 21st the whole German line was in retreat, and the Chateau-Thierry-Soissons highway was reached. The Americans were cleaning the ground and vigorously pursued the enemy's rear guard.

On the 22d, a battalion (the 102d Machine Gun Battalion) of Americans occupied Epieds. There was hard fighting in the village, and the enemy opened a violent barrage fire. The fight was in open country, and on that day it was not possible to take the village entirely. Rather than to sustain heavy losses, the commander of the American Division preferred to take his troops to the rear. It was necessary, if the difficulty was to be overcome, to start the surrounding movement again, and on the 23d the Americans sought to enter the Trugny Wood, south of

Épieds. The Germans strongly opposed this attempt and counter-attacked with energy, but they learned at their expense what American tenacity is. Stopped once in the manoeuvre, the Americans occupied the fringe of the wood on the 24th, entered it deliberately, took a whole company of German pioneers and continued their advance with such fury that about 3 p. m. they were at the fringe of the Fere Woods, and on the same evening had reached the road from Fere-en-Tardenois to Jaulgonne.

This American division has, therefore, realized, in three days an advance of as much as 17 kilometers at certain points, fighting continuously, night and day, and displaying the finest military qualities. All the liaison services worked perfectly, both at the right and left wings and between the units of the division. A discipline which caused the Germans to wonder and admire animated the attacking troops. They were marching with their officers at the head of the column and their bodyguards on the flanks, as the French troops. The German prisoners were astonished. "We do not see often those who command us," they declared to their captors; "you're lucky; like the French, you are led to the fight by your officers." The French and American high commands work during the action in as close a harmony as the troops.

The general commanding the division in question is a leader of men, broad-minded, precise in his orders, of practical mind, who, from the first moment, dealt with the problems raised by the operations under way with a mastery which cost dear to the enemy.

These days from the 18th to the 25th give a new and emphatic proof of what the alliance of France and the United States can do on a battlefield.

EDWARDS PRAISED, GIVES PRAISE.

Here follows General Edwards's own review of the activities of his Division in the second battle of the Marne:

Headquarters, 26th Division,
A. E. F., France,
August 2, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 67.

To the Officers and Men of the 26th Division:

On July 18 you entered, as part of the Allied drive against the enemy, upon the offensive, and continued the offensive combat until the major portion of the command was relieved on July 25.

On the assumption of the offensive your position in the line demanded an important and difficult manoeuvre. Your success in this was immediate and great, and the way in which you executed it elicited high praise from the French army commander. The eight days from July 18 to 25, marking the first great advance against the enemy, in which American troops bore proportionately a considerable share, are sure of historical setting. Your part therein can never be forgotten. In those eight days you carried your line as far as any part of the advance was carried, Torcy, Belleau, Givry, the Bouresches Woods, Rochet Woods, Hill 190, overlooking Chateau-Thierry, Etrepilly, Épieds, Trugny and, finally, Le Fere Woods and the objective, the Jaulgonne-Fere-en-Tardenois road, belong to your arms. You are the recipient of praise, thanks and congratulations of our commander-in-chief. You went, unafraid, into the face of the enemy's fire; you forced him to

withdraw before you, or to accept the alternative of hand-to-hand combat, in which you proved yourselves morally and physically his superior; you gave freely and gave much of your strength, and of your blood and your lives, until pushed beyond mere physical endurance, fighting night and day, you still forced yourselves forward, sustained almost by spirit alone.

These things are now part of your own consciousness. Nothing can detract from them. Nothing that I can say can add to them. But I can testify in this way to my pride in commanding such troops, so capable of achieving success in every undertaking; and this testimony I give to each of you gladly and with deep gratitude.

C. R. EDWARDS,

Major General Commanding.

SOLE BAR BETWEEN THE HUN AND PARIS.

The following memoranda express the deep appreciation of the French people of the protection given them by the 26th Division, which has been credited with having kept the Germans from reaching Paris. The service was the more conspicuous because the whole energy of the Division was exerted at a time when there were no reserves behind, between it and Paris.

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, August 3, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 68.

1. The division commander publishes for the information of all concerned two memoranda and an official letter from the commanding general, 6th Army, which are self-explanatory.

P. C., July 26, 1918.

6th Army
Staff—3rd Bureau.
No. 2283-3.

MEMORANDUM.

The President of the Republic, during a visit to the 6th Army, expressed his satisfaction over the results obtained as well as the proofs of valor and endurance shown by all the units of the army.

The commanding general of the 6th Army takes pleasure in communicating to the troops of his army the congratulations of the President of the Republic.

GENERAL DEGOUTTE.

P. C., July 26, 1918.

6th Army
Staff—3rd Bureau.
No. 2284-3.

MEMORANDUM.

The commanding general of the 6th Army brings to the attention of the troops of the army the following address received from the mayors of the arrondissement of Meaux, in meeting assembled, on the 20th of July, 1918.

The mayors of the arrondissement of Meaux, in meeting assembled, on the 20th of July, 1918, are happy to acknowledge the great victory of the 6th Army which, as at the time of the battle of the Marne, has just saved their commune from the invasion which was threatening them.

Send to the valiant troops of the 6th Army the most earnest expression of their gratitude and admiration.

The President of the Congress of Mayors,

G. HUGEL,

Mayor of Meaux.

Deputy from the Department of Seine and Marne.

The commanding general of the 6th Army takes pleasure in transmitting these congratulations to the troops of his army.

General Degoutte.

H. Q., July 29, 1918.

6th Army

No. 2353-3.

From: General Degoutte, Commanding the 6th Army.

To: General Edwards, Commanding the 26th American Division.

The operations carried out by the 26th American Division from July 18 to July 24 demonstrated the fine soldierly qualities of this unit and the worth of its leader, General Edwards.

Co-operating in the attack north of the Marne, the 26th Division fought brilliantly on the line Torcy-Belleau, at Monthiers, Epieds and Trugny and in the Forest of Fere, advancing more than 15 kilometers in depth in spite of the desperate resistance of the enemy.

I take great pleasure in communicating to General Edwards and his valiant Division this expression of my great esteem, together with my heartiest congratulations for the manner in which they have served the common cause.

DEGOUTTE.

By Command of Major-General Edwards,

W. S. BOWEN.

Lieutenant-Colonel, G. S.,

Acting Chief of Staff.

Official:

C. A. Stevens,

Adjutant-General.

Adjutant.

AFTER TWENTY DAYS OF TRIUMPH.

This order relates to the advance of the 26th, 42nd and 4th Divisions.

P. C., Aug. 9, 1918.

6th Army

GENERAL ORDER.

Before the great offensive of July 18, the American troops forming a part of the 6th French Army distinguished themselves by taking from the enemy the Bois

de la Brigade de Marine and the village of Vaux, stopping his offensive on the Marne and at Fossoy.

Since then they have taken a most glorious part in the second battle of the Marne, rivaling the French troops in ardor and gallantry. In twenty days of incessant fighting they liberated numerous French villages and made, over difficult terrain, an advance of 40 kilometers which carried them beyond the Vesle.

Their glorious advance is marked by names which, in the future, will make illustrious the military history of the United States: Torcy, Belleau, Plateau of Etrepilly, Epieds, le Charmel, the Ourcq, Seringes-et-Nesles, Sergy, the Vesle, and Fismes.

The new divisions, under fire for the first time, showed themselves worthy of the old fighting traditions of the regular army. They had the same ardent desire to whip the Boche, and that discipline which always insures the carrying out of orders of their commander, whatever be the difficulties to be overcome, or the sacrifices to be made.

The magnificent results obtained are due to the energy and skilfulness of their commanders and to the bravery of the soldiers.

I am proud to have commanded such troops.

The Commanding General of the 6th Army.

Signed: DEGOUTTE.

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, Sept. 15, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 77.

The following letter is published for the information of all those concerned:

Rupt-en-Woevre, Sept. 3, 1918.

Sir:—Your gallant 26th American Division has just set us free.

Since September, 1914, the barbarians have held the Heights of the Meuse, have foully murdered three hostages from Mouilly, have shelled Rupt, and, on July 23, 1915, forced its inhabitants to scatter to the four corners of France.

I, who remain at my little listening post upon the advice of my bishop, feel certain, sir, that I do but speak for Monseigneur Ginisty, Lord Bishop of Verdun, my parishioners of Rupt, Mouilly and Genicourt, and the people of this vicinity in conveying to you and your associates the heartfelt and unforgettable gratitude of all.

Several of your comrades lie at rest in our truly Christian and French soil.

Their ashes shall be cared for as if they were our own. We shall cover their graves with flowers and shall kneel by them as their own families would do, with a prayer to God to reward with eternal glory these heroes fallen on the field of honor and to bless the 26th Division and generous America.

Be pleased, Sir, to accept the expression of my profound respect.

A. LECLERC,

Cure of Rupt-en-Woevre.

By Command of Major General Edwards.

DUNCAN K. MAJOR, JR.,

Chief of Staff.

Official:

C. A. Stevens,
Adjutant-General.
Adjutant.

NOTE—Rupt-en-Woevre was the advance Post of Command of the 26th Division during the battle of St. Mihiel, where the 26th Division broke through Les Eparges.

IN THE FIRST ARMY'S FIRST BATTLE.

During the battle for the reduction of the St. Mihiel salient, referred to below, the 26th Division was in the 5th American Corps, and the 1st American Army.

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces,
September 18, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 79.

1. The following telegrams from the President of the United States, the commander-in-chief of the Allied Armies, and the commander-in-chief of the American Expeditionary Forces, are published to the command:

Washington, September 14, 1918.

General John J. Pershing,
American Expeditionary Forces, France.

Accept my warmest congratulations on the brilliant achievements of the army under your command. The boys have done what we expected of them and done it in the way we most admire. We are deeply proud of them and of their chief. Please convey to all concerned my grateful and affectionate thanks.

(Signed) WOODROW WILSON.

Commanding General,
First Army.

September 14, 1918.

My Dear General:

The First American Army under your command on this first day has won a magnificent victory by a manoeuvre as skilfully prepared as it was valiantly executed. I extend to you as well as to the officers and to the troops under your command my warmest compliments.

(Signed) MARSHAL FOCH.

September 15, 1918.

Commanding General,
Fifth Corps.

Please extend to the officers and men of the Fifth Corps my sincere congratulations for the part they have taken in the first battle of the American Army. Our successes have thrilled our countrymen and evoked the enthusiasm of all Allies.

Will you convey to the command my cordial appreciation of their work. I am proud of the accomplishment.

(Signed) PERSHING.

By Command of Major General Edwards.

DUNCAN K. MAJOR, Chief of Staff.

Official:

C. A. Stevens, Adjutant-General,
Adjutant.

THRILLING TRIBUTE FROM GENERAL EDWARDS.

Here follows General Edwards's order of the day, on the activity of the 26th Division in the St. Mihiel sector:

Headquarters, 26th Division.
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, Sept. 28, 1918.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 82.

To the Twenty-sixth Division:

1. Again it becomes my duty and pleasure to congratulate this Division on the important part it played in the battle of the St. Mihiel salient, September 12-14, 1918.

Our task was to attack on the historic and hitherto impregnable ground near Les Eparges, where, in the past, so many thousands of French lives have been sacrificed.

In front of us the fortifications were manned by Germans, with a No Man's Land on difficult slopes, churned and pitted by four years of shelling and with a mass of wire and other obstacles from trench to trench.

The three infantry regiments in line, the 101st, the 103d and the 104th, with the brigade machine gun units, met a determined resistance. The enemy machine gun fire was intense. The artillery, without daylight registration, did well during that part of the night allowed for preparation, in cutting breaches through this mass of wire, which were completed by the infantry before and during the attack.

The determined and effective methods of the infantry in the attack on the machine gun nests, the deliberate locating of these nests, and the subsequent infiltration processes used in overcoming these nests, the bold dashes wherever opportunity offered, in one case resulting in the Second Battalion of the 103d Infantry rushing and capturing a hostile battalion of greater strength, before the enemy could raise his head; the fine liason and co-operation of the artillery; the expedition with which followup roads were constructed by the engineers; the enterprise of the medical, supply and other auxiliary units—all combined to prove that its wide service and experience have made this a veteran Division.

I was pleased with all elements of the Division.

2. By dark on the 12th the principal resistance of the enemy had been overcome. Then came the order to close the gap between our forces on the north and our troops advancing from the south in order to prevent the escape of the

enemy from St. Mihiel. Our mission then was to reach Vigneulles before daylight, and there establish contact with troops of our Fourth Corps.

3. The 102d Infantry, in the Division reserve, which had followed the advance closely throughout the battle, in readiness for any such emergency, was ordered to spare neither energy nor blood to accomplish this mission. The whole Division was pushed forward through the night, the rest of the 51st Infantry Brigade following the dash of the 102d Infantry, and the 52d Infantry Brigade moving out on the left rear of the 102d Infantry, with the towns on the plain to the northwest of Hattonchatel, to include St. Maurice, as objectives.

In less than one-half hour after receipt of this order, the 102d Infantry and the 102d Machine Gun Battalion were on the march, led and inspired by the regimental and battalion commanders in person. They marched over nine kilometers on the only existing road, through a dense forest, in an unknown and hostile country, infested with the enemy, losing for the time being liason both to the right and left. The leading elements, passing through Hattonchatel, reached Vigneulles before two o'clock in the morning, took complete possession of these two towns by three o'clock and, pushing out, occupied Crene and Heudicourt, and blocked the roads leading from the southwest, while sending patrols farther into the plain to gain control with the American forces coming from the south.

This advance force captured many prisoners, much ammunition, stores of all kinds, and released many captive civilians from St. Mihiel that the enemy in his hasty retreat was forced by the 102d Infantry to abandon.

With this advance force were the entire 102d Infantry, three companies of the 102d Machine Gun Battalion from the Division reserve. This last part, abandoning its motors, marched fourteen kilometers, carrying its guns by hand the entire way.

By morning the whole command had taken possession of all the towns in the sector of its advance, and was impatient to pursue the enemy across the Hindenburg line.

4. The towns of St. Remy, Domartin, Thillot, St. Maurice, Billy-sous-les-Cotes, Vieville-sous-les-Cotes, Hattonchatel, Hannonville, Vigneulles, Crue, Heudicourt, Deuxnouds, Wadonville, Avvillers and Butgnerville as well as the entire length of the Grande Tranchee de Calonne, with a gain of fourteen kilometers, belong to your arms.

The Division captured about 2,400 prisoners, large stores of supplies and ammunition, horses and motor transportation and about 50 guns.

I am proud of you. You are a shock Division.

C. R. EDWARDS.

Major General Commanding.

THE 102D CLOSES A DANGEROUS GAP.

The American Corps commander's citation of the troops that took Vigneulles and closed the St. Mihiel salient—the 102d Infantry, largely composed of Connecticut men.

Headquarters, 5th Army Corps.

American Expeditionary Forces.

France, Sept. 18, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 19.

1. During the recent operations for the reduction of the St. Mihiel salient one regiment in particular of the 26th Division should be mentioned as having ac-

quitted itself in a most inspiring manner. The 102d Infantry (Col. Hiram L. Bearse commanding) was ordered late in the evening to march at once on Vigneulles, in order to close the remaining gap between the two attacks.

The regiment marched five miles in darkness through woods, infested with the enemy, captured 280 prisoners, and completed its mission long before daylight. The main roads of the salient were cut off, and no more of the enemy could escape.

This fine example of courage and soldierly acceptance of battle conditions is worthy of emulation. The corps' commander congratulates them and looks forward with confidence to a continuation of their good work.

By Command of Major-General Cameron.

W. B. BURTT, Brig.-Gen.,
Chief of Staff.

Official:

Harry C. Kaefring, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HENNOCQUE TO GENERAL EDWARDS.

This is an unofficial communication from General Hennocque of the French Army to the commanding officer of the 26th Division:

Second Cavalry Division (Dismounted Staff).

P. C., Sept. 15, 1918.

My Dear General:—Your letter of September 14 moves me greatly. My division and I are very grateful for the congratulations and thanks that you so kindly sent to us all, and especially to the 8th Cuirassiers. Great is my joy to have been able to be of service to one of these fine young American divisions which have not hesitated to leave their homes and to cross the Atlantic to come to our aid in the destruction of the noxious beast, the Boche.

I am extremely happy to have fought by the side of such a commander as you, who, by communicating to his agreeable staff and to his troops his own dash, his optimism and his will to conquer, enabled his gallant division to smash the resistance offered to it on the 12th and 13th of September, and to win a brilliant victory.

In return, be pleased, General, to accept my most sincere and enthusiastic congratulations upon the occasion of this fine success which, added to the Chateau-Thierry achievement, is but the first chapter of a famous epic.

Repeating the expression of the deep friendliness I felt for you at the time of our first meeting and my hope to fight again at your side, I beg you, Sir, to accept this expression of the most kindly feeling from your devoted "Buck-eye."

GENERAL HENNOCQUE,

Commanding General, 2d Dismounted Cavalry Division.

To General Edwards, Commanding General, 26th American Division.

NOTE—General Hennocque's division, the Second Cavalry, Dismounted, was on the right of the 26th Division during the battle of St. Mihiel. His father served as an officer in the Union Army throughout our Civil War, and married a woman from Gallipolis, Ohio.

THE BRILLIANT FEINT AGAINST METZ.

These letters referred to the activities of the 26th Division in the Troyon sector, which the 26th Division organized and occupied after the battle of St. Mihiel. Its two sub-sectors were "Massachusetts" and "Connecticut," and its various P. C.'s were given names of capitals of the States of New England. At the beginning of the engagement of September 26th, from the Meuse beyond the Argonne, the role of the 26th Division was to make the Boches believe we purposed to break through and attack Metz.

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, October 10, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 85.

1. The following letters are published to the command:

2d Colonial Corps Staff, No. 29,329.
H. Q., October 5, 1918.

From General Blondlat, Commanding 2d Colonial Corps:

To the Commander-in-Chief (through Channels, General Commanding 2d Army).

Subject: Proposition for citation in Army Orders in favor of the 1st Battalion, 102d Regiment of Infantry, U. S.

I have the honor to send you the report which I had the general commanding the 26th United States Division to make on the very hard and glorious combat which this Division engaged September 26, 1918.

The 2d Colonial Corps had received orders to carry out extensive raids to attract and fix the attention of the enemy: General Order No. 20, September 20, 1918, of the General Commanding the First United States Army. The 2d Colonial Corps will hold the front of Bois de Chauffour inclusive to Mesnil exclusive.

"The 2d Colonial Corps will make a demonstration along its front, launching artillery bombardment as well as making extensive raids at H hour."

The dimension and duration of the raid executed by the 26th United States Division certainly deceived the enemy as to our intentions; the losses suffered by the troops taking part in this operation were fairly severe, but there is no doubt that those suffered by the Germans were much more serious.

The spirit of sacrifice and magnificent courage displayed by the troops of the 26th United States Division on this occasion were certainly not in vain; they seem to be worthy of recompense and praise; therefore, I directed the general commanding this Division to address propositions to me on this subject.

I urgently request that the 1st Battalion of the 102d Infantry be cited in Army Orders on the following grounds:

"Picked troops who, trained by Col. Hiram J. Bearse, who led the attack in the first line, carried out brilliantly and with splendid energy, a particularly delicate operation; engaged battle with a superb dash; won a victory after a violent combat over an enemy who was both stubborn and superior in numbers, entrenched in concrete shelters, strongly supported by numerous machine guns and powerful artillery, and who made use of, in the course of the action, infamous methods of warfare; heroically carried out their mission in capturing in heavy fighting a village where they maintained themselves all day in spite of four enemy counter-attacks, and thus furnished the finest example of courage, abnegation and self-sacrifice."

I request further that the officers and men mentioned in General Edwards's report receive each and severally the rewards suggested for them by name.

(Signed) BLONDLAT.

H. Q., October 7, 1918.

2d Colonial Army Corps,
Staff No. 29,431-A.

From General Blondlat, Commanding the 2d Colonial Army Corps.

To the Commanding General, 26th American Division.

At this time when the 26th Division is leaving the zone of the 2d Colonial Army Corps, I wish to forward to General Edwards and to his gallant Division the expression of my complete satisfaction, my best wishes for its successes to come, and my hearty thanks for the brilliant services in the attack on the St. Mihiel salient.

Although the 26th Division was only under my orders for a short time, I discovered on the part of all, both officers and men, those qualities of discipline, ardor and esprit de corps which characterize picked troops.

I thought it but my duty to call to the attention of the French High Command the fine conduct under fire of your men in the glorious battle of September 26; they demonstrated once again their high qualities of energy and spirit of sacrifice. I have requested that citations be bestowed upon the brave men whose conduct has been especially reported to me.

(Signed) BLONDLAT.

By Command of Major General Edwards.

Duncan K. Major, Jr., Chief of Staff.

Official: C. A. Stevens,

Adjutant-General, Adjutant.

AFTER TAKING THE HEIGHTS OF THE MEUSE.

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, October 24, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 93.

Extract.

II. The following tribute to the Division is published for the information of all concerned:

H. Q., 24 October, 1918.

17th Army Corps, Staff—1st Brigade.

General Claudel, Commanding the 17th Army Corps.

To the Commanding General 26th Division.

General:—The reputation of your Division preceded it here far ahead.

To all its titles of glory gained in fierce struggles and only recently at the signal of Hattonchatel, it has added on the 23d of October, a page which, perhaps, is more modest, but still does it great honor

In a few hours, as at a manoeuvre, it has gained all the objectives assigned to it in the difficult sector of the Woods of Houppy, Etrayes and Belleau.

This operation is evidence, indeed, of superior instruction, mobility and will.

I do not know how to thank you sufficiently for your assistance, dear General, and it is my great desire to express to you all our grateful admiration for your splendid Division which thus has added its name to all of those who have fought to hurl the enemy back from the outskirts of Verdun.

H. CLAUDEL.

C. R. EDWARDS.

Major General Commanding.

NOTE—General Claudel commanded the 17th French Army Corps, which operated north of Verdun, east of the Meuse, and which took the prominent observation points of the Hauts de Meuse, where there was desperate fighting.

THE UNITS THAT DID THE JOB.

General Edwards's citation of his troops which referred to the same operation as does General Claudel's order, the successful taking of the objectives in the operations of that date:

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, October 23, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 32.

1. The Division commander extends to the commanding officer, 51st Infantry Brigade, and the officers and men of the following organizations his hearty congratulations on their great success in the operations of this date for the capture of the heights of the Meuse in the region of Le Houppy Bois and Bellieu Bois.

51st Infantry Brigade.
101st Infantry.
102d Infantry.
101st Machine Gun Battalion.
102d Machine Gun Battalion.
Detachment, 101st Field Signal Battalion.
Detachment, 101st Sanitary Train.
281st Aero Squadron (French).
Balloon No. 25 (French).
51st Artillery Brigade.
1st Battalion, 11th F. A. (French).

2. The attack as planned was difficult of execution, and only to be attempted by trained troops. You carried it out like the veterans you are, and with a dash and valor worthy of the best traditions of the 26th Division.

C. R. EDWARDS,
Major General Commanding.

BOIS D'HAUMONT—A COUP DE GRACE.

Before the 26th Division had fully taken over the sector occupied by the 18th French Division, three companies of the 104th United States Infantry participated in a desperate attack, serving under General Andlauer, the French commander.

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, October 24, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 93.
Extract.

3. The following tribute is published for the information of all concerned:
October 17, 1918.

General Andlauer, Commanding the 18th Division of Infantry.
To the Commanding General, 26th Division.

General:—At the moment the 18th Division of Infantry is relieved in its sector by the 26th D. I. U. S. I wish to send you my heartiest thanks for the support given to its comrades of the 77th Regiment, by the 104th Infantry, which, since its arrival in the sector, attacked with tanks and succeeded, thanks to a stubborn infantry battle, in forcing the evacuation of half of the edge of the Bois d'Haumont by the enemy.

ANDLAUER.

C. R. EDWARDS,
Major General Commanding.

NOTE—General Andlauer commanded the 18th French Division, which was relieved by the 26th Division.

EDWARDS COMMENDS HIS ARTILLERY.

General Edwards's good-bye commendation order to the 51st Artillery Brigade of the 26th Division, which rendered such brilliant service throughout the war as indicated:

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, October 24, 1918.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 93.

1. To the artillery of the 26th Division is due my expression of admiration for its efficiency and aggressive fighting qualities and for its indefatigable support of our fine infantry.

Artillery can desire no higher tribute than the conscious fact it has gained the confidence, reliance and thanks of the infantry.

2. During more than eight months of fighting service the spirit of loyalty displayed by every officer and man of the 51st Artillery Brigade towards his duty, toward the Yankee Division and toward the Division commander has been fine.

3. The record of the 51st Artillery Brigade in the Second battle of the Marne is glorious. It went with, supported and protected the infantry in its advance of 18½ kilometers by Chateau-Thierry, and afterwards in succession two other divisions in the advance from the Marne to the Vesle for a period of 18 days, between

July 18th and August 4th, with a gain of over 40 kilometers. It is a record of which the entire Division and our country justly may be proud.

I congratulate and thank the Artillery Brigade of the Yankee Division.

C. R. EDWARDS,
Major General Commanding.

THE DIVISION COMMANDER'S FAREWELL.

Headquarters, 26th Division,
American Expeditionary Forces.
France, October 24, 1918.

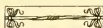
GENERAL ORDERS NO. 95.

Extract.

IV. 1. In compliance with paragraph 48, Special Orders, No. 293, G. H. Q., A. E. F., the undersigned relinquishes command of the 26th Division.

2. He thanks the Division for its loyalty to him and for what it has accomplished in the common cause. He bespeaks for his successor in command the same loyalty and devotion, and he leaves the Division in full confidence that its same fine work will continue to the end.

C. R. EDWARDS,
Major General Commanding.



Major Ryan's Story

Major William P. Ryan, a Holyoke boy, who was City Physician previous to entering the service, who was with the first army in France, and who saw service on every front during the war, having been decorated with a Croix de Guerre, with palms, the Distinguished Service Medal, and cited four times for bravery, told his story at a Victory Loan rally. He said:

"I have been with the English, with the French, the Portuguese, the Italians and the Belgians, but the greatest hero, and especially when he was wounded, was your boy, the American doughboy. There was never a more patient man came to visit a doctor. He came with a smile, and he never kicked. His only anxiety was the comfort of his buddy.

"You have two duties which you owe these boys. Many of them are now with the Army of Occupation in Germany. It costs \$200 to bring each boy home. You furnished the money to bring us all over there, now you must furnish it to bring us all back home. And you owe it to every man in the United States Army to get him a job. There is not a soldier that wants charity. He wants work, and it is up to you to find it for him.

"I do not believe the women of America, especially those who went to France, have been given credit for the tremendous effort and work they accomplished in this war. They are just as much heroes as your soldiers, and I hope some day some writer will record their wondrous record. I cannot too highly testify to the wonderful work of the Red Cross, Knights of Columbus, Y. M. C. A. and other organizations that cared for and comforted the soldiers.

"The battle of Catigny took place on May 28, 1917. There was an opening at this point once for twelve miles. The French, however, held the lines. For days and days we buried them. They went in 30,000 strong, and came out with 4,000 men. We could not move around in the daytime, living like ground hogs; and at night we worked. It was a terrible existence. At last it was decided that the obstacle must be removed. It was planned by the First Army of the French, and it was the 26th Division that was to do it. It was a tremendous task. But nothing was too great for those American boys. The flu was raging, but men pleaded with me not to send them back to the hospitals, but to let them go on.

"All night before the day of the drive we were nervous, for fear the Germans knew our plans. The morning of the drive the sun came up, and the scene was beautiful before the battle started. At 6.45 the men went over the top. It was the first time Americans had gone over. I shall never forget that morning. With fixed bayonets the men went on behind their own barrage. All one could see around was smoke, fire and dust, and then the men. Across No Man's Land they went for a quarter of a mile. Up the hill they went. You would see them fall. They were only boys, but they went on, and they got there. What had once been a beautiful town, was a mass of wreckage when the Americans reached there. But the orders were to keep going, as the objective was outside of the city of Catigny. And they went on.

"To see your own pals, boys you had known for a long period of time, falling one by one, can you realize what that means? We went over 1,200 strong; 674 of us got there. And then we dug in. I never lifted a pick or shovel in my life before, but you bet I can do a good job now. Night came, and there was no water. We were all exhausted, having nothing to eat or drink, but we stayed there. In the morning we were still there; but now there was only 417 of us. I opened a hospital for the wounded in one of the dugouts.

"Previous to this battle, the morale of the English had been broken; the French were skeptical. We demonstrated to the entire Allied army that we were there, and we could take our stand side by side with the best Allied troops in Europe. We demonstrated to the world that trench warfare was not our method of fighting, and that open warfare was the best, and most effective. But to think of those men who died there, who are now buried over there, your boys, my pals.

"We did not know it for several months, but on that day there were seven Hun divisions against the one American division, and the Germans were defeated and forced to retreat.

"But to pass by the other fights, and to come to the end; the day the war was over. What a thought, that no more men were to be killed, and no additional suffering. The reaction was too great to speak of. We were under a strain all the way, working on our nerves.

"When the armistice was signed, we knew there were millions back in America ready to come over, and that even if we died there were many to take our places, and that in the end the Allies would win the war. But it was a wonderful feeling to know that it was unnecessary for those millions to come over.

"We then walked into Germany, 700 kilometers, in 35 days. It meant hiking from four o'clock in the morning until eight o'clock at night. The proudest moment of my life was when I crossed the bridge, and took my watch on the right bank of the Rhine at Coblenz. That was last December. The men with the Army of Occupation in Germany want to get home, as we wanted to get home, and no man who has not been over there can appreciate what it means to get out of that hell and back in the good old United States again, the best land in the world."

Petty Officer Hunter's Story

Petty Officer William Hunter, a member of the crew of the S. S. President Lincoln, which was torpedoed and sunk, vividly told the story of the fate of the transport, as follows:

"We had left Brest on May 29, 1917, after landing 5,000 troops. It was our fifth trip, and we had brought over 25,000 troops in all. We were convoyed out of the harbor by four destroyers, who stayed with us until sundown of the next day, when they went away to meet some incoming convoys. We awoke the next morning to find ourselves outside the danger zone, and we congratulated ourselves that we would finish another successful voyage; but we were doomed to disappointment, and some of the crew never reached America's shores again.

"It was 8:55 in the morning, and I was in the pay office when I heard two terrific explosions right in succession. We all grabbed life preservers and went to our stations. The order was given to be on the lookout for a third torpedo. The two had struck the ship almost at once. We saw the third one coming. It smashed one of the lifeboats, and the flying splinters killed several men. The captain then ordered an investigation to see if the ship could be kept afloat. It was a 19,000-ton ship, nearly 650 feet long, with a beam of 75 feet. They had made sure work with their third torpedo, however, and it was not long before it was determined that the ship could not be saved. Orders were given, and each sailor went to his particular duty. I was assigned to lowering life rafts.

"We had 25 sick soldiers aboard, and we put them in the lifeboats first. The water began coming over the main deck. I decided it was time to leave, and jumped into the water, being fortunate enough to come up close to a life raft, which I boarded. By this time everyone was off the ship with the exception of the captain, one of the officers and the wireless operator, who stuck to his post, sending out his S. O. S. signal. He finally made a leap from the highest part of the ship, and was picked up by a life raft. We were all on our stomachs paddling with our hands, as we had no oars, and were anxious to get as far away from the sinking ship as possible, lest we be sucked in when the boat went down.

"The yell went up, 'There she goes,' when the ship took a lift and went down. It was exactly 18 minutes from the time she was struck that the ship went under. There was one funny incident which really drew a laugh, even then. The chaplain of the ship was on a raft with a Bible in his hand. He said to the boys, 'Don't give up, the Lord is with us,' and one fellow shouted back, 'Well, if he is give him an oar.' For 25 minutes we floated around, and then we saw what we thought was a sailboat, but it proved to be the U-boat that sank our ship. It came in and out among the rafts looking for the captain, whom they did not find, because, as we learned later, he had changed into a seaman's uniform. They took our lieutenant and made him prisoner. For two hours they sailed round, offering no aid, and then submerged and were gone."

At 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, four and a half hours after the appearance of the submarine, two American destroyers hove in sight and picked up the crew.

The Comrade in White

Strange tales have reached us lately in the trenches. Rumors have been going the rounds along the three-hundred-mile lines stretched from Switzerland to the sea. We were unable to find the source of them or the truth of them. They came quickly and went quickly.

Yet somehow I still remember the hour that George Casey turned to me with a queer look in his blue eyes and asked if I had seen the "Friend of the wounded." He then told me all he knew regarding this strange person. After many a hot engagement a man in white had been seen bending over the wounded. Snipers sniped at him. Shells fell all around him, but nothing seemed to have power enough to touch him. He was either heroic beyond all heroes or was something greater still. This mysterious person whom the French called "The Comrade in White," seemed to be everywhere at once. At Nancy, at Ypres; everywhere at Soissons men were talking about him with hushed voices.

But some laughed and said that the trenches were beginning to tell on men's nerves. As for myself, seeing is believing, and I didn't expect anything but the enemy's knife if I fell wounded on the battlefield.

It was the very next day that things got lively on the front. Our big guns roared from sunrise to sunset, and began again in the morning. At noon we received orders to take the trenches in front of us. They were two hundred yards away, and we hadn't scarcely got started when we were well aware of the fact that the big guns had failed in their work of preparation. It needed a stout heart to go on, but not a man in our lines faltered.

We advanced one hundred and fifty yards when we discovered it was of no use to continue. Our captain immediately issued orders for us to take cover, and a few moments later he was shot through both legs. By God's mercy he fell into a hole of some sort, probably having fainted at the time.

When he came to he was all alone, and suffering terrible pain and agony. He did not dare move, however, for fear the enemy might see him. They were only fifty yards away at the time, and he didn't expect any mercy. There were men in our own company who would have risked their lives if they had known there was a comrade in danger.

Night fell upon us, and soon I heard a step, not stealthfully, as I expected, but quiet and firm, as if neither darkness nor death could check those untroubled feet. So little did I guess what was coming that even when I saw the gleam of white light in the darkness, I thought it was a peasant in a white smock or perhaps a woman deranged. Suddenly a little shiver of joy or fear, I don't know which, passed over me. I guessed it was the "Comrade in White," and at that very moment the enemy's rifles began to shoot. The bullets could scarcely miss an inch of a target, for he flung out his arms as though in an entreaty, and then drew them back till he stood like one of those wayside crosses that we saw so often as we marched through France, and as he spoke the words sounded so familiar. All I remember was the beginning: "If thou hadn't known," and the ending, "but

now they are hid from thine eyes." And then he stooped and gathered me into his arms, the biggest man in the regiment, and carried me as if I had been a child.

I must have fainted again, for I regained consciousness in a little cave by a stream, and the "Comrade in White" was washing my wounds and binding them up. It seems foolish to say it, for I was in a terrible pain, but I was happier at that moment than ever I remember to have been in all my life before. I can't explain it, but it seemed as if all my life I had been awaiting this without knowing it, as long as the hand touched and those eyes pitied me.

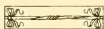
I didn't seem to care any more about sickness or health, about life or death, and while he swiftly removed every trace of blood and mire I felt as if my whole nature were being washed, as if all the grime and soil of sin were going and as if I were once more a little child.

I suppose that I slept, for when I awoke this strange feeling had gone. I was a man again, and I wanted to know what I could do for my friend to help him or to serve him. He was looking towards the stream and his hands were clasped in prayer. Then I discovered that he, too, had been wounded. I could see, as it were, a shot wound in his hand, and as he prayed a drop of blood gathered and fell to the ground. I cried out. I could not help it, for that wound of his seemed to me a more awful thing than any that bitter war had shown me.

"You are wounded, too," I said, faintly. Perhaps he heard me, perhaps it was to look upon my face, but he answered gently, "This is an old wound, but it has troubled me of late." And then I noticed sorrowfully that the same cruel mark was on his feet. You will wonder that I did not know sooner. I wonder, myself. But it was only when I saw his feet that I knew him.

"The Living Christ," I had heard the chaplain speak of Him a few weeks before. But now I knew that He came to me—to me who had put Him out of my life in the hot fervor of my youth. I was longing to speak and thank Him, but no words came. Then He rose swiftly and said, "Lie here today by the waters. I will come for you tomorrow. I have work for you to do, and you will do it for me."

In a moment He was gone. And while I wait for Him I write this down that I may not lose the memory of it. I feel weak and lonely and my pain increases, but I had His promise and I know that He will come for tomorrow.—Taken from a collection of stories written by W. H. Leathem.



Trip Across the Pond

Rev. Robert Russell Wicks, pastor of the Second Church, who went to France to do Red Triangle work among the English troops, wrote some interesting letters while on board ship enroute for England. These letters were dated April 28th and May 6th, 1918. Extracts of the letters follow:

"It is Sunday afternoon, the third day out. I feel that I have caught enough of the spirit of this strange voyage to begin to put it down on paper. Chief care

must be to write nothing which will incline a censor to destroy a letter, so I cannot now tell you just when I sailed or by what boat. I cannot let you know where I land or what route the ship has taken. We ourselves do not know where we are from day to day, because no chart is posted with the usual description of the day's run. Suffice it to say on this point of the sailing that I never have had a more comfortable voyage. Our boat is not large, but very steady. She is clean, with plenty of deck room, roomy and well equipped cabins, and, in fact, with all the comforts of a regular ocean steamer. To be sure we do not have heat, but our clothes are so warm that we do not miss it. Likewise we have no stewards, but we can take good care of our own rooms and our own men look after us at table. Meals are good, served in jig time by men who want to get through their work and out on deck. The result is that the various courses overlap and form a continuous stream of food extending from the opening mouthful to the last. One man at the corner of our table takes our orders in one lump, so that the steward never has to wait for personal decisions. The fact is, no decisions are necessary, for we take everything on the menu from beginning to end.

"I wish that I could convey to you, for your own comfort of mind, the sense of perfect safety which we have on board. We are looked after in such a way that we would have no fear of being dropped overboard anywhere, and we would be inclined to send word to the Kaiser that it would be useless to send any U-boats out to meet us. I have exactly the same feeling that I would have aboard a ferry-boat on the Hudson river, crossing from 23rd street to the Hoboken station. Our passenger list is made up entirely of Y. M. C. A. people, about 150 in all. They are the most extraordinary mixture imaginable. Yesterday each one told his name, place of living and occupation. There were men from almost every state in the Union, and from every conceivable walk in life, teachers, ministers, lawyers, salesmen, mechanics, entertainers, moving picture directors, bankers, manufacturers, etc. They are going over for almost every kind of service. We have the doctor and the dentist who are to look after the Y. M. C. A. folks in France; they are both most satisfactory. At our table we have a doctor from Rochester, a Methodist minister from Iowa, a professor from Chicago University, and one or two others whose history is not known. Naturally, in such a group of workers, there are many singers, etc., which makes it possible to have delightful concerts each night at 8 o'clock. But I will leave until later the description of my fellow passengers. We have almost two weeks ahead of us for further acquaintance.

"This is the second installment of my ship letter. We are now 11 days out, with considerable more to go. There are no events to write about, for one day follows another with delicious monotony. Two days of rain gathered all our bad days into themselves. The other days have been glorious. We have had considerable wind and huge ground swells, so that we are kept rocking and pitching constantly. But I never have a qualm. Never in my life have I felt so rested, so perfectly fit physically. The daily exercise at 8.30 a. m. and 4 p. m. are just what one needs, after one has recovered from the first soreness.

"I trust this long dissertation on submarines will help you to feel the same delightful indifference to the menace which is characteristic in our life out here. Our chief concern is not submarines, but food. It has become a standing joke of the ship that the cook is an artist in the profession of spoiling food. Here is all this precious food which America has tried so hard to save, brought out here to be scientifically spoiled. There is not a taste that is recognizable or civilized. Now and then we have ham and eggs (singular), which is the only dish on board with the faintest suggestion of home. The coffee is best described by the facetious re-

mark of one of our tablemates after taking his sip this morning: 'Please give me some cod liver oil to take this taste out of my mouth.' In the true English fashion we have meat thrust upon us at all meals. You simply cannot dodge it, for the only alternative to meat is worse than meat. Tripe is a frequent visitor at our table, but it never yet has been able to win any support. Recently we have acquired one of those casters full of bottles containing oil, mustard, Worcestershire sauce, etc. This has been a great boon, for we can make things so hot that they burn out their own taste as they go down. From henceforth we are safe. Aaron and I have had one resource which has kept us from starvation. Just before leaving New York I managed to purchase four boxes of graham crackers. These are hidden in our stateroom, and each evening after dinner we open a box and eat to our heart's content. In the last few days we have yielded to a long resisted temptation and are devouring one of two boxes of maple sugar which we had planned to take over to the French children. When we feel badly over our fall we look bravely at the two boxes of 'Page & Shaw,' which we were virtuously preserving along with the remaining box of maple sugar. Oh, how we would like to find a well-stocked larder! But it is great fun nevertheless. Everyone is making such a game of the food problem that we would really miss half the enjoyment of the voyage if we had food that would go down without comment.

"Just a word about some of our fellow passengers. They are classified in many ways. For instance, there are the genial southerners, with their delicious accent; and there are the burly westerners with the swagger and the loudness in their way; and there are the quiet easterners, who open up with difficulty. And side by side are the cultivated and the rough, the bold and the reserved, men of business and men of the professions. Unfortunately, our spiritual leader has not measured up to his task. He seems to have more of an idea of looking out for number one than for utilizing this wonderful opportunity to mold the spirit of 150 men. We have grown very fond of Dr. Hoken, a professor from Chicago, of whom I have already spoken. He has a wonderful mind. We have had many good talks together about theological and social subjects on which we are quite agreed. Last night we had such a struggle to get down the dinner we invited him to our cabin for a maple sugar feast. It was as good as a trip home for him.

"I have told you about some of our entertainers. There is one other man who is not intentionally an entertainer, but who is the best in the lot of us. He is a Dr. R. of Philadelphia. We truly love him, and so we can enjoy his delicious peculiarities. He is distinctly one of the elite, and hugely enjoys being so. We gather that he is some kind of a lecturer, chiefly to women's clubs in the East; and we judge that he has been made a little clubgod. He is so neat and nifty, speaks so fluently with great fitness. I would walk a mile to hear him say 'absolutely' and his English 'been' (b-e-a-n) is decidedly au fait. When he utters the word Philadelphia he makes respectability fairly drip from every syllable. And he loves to talk about his lectures and the people he knows. 'You, of course, know Mrs. Hobnob; she is one of the most prominent of the social set in Philadelphia.' We look wise and grunt, just to keep him moving, for if he thought we were unacquainted he would go off on a tangent to give the various relatives and connections of Mrs. Hobnob and infinitum. Really, it is the richest thing you ever heard. He is so blissfully unconscious of the amusement he is causing. I wish Thackeray could have a chance at him. Perhaps this delicious character could be summed up best in his remark: 'It is the fashion to attend my lectures in Scranton.'

"The best men on the boat are not so interesting to write about because it is so much easier to describe ridiculous peculiarities than it is to picture virtues.

Aaron is a wonderful companion, and wears well. He is as thorough a Christian as one can meet. We stick together like lifelong chums; so much that we have been dubbed the twins, or the 'little minister and his deacon.' This relationship (I mean our church relationship) was made known in a touching little speech which Aaron made at the testimony meeting Sunday. He said that he had several reasons for going into the Y work, patriotic, religious, etc., but he continued, 'when I saw my old college friend and my present pastor leave a great work and a devoted family I felt that my place was beside him.' We could not get along without each other now. When we have a touch of homesickness, we retreat to our cabin, take out our family pictures and talk about home.

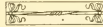
"Today we put in a petition for raw onions which we knew were in the store-room, and were told we could have them if we peel and cut them up. We were not to be beaten that way, so six of us set to with knives and peeled until we felt sore. As a result dinner was a feast of onion sandwiches.

"This must end this letter. Will keep it open to add any detail of the next days concerning our safe arrival on shore. I am in London, as you will see by the postmark. We had considerable excitement the last two days. Reports in a paper here say that the two submarines which were after our convoy were both sunk—we do not know. We saw nothing, but heard plenty of firing in the great hunting game. Seas were so calm that we could have been taken off without trouble. The boat just before us with Y. M. C. A. was submarined with no loss of life. You have no idea how good the green of this country looks to us. We fairly leap for joy at the sight of it. I cannot describe anything about our landing, etc.

"I might say just a word about Sunday. It was a beautiful day without and within. We had services morning and evening, with Dr. Rust speaking in the morning, and your humble servant in the evening. The testimonies after these services are extraordinary illustrations of the religious effect of this kind of service upon men from ordinary callings. Some of the men have had a real conversion from the respectable, easy-going life to a life of complete sacrifice. One man from the south said that he had a peculiar reason for coming. His father had been a Confederate soldier and had fought with Lee all through the war. When the war was over he took his son upon his knee and said, 'I am glad the Confederacy lost, for we need a united country. If the time ever comes when you have a chance to pay back your country for what I have done, take it.' Now the chance had come, and the man said, 'I am going, first, for God; second, for my country, and, third, to pay back for father.' Most striking in all the confessions is the assertion of a willingness to do anything that is asked. Business men, bankers, professors, mechanics, etc., all are down on one level, dominated by one desire to serve.

"Possibly I could best use this letter for summing up impressions that have been gathering. First, of course, there are the impressions of the submarine menace. We are now just entering the danger zone, and the interest is growing apace. Strangely enough, one has not the slightest fear or anxiety about the matter, and yet we talk over the details and make ready to leave the ship just as if we were actually going on a pleasure trip. At night we sleep in most of our clothes, set aside the blanket and coat we are allowed to carry, have our flashlight under our pillow and our life preservers laid out in a row. Boat drills in the daytime are a regular game for everybody. We are now drilled to the point where, upon a sudden sounding of the gong, we can secure our life preservers and be at the boats in less than three minutes. Yesterday all the lifeboats were lowered to the rail, fitted out with 10 days' rations, a sail, blankets, and all the comforts of home. Ten people are supposed to climb in at the rail. After the boat is lowered into

the water the other 10 remaining on deck are to slide down ropes which are swung from the davits. This morning there appeared on deck piles of huge logs about the size of telegraph poles, fastened together in three. These simply lie on the deck and in case of trouble are supposed to float off when the ship sinks. Under the conditions one would not have to be in the water long before being picked up. At night complete darkness reigns. We grope about the deck without a glimmer to guide us. Before we enter a cabin we must knock, in order that the person within can turn out the light. Shutters and towels are drawn over windows. Even cigarettes and cigars are prohibited on deck at night. Last night Aaron and I went up on the top deck to feel the glory of a wild night at sea. It was pitch dark, a furious wind was blowing from the north, kicking up a sea which made the old boat rock and shiver from stem to stern. We joked about the joy of being put out in that sea in small boats. When we awoke this morning the sea had calmed down. The best jest so far on the submarine matter came from a man who asked the captain, at the close of a meeting for information, if, in case of accident, it would be wise to wear rubber boots. The poor fellow has not heard the last of it."



War Savings Stamps

The Holyoke War Savings Committees were fully organized in April, 1918, as follows:

GENERAL COMMITTEE

Hon. John D. Ryan, Honorary Chairman

A. J. Osborne, Chairman
William A. Allyn, Secretary
L. L. Titus, Treasurer
J. J. O'Donnell
T. F. McSherry
E. C. Purrington
S. E. Whiting
N. P. Avery
E. H. Parmalee
W. C. Hatch
J. J. Kelley
W. A. Morse

H. B. Elmer
J. A. Skinner
O. O. LaMontagne
Urban Fleming
James F. Mullen
P. J. Garvey
J. J. Lynch
Mrs. W. G. Dwight
Mrs. M. A. Carlon
Mrs. W. C. Hatch
Mrs. N. P. Avery
Miss Jennie Sculley

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Wm. A. Allyn, Chairman

J. J. Kelley

L. L. Titus

E. C. Purrington

MANUFACTURERS' COMMITTEE

H. B. Elmer

S. E. Whiting, Chairman

J. A. Skinner

MERCHANTS' COMMITTEE

E. H. Parmalee

W. C. Hatch, Chairman

A. J. Osborne

SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

J. J. Lynch

T. F. McSherry, Chairman

Miss Jennie Sculley

HAMPDEN COUNTY

Mrs. W. G. Dwight, Women's Chairman

WOMEN'S COMMITTEE

Mrs. W. C. Hatch, Chairman

Mrs. W. G. Dwight

Mrs. M. A. Carlon

Mrs. N. P. Avery

Miss Jennie Sculley

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

J. J. O'Donnell, Chairman

A. P. Ryan

John Fuller

J. C. Doyle

PUBLIC RALLY COMMITTEE

H. B. Elmer, Chairman

Mayor Ryan

J. F. Mullen

P. J. Garvey

Mrs. W. G. Dwight

O. O. Lamontagne

N. P. Avery

Urban Fleming

T. F. McSherry

E. C. Purrington

A. J. Osborne

The necessary expenses in connection with the work of the various committees was provided for through the Finance Committee. Citizens contributed toward a fund for this purpose.

The Manufacturers' Committee formulated plans by which the different mills in the city introduced the sale of stamps to their employers with good success.

The Schools Committees report shows the astonishing results gained by inspiring the scholars with ideas of thrift and their patriotic duty to their country.

Under the guidance of the Merchants' Committee many stores took up the sale of the stamps.

As in the other cities of the state the great work for War Savings devolved upon the women.

During the week of June 24, the Women's Committee, Mrs. Walter C. Hatch, chairman, undertook a campaign to secure 16,000 pledges to buy War Savings Stamps.

Some six hundred women were enlisted as canvassers under the following leaders:

Ward 1. Mrs. Napoleon Chevalier, Mrs. Mitchell Hart, Mrs. John Mochley, Mrs. Joseph Smith.

Ward 2. Mrs. Emma Corriveau, Mrs. La Fountain.

Ward 3. Mrs. W. W. Cleveland, Mrs. N. P. Avery, Mrs. Charles Koegel, Mrs. Roy Hunter.

Ward 4. Mrs. L. J. Lamberton.

Ward 5. Mrs. Frank McTigue, Mrs. James F. Mullen.

Ward 6. Miss Florence Henderson, Mrs. J. J. McCabe.

Ward 7. Mrs. J. N. Hubbard, Mrs. E. C. Weiser, Mrs. Joseph Collingwood.

Mrs. Benjamin Gold organized the Jews of the city, and Mrs. T. J. Morrow and Mrs. Dunn canvassed the Nonotuck.

To assist the women a Limit Club Committee to secure individual pledges for \$1,000 was appointed as follows:

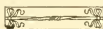
A. J. Osborne, J. A. Skinner, E. N. White, F. B. Towne, T. S. Childs, T. F. McSherry, E. H. Parmalee, Mrs. J. J. Finn, Mrs. H. B. Lawrence, Mrs. G. C. Roberts, Mrs. N. P. Avery, Mrs. W. G. Dwight.

As a result of their appointment over one hundred pledges to the limit were secured.

The house to house canvass resulted as follows: 23,121 pledges were received, and it is estimated that 25,000 Holyokers were brought into line for War Savings Stamps. There was some discrepancy in figures owing to difficulties that prevented exact account of factory pledges. The work as carried out by the women commanded the respect and admiration of all in that the quota of 16,000 pledges was fifty per cent oversubscribed.

In the latter part of the year E. H. Parmalee of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, with his staff of workers, organized in the mills of the city one hundred and thirty-five War Savings Societies, having their distinctive constitutions, pledges and badges. Through the Metropolitan agency during the year over \$213,000.00 worth of stamps were sold.

The total sales for the city as reported by the Holyoke Post Office amounted to \$541,486.00.



Additional Citation

ROMEO LEMIEUX.

Company D, 325th Infantry.

On October 14, 1918, near St. Juvin, France, Private Lemieux exhibited great courage and loyalty by volunteering for a hazardous trip to an adjacent point to deliver an important message, accomplishing his mission, although wounded en route.

MAJOR GENERAL DUNCAN.

Commanding 82nd Division.



Top row (left to right)—Capt. George B. Malone, Capt. Edison A. Lynn; center—Lieut. Nigel H. Diamond; bottom row—Alfred J. Rushworth, E. J. Tierney.

Roster of Company D Officers

Organized December 17th, 1878

CAPTAINS.

Embury P. Clark December, 1878-August, 1879
Dwight O. Judd August, 1879-February, 1880
William J. Allyn February, 1880-June, 1881
Charles W. Brown June, 1881-February, 1894
William J. Crosier February, 1894-July, 1899
Francis D. Phillips July, 1899-May, 1904
Alfred F. Foote May, 1904-November, 1911
Alexander Macdonald December, 1911-October, 1913
Edmund J. Slate December, 1913-April, 1918

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Charles D. Colson December, 1878-August, 1879
William J. Allyn August, 1879-February, 1880
Charles H. Flanders February, 1880-August, 1880
Charles W. Brown August, 1880-June, 1881
Gilbert E. Russell June, 1881-March, 1885
Frank H. Barber March, 1885-March, 1891
Edgar R. Train April, 1891-November, 1896
Robert W. Hunter December, 1896-July, 1899
Alfred F. Foote July, 1899-May, 1904
Alexander Macdonald May, 1904-December, 1911
Harry E. Root December, 1911-May, 1913
Wallace A. Choquette May, 1913-July, 1918

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

William J. Allyn December, 1878-August, 1879
Gilbert E. Russell August, 1879-June, 1881
William O. Wood June, 1881-August, 1882
George Maxwell August, 1882-May, 1884
Frank H. Barber July, 1884-May, 1885
Herbert Fenno June, 1885-April, 1891
John P. Bleasius April, 1891-April, 1894
Thomas Rae May, 1894-April, 1896
Robert W. Hunter May, 1896-December, 1896
Francis D. Phillips December, 1896-July, 1899
Alfred F. Reed July, 1899-May, 1904
Walter H. Brown May, 1904-May, 1907
Sylvester M. Snow May, 1907-July, 1909
Harry E. Root July, 1909-December, 1911
Robert P. King December, 1911-April, 1914
Joseph W. Smith May, 1914-November, 1915
Donald B. Logan December, 1915-December, 1917
*William M. Brigham September, 1917
*F. Gardner Blaisdell September, 1917
*George H. Ware September, 1917
*Transferred to company at Camp Bartlett.



Top row (left to right)—Edward Drake, James F. Kelly, William G. Miffert; second row—Law A. Astley, Oscar DeRoy, John H. Richardson; third row—Joseph Jette, Edward F. Quigley, Frank C. Greaney; bottom row—James E. Hardaker, Edmund J. Cwiklinski, Joseph Valentine.

Council of National Defense

The Council of National Defense was created under an act of Congress, approved August 29, 1916; and in the same act authority was granted for the creation of an Advisory Commission of seven persons to act with, under, and by the authority of the Council. (For membership and organization see below.)

In the terms of the act the Council was, among other things, charged with the "co-ordination of industries and resources for the national security and welfare," and with the "creation of relations which will render possible in the time of need the immediate concentration and utilization of the resources of the Nation."

In performing its functions the Council was further charged with the following duties:

1. To supervise and direct investigation, and make recommendations to the President and the heads of executive departments as to—

(a) The location of railroads with reference to the frontier of the United States, so as to render possible expeditious concentration of troops and supplies to points of defense.

(b) The co-ordination of military, industrial, and commercial purposes in the location of extensive highways and branch lines of railroads.

(c) The utilization of waterways.

(d) The mobilization of military and naval resources for defense.

(e) The increase of domestic production of articles and materials essential to the support of armies and of the people during the interruption of foreign commerce.

(f) The development of seagoing transportation.

(g) Data as to amounts, location, method, and means of production and availability of military supplies.

(h) The giving of information to producers and manufacturers as to the class of supplies needed by the military and other services of the Government, the requirements relating thereto, and the creation of relations which will render possible in time of need the immediate concentration and utilization of the resources of the Nation.

2. To report to the President or to the heads of executive departments upon special inquiries or subjects appropriate thereto.

3. To submit an annual report to Congress, through the President, giving as full a statement of the activities of the Council and the agencies subordinate to it as is consistent with the public interest, including an itemized account of the expenditures made by the Council, or authorized by it, in as full detail as the public interest will permit, providing, however, that when deemed proper the President may authorize, in amounts stipulated by him, unvouchered expenditures and report the gross so authorized not itemized.

The Council of National Defense was composed as follows:

Secretary of War Newton D. Baker, chairman.

Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels.

Secretary of the Interior Franklin K. Lane.

Secretary of Agriculture David F. Houston.

Secretary of Commerce William C. Redfield.

Secretary of Labor William B. Wilson.

The members of the Advisory Commission and the work of which they were in particular charge were as follows:

Daniel Willard, chairman, president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad: Transportation and communication.

Howard E. Coffin, vice-president of the Hudson Motor Co.: Munitions, manufacturing, including standardization and industrial relations.

Julius Rosenwald, president of Sears, Roebuck & Co.: Supplies, including clothing.

Bernard M. Baruch, financier: Raw materials, minerals, and metals.

Dr. Hollis Godfrey, president of the Drexel Institute: Engineering and education.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor: Labor, including conservation of health and welfare of workers.

Dr. Franklin Martin, secretary general of the American College of Surgeons: Medicine, surgery, and sanitation.

The Director of the Council and Advisory Commission was Walter S. Gifford, and the Secretary of the Council and Advisory Commission was Grosvenor B. Clarkson.

The work of the Advisory Commission was administered by seven distinct committees, with one of the commission members acting as chairman of each as indicated above.

In addition to this system, the following sections and boards of the Council may be considered as of primary importance and were closely correlated with the general committees, whose chairmen, in several cases, preside over the work of these boards.

The sections and board were:

The General Munitions Board.

The Munitions Standard Board.

The Aircraft Production Board.

The Medical Section.

The Commercial Economy Board.

The Interdepartment Advisory Board.

The Co-operative Committees on the Purchase of Army Supplies (United States Chamber of Commerce).

The National Research Council.

The Committee on Shipping.

The Committee on Women's Defense Work.

The Committee on Coal Production.

The Section on Co-operation with States.

The Council of National Defense decided on July 28, with the approval of the President, to create a small body to be known as the War Industries Board. The War Industries Board, in addition to other duties, assumed those formerly discharged by the General Munitions Board. The new board was composed of seven members, working under the direction and control of the Council of National Defense and responsible through it to the President. Its members were direct representatives of the Government and of the public interests. It was composed of F. A. Scott, chairman; Lieut. Col. Palmer E. Pierce, representing the Army; Rear Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, representing the Navy; and Mr. Hugh Frayne, Mr. B. M. Baruch, Mr. Robert S. Brookings, and Mr. Robert S. Lovett.

The board acted as a clearing house for the war-industry needs of the Government, determined the most effective ways of meeting them, and the best means and methods of increasing production, including the creation or extension of industries demanded by the emergency; the sequence and relative urgency of the needs of the different Government services, and considered price factors, and, in the first instance, the industrial and labor aspects of problems involved, and the general questions affecting the purchase of commodities.

Of this board, Mr. Baruch gave his attention particularly to raw materials, Mr. Brookings to finished products, and Mr. Lovett to matters of priority. These three members, in association with Mr. Hoover, so far as foodstuffs were involved, constituted a commission to arrange purchases in accordance with the general policies formulated and approved.

The Council of National Defense and the Advisory Commission continued unchanged and discharged the duties imposed upon them by law. The committees heretofore created immediately subordinate to the Council of National Defense, viz, labor, transportation and communication, shipping, medicine and surgery, women's defense work, co-operation with State Councils, research and inventions, engineering and education, commercial economy, administrations and statistics, and inland transportation, continued their activities under the direction and control of the Council. Those whose work was related to the duties of the War Industries Board co-operated with it. The sub-committees advising on particular industries and materials, both raw and finished, heretofore created, also continued in existence, were available to furnish assistance to the War Industries Board.

The purpose of this action was to expedite the work of the Government, to furnish needed assistance to the departments engaged in making war purchases, to devolve clearly and definitely the important tasks indicated upon direct representatives of the Government not interested in commercial and industrial activities with which they were called upon to deal, and to make clear that there was total dissociation of the industrial committees from the actual arrangement of purchases on behalf of the Government. It lodged responsibility for effective action as definitely as was possible under existing law. It did not minimize or dispense with the splendid service which representatives of industry and labor had so unselfishly placed at the disposal of the Government.

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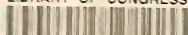
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